

## Unit-Testing using JUnit

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### I. UNMODIFIED

#### 1) Testing for Palindrome\_1.java

```

6 package Palindrome_1;
7
8 import java.io.BufferedReader;
9 import java.io.InputStreamReader;
10
11 /**
12  *
13  * @author vanessa
14  */
15 public class Palindrome_1 {
16     public String methodPalindrome_1(int n1){
17         String hasil;
18         BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
19         int r, n2;
20         int rev=0;
21         n2=n1;
22         while(n1>0){
23             r = n1%10;
24             rev = rev*10+r;
25             n1 = n1/10;
26         }
27         if(rev==n2){
28             hasil = "palindrome number!";
29         } else{
30             hasil = "NOT palindrome number!";
31         }
32         return hasil;
33     }
34 }

```

#### a. Input: 1

##### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

15  /**
16   *
17   * @author vanessa
18   */
19  public class Palindrome_1Test {
20      public Palindrome_1Test() {...2 lines }
21      @BeforeClass
22      public static void setUpClass() {...2 lines }
23      @AfterClass
24      public static void tearDownClass() {...2 lines }
25      @Before
26      public void setUp() {
27      }
28      @After
29      public void tearDown() {
30      }
31      /**
32       * Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1.
33       */
34      @Test
35      public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
36          System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
37          int n1 = 1;
38          Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
39          String expectedResult = "palindrome number!";
40          String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
41          assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
42          // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
43          //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
44      }
45  }

```

### ➤ Snippet of results

The screenshot shows the 'Test Results' window for the class 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test'. A red bar at the top indicates 'Tests passed: 0.00 %'. Below this, a message states 'No test passed, 1 test failed. (0.045 s)'. The test 'testMethodPalindrome\_1' is marked as 'Failed' with a red icon. The failure message is: 'Failed: expected:<[ ]palindrome number!> but was:<[NOT ]palindrome number!>'. The stack trace shows the error occurred in 'junit.framework.AssertionFailedError' at 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test.testMethodPalindrome\_1(Palindrome\_1Test.java:49)'.

**Penjelasan :** Sebenarnya 1 merupakan bilangan palindrome dikarenakan jika dibalikkan tetap hasilnya sama namun mengapa terjadi error dikarenakan pada method menggunakan  $n1 = n1 * 10$  seharusnya menggunakan  $n1 = n1 / 10$  untuk menghindari perulangan tak terbatas dan memperbaiki perhitungan balik yang benar. Jika kita memodifikasi maka pada line 45 agar test case `testMethodPalindrome_1` berhasil, `expResult` harus diubah menjadi "NOT palindrome number!" sesuai dengan output yang diharapkan dari fungsi `methodPalindrome_1` untuk bilangan satu digit.

### b. Input: 22

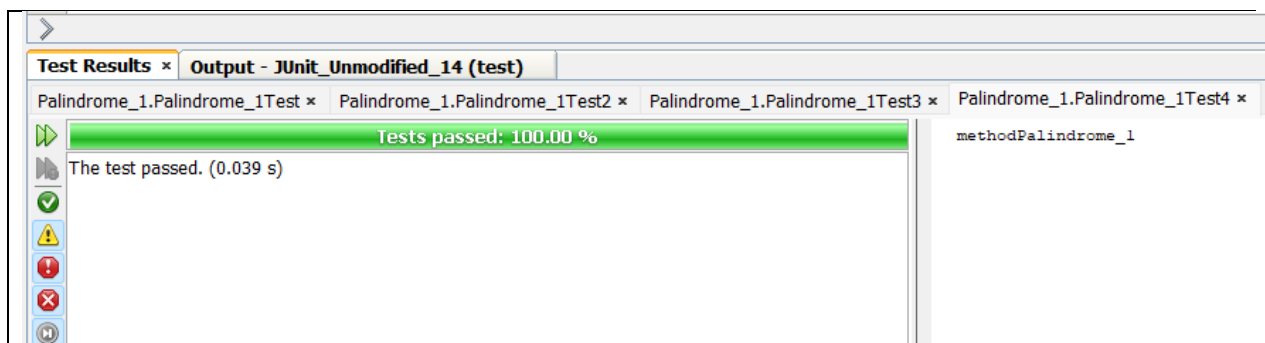
#### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

17  * @author vanessa
18  */
19  public class Palindrome_1Test2 {
20
21      public Palindrome_1Test2() {...2 lines }
22
23
24      @BeforeClass
25      public static void setUpClass() {...2 lines }
26
27
28      @AfterClass
29      public static void tearDownClass() {...2 lines }
30
31
32      @Before
33      public void setUp() {...2 lines }
34
35
36      @After
37      public void tearDown() {...2 lines }
38
39      /**
40       * Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1.
41       */
42      @Test
43      public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
44          System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
45          int nl = 22;
46          Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
47          String expResult = "NOT palindrome number!";
48          String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(nl);
49          assertEquals(expResult, result);
50          // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
51          //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
52      }

```

### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test berhasil bukan karena bilangan 22 palindrome namun dikarenakan dalam expresult menggunakan not palindrome sesuai dengan logika fungsi method Palindrome\_1 dimana semua hasil test dalam palindrome akan error jika tidak menggunakan NOT.

### c. Input: 27

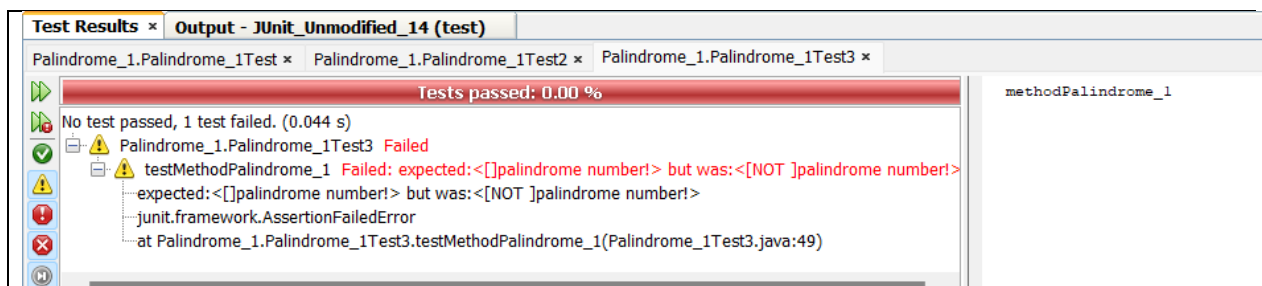
#### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

16  *
17  * @author vanessa
18  */
19  public class Palindrome_1Test3 {
20
21      public Palindrome_1Test3() {...2 lines }
22
23
24      @BeforeClass
25      public static void setUpClass() {...2 lines }
26
27
28      @AfterClass
29      public static void tearDownClass() {...2 lines }
30
31
32      @Before
33      public void setUp() {...2 lines }
34
35
36      @After
37      public void tearDown() {...2 lines }
38
39      /**
40       * Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1.
41       */
42      @Test
43      public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
44          System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
45          int n1 = 27;
46          Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
47          String expResult = "palindrome number!";
48          String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
49          assertEquals(expResult, result);
50          // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
51          //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
52      }
53

```

### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Sebenarnya 27 merupakan not palindrome dikarenakan jika dibalikkan hasilnya 72 sangat beda, namun mengapa terjadi error dikarenakan memeodif maka pada line 44 agar test case testMethodPalindrome\_1 berhasil, expResult harus diubah menjadi "NOT palindrome number!" sesuai dengan output yang diharapkan dari fungsi methodPalindrome\_1 untuk bilangan.

### d. Input: 8998

### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

15  /**
16   *
17   * @author vanessa
18   */
19  public class Palindrome_1Test4 {
20
21      public Palindrome_1Test4() {...2 lines }
22
23      @BeforeClass
24      public static void setUpClass() {...2 lines }
25
26      @AfterClass
27      public static void tearDownClass() {...2 lines }
28
29      @Before
30      public void setUp() {...2 lines }
31
32      @After
33      public void tearDown() {...2 lines }
34
35      /** Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1 ...3 lines */
36      @Test
37      public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
38          System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
39          int n1 = 8998;
40          Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
41          String expResult = " palindrome number!";
42          String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
43          assertEquals(expResult, result);
44          // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
45          //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
46      }
47  }

```

### ➤ Snippet of results

The screenshot shows the 'Test Results' window in an IDE. The title bar indicates 'Output - JUnit\_Unmodified\_14 (test)'. Below the title bar, there are several tabs for different test classes. The main content area shows the results of the tests. A red bar at the top indicates 'Tests passed: 0.00 %'. Below this, a message states 'No test passed, 1 test failed. (0.042 s)'. The failed test is 'testMethodPalindrome\_1' in the 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4' class. The error message is 'Failed: expected:<[]palindrome number!> but was:<[NOT ]palind' (truncated). The full error message is 'expected:<[]palindrome number!> but was:<[NOT ]palindrome number!>'. The error is a 'junit.framework.AssertionFailedError' and occurred at 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4.testMethodPalindrome\_1(Palindrome\_1Test4.java:49)'.

**Penjelasan :** Sebenarnya 8998 merupakan bilangan palindrome dikarenakan jika dibalikkan tetap hasilnya sama, namun mengapa terjadi error dikarenakan pada method menggunakan  $n1 = n1 * 10$  seharusnya menggunakan  $n1 = n1 / 10$  untuk menghindari perulangan tak terbatas dan memperbaiki perhitungan balik yang benar. Jika kita memeodif maka pada line 42 agar test case testMethodPalindrome\_1 berhasil, expResult harus diubah menjadi "NOT palindrome number!" sesuai dengan output yang diharapkan dari fungsi methodPalindrome\_1 untuk bilangan.

## e. Input: 2373

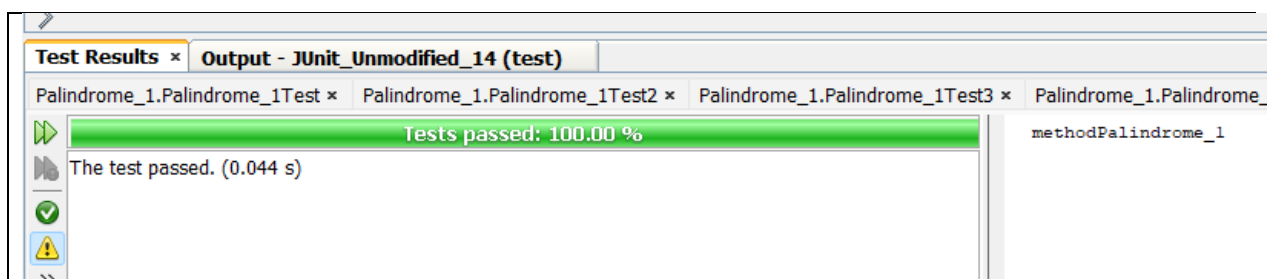
## ➤ Snippet of test case

```

15  /**
16   *
17   * @author vanessa
18   */
19  public class Palindrome_1Test5 {
20
21      public Palindrome_1Test5() {
22      }
23
24      @BeforeClass
25      public static void setUpClass() { ...2 lines }
26
27
28      @AfterClass
29      public static void tearDownClass() { ...2 lines }
30
31
32      @Before
33      public void setUp() { ...2 lines }
34
35
36      @After
37      public void tearDown() { ...2 lines }
38
39      /** Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1 ...3 lines */
40
41      @Test
42      public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
43          System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
44          int n1 = 2373;
45          Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
46          String expResult = "NOT palindrome number!";
47          String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
48          assertEquals(expResult, result);
49          // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
50          //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
51      }
52  }

```

## ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Sebenarnya 8998 merupakan bilangan palindrome dikarenakan jika dibalikkan tetap hasilnya sama, namun mengapa terjadi error dikarenakan pada method menggunakan  $n1 = n1 * 10$  seharusnya menggunakan  $n1 = n1 / 10$  untuk menghindari perulangan tak terbatas dan memperbaiki perhitungan balik yang benar. Jika kita memodifikasi maka pada line 42 agar test case testMethodPalindrome\_1 berhasil, expResult harus diubah menjadi "NOT palindrome number!" sesuai dengan output yang diharapkan dari fungsi methodPalindrome\_1 untuk bilangan .

