

# SOP: Tenant Relations & Leasing

**Effective Date:** [Date]

**Last Updated:** [Date]

**Department Responsible:** Leasing Department / Property Management

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## 1. Purpose

The purpose of this Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) is to establish consistent and professional practices for:

- Attracting, screening, and selecting qualified tenants
  - Handling all aspects of leasing, from application to lease signing
  - Promoting positive tenant relations and retention
  - Managing move-in and move-out processes efficiently and transparently
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## 2. Scope

This SOP applies to:

- All residential and commercial properties under the company's management
  - All employees and agents involved in tenant relations, leasing, and occupancy management
  - Interactions with prospective tenants, current tenants, and departing tenants
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## 3. Definitions

- **Application Processing:** The evaluation of prospective tenants based on credit checks, background checks, income verification, and references.
- **Lease Administration:** The oversight of lease creation, renewals, rent increases, and lease term enforcement.
- **Move-In Process:** The series of steps from a signed lease to a tenant's possession of the unit.

- **Move-Out Process:** The official handover of a unit back to management or the owner at the end of a tenancy or lease term.

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## 4. Roles and Responsibilities

Role	Responsibility
<b>Leasing Manager</b>	- Oversees marketing and leasing initiatives. - Monitors application screening results, approves or denies prospective tenants. - Resolves escalated issues with applicants or tenants.
<b>Leasing Agent</b>	- Shows available units, communicates with applicants. - Collects rental applications and necessary documents. - Prepares lease documents and coordinates signing.
<b>Property Manager</b>	- Collaborates with the Leasing Manager for rent-setting strategies and lease renewals. - Handles tenant disputes beyond the Leasing Agent's authority. - Supervises move-in and move-out inspections in coordination with maintenance.
<b>Maintenance Department</b>	- Assists with move-in and move-out inspections. - Addresses maintenance or repair issues raised by tenants.
<b>Finance / Accounting</b>	- Processes security deposits, rental payments, and refunds. - Maintains accurate records of tenant accounts, late fees, and other charges.

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## 5. Procedure

### 5.1 Tenant Screening and Application Processing

#### 1. Marketing and Advertising

- List available units on approved platforms (company website, listing sites, social media, etc.).
- Highlight key features (rent, location, amenities) and ensure compliance with Fair Housing guidelines.

#### 2. Application Intake

- Provide standardized application forms to prospective tenants (online or in-person).
- Gather necessary supporting documents (ID, proof of income, references).

### 3. Screening Criteria

- **Credit Check:** Pull credit history from approved agencies.
- **Background Check:** Review for criminal history or prior evictions, following local regulations.
- **Income Verification:** Ensure monthly income meets company's standards (e.g., 3x monthly rent).
- **References:** Contact current/past landlords or employer references.

### 4. Approval or Denial

- Summarize findings and present to the Leasing Manager if needed.
- **Approval:** Notify the applicant within the agreed timeframe (e.g., 3 business days).
- **Denial:** Provide reason for denial, if legally required, and follow Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) guidelines for adverse action notices.

### 5. Documentation

- Save all screening documents to the Property Management System (PMS).
  - Retain application materials for the legally required duration.
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## 5.2 Lease Administration

### 1. Lease Preparation

- Use the company's standard lease template.
- Confirm accuracy of key details (rent amount, lease term, security deposit, pet policies, etc.).

### 2. Lease Signing

- Offer electronic signature options or an in-person signing appointment.
- Collect the security deposit, first month's rent, and any applicable fees (pet fee, parking fee, etc.).
- Provide signed copies to the tenant and retain a digital copy in the PMS.

### 3. Lease Renewals

- Track lease expiration dates in the PMS and notify tenants 60–90 days before lease end.

- Send renewal terms or rent increase notifications in writing, following local regulations.
  - Update the PMS with new terms once the renewal is signed.
4. **Rent Adjustments**
    - Review local regulations and market conditions before adjusting rent.
    - Provide written notice to tenants within legal timelines.
  5. **Lease Enforcement**
    - Issue warnings or notices for lease violations (e.g., noise complaints, unauthorized occupants).
    - Escalate severe or repeated violations to the Property Manager for further action (e.g., eviction process if necessary).
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### 5.3 Tenant Move-In Process

