

1. What does RGBA stand for?

RGBA stands for red, green, blue, and alpha (transparency) in the color

2. From the Pillow module, how do you get the RGBA value of any images?

```
from PIL import ImageColor  
ImageColor.getcolor('green', 'RGBA')  
ImageColor.getcolor('red', 'RGBA')
```

3. What is a box tuple, and how does it work?

A box tuple is a tuple value of four integers: the left edge x-coordinate, the top edge y-coordinate, the width, and the height, respectively

4. Use your image and load in notebook then, How can you find out the width and height of an Image object?

`PIL.Image.open()` is used to open the image and then `.width` and `.height` property of Image are used to get the height and width of the image.

5. What method would you call to get Image object for a 100×100 image, excluding the lower-left quarter of it?

```
ImageObject.crop((0, 50, 50, 50))
```

6. After making changes to an Image object, how could you save it as an image file?

By Calling the `imageObj.save('new_filename.png')` method of the Image object.

7. What module contains Pillow's shape-drawing code?

The `ImageDraw` module contains code to draw on images

8. Image objects do not have drawing methods. What kind of object does? How do you get this kind of object?

`ImageDraw` objects have shape-drawing methods such as `point()`, `line()`, or `rectangle()`. They are returned by passing the Image object to the `ImageDraw.Draw()` function