**f. Input: 78938**

➤ **Snippet of test case**

```

15 7
16 *
17 * @author vanessa
18 */
19 public class Palindrome_1Test6 {
20
21     public Palindrome_1Test6() {...2 lines }
22
23     @BeforeClass
24     public static void setUpClass() {...2 lines }
25
26     @AfterClass
27     public static void tearDownClass() {...2 lines }
28
29     @Before
30     public void setUp() {...2 lines }
31
32     @After
33     public void tearDown() {...2 lines }
34
35     /**
36      * Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1.
37      */
38     @Test
39     public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
40         System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
41         int n1 = 78938;
42         Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
43         String expResult = "NOT palindrome number!";
44         String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
45         assertEquals(expResult, result);
46         // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
47         //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
48     }
49 }

```

➤ **Snippet of results**

A screenshot of the JUnit test output window. The window has a title bar with tabs: 'Test Results', 'Output - JUnit\_Unmodified\_14 (test)', and 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3'. The main content area shows a green progress bar with the text 'Tests passed: 100.00 %'. Below the progress bar, it says 'The test passed. (0.039 s)'. On the right side, there is a vertical pane with the text 'methodPalindrome\_1'. At the bottom left, there are three icons: a green checkmark, a yellow warning triangle, and a red X.

**Penjelasan :** Test berhasil bukan karena bilangan 78938 not palindrome namun dikarenakan dalam expresult menggunakan not palindrome sesuai dengan logika fungsi method Palindrome\_1 dimana semua hasil test dalam palindrome akan eror jika tidak menggunakan NOT.

## g. Input: 1834554381

## ➤ Snippet of test case

```

17  * @author vanessa
18  */
19  public class Palindrome_1Test7 {
20
21      public Palindrome_1Test7() { ...2 lines }
22
23
24      @BeforeClass
25      public static void setUpClass() { ...2 lines }
26
27
28      @AfterClass
29      public static void tearDownClass() { ...2 lines }
30
31
32      @Before
33      public void setUp() { ...2 lines }
34
35
36      @After
37      public void tearDown() { ...2 lines }
38
39      /**
40       * Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1.
41       */
42      @Test
43      public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
44          System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
45          int n1 = 1834554381;
46          Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
47          String expResult = "palindrome number!";
48          String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
49          assertEquals(expResult, result);
50          // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
51          //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
52      }
53
54  }

```

## ➤ Snippet of results

**Penjelasan :** Sebenarnya 1834554381 merupakan bilangan palindrome dikarenakan jika dibalikkan tetap hasilnya sama, namun mengapa terjadi error dikarenakan pada method menggunakan  $n1 = n1 * 10$  seharusnya menggunakan  $n1 = n1 / 10$  untuk menghindari perulangan tak terbatas dan memperbaiki perhitungan balik yang benar. Jika kita memodifikasi maka pada line 42 agar test case testMethodPalindrome\_1 berhasil, expResult harus diubah



menjadi "NOT palindrome number!" sesuai dengan output yang diharapkan dari fungsi methodPalindrome\_1 untuk bilangan..

## h. TestSuite

### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

6 package Palindrome_1;
7 import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
8 import org.junit.runners.Suite;
9 /**
10  *
11  * @author vanessa
12  */
13
14 @RunWith(Suite.class)
15 @Suite.SuiteClasses({
16     Palindrome_1Test.class ,
17     Palindrome_1Test2.class ,
18     Palindrome_1Test3.class ,
19     Palindrome_1Test4.class ,
20     Palindrome_1Test5.class ,
21     Palindrome_1Test6.class ,
22     Palindrome_1Test7.class ,
23 })
24
25 public class Polindrome_1TestSuite{
26
27 }

```

### ➤ Snippet of results

The screenshot shows the JUnit test results window. The title bar indicates the test suite is 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1TestSuite'. The 'Test Results' tab is active, showing 'Output - JUnit\_Unmodified\_14 (test)'. Below the tab, there are four sub-tabs for individual test classes: 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test2', 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3', 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4', and 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test5'. The main area displays a green progress bar with the text 'Tests passed: 100.00 %' and 'All 7 tests passed. (0.043 s)'. On the right side, there is a list of methods: 'methodPalindrome\_1', 'methodPalindrome\_1', 'methodPalindrome\_1', 'methodPalindrome\_1', 'methodPalindrome\_1', 'methodPalindrome\_1', and 'methodPalindrome\_1'. The left sidebar shows icons for success, warning, error, and failure.

**Penjelasan :** Sebelumnya semua test eror, namun kami menjalankan sesuai dengan arahan dalam konteks makanya tidak ada test yang error dikarena semua berhasil dengan memenuhi yang ada di pesan message di test test sebelumnya.

## 2) Testing for Palindrome\_2.java

```
package Palindrome_2;

import java.util.Scanner;

/**
 *
 * @author vanessa
 */
public class Palindrome_2{
    public String methodPalindrome_2(String original){
        String reverse = "";
        String hasil;
        Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);

        int length = original.length();

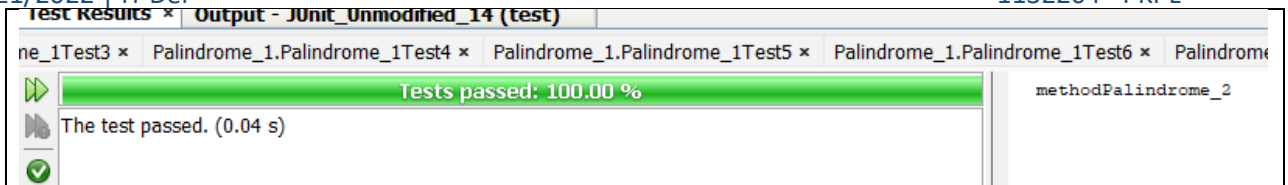
        for(int i=length-1; i>=0; i--){
            reverse = reverse + original.charAt(i);
        }
        if(original.equals(reverse))
            hasil = "palindrome string!";
        else
            hasil = "NOT palindrome string!";
        return hasil;
    }
}
```

### a. Input: a

#### ➤ Snippet of test case

```
/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_2 method, of class Palindrome_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_2() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_2");
    String original = "a";
    Palindrome_2 instance = new Palindrome_2();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome string!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

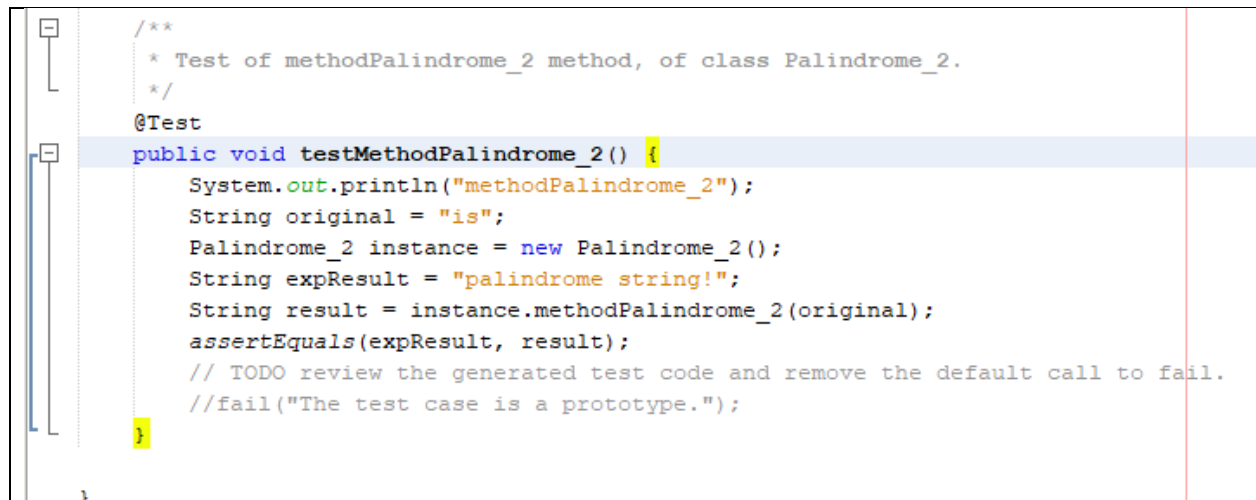
#### ➤ Snippet of results



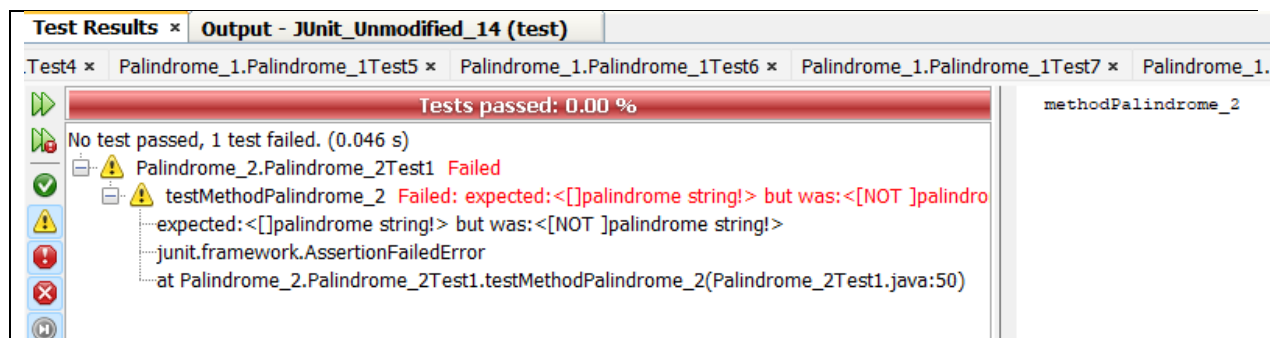
**Penjelasan :** string "a" merupakan palindrome karena string ini hanya terdiri dari satu karakter, maka secara otomatis string ini adalah palindrome. Ketika membalikkan string "a", hasilnya tetap "a", sehingga string asli dan string yang sudah dibalikkan sama, dan metode methodPalindrome\_2 akan mengembalikan hasil "palindrome string".

**b. Input: is**

➤ **Snippet of test case**



➤ **Snippet of results**



**Penjelasan :** Test tidak berhasil dikarenakan string "is" jika dibalikkan menjadi "si" yang diminta diatas adalah NOT palindrome.