1. **Pre-Move-In Inspection**
    - Inspect the unit thoroughly to document current condition and identify needed repairs or cleaning.
    - Use a standard inspection checklist and take photos or videos for reference.
  2. **Welcome Packet**
    - Provide the new tenant with essential information:
      - Contact details for maintenance and emergency.
      - Community rules and regulations (parking, trash disposal, amenities).
      - Move-in checklist and any local utility registration requirements.
  3. **Key Handover**
    - Ensure all keys, fobs, and access cards are working.
    - Obtain tenant signature on the “Key Receipt Form.”
  4. **Move-In Confirmation**
    - Update the PMS with the official move-in date.
    - Inform the maintenance team or front desk (if applicable) of the new occupant.
  5. **Follow-Up**
    - Within the first week, contact the tenant to verify satisfaction and address any concerns.
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## **5.4 Tenant Move-Out Process**

1. **Notice of Intent to Vacate**
    - Tenant provides notice (based on lease terms, e.g., 30 days).
    - Confirm receipt and send move-out instructions to the tenant.
  2. **Pre-Move-Out Inspection (Optional)**
    - Offer a walkthrough to point out potential damages or cleaning expectations.
    - Provide a cleaning/move-out checklist.
  3. **Final Inspection**
    - Conduct a thorough inspection within a specified timeframe after move-out.
    - Document the unit's condition using photos, noting damages beyond normal wear and tear.
  4. **Security Deposit Reconciliation**
    - Calculate deductions for damages, unpaid rent, or cleaning costs if applicable.
    - Send an itemized statement and any remaining deposit to the tenant within the legally mandated window (e.g., 21 days).
  5. **Property Turnover**
    - Schedule any necessary maintenance or repairs promptly to prepare the unit for re-leasing.
    - Update the PMS to mark the unit as vacant and ready for marketing.
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## **6. Tenant Relations and Customer Service**

1. **Communication Channels**
  - Maintain open lines of communication through email, phone, and online portals.
  - Respond to tenant inquiries or complaints within 24–48 hours.
2. **Conflict Resolution**
  - Listen actively to tenant concerns and document all issues.
  - Attempt resolution at the Leasing Agent level; escalate to the Property Manager when needed.
3. **Tenant Engagement**
  - Keep tenants informed about property improvements, community events, or policy changes.

- Conduct periodic tenant satisfaction surveys to gather feedback.
4. **Service Standards**
    - Aim for high customer satisfaction by being professional, courteous, and consistent.
    - Provide clear instructions and timelines for any tenant-related requests or procedures.
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## 7. Safety and Compliance

1. **Fair Housing Laws**
    - Adhere strictly to all Fair Housing regulations.
    - Avoid discriminatory language in ads, applications, or tenant interactions.
  2. **Local and State Regulations**
    - Stay updated on rent control laws, security deposit limits, and notice requirements.
    - Train staff regularly on relevant laws and best practices.
  3. **Data Protection**
    - Safeguard tenant personal information (credit reports, IDs) in compliance with data privacy regulations.
    - Limit system access to authorized personnel only.
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## 8. Documentation and Record-Keeping

1. **Application & Lease Files**
    - Maintain digital records of applications, leases, and supporting documents in the Property Management System (PMS).
    - Archive expired or closed files according to the company's retention policy (e.g., 3–7 years).
  2. **Inspection Reports**
    - Store pre-move-in and move-out inspection checklists, photos, and notes in the PMS.
  3. **Tenant Communication Log**
    - Keep a record of significant communications (complaints, disputes, notices) for each tenant.
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## 9. KPIs and Continuous Improvement

- **Occupancy Rate:** Track the percentage of leased units across the portfolio.
- **Average Days to Lease:** Measure time from listing to lease signing.
- **Application Approval Rate:** Compare total applications vs. approved tenants.
- **Tenant Satisfaction Score:** Gather feedback via surveys or reviews.
- **Renewal Rate:** Track how many leases are renewed vs. total leases expiring.

Review KPIs quarterly to identify trends, address challenges, and implement process improvements.

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## 10. Training Requirements

- **Leasing Staff:** Regular training on sales techniques, Fair Housing laws, and customer service.
  - **Property Managers:** Ongoing updates on local regulations, conflict resolution methods, and market trends.
  - **Maintenance Team:** Coordination with leasing for unit readiness and inspections.
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## 11. Approval and Revision

Name/Title	Signature	Date
COO	[Signature/Initials]	[Date Signed]
Leasing Manager	[Signature/Initials]	[Date Signed]
Property Manager	[Signature/Initials]	[Date Signed]
Legal Counsel (if required)	[Signature/Initials]	[Date Signed]

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End of SOP