## CS 250 Final Project - GoFish Specification

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## Introduction

This is the Z specification for the card game, GoFish. However, be aware that this is not the conventional version of the game. There will be minor modifications to the game that will be mentioned throughout this specification.

## Rules

- 1. Game has two players
- 2. General deck of 52 cards
- 3. Game starts with each player dealt 7 cards from the shuffled deck. The rest are stockpiled for drawing.
- 4. The person who didn't deal the cards gets the first turn.
- 5. During a player's turn (also known as fishing). The player asks the opposing player if they have a certain card (suit doesn't matter). The player fishing must have at least one card in the rank of the card request.
- 6. The opposing player will then hand over the card that matches the request. However, if the defending player does not have the card, they will say 'GoFish', and the fishing player will draw a card from the stockpile deck. If the deck is empty, there is no drawing phase.
- 7. At any time that any of the players obtain two of the same cards, either during the drawing (go fishing), dealing, or successful request, the pair of cards can be removed from the hand. 8. Once either of the scenarios has passed, the roles will be swapped, and the defender will become the fisher and the fisher is now the defender.
- 9. The turns will continue until there are no more cards in play, in both the deck and both players hands
- 10. The winner will be the player with more matched pairs.

There are two players in this game. Player 1 will always start the first turn.

```
PLAYERS ::= player1 \mid player2
```

Of course, we must have cards to play the game. Numbers 1, 11, 12, and 13 represents, Ace, Jack, Queen, and King, respectively. There are four suits of each card

```
SUIT ::= spade \mid club \mid diamond \mid heart

RANK == 1 ... 13

CARD == RANK \times SUIT

DECK == \mathbb{P} CARD
```

The deck is a stack of 52 cards.

Deck is shuffled before the game begins. A deck has 52 cards in it at the start of the game.

Each player has an identity (player 1 or player 2) to differentiate between. Each player has a hand of cards, with no more than 13 cards because 14 would mean you have a match. A player will have a "score" pile of cards as well to hold matching pairs of cards that count as 1 point per pair.

```
Player \_
identity: PLAYERS
hand: \mathbb{P} CARD
hand\_count: \mathbb{N}
score: \mathbb{N}
score \leq 26
(\#(hand) \leq 13 \land hand\_count \leq 13)
```

The player will begin with a score of 0, an empty hand and is identified as player1 or player2

Draw function will return a card

```
\frac{draw: \mathbb{P}\ CARD \to \mathbb{P}\ CARD}{\forall j: \mathbb{P}\ CARD \bullet draw(j) = (front\ j)}
```

The game will begin with each player being dealt 5 cards each

```
Dealer \triangle Player
\triangle Deck
deck\_count' = deck\_count - 1
hand\_count' = hand\_count + 1
\forall i : \mathbb{P} CARD \mid
i = draw(deck) \bullet
hand' = hand \cup i \land deck' = deck \setminus i
```

Cards will have to be drawn from the deck throughout the game. Cannot draw anymore cards when the deck no longer has cards.

```
Draw\_Card \Delta Player \Delta Deck
```

You cannot draw from an empty deck

The player turn in which a player is either a fisher or a defender. The fisher will request a card from the defender, who will then search their hand and give up their card if it exists.

The state fisher gets the correct guess then the defender must give up the card that was found

```
Guess\_Correct \_
\Delta Player\_Turn
guess? : CARD
guess? \in defender.hand
```

The player has found a matching pair of cards and then proceeds to remove those cards from their hand.

```
Pair
\Delta Player
card1?, card2? : CARD

card1? = card2?
hand' = hand
hand\_count' = hand\_count - 2
score' = score + 1
```

```
End\_Turn
\Delta Player\_Turn
fisher' = defender
defender' = fisher
```

These are the possible outcomes of the game. A player can either win, lose, or draw. If a player has more points than their opponent, it is considered a victory. If a player has less points than their opponent, it is considered a loss. If both players have an equal number of points, the result is a tie.

```
RESULT ::= win \mid lose \mid tie
```

To win, there must be no more cards left in the deck as well as in both players hands. The winning player should always have more points than the losing player.

```
 \begin{array}{l} - \textit{Victory} \\ = \textit{Deck} \\ \textit{winner}, loser : \textit{Player} \\ \hline \\ (\textit{deck\_count} + \textit{winner}.\textit{hand\_count} + \textit{loser}.\textit{hand\_count}) = 0 \\ \textit{outcome}(\textit{winner}, \textit{loser}) = \textit{win} \end{array}
```