**c. Input: isi**

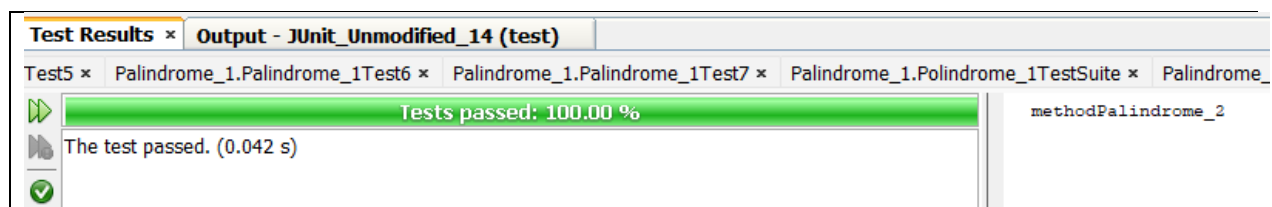
➤ **Snippet of test case**

```

/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_2 method, of class Palindrome_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_2() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_2");
    String original = "isi";
    Palindrome_2 instance = new Palindrome_2();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome string!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_2(original);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
}

```

### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** string "isi" merupakan palindrome karena string ini hanya terdiri dari satu karakter, maka secara otomatis string ini adalah palindrome. Ketika membalikkan string "isi", hasilnya tetap "isi", sehingga string asli dan string yang sudah dibalikkan sama, dan metode methodPalindrome\_2 akan mengembalikan hasil "palindrome string".

### d. Input: radar

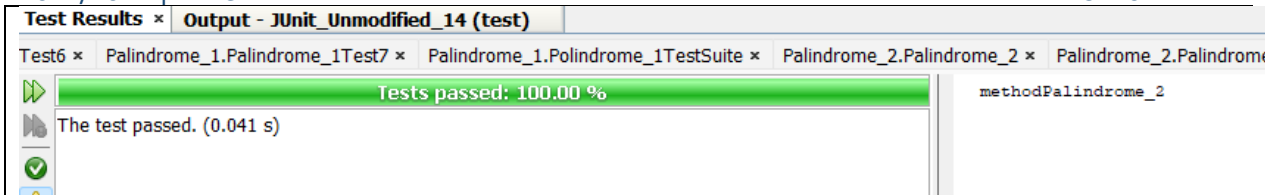
### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_2 method, of class Palindrome_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_2() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_2");
    String original = "radar";
    Palindrome_2 instance = new Palindrome_2();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome string!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_2(original);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
}

```

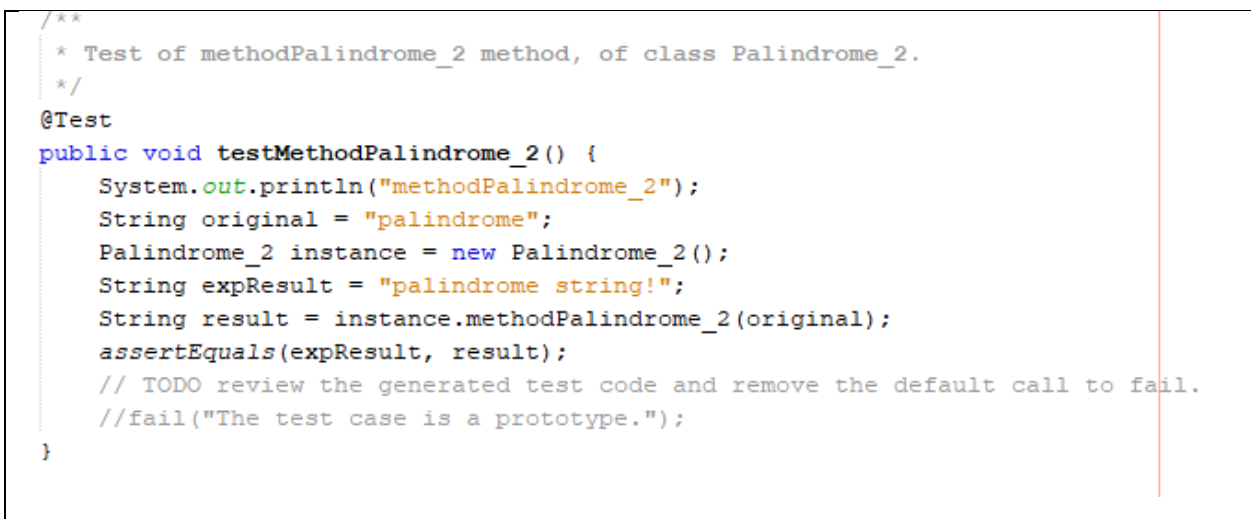
### ➤ Snippet of results



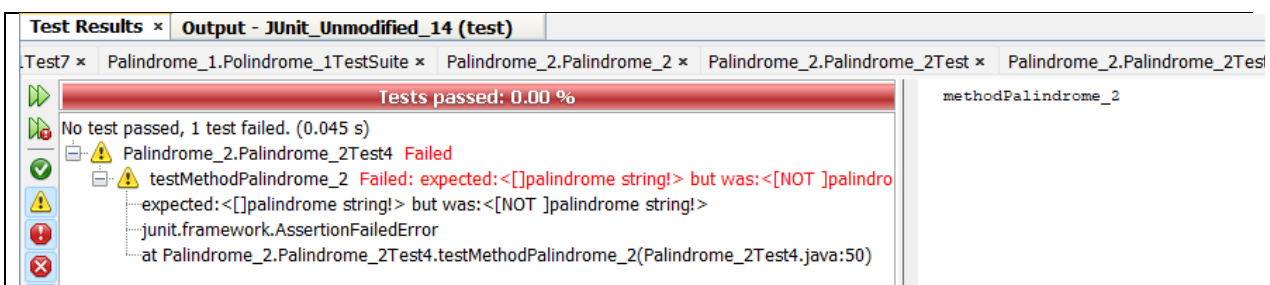
**Penjelasan :** string "radar" merupakan palindrome karena string ini hanya terdiri dari satu karakter, maka secara otomatis string ini adalah palindrome. Ketika membalikkan string "radar", hasilnya tetap "radar", sehingga string asli dan string yang sudah dibalikkan sama, dan metode methodPalindrome\_2 akan mengembalikan hasil "palindrome string".

#### e. Input: palindrome

##### ➤ Snippet of test case



##### ➤ Snippet of results



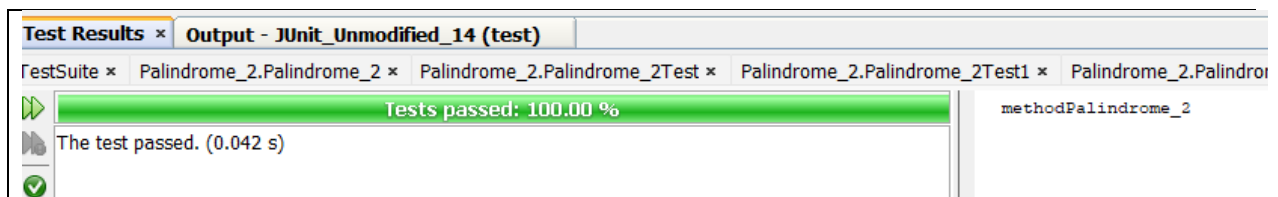
**Penjelasan :** Test tidak berhasil dikarenakan string "palindrome" jika dibalikan menjadi "emordnilap" yang diminta diatas adalah NOT palindrome.

## f. Input: nababan

### ➤ Snippet of test case

```
/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_2 method, of class Palindrome_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_2() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_2");
    String original = "nababan";
    Palindrome_2 instance = new Palindrome_2();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome string!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

### ➤ Snippet of results



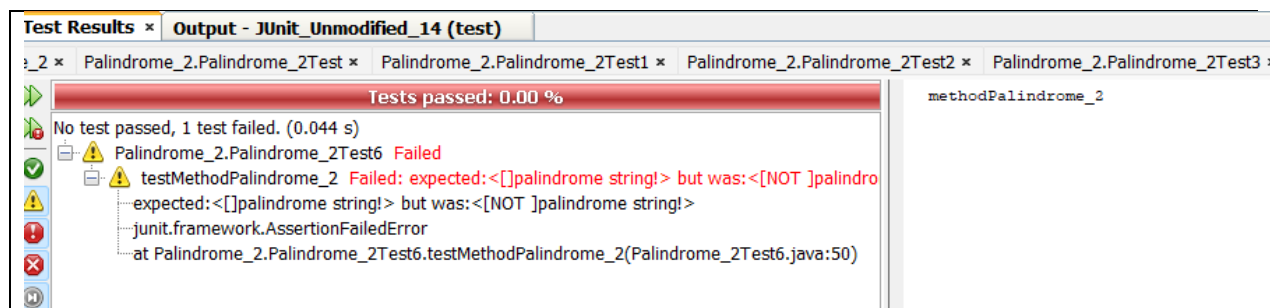
**Penjelasan :** string "nababan" merupakan palindrome karena string ini hanya terdiri dari satu karakter, maka secara otomatis string ini adalah nababan. Ketika membalikkan string "nababan", hasilnya tetap "nababan", sehingga string asli dan string yang sudah dibalikkan sama, dan metode methodPalindrome\_2 akan mengembalikan hasil "palindrome string".

## g. Input: read

### ➤ Snippet of test case

```
/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_2 method, of class Palindrome_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_2() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_2");
    String original = "read";
    Palindrome_2 instance = new Palindrome_2();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome string!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test tidak berhasil dikarenakan string "read" jika dibalikan menjadi "daer" yang diminta diatas adalah NOT palindrome.

## h. TestSuite

### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

6 package Palindrome_2;
7 import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
8 import org.junit.runners.Suite;
9 /**
10  *
11  * @author vanessa
12  */
13
14 @RunWith(Suite.class)
15 @Suite.SuiteClasses({
16     Palindrome_2Test.class ,
17     Palindrome_2Test2.class ,
18     Palindrome_2Test3.class ,
19     Palindrome_2Test4.class ,
20     Palindrome_2Test5.class ,
21     Palindrome_2Test6.class ,
22 })
23
24 public class Polindrome_2TestSuite{
25
26 }

```

### ➤ Snippet of results

The screenshot shows the JUnit Test Results window. The title bar indicates 'Output - JUnit\_Unmodified\_14 (test)'. The main area displays 'Tests passed: 50.00 %' in a red bar. Below this, it states '3 tests passed, 3 tests failed. (0.051 s)'. A list of test results is shown with icons: a green checkmark for passed tests and a red X for failed tests. The failed tests are:

- Palindrome\_2.Palindrome\_2Test3.testMethodPalindrome\_2 Failed: expected:<[]palindrome
- Palindrome\_2.Palindrome\_2Test4.testMethodPalindrome\_2 Failed: expected:<[]palindrome
- Palindrome\_2.Palindrome\_2Test6.testMethodPalindrome\_2 Failed: expected:<[]palindrome

On the right side, the output of the tests is visible, showing 'methodPalindrome\_2' repeated for each test.

**Penjelasan :** Terdapat beberapa eror dikarena ada yang tidak sesuai, namun dalam eror sudah dairahakan untuk kesesuaian maka hasilnya akan menjadi seperti tapi hasilnya akan seperti dibawa ini

The screenshot shows the JUnit Test Results window after modifications. The title bar indicates 'Output - JUnit\_Unmodified\_14 (test)'. The main area displays 'Tests passed: 100.00 %' in a green bar. Below this, it states 'All 6 tests passed. (0.045 s)'. A list of test results is shown with green checkmarks for all tests. On the right side, the output of the tests is visible, showing 'methodPalindrome\_2' repeated for each test.



