

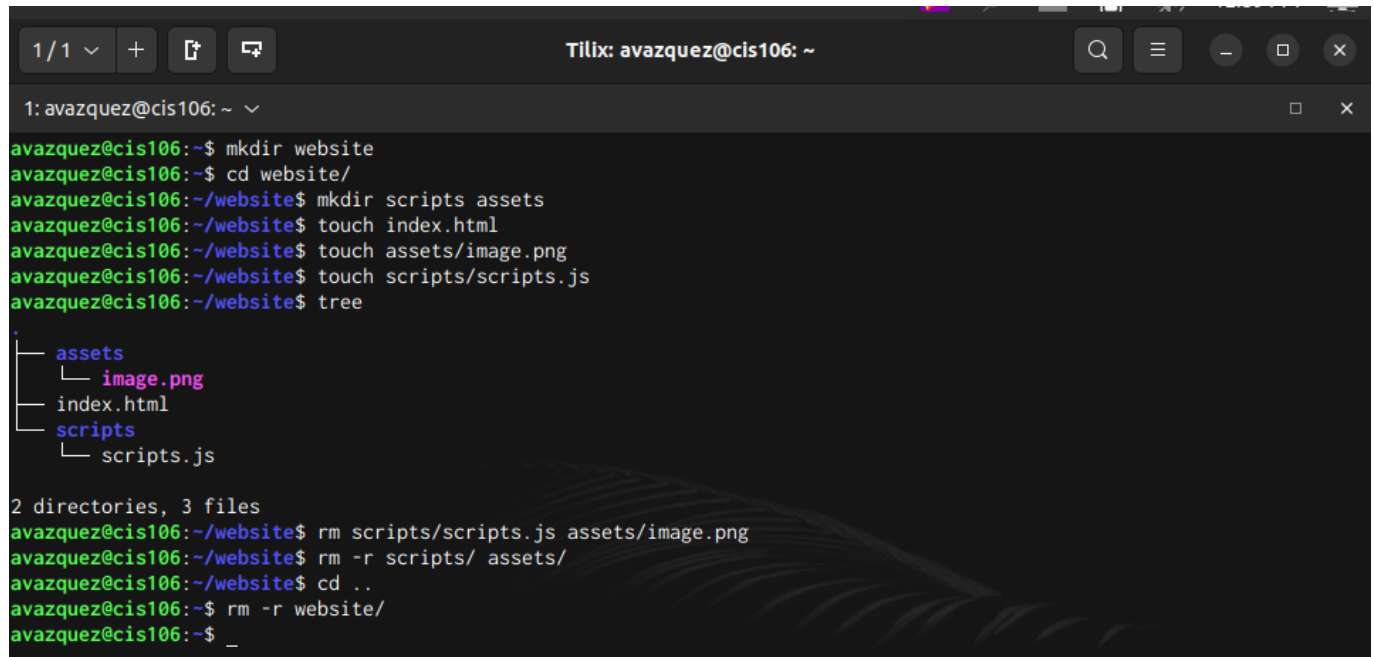
Week Report 5

Answers to the following questions:

- **What are Command Options?** The command options change/improve their behavior.
- **What are Command Arguments?** Command arguments are the items open in which the command acts on.
- **Which command is used for creating directories? Provide at least 3 examples.** The command used for creating directories is the mkdir
 - Example One:
 - Create a directory: mkdir games
 - Example Two:
 - Create multiple directories: mkdir ~/Pictures/Pizza ~/Pictures/Tacos ~/Pictures/Arepas
 - Example Three:
 - Create directory with a parent directory: mkdir -p ~/Downloads/worksheets/sheet1/
- **What does the touch command do? Provide at least 3 examples.** The touch command allows for files to be created.
 - Example One:
 - Create file: touch names
 - Example Two:
 - Create multiple files: touch skating.txt soccer.txt wrestling.csv
 - Example Three:
 - Create file using absolute path: touch ~/Pictures/classes.txt
- **How do you remove a file? Provide an example.** To remove a file the rm command is used.
 - Example: rm class
- **How do you remove a directory and can you remove non-empty directories in Linux? Provide an example** The rm -r command is used to remove directories. In addition, rm -r is used to remove non-empty directories.
 - Example: rm -r ~/Pictures/animals
- **Explain the mv and cp command. Provide at least 2 examples of each.** The cp command allows for copying files and directories to a place.

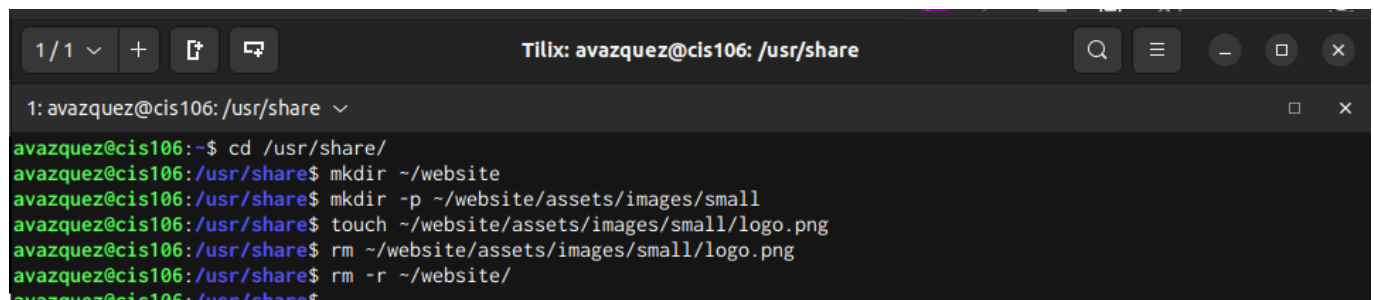
- Example One:
 - Copy a file: `cp ~/Documents/holidays ~/Pictures/`
- Example Two:
 - Copy a directory: `cp -r Downloads/new_dir Pictures/`

