AutoRec vs AutoML libraries on MovieLens-100k dataset

Vamsi Gunturi January 16, 2021

The research goal of this study is to identify how well AutoRecSys tools perform compared to AutoML tools, when used on MovieLens 100K recommendation systems dataset [7].

For this study, we did analysis on following AutoML and AutoRec libraries,

- Auto-surprise [1]
- Auto-sklearn [4] [3]
- TPOT [8]
- Auto-Keras [5]
- H2O Auto ML [6]
- Also Scikit-learn for understanding baseline

1 BASELINE USING SCIKIT-LEARN

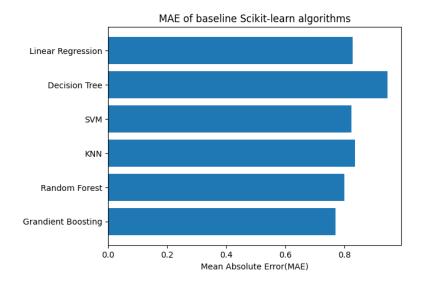


Figure 1.1:

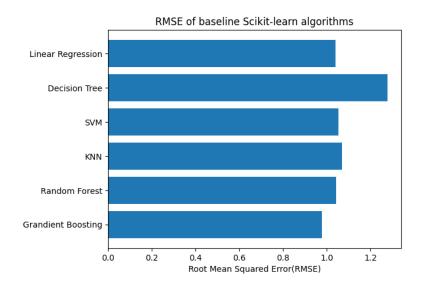


Figure 1.2:

Gradient Boosting is the best performing algorithm with Root mean squared error(RMSE) as $\bf 0.9778$ and Mean absolute error(MAE) as $\bf 0.7708$

2 AUTO-SURPRISE

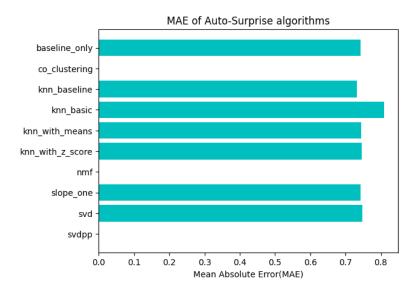


Figure 2.1:

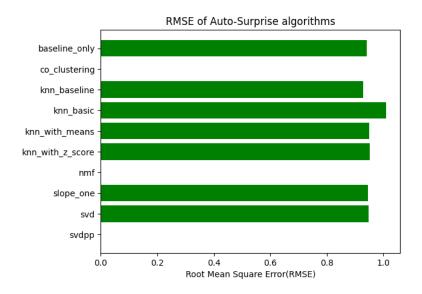


Figure 2.2:

 $knn_baseline$ is the best performing algorithm with Root mean squared error(RMSE) as 0.9279 and Mean absolute error(MAE) as 0.7315

3 COMPARISON OF AUTO-SURPRISE WITH AUTOML LIBRARIES

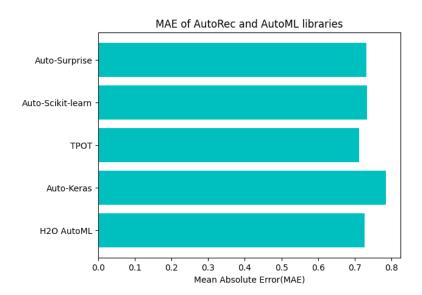


Figure 3.1:

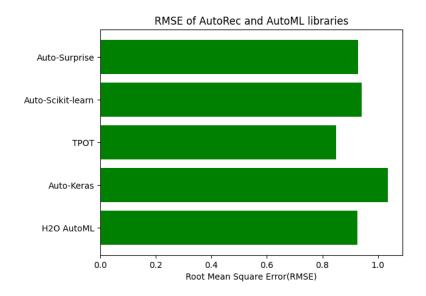


Figure 3.2:

As we can observe, **TPOT** library has the best performance with RMSE as **0.8491** and MAE as. **0.7112**, compared to other AutoML libraries and Auto-surprise but by very less margins.

4 H20 AUTOML LEADER BOARD

model_id	mean_residual_deviance	rmse	mse	mae	rmsle
StackedEnsemble_AllModels_AutoML_20210115_191607	0.858878	0.926757	0.858878	0.726354	0.247382
StackedEnsemble_BestOfFamily_AutoML_20210115_191607	0.867075	0.931168	0.867075	0.723846	0.24995
XGBoost_grid1_AutoML_20210115_191607_model_1	0.877164	0.93657	0.877164	0.731772	0.251504
GBM_4_AutoML_20210115_191607	1.03747	1.01856	1.03747	0.811097	0.271089
GBM_3_AutoML_20210115_191607	1.04534	1.02242	1.04534 (0.814428	0.271873
GBM_5_AutoML_20210115_191607	1.05093	1.02515	1.05093 (0.816439	0.272812
GBM_grid1_AutoML_20210115_191607_model_1	1.05216	1.02575	1.05216	0.816484	0.272803
GBM_2_AutoML_20210115_191607	1.05791	1.02855	1.05791 (0.818203	0.273351
GBM_1_AutoML_20210115_191607	1.07241	1.03557	1.07241 (0.823277	0.274831
GLM_1_AutoML_20210115_191607	1.08146	1.03993	1.08146 (0.827454	0.275764

Figure 4.1:

MSE: 0.8588780678874272 RMSE: 0.9267567468799065

MAE: 0.7263537121139809

RMSLE: 0.24738164203141583 R^2: 0.20690125290850947

Mean Residual Deviance: 0.8588780678874272

Null degrees of freedom: 20192

Residual degrees of freedom: 20186

Null deviance: 21868.68751719775

Residual deviance: 17343.324824850817

AIC: 54249.32456439552

Figure 4.2: H2O AutoML Metrics

5 CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

As we can observe from the graphs, AutoML libraries like TPOT and H2O AutoML performed wee bit better than the Auto-Surprise library for Movie lens 100K dataset. If this analysis is extended to a similar dataset like Jester 2 and Book Crossing datasets [2], we might have additional evidence to draw more parallels between Auto-Surprise and existing AutoML libraries.

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