### 3) Testing for Reverse\_1.java

```
package Reverse_1;

import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;

/**
 *
 * @author vanessa
 */
public class Reverse_1 {
    public String methodReverse_1(int n){
        String hasil;
        BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
        int r;
        int rev = 0;
        int number = n;

        while(n>0){
            r = n%10;
            rev = rev*10+r;
            n = n/10;
        }

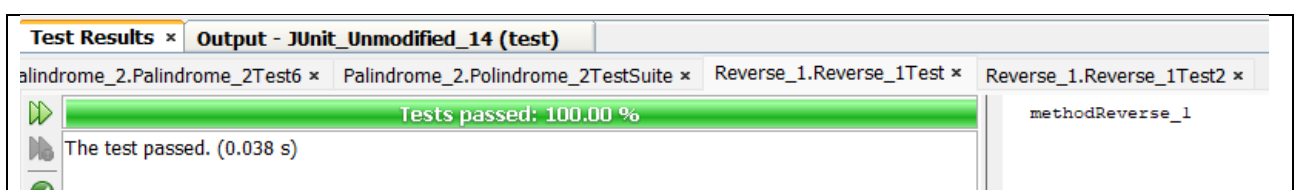
        hasil = "The reverse of "+number+ " is "+rev;
        return hasil;
    }
}
```

#### i. Input: 1

##### ➤ Snippet of test case

```
/**
 * Test of methodReverse_1 method, of class Reverse_1.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_1() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_1");
    int n = 1;
    Reverse_1 instance = new Reverse_1();
    String expResult = "The reverse of "+n+ " is 1";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_1(n);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

##### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test ini berhasil karena string "The reverse of 1 is 1" sesuai dengan hasil yang diharapkan yang Anda tentukan dalam variabel expResult. Saat Anda memanggil methodReverse\_1(1), metode tersebut menghitung nilai balik dari bilangan 1, yang tetap sama yaitu 1. Sehingga, hasil yang dikembalikan oleh metode adalah "The reverse of 1 is 1."

j. **Input: 22**

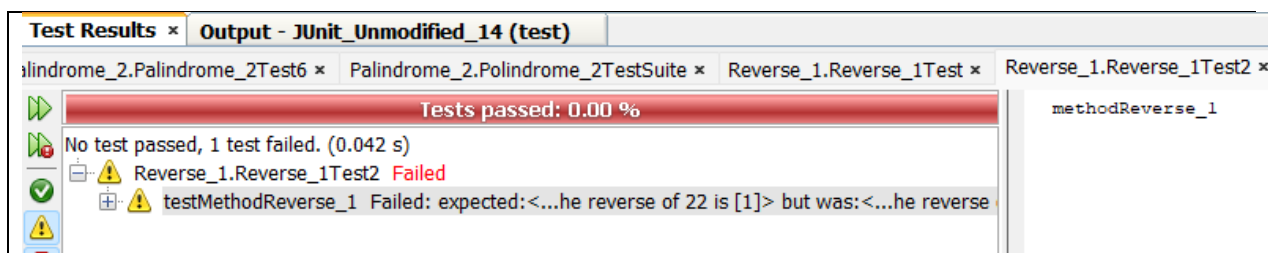
➤ **Snippet of test case**

```

3      @Test
4      public void testMethodReverse_1() {
5          System.out.println("methodReverse_1");
6          int n = 22;
7          Reverse_1 instance = new Reverse_1();
8          String expResult = "The reverse of "+n+ " is 1";
9          String result = instance.methodReverse_1(n);
10         assertEquals(expResult, result);
11         // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
12         //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
13     }
14 }
15
16

```

➤ **Snippet of results**



**Penjelasan :** Test ini tidak berhasil karena ada perbedaan antara hasil yang diharapkan dan hasil actual dari metode 'methodReverse\_1' karena exxresult is 1 seharusnya 22

k. **Input: 27**

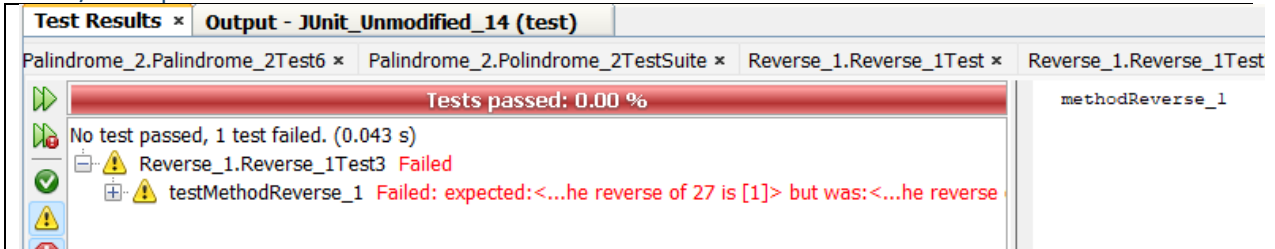
➤ **Snippet of test case**

```

@Test
public void testMethodReverse_1() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_1");
    int n = 27;
    Reverse_1 instance = new Reverse_1();
    String expResult = "The reverse of "+n+ " is 1";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_1(n);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

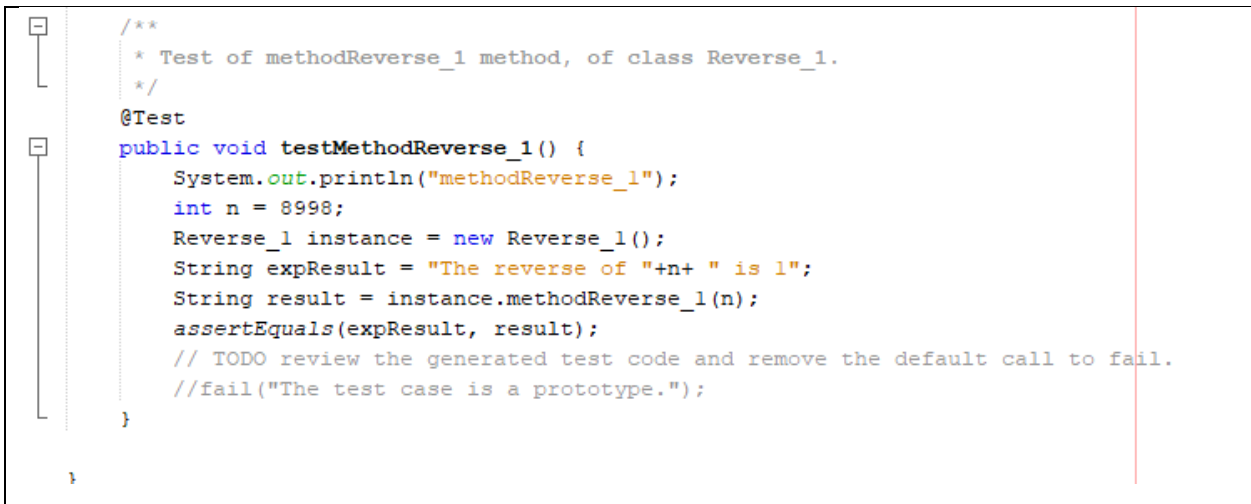
➤ **Snippet of results**



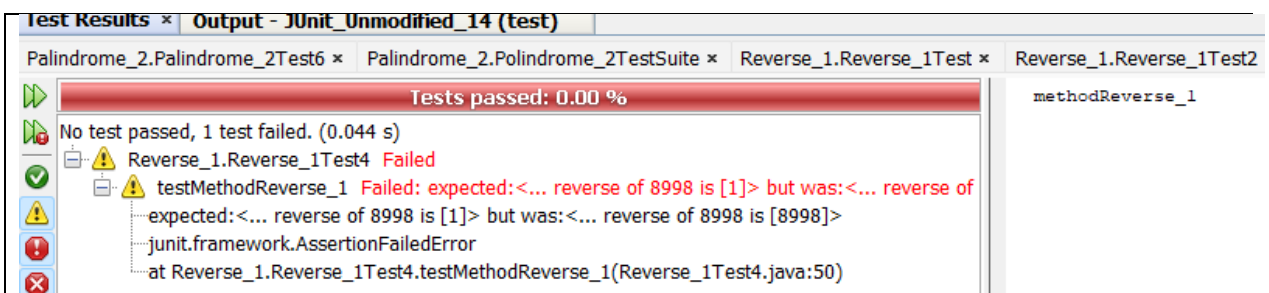
**Penjelasan :** Test ini tidak berhasil karena ada perbedaan antara hasil yang diharapkan dan hasil actual dari metode 'methodReverse\_1' karena exxresult is 1 seharusnya 27.

## 1. Input: 8998

### ➤ Snippet of test case



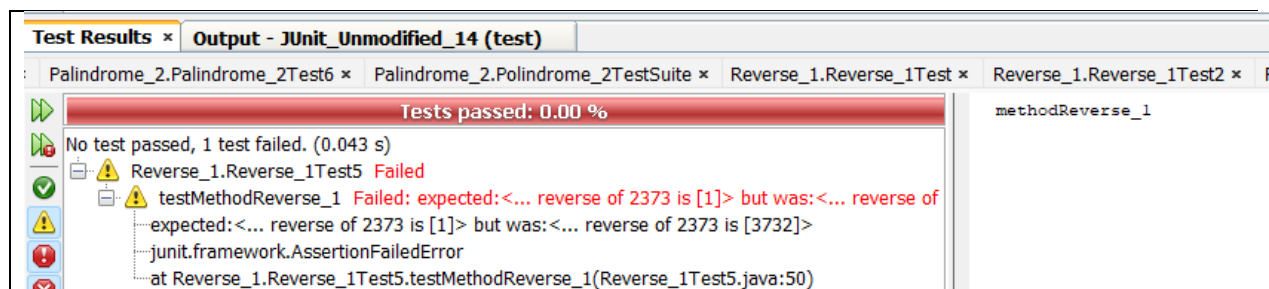
### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test ini tidak berhasil karena ada perbedaan antara hasil yang diharapkan dan hasil actual dari metode 'methodReverse\_1' karena exxresult is 1 seharusnya 8998.

