

# Probabilistic Robotics Course

## INTRODUCTION

