

# SOP: Property Acquisition & Onboarding

**Effective Date:** [Date]

**Last Updated:** [Date]

**Department Responsible:** Property Management / Acquisition Team

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## 1. Purpose

This Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) outlines the steps required to identify, evaluate, acquire, and onboard new properties into our management portfolio. By following these guidelines, we aim to:

- Ensure thorough due diligence and compliance
  - Establish consistent onboarding processes
  - Minimize risks and liabilities
  - Facilitate smooth handover to the operational management team
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## 2. Scope

This SOP applies to:

- All new properties being considered for acquisition or third-party management
  - Any staff or contractors involved in acquisition, due diligence, and onboarding activities
  - All relevant documentation and stakeholder communications during the acquisition process
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## 3. Definitions

- **Due Diligence:** A comprehensive assessment of a property's physical, financial, and legal condition prior to final acquisition or onboarding.
  - **Onboarding:** The process of integrating a newly acquired or contracted property into our portfolio, including data entry, tenant communication, and setting up management systems.
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## 4. Roles and Responsibilities

Role	Responsibility
<b>Chief Operating Officer (COO)</b>	- Provides final approval on property acquisition and onboarding processes. - Oversees adherence to company standards and strategic goals.
<b>Acquisition Manager</b>	Leads the property acquisition process, including negotiations and overseeing due diligence. - Coordinates with legal and finance teams.
<b>Legal Counsel</b>	- Reviews contracts, lease agreements, and regulatory requirements. - Ensures compliance with local, state, and federal real estate laws.
<b>Finance Department</b>	- Conducts financial analysis and budgeting for potential acquisitions. - Assesses ROI, performs cost-benefit analysis, and verifies funding sources.
<b>Property Manager</b>	- Receives the post-acquisition handoff and finalizes onboarding into property management systems. - Coordinates with Maintenance and Leasing teams for smooth transition post-onboarding.
<b>Maintenance Team</b>	Assists in conducting or reviewing property inspections. - Prepares maintenance schedules and identifies immediate repair needs.
<b>IT / Data Entry</b>	- Sets up property information in the property management software. - Maintains data accuracy and access permissions for relevant staff.

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## 5. Procedure

### 5.1 Phase 1: Property Identification and Initial Assessment

#### 1. Property Sourcing

- Identify potential properties through market research, broker contacts, or referrals.
- Verify the type of property (commercial, residential, mixed-use) and any specific objectives (value-add, stable cash flow, etc.).

#### 2. Initial Screening

- Request basic information from the seller or current owner (rent roll, occupancy rate, existing lease terms, operating expenses).

- Compare initial financial metrics (cap rate, cash-on-cash return, ROI) against company acquisition criteria.
3. **Project Feasibility**
    - Prepare a high-level feasibility summary (e.g., property size, location, estimated budget).
    - Present findings to COO or Acquisition Committee for preliminary approval to proceed.
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## 5.2 Phase 2: Due Diligence

1. **Physical Inspection**
  - Conduct site visit(s) with Maintenance or third-party inspectors.
  - Document property condition using checklists, photos, and inspection reports.
  - Identify immediate repair needs, major system replacements, and estimate associated costs.
2. **Legal & Compliance Review**
  - Obtain current lease agreements, service contracts, permits, and zoning documents.
  - Confirm that the property complies with local building codes, environmental regulations, and safety standards.
  - Engage Legal Counsel to review any potential litigation, lien, or title issues.
3. **Financial Analysis**
  - Review operating statements, rent rolls, utility bills, tax statements, and insurance policies.
  - Validate income and expenses for accuracy and consistency.
  - Assess outstanding debts, mortgages, and any hidden liabilities.
4. **Risk Assessment**
  - Summarize high-risk areas (e.g., structural issues, deferred maintenance, significant vacancies).
  - Suggest mitigation strategies (e.g., price adjustments, escrow for repairs, renegotiation of terms).
5. **Final Due Diligence Summary**
  - Compile all findings into a comprehensive report for the Acquisition Committee or COO.