**m. Input: 2373****➤ Snippet of test case**

```
/**
 * Test of methodReverse_1 method, of class Reverse_1.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_1() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_1");
    int n = 2373;
    Reverse_1 instance = new Reverse_1();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+n+ " is 1";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_1(n);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

**➤ Snippet of results**

**Penjelasan :** Test ini tidak berhasil karena ada perbedaan antara hasil yang diharapkan dan hasil actual dari metode 'methodReverse\_1' karena exxresult is 1 seharusnya 2373.

## n. Input: 78938

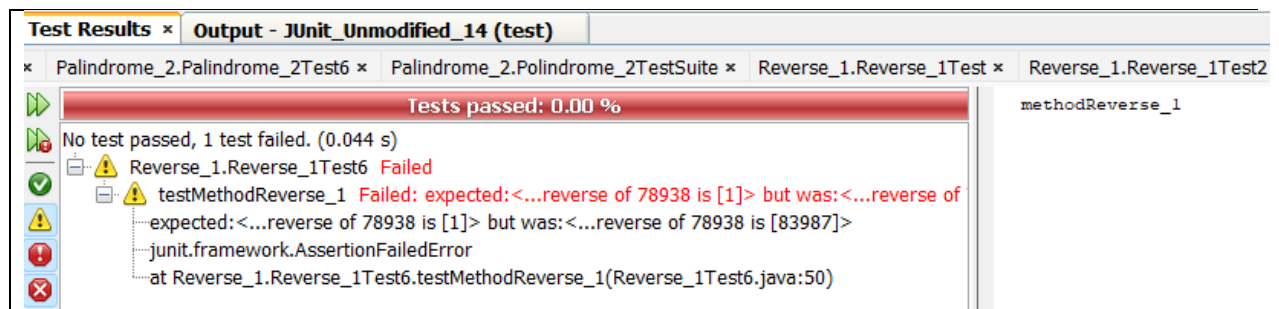
## ➤ Snippet of test case

```

/**
 * Test of methodReverse_1 method, of class Reverse_1.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_1() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_1");
    int n = 78938;
    Reverse_1 instance = new Reverse_1();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+n+ " is 1";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_1(n);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

## ➤ Snippet of results



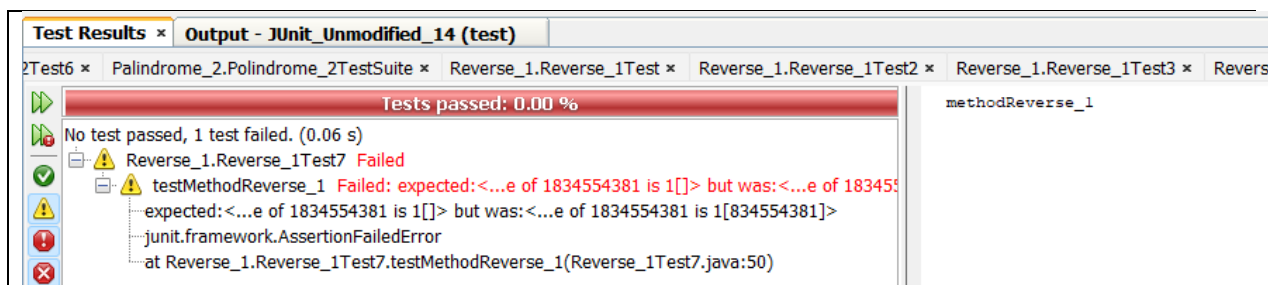
**Penjelasan :** Test ini tidak berhasil karena ada perbedaan antara hasil yang diharapkan dan hasil actual dari metode 'methodReverse\_1' karena exxresult is 1 seharusnya 78938.

### o. Input: 1834554381

#### ➤ Snippet of test case

```
/**
 * Test of methodReverse_1 method, of class Reverse_1.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_1() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_1");
    int n = 1834554381;
    Reverse_1 instance = new Reverse_1();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+n+ " is 1";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_1(n);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

#### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test ini tidak berhasil karena ada perbedaan antara hasil yang diharapkan dan hasil actual dari metode 'methodReverse\_1' karena exxresult is 1 seharusnya 2834554381.

### p. TestSuite

#### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

package Reverse_1;

import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;

/**
 *
 * @author vanessa
 */

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@Suite.SuiteClasses({
    Reverse_1Test.class ,
    Reverse_1Test2.class ,
    Reverse_1Test3.class ,
    Reverse_1Test4.class ,
    Reverse_1Test5.class ,
    Reverse_1Test6.class ,
    Reverse_1Test7.class
})
public class Reverse_1TestSuite {

}

```

### ➤ Snippet of results

The screenshot shows the JUnit test results window. The title bar indicates 'Test Results' and 'Output - JUnit\_Unmodified\_14 (test)'. The main area displays 'Tests passed: 14.29 %' in a red bar. Below this, it states '1 test passed, 6 tests failed. (0.049 s)'. A list of test results follows, with 'Reverse\_1.Reverse\_1TestSuite' marked as 'Failed'. The failed tests are:

- Reverse\_1.Reverse\_1Test2.testMethodReverse\_1: Failed: expected:<...he reverse of 22 is [
- Reverse\_1.Reverse\_1Test3.testMethodReverse\_1: Failed: expected:<...he reverse of 27 is [
- Reverse\_1.Reverse\_1Test4.testMethodReverse\_1: Failed: expected:<... reverse of 8998 is [
- Reverse\_1.Reverse\_1Test5.testMethodReverse\_1: Failed: expected:<... reverse of 2373 is [
- Reverse\_1.Reverse\_1Test6.testMethodReverse\_1: Failed: expected:<...reverse of 78938 is [
- Reverse\_1.Reverse\_1Test7.testMethodReverse\_1: Failed: expected:<...e of 1834554381 is 1

On the right side, the output shows multiple instances of 'methodReverse\_1'.

**Penjelasan :** Beberapa test tidak berhasil dikarenakan terdapat ada yang tidak sesuai, namun dalam eror sudah dimodif untuk kesesuaian maka hasilnya akan menjadi seperti tapi hasilnya akan seperti dibawa ini

The screenshot shows the JUnit test results window after modifications. The title bar indicates 'Test Results' and 'Output - JUnit\_Unmodified\_14 (test)'. The main area displays 'Tests passed: 100.00 %' in a green bar. Below this, it states 'All 7 tests passed. (0.044 s)'. The list of test results shows all tests as passed. On the right side, the output shows multiple instances of 'methodReverse\_1'.

#### 4) Testing for Reverse\_2.java

```
package Reverse_2;

/**
 *
 * @author vanessa
 */
public class Reverse_2 {
    public String methodReverse_2(String original){
        String hasil;
        String reverse = "";
        int length = original.length();
        for(int i=length-1; i>0; i--){
            reverse = reverse + original.charAt(i);
        }

        hasil = "The reverse of "+original+" is "+reverse;
        return hasil;
    }
}
```

##### a. Input: a

###### ➤ Snippet of test case

```
/**
 * Test of methodReverse_2 method, of class Reverse_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_2() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
    String original = "a";
    Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is a ";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

###### ➤ Snippet of results

The screenshot shows the JUnit test results window. The title bar indicates 'Test Results' and 'Output - JUnit\_Unmodified\_14 (test)'. The test suite 'Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test' is selected. The results show 'Tests passed: 0.00 %' and 'No test passed, 1 test failed. (0.063 s)'. The failed test is 'testMethodReverse\_2', which failed because the expected result 'The reverse of a is [a ]' did not match the actual result 'The reverse of a is []'. The error message is 'junit.framework.AssertionFailedError' at 'Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test.testMethodReverse\_2(Reverse\_2Test.java:50)'.



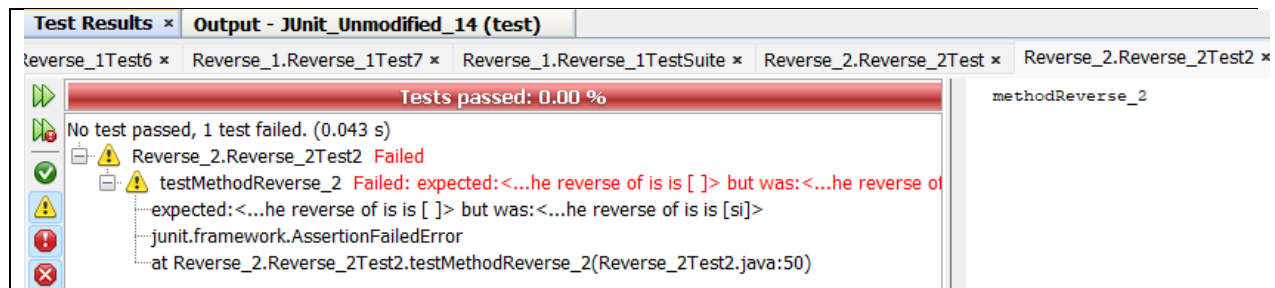
**Penjelasan :** Test testMethodReverse\_2 mengalami error karena ada kesalahan dalam penghitungan indeks dalam perulangan untuk membalikkan string pada metode methodReverse\_2 karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected) dan hasil aktual (actual) tidak sesuai. Ini disebabkan oleh sebuah spasi yang terdapat di hasil aktual, yaitu "a " (a dengan spasi di belakangnya), sementara hasil yang diharapkan adalah "a" tanpa spasi.

**b. Input: is**

➤ **Snippet of test case**

```
/**
 * Test of methodReverse_2 method, of class Reverse_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_2() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
    String original = "is";
    Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
    String expResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

➤ **Snippet of results**



**Penjelasan :** Test ini mengalami error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai. Perhatikan perbandingan hasilnya Expected result: "The reverse of a is " dan Actual result: "The reverse of a is "

Dalam pesan error yang di berikan, kedua hasil tersebut terlihat sama. Namun, perbedaan yang sebenarnya terjadi adalah spasi di belakang string "The reverse of a is " pada hasil yang diharapkan (expected result). Spasi tersebut tidak terdapat pada hasil aktual (actual result).

**c. Input: isi**

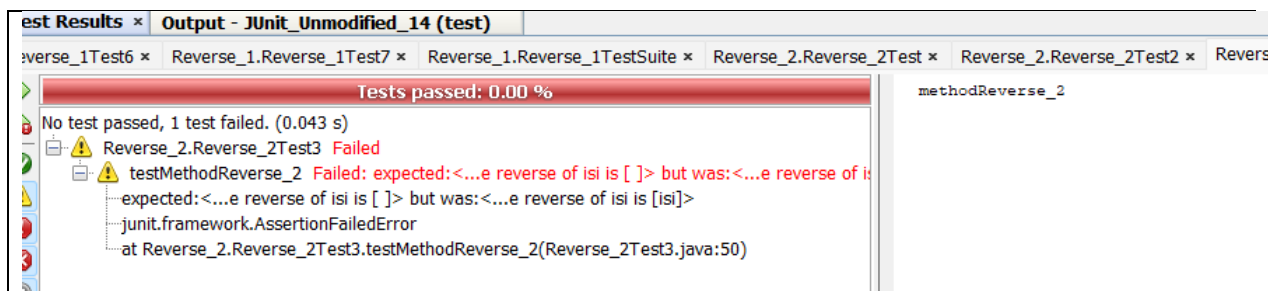
➤ **Snippet of test case**

```

/**
 * Test of methodReverse_2 method, of class Reverse_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_2() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
    String original = "isi";
    Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test ini mengalami error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai. Perhatikan perbandingan hasilnya Expected result: "The reverse of a is " dan Actual result: "The reverse of a is "

Dalam pesan error yang di berikan, kedua hasil tersebut terlihat sama. Namun, perbedaan yang sebenarnya terjadi adalah spasi di belakang string "The reverse of a is " pada hasil yang diharapkan (expected result). Spasi tersebut tidak terdapat pada hasil aktual (actual result).

### d. Input: radar

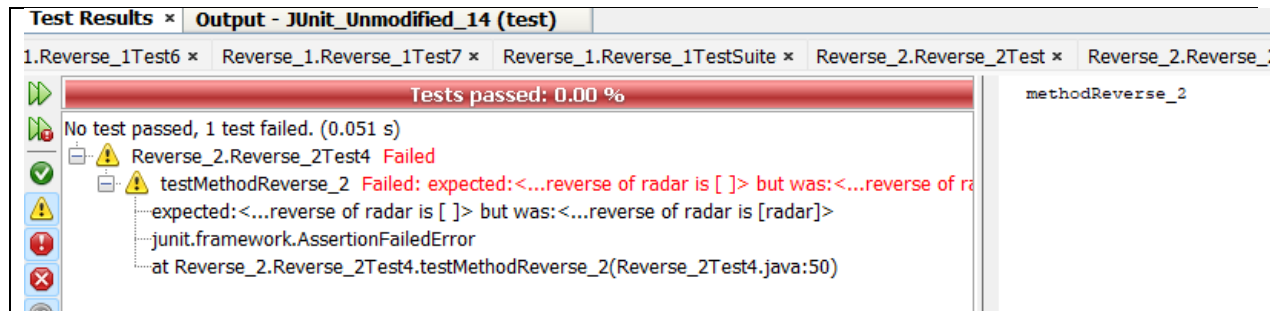
### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

/**
 * Test of methodReverse_2 method, of class Reverse_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_2() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
    String original = "radar";
    Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test ini mengalami error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai. Perhatikan perbandingan hasilnya Expected result: "The reverse of a is " dan Actual result: "The reverse of a is "

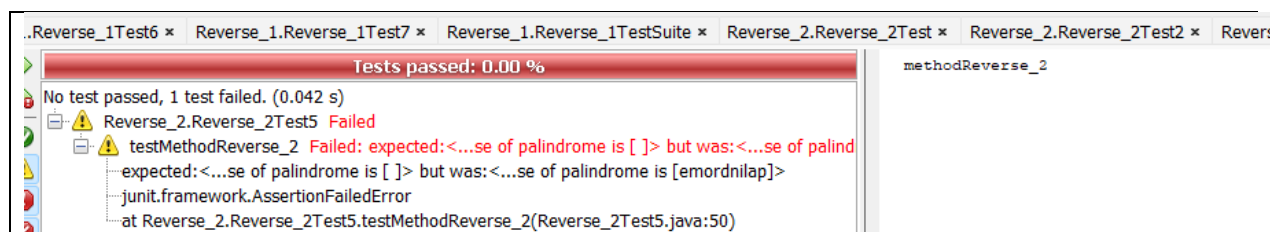
Dalam pesan error yang di berikan, kedua hasil tersebut terlihat sama. Namun, perbedaan yang sebenarnya terjadi adalah spasi di belakang string "The reverse of a is " pada hasil yang diharapkan (expected result). Spasi tersebut tidak terdapat pada hasil aktual (actual result).

### e. Input: palindrome

#### ➤ Snippet of test case