Practice 1

A terminal window titled 'Tilix: avazquez@cis106: ~' showing a series of commands to create, touch, and then remove a directory structure. The commands are: 'mkdir website', 'cd website/', 'mkdir scripts assets', 'touch index.html', 'touch assets/image.png', 'touch scripts/scripts.js', and 'tree'. The 'tree' command output shows a directory structure with 'assets' (containing 'image.png') and 'scripts' (containing 'scripts.js'). The final commands are 'rm scripts/scripts.js assets/image.png', 'rm -r scripts/ assets/', 'cd ..', and 'rm -r website/'.

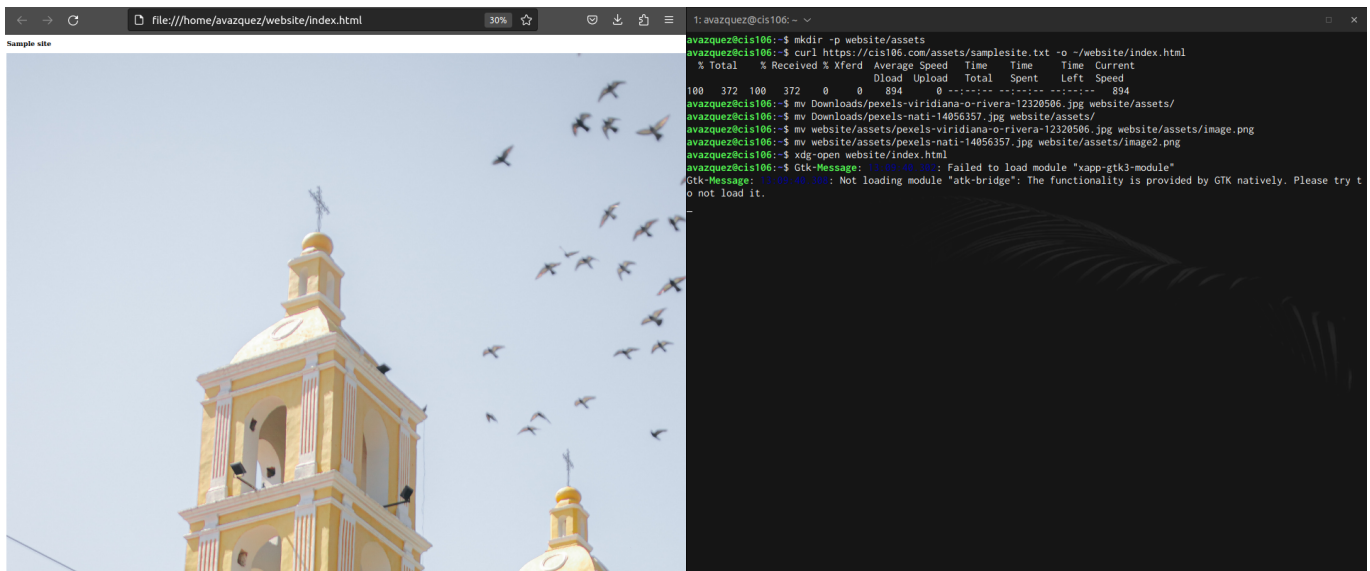
```
1: avazquez@cis106: ~  
avazquez@cis106:~$ mkdir website  
avazquez@cis106:~$ cd website/  
avazquez@cis106:~/website$ mkdir scripts assets  
avazquez@cis106:~/website$ touch index.html  
avazquez@cis106:~/website$ touch assets/image.png  
avazquez@cis106:~/website$ touch scripts/scripts.js  
avazquez@cis106:~/website$ tree  
.  
├── assets  
│   └── image.png  
├── index.html  
└── scripts  
    └── scripts.js  
  
2 directories, 3 files  
avazquez@cis106:~/website$ rm scripts/scripts.js assets/image.png  
avazquez@cis106:~/website$ rm -r scripts/ assets/  
avazquez@cis106:~/website$ cd ..  
avazquez@cis106:~$ rm -r website/  
avazquez@cis106:~$ _
```

Practice 2

A terminal window titled 'Tilix: avazquez@cis106: /usr/share' showing commands to create a directory structure in the user's home directory. The commands are: 'cd /usr/share/', 'mkdir ~/website', 'mkdir -p ~/website/assets/images/small', 'touch ~/website/assets/images/small/logo.png', 'rm ~/website/assets/images/small/logo.png', and 'rm -r ~/website/'.

```
1: avazquez@cis106: /usr/share  
avazquez@cis106:~$ cd /usr/share/  
avazquez@cis106:/usr/share$ mkdir ~/website  
avazquez@cis106:/usr/share$ mkdir -p ~/website/assets/images/small  
avazquez@cis106:/usr/share$ touch ~/website/assets/images/small/logo.png  
avazquez@cis106:/usr/share$ rm ~/website/assets/images/small/logo.png  
avazquez@cis106:/usr/share$ rm -r ~/website/  
avazquez@cis106:/usr/share$
```

Practice 3



Practice 4