- Include recommended purchase price, projected ROI, and proposed timeline.
  - Obtain final sign-off before proceeding to the contract or formal agreement phase.
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### **5.3 Phase 3: Acquisition Negotiation and Contracting**

- 1. Negotiation Strategy**
    - Align with the Acquisition Manager and COO on target purchase price or contract terms based on due diligence.
    - Present any findings that warrant price adjustments or special provisions.
  - 2. Purchase & Sale Agreement (PSA)**
    - Legal Counsel drafts or reviews the PSA, ensuring inclusion of agreed-upon terms, contingencies, and timelines.
    - Ensure all necessary exhibits (inspection reports, rent rolls, warranties) are attached.
  - 3. Escrow & Closing**
    - Engage an escrow or title company to handle funds and transfer of title.
    - Coordinate with the Finance Department to confirm funding sources and disbursement schedule.
    - Obtain title insurance if required.
  - 4. Final Closing**
    - Confirm all closing documents are signed, notarized, and recorded.
    - Distribute final executed copies to all parties (Legal, Finance, Property Manager).
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### **5.4 Phase 4: Onboarding and Handover**

- 1. Data Entry & Systems Setup**
  - IT / Data Entry team inputs property details into the Property Management Software (PMS):
    - Address, unit mix, current tenants, lease terms, vendor contracts.
  - Assign roles and access permissions to relevant staff.

## **2. Operational Handoff**

- Acquisition Manager briefs the Property Manager on critical details:
  - Maintenance issues, tenant concerns, local vendor relationships, etc.
- Transfer all relevant documents (inspection reports, warranties, service contracts) into shared drives or file systems.

## **3. Tenant Communication**

- Distribute “Welcome” notices to existing tenants, introducing the new management team and providing contact details.
- Address any immediate tenant concerns or pending maintenance requests.

## **4. Vendor & Contractor Alignment**

- Review existing vendor contracts (landscaping, security, cleaning, etc.) and determine if they should be continued or renegotiated.
- Update vendor contact information in the PMS.

## **5. Kickoff Maintenance Review**

- Schedule an initial walk-through with the Property Manager and Maintenance Team for each unit/common area.
- Create or update a preventive maintenance schedule for the property’s major systems.

## **6. Budget Integration**

- Finance Department finalizes the operating budget and expense categories in the accounting system.
- Set up or verify property-level bank accounts, if applicable (for rent collection, reserves, etc.).

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# **6. Safety and Compliance**

## **1. Regulatory Filings**

- If local laws require registration of property managers or new ownership, file the necessary paperwork.

## **2. Insurance Updates**

- Ensure new properties are added to the company’s insurance policies or secure separate coverage.

## **3. Emergency Procedures**

- Update emergency contact lists and evacuation plans for the new property, as needed.

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## 7. Documentation and Record-Keeping

### 1. Central Repository

- Store all acquisition-related documents (contracts, inspection reports, financial statements) in a dedicated folder or digital document management system.

### 2. Retention Policy

- Retain final acquisition and onboarding documents for [X years], in accordance with company policy and legal requirements.

### 3. Access Controls

- Grant authorized personnel (Property Manager, COO, Finance) appropriate access to the property files.
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## 8. KPIs and Continuous Improvement

- **Acquisition Timeline:** Track average time from identification to closing.
- **Due Diligence Cost vs. Budget:** Compare actual vs. estimated costs of property assessments.
- **Onboarding Time:** Measure duration from closing to full integration into the property management system.
- **Tenant Satisfaction Post-Onboarding:** Gather feedback from tenants about the transition process.

Regularly review these KPIs and update the SOP to reflect evolving market conditions, regulatory changes, and internal business goals.

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## 9. Training Requirements

- **Acquisition Team:** Annual refresher on market research techniques, negotiation strategies, and compliance updates.
- **Property Managers:** Ongoing training on updated onboarding procedures, PMS usage, and tenant communication best practices.
- **Legal and Finance Teams:** Stay informed on local real estate laws, tax regulations, and financial reporting requirements.

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## 10. Approval and Revision

Name/Title	Signature	Date
COO	[Signature/Initials]	[Date Signed]
Acquisition Manager	[Signature/Initials]	[Date Signed]
Legal Counsel	[Signature/Initials]	[Date Signed]
Finance Director	[Signature/Initials]	[Date Signed]
Property Management Director	[Signature/Initials]	[Date Signed]

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**End of SOP**