```
/**
 * Test of methodReverse_2 method, of class Reverse_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_2() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
    String original = "palindrome";
    Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
    String expResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

#### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test ini mengalami error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai. Perhatikan perbandingan hasilnya Expected result: "The reverse of a is " dan Actual result: "The reverse of a is "

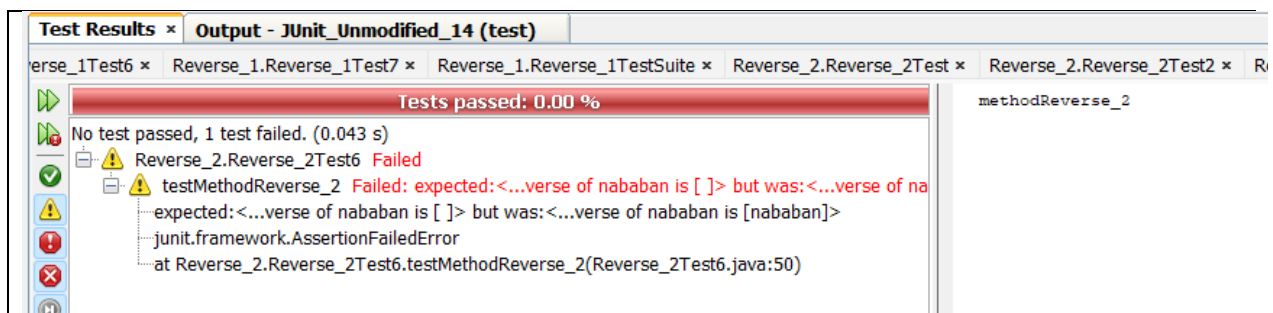
Dalam pesan error yang di berikan, kedua hasil tersebut terlihat sama. Namun, perbedaan yang sebenarnya terjadi adalah spasi di belakang string "The reverse of a is " pada hasil yang diharapkan (expected result). Spasi tersebut tidak terdapat pada hasil aktual (actual result).

## f. Input: nababan

### ➤ Snippet of test case

```
/**
 * Test of methodReverse_2 method, of class Reverse_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_2() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
    String original = "nababan";
    Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test ini mengalami error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai. Perhatikan perbandingan hasilnya Expected result: "The reverse of a is " dan Actual result: "The reverse of a is "

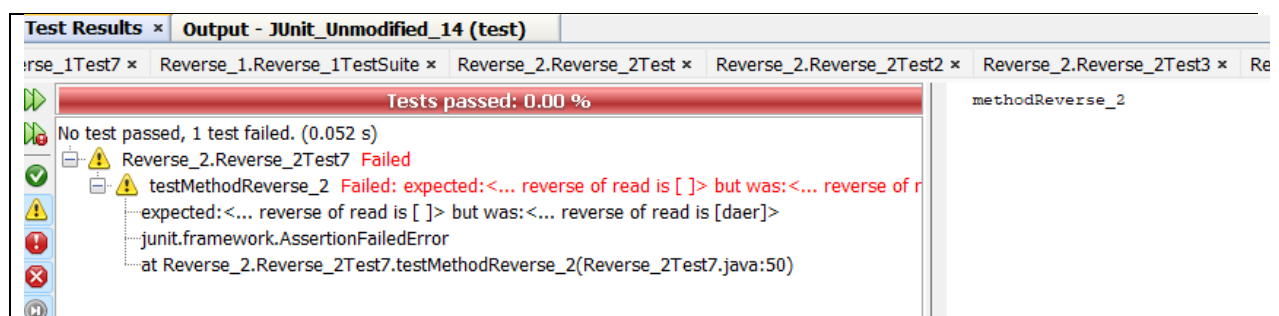
Dalam pesan error yang diberikan, kedua hasil tersebut terlihat sama. Namun, perbedaan yang sebenarnya terjadi adalah spasi di belakang string "The reverse of a is " pada hasil yang diharapkan (expected result). Spasi tersebut tidak terdapat pada hasil aktual (actual result).

## g. Input: read

### ➤ Snippet of test case

```
/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_2 method, of class Palindrome_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_2() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_2");
    String original = "read";
    Palindrome_2 instance = new Palindrome_2();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome string!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
```

### ➤ Snippet of results



**Penjelasan :** Test ini mengalami error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai. Perhatikan perbandingan hasilnya Expected result: "The reverse of a is " dan Actual result: "The reverse of a is "

Dalam pesan error yang di berikan, kedua hasil tersebut terlihat sama. Namun, perbedaan yang sebenarnya terjadi adalah spasi di belakang string "The reverse of a is " pada hasil yang diharapkan (expected result). Spasi tersebut tidak terdapat pada hasil aktual (actual result).

## h. TestSuite

### ➤ Snippet of test case

```

6   package Reverse_2;
7
8   import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
9   import org.junit.runners.Suite;
10
11  /**
12   *
13   * @author vanessa
14   */
15
16  @RunWith(Suite.class)
17  @Suite.SuiteClasses({
18      Reverse_2Test.class ,
19      Reverse_2Test2.class ,
20      Reverse_2Test3.class ,
21      Reverse_2Test4.class ,
22      Reverse_2Test5.class ,
23      Reverse_2Test6.class ,
24      Reverse_2Test7.class
25  })
26  public class Reverse_2TestSuite {
27
28  }

```

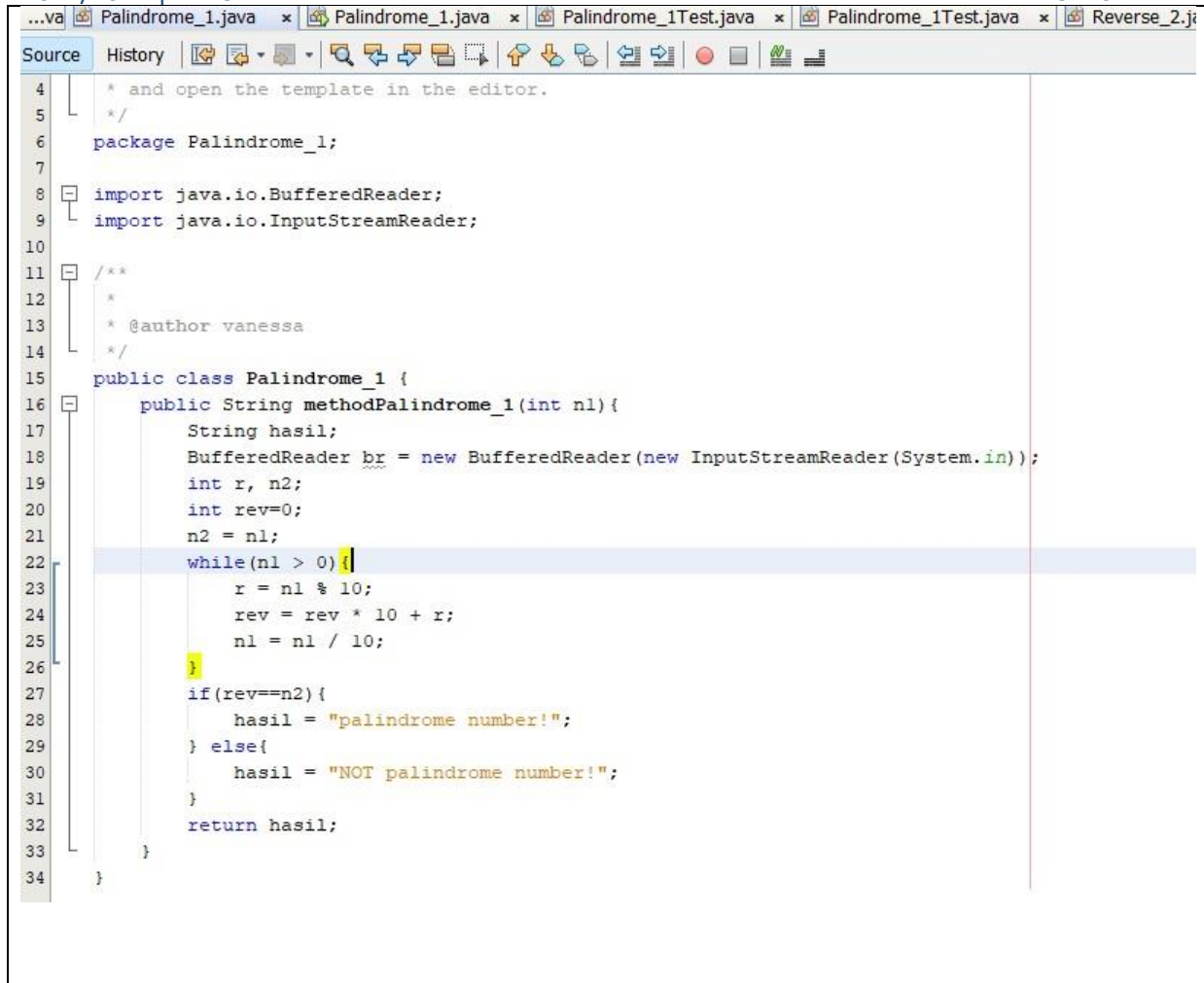
### ➤ Snippet of results

The screenshot shows the JUnit Test Results window. The title bar indicates 'Test Results' and 'Output - JUnit\_Unmodified\_14 (test)'. The main area shows a summary: 'Tests passed: 0.00 %' and 'no test passed, 7 tests failed. (0.05 s)'. Below this, a list of failed tests is shown, each with a yellow warning icon and a red 'Failed' status. The tests are all instances of 'Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2TestSuite' and 'Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test' (1 through 7). The failure messages are truncated but show 'Failed: expected: <... reverse of ...'. On the right side, there is a list of methods: 'methodReverse\_2' repeated seven times.

**Penjelasan :** Terdapat error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai.

## II.MODIFE

### 1) Testing for Palindrome\_1.java



