Computer Assignment on K-NN

The Cancer dataset is given in the csv format. The dataset has 9 attributes and class label for each instance as shown below: [In the class column 2 is for benign 4 for malignant cells]

clump	unif_cell	unif_cell_	marg_adh	single_epith_c	bare_nu	bland_c	norm_nu	mito	cla
thickne	_size	shape	esion	ell_size	clei	hrom	cleoi	ses	SS
SS									

Divide the dataset into training set and test set.

[Hint: It can be divided by randomizing the indices and then splitting the dataframe according to the indices.]

Define functions to compute the value of the distance metrics: Euclidean, Normalized Euclidean and Cosine Similarity.

Define and implement the function to return k-Nearest Neighbours with k=1, 3, 5 & 7 and predict the class of the Test data-set for each k value and each distance metric.

Compute the accuracy and Plot a bar chart to compare the performance of hyperparameters.

NOTE:

1. Euclidean Distance

Euclidean Distance between two points p and q in the Euclidean space is computed as follows:

$$egin{split} d(\mathbf{p},\mathbf{q}) &= d(\mathbf{q},\mathbf{p}) = \sqrt{(q_1-p_1)^2 + (q_2-p_2)^2 + \dots + (q_n-p_n)^2} \ &= \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (q_i-p_i)^2}. \end{split}$$

2. Normalized Euclidean Distance

Normalized Euclidean distance is the Euclidean distance between points after the points have been normalized.

3. Cosine Similarity

Cosine Similarity is the similarity measure between two non-zero vectors. Cosine Similarity between two vectors A and B is computed as follows:

$$ext{similarity} = \cos(heta) = rac{\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}}{\|\mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{B}\|} = rac{\sum\limits_{i=1}^n A_i B_i}{\sqrt{\sum\limits_{i=1}^n A_i^2} \sqrt{\sum\limits_{i=1}^n B_i^2}}$$