

1) A.) We prove (2) by induction:

(i) $j=1$

$$m^{(1)} = V \Phi^{(1)}(\Sigma) \Sigma^{-1} U^T d$$

$$= V w \Sigma \Sigma^{-1} U^T d$$

$$= w V \underbrace{\Sigma \Sigma^{-1}}_I U^T d$$

$$= w V \Sigma U^T d = \boxed{w K^T d} \quad (a)$$

$$\phi^{(1)}(\sigma_i^2) = 1 - (1 - w \sigma_i^2)^1 = w \sigma_i^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \Phi^{(1)}(\Sigma) = \begin{bmatrix} w \sigma_1^2 & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & w \sigma_N^2 \end{bmatrix} = w \Sigma^2$$

$$\text{from } m^{(j+1)} = m^{(j)} + w K^T (d - K m^{(j)})$$

$$m^{(1)} = m^{(0)} + w K^T (d - K m^{(0)}) \quad \text{since } m^{(0)} = 0$$

$$= \boxed{w K^T d} \quad (b)$$

$a=b$ therefore (2) holds for $j=1$

(ii) Assume (2) holds for j , then for $j+1$

$$m^{(j+1)} = V \Phi^{(j+1)}(\Sigma) \Sigma^{-1} U^T d$$

$$\phi^{(j+1)}(\sigma_i^2) = 1 - (1 - w \sigma_i^2)^{j+1}$$

$$= 1 - (1 - w \sigma_i^2)^j (1 - w \sigma_i^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \Phi^{(j+1)} = I - (I - w \Sigma^2)^j (I - w \Sigma)$$

$$= V [I - (I - w \Sigma^2)^j (I - w \Sigma)] \Sigma^{-1} U^T d$$

$$= V [I - (I - w \Sigma^2)^j] \Sigma^{-1} U^T d + V (I - w \Sigma^2)^j w \Sigma \Sigma^{-1} U^T d$$

$$= \underbrace{V [I - (I - w \Sigma^2)^j] \Sigma^{-1} U^T d}_{m^{(j)}} + V (I - w \Sigma^2)^j w \Sigma \Sigma^{-1} U^T d$$

$$= m^{(j)} + w V (I - w \Sigma^2)^j \Sigma U^T d$$

$$\Rightarrow m^{(j+1)} - m^{(j)} = w V (I - w \Sigma^2)^j \Sigma U^T d \quad \text{(RHS)}$$

$$\text{(LHS)} \quad w K^T (d - K m^{(j)}) = w V (I - w \Sigma^2)^j \Sigma U^T d$$

Expanding LHS = $w V \Sigma U^T (d - U \Sigma V^T V \Phi^{(j)}(\Sigma) \Sigma^{-1} U^T d) = w V \Sigma U^T d - w V \Sigma U^T U \Sigma V^T V [I - (I - w \Sigma^2)^j] \Sigma^{-1} U^T d$

$$= w V \Sigma U^T d - w V \Sigma^2 [I - (I - w \Sigma^2)^j] \Sigma^{-1} U^T d = w V \Sigma U^T d - w V \Sigma^2 \Sigma^{-1} U^T d + w V \Sigma^2 (I - w \Sigma^2)^j \Sigma^{-1} U^T d$$

$$= w V \Sigma U^T d - w V \Sigma U^T d + w V \Sigma^2 (I - w \Sigma^2)^j \Sigma^{-1} U^T d = w V (I - w \Sigma^2)^j \Sigma^2 \Sigma^{-1} U^T d$$

This is diagonal so I can interchange

$$= \boxed{w V (I - w \Sigma^2)^j \Sigma U^T d} \quad \text{which equals RHS}$$

From (i) and (ii), we show (2) is true by induction.