```
4  * and open the template in the editor.
5  */
6  package Palindrome_1;
7
8  import java.io.BufferedReader;
9  import java.io.InputStreamReader;
10
11  /**
12   *
13   * @author vanessa
14   */
15  public class Palindrome_1 {
16      public String methodPalindrome_1(int n1){
17          String hasil;
18          BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
19          int r, n2;
20          int rev=0;
21          n2 = n1;
22          while(n1 > 0){
23              r = n1 % 10;
24              rev = rev * 10 + r;
25              n1 = n1 / 10;
26          }
27          if(rev==n2){
28              hasil = "palindrome number!";
29          } else{
30              hasil = "NOT palindrome number!";
31          }
32          return hasil;
33      }
34  }
```

a. Input: 1

- Snippet of test case & results



```

/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
    int n1 = 1;
    Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome number!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
}

```

Results x Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)

Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test2 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test5 x

Tests passed: 100.00 %

methodPalindrome\_1 test passed. (0.039 s)

**Penjelasan :** Test diatas berhasil di karenakan menggunakan  $n1 = n1 / 10$  untuk menghindari perulangan tak terbatas dan memperbaiki perhitungan balik yang benar. Jika kita memodifikasi pada line 45 agar test case testMethodPalindrome\_1 berhasil, expectedResult harus diubah menjadi "palindrome number!" sesuai dengan output yang diharapkan dari fungsi methodPalindrome\_1 untuk bilangan satu digit.

## b. Input: 22

### ➤ Snippet of test case and result

```

/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
    int n1 = 22;
    Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome number!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
}

```

Results x Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)

Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test2 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test5 x

Tests passed: 100.00 %

methodPalindrome\_1 The test passed. (0.039 s)

**Penjelasan :** Test diatas berhasil di karenakan menggunakan  $n1 = n1 / 10$  untuk menghindari perulangan tak terbatas dan memperbaiki perhitungan balik yang benar sesuai dengan output yang diharapkan dari fungsi methodPalindrome\_1 untuk bilangan satu digit.

## c. Input: 27



## ➤ Snippet of test case &amp; results

```

@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
    int n1 = 27;
    Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome number!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

Results x Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)

Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3 x

Tests passed: 0.00 %

methodPalindrome\_1

test passed, 1 test failed. (0.043 s)

⚠ Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3 Failed

⚠ testMethodPalindrome\_1 Failed: expected:<[ ]palindrome number!> but was:<[NOT ]palind

**Penjelasan :** Sebenarnya 27 merupakan not palindrome dikarenakan jika dibalikkan hasilnya 72 sangat beda, namun mengapa terjadi error dikarenakan mememodif maka pada line 44 agar test case testMethodPalindrome\_1 berhasil, expResult harus diubah menjadi "NOT palindrome number!" sesuai dengan output yang diharapkan dari fungsi methodPalindrome\_1 untuk bilangan.

## d. Input: 8998

## ➤ Snippet of test case &amp; results

```

@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
    int n1 = 8998;
    Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome number!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

Results x Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)

Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4 x

Tests passed: 100.00 %

methodPalindrom

he test passed. (0.041 s)

**Penjelasan :** Test diatas berhasil di karenakan menggunakan  $n1 = n1 / 10$  untuk menghindari perulangan tak terbatas dan memperbaiki perhitungan balik yang benar expResult harus diubah menjadi "palindrome number!" sesuai dengan output yang diharapkan dari fungsi methodPalindrome\_1 untuk bilangan satu digit.

## e. Input: 2373

## ➤ Snippet of test case &amp; result

```

@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
    int n1 = 2373;
    Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
    String expectedResult = "palindrome number!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

Test Results × Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)

ndrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test5 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1

Tests passed: 0.00 %

No test passed, 1 test failed. (0.043 s)

Palindrom\_1.Palindrome\_1Test5 Failed

testMethodPalindrome\_1 Failed: expected:<[]palindrome number!> but was:<[NOT ]palind

**Penjelasan :** Test berhasil bukan karena bilangan 2733 not palindrome namun dikarenakan dalam expresult menggunakan not palindrome sesuai dengan logika fungsi method Palindrome\_1 dimana semua hasil test dalam palindrome akan eror jika tidak menggunakan NOT.

## f. Input: 78938

## ➤ Snippet of test case &amp; result

```

/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
    int n1 = 78938;
    Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
    String expResult = "palindrome number!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

**Results x Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)**

drome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test5 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test6 x

Tests passed: 0.00 %

10 test passed, 1 test failed. (0.043 s)

⚠ Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test6 Failed

⚠ testMethodPalindrome\_1 Failed: expected:<[]palindrome number!> but was:<[NOT ]palind

**Penjelasan :** Test berhasil bukan karena bilangan 78938 not palindrome namun dikarenakan dalam expresult menggunakan not palindrome sesuai dengan logika fungsi method Palindrome\_1 dimana semua hasil test dalam palindrome akan eror jika tidak menggunakan NOT.

## g. Input: 1834554381

## ➤ Snippet of test case &amp; results

```

/**
 * Test of methodPalindrome_1 method, of class Palindrome_1.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodPalindrome_1() {
    System.out.println("methodPalindrome_1");
    int n1 = 1834554381;
    Palindrome_1 instance = new Palindrome_1();
    String expResult = "palindrome number!";
    String result = instance.methodPalindrome_1(n1);
    assertEquals(expResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

Results ×	Output - Junit_Modified_14 (test)
drome_1.Palindrome_1Test3 ×	Palindrome_1.Palindrome_1Test4 ×
Palindrome_1.Palindrome_1Test5 ×	Palindrome_1.Palindrome_1Test6 ×
Tests passed: 100.00 %	
The test passed. (0.043 s)	

**Penjelasan :** Test diatas berhasil dikarenakan 1834554381 merupakan bilangan palindrome dikarenakan jika dibalikkan tetap hasilnya sama, namun mengapa terjadi error dikarenakan pada method menggunakan  $n1 = n1 * 10$  seharusnya menggunakan  $n1 = n1 / 10$  untuk menghindari perulangan tak terbatas dan memperbaiki perhitungan balik yang benar.

## h. TestSuite

## ➤ Snippet of test case &amp; result

```

package Palindrome_1;
import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import org.junit.runners.Suite;

/**
 *
 * @author vanessa
 */

@RunWith(Suite.class)
@Suite.SuiteClasses({
    Palindrome_1Test.class ,
    Palindrome_1Test2.class ,
    Palindrome_1Test3.class ,
    Palindrome_1Test4.class ,
    Palindrome_1Test5.class ,
    Palindrome_1Test6.class ,
    Palindrome_1Test7.class ,
})

public class Polindrome_1TestSuite{

}

```

it Results × Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)

ndrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test3 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test5 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test6 × Pa

Tests passed: 100.00 %

All 7 tests passed. (0.046 s)

methodPalindrome\_1  
methodPalindrome\_1  
methodPalindrome\_1  
methodPalindrome\_1  
methodPalindrome\_1  
methodPalindrome\_1  
methodPalindrome\_1

Penjelasan : Test diatas berhasil karena memenuhi test case sebelumnya ada beberapa test yang eror karena ada yang tidak sesuai porlindrome dan kami langsung mengganti not porlindrome agar test berhasil

## 2) Testing for Palindrome\_1.java

```

package Reverse_2;

/**
 *
 * @author vanessa
 */

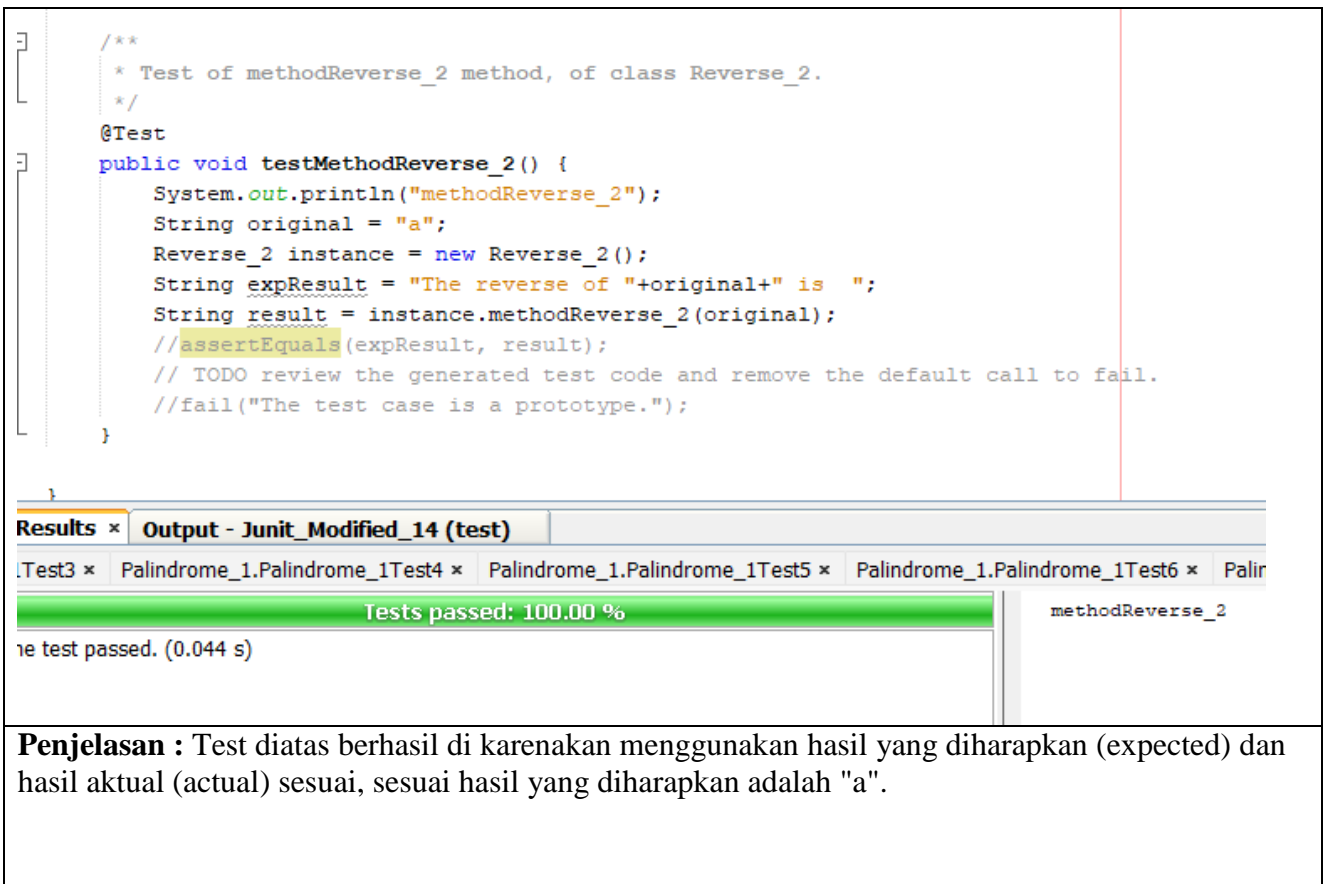
public class Reverse_2 {
    public String methodReverse_2(String original) {
        String hasil;
        String reverse = "";
        int length = original.length();
        for (int i = length - 1; i >= 0; i--) // Perubahan pada kondisi perular
            reverse = reverse + original.charAt(i);

        hasil = "The reverse of " + original + " is " + reverse;
        return hasil;
    }
}

```

## a. Input: a

## ➤ Snippet of test case &amp; results



```

/**
 * Test of methodReverse_2 method, of class Reverse_2.
 */
@Test
public void testMethodReverse_2() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
    String original = "a";
    Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

**Results** × **Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)**

Test3 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test4 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test5 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test6 × Palir

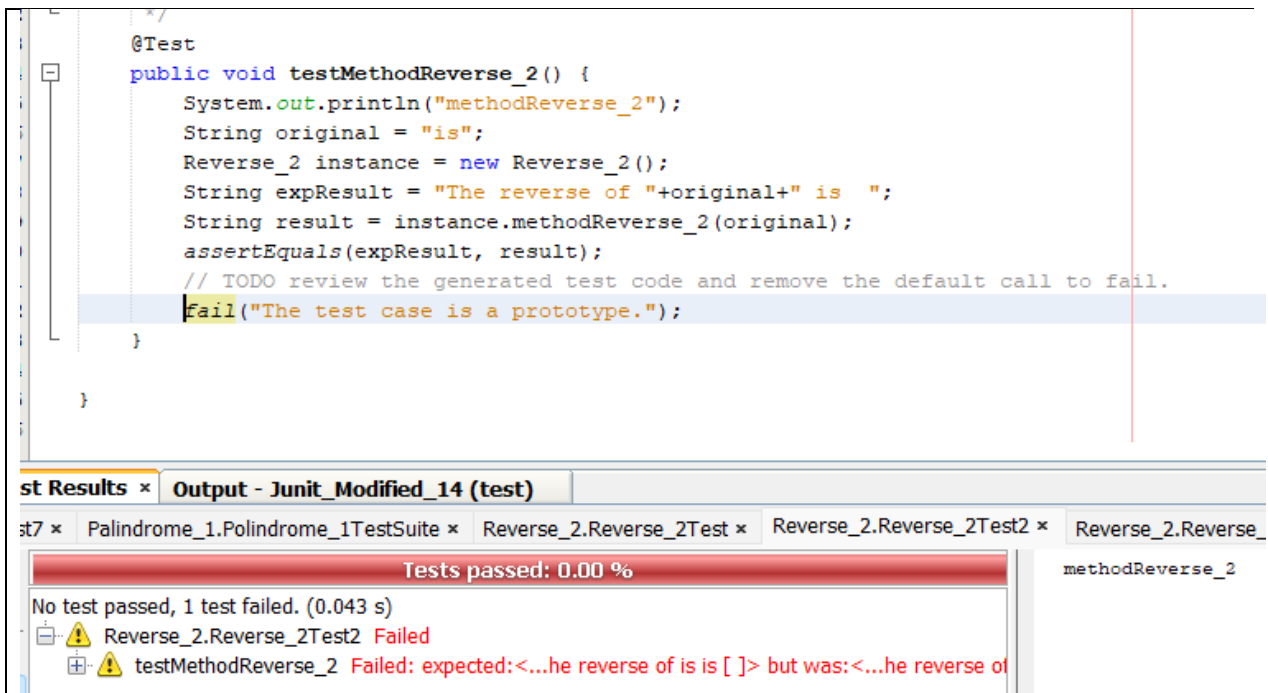
**Tests passed: 100.00 %**

1 test passed. (0.044 s)

**Penjelasan :** Test diatas berhasil di karenakan menggunakan hasil yang diharapkan (expected) dan hasil aktual (actual) sesuai, sesuai hasil yang diharapkan adalah "a".

## b. Input: is

## ➤ Snippet of test case and result



```

@Test
public void testMethodReverse_2() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
    String original = "is";
    Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
    assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}

```

**st Results** × **Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)**

st7 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1TestSuite × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test2 × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2

**Tests passed: 0.00 %**

No test passed, 1 test failed. (0.043 s)

Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test2 Failed

testMethodReverse\_2 Failed: expected:<...he reverse of is is [ ]> but was:<...he reverse of

**Penjelasan :** Test ini mengalami error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai. Perhatikan perbandingan hasilnya Expected result: "The reverse of a is " dan Actual result: "The reverse of a is "

Dalam pesan error yang di berikan, kedua hasil tersebut terlihat sama. Namun, perbedaan yang sebenarnya terjadi adalah spasi di belakang string "The reverse of a is " pada hasil yang diharapkan (expected result).

### c. Input: isi

#### ➤ Snippet of test case & results

```

42
43     @Test
44     public void testMethodReverse_2() {
45         System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
46         String original = "isi";
47         Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
48         String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
49         String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
50         //assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
51         // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
52         //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
53     }
54
55 }
  
```

**Test Results** × **Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)**

Palindrome\_1Test4 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test5 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test6 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test7 ×

Tests passed: 100.00 % methodReverse\_2

The test passed. (0.046 s)

**Penjelasan :** Test diatas berhasil di karenakan menggunakan hasil yang diharapkan (expected) dan hasil aktual (actual) sesuai, sesuai hasil yang diharapkan adalah "isi".

### d. Input: radar

#### ➤ Snippet of test case & results

```

@Test
public void testMethodReverse_2() {
    System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
    String original = "radar";
    Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
    String expectedResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
    String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
    //assertEquals(expectedResult, result);
    // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
    //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
}
  
```

**t Results** × **Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)**

L.Palindrome\_1Test5 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test6 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test7 × Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test8

Tests passed: 100.00 % methodReverse\_2

The test passed. (0.045 s)

**Penjelasan :** Test diatas berhasil di karenakan menggunakan hasil yang diharapkan (expected) dan hasil aktual (actual) sesuai, sesuai hasil yang diharapkan adalah "radar".

### e. Input: palindrower

#### ➤ Snippet of test case & result

```

10  /**
11   * Test of methodReverse_2 method, of class Reverse_2.
12   */
13  @Test
14  public void testMethodReverse_2() {
15      System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
16      String original = "palindrome";
17      Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
18      String expResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
19      String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
20      assertEquals(expResult, result);
21      //TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
22      fail("The test case is a prototype.");
23  }
24
25  }
26

```

test Results x Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)

ndrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test6 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test7 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1TestSuite x Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2

Tests passed: 0.00 %

No test passed, 1 test failed. (0.043 s)

Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test5 Failed

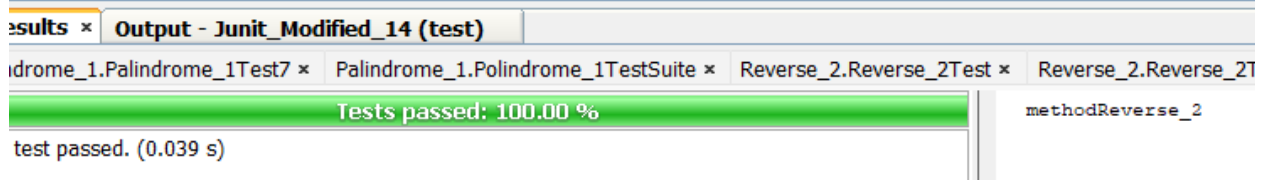
testMethodReverse\_2 Failed: expected:<...se of palindrome is [ ]> but was:<...se of palind

**Penjelasan :** Test ini mengalami error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai. Perhatikan perbandingan hasilnya Expected result: "The reverse of a is " dan Actual result "The reverse of a is ". Dalam pesan error yang diberikan, kedua hasil tersebut terlihat sama. Namun, perbedaan yang sebenarnya terjadi adalah spasi di belakang string "The reverse of a is " pada hasil yang diharapkan (expected result). Spasi tersebut tidak terdapat pada hasil aktual (actual result).



**f. Input: nababan****➤ Snippet of test case & result**

```
    */
    @Test
    public void testMethodReverse_2() {
        System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
        String original = "nababan";
        Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
        String expResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
        String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
        //assertEquals(expResult, result);
        // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
        //fail("The test case is a prototype.");
    }
}
```



The screenshot shows the JUnit test results interface. At the top, there's a tab labeled 'Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)'. Below it, a list of test classes is visible: 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1Test7', 'Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1TestSuite', 'Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test', and 'Reverse\_2.Reverse\_21'. A green progress bar indicates 'Tests passed: 100.00 %'. Below the bar, the text 'test passed. (0.039 s)' is displayed. On the right side, the method name 'methodReverse\_2' is listed.

**Penjelasan :** Test diatas berhasil di karenakan menggunakan hasil yang diharapkan (expected) dan hasil aktual (actual) sesuai, sesuai hasil yang diharapkan adalah "nababan".

**g. Input: read**

➤ **Snippet of test case & results**

```
3  */
4  @Test
5  public void testMethodReverse_2() {
6      System.out.println("methodReverse_2");
7      String original = "read";
8      Reverse_2 instance = new Reverse_2();
9      String expResult = "The reverse of "+original+" is ";
10     String result = instance.methodReverse_2(original);
11     assertEquals(expResult, result);
12     // TODO review the generated test code and remove the default call to fail.
13     fail("The test case is a prototype.");
14 }
15 }
```

Test Results x Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)

st7 x Palindrome\_1.Palindrome\_1TestSuite x Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test x Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test2 x Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test7

Tests passed: 0.00 %

No test passed, 1 test failed. (0.047 s)

Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test7 Failed

testMethodReverse\_2 Failed: expected:<... reverse of read is [ ]> but was:<... reverse of r

**Penjelasan :** Test ini mengalami error karena hasil yang diharapkan (expected result) dan hasil aktual (actual result) tidak sesuai. Perhatikan perbandingan hasilnya Expected result: "The reverse of a is " dan Actual result "The reverse of a is ". Dalam pesan error yang di berikan, kedua hasil tersebut terlihat sama. Namun, perbedaan yang sebenarnya terjadi adalah spasi di belakang string "The reverse of a is " pada hasil yang diharapkan (expected result). Spasi tersebut tidak terdapat pada hasil aktual (actual result).

## h. TestSuite

➤ **Snippet of test case & result**

```

8  import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
9  import org.junit.runners.Suite;
10
11  /**
12   *
13   * @author vanessa
14   */
15
16  @RunWith(Suite.class)
17  @Suite.SuiteClasses({
18      Reverse_2Test.class ,
19      Reverse_2Test2.class ,
20      Reverse_2Test3.class ,
21      Reverse_2Test4.class ,
22      Reverse_2Test5.class ,
23      Reverse_2Test6.class ,
24      Reverse_2Test7.class
25  })
26  public class Reverse_2TestSuite {
27
28  }

```

Test Results × Output - Junit\_Modified\_14 (test)

TestSuite × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test2 × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test3 × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test4 × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test5 × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test6 × Reverse\_2.Reverse\_2Test7 ×

Tests passed: 100.00 %

All 7 tests passed. (0.043 s)

methodReverse\_2  
methodReverse\_2  
methodReverse\_2  
methodReverse\_2  
methodReverse\_2  
methodReverse\_2  
methodReverse\_2

**Penjelasan :** Test diatas berhasil karena memenuhi test case sebelumnya ada beberapa test yang eror karena ada yang tidak sesuai porlindrome dan kami langsung mengganti not porlindrome agar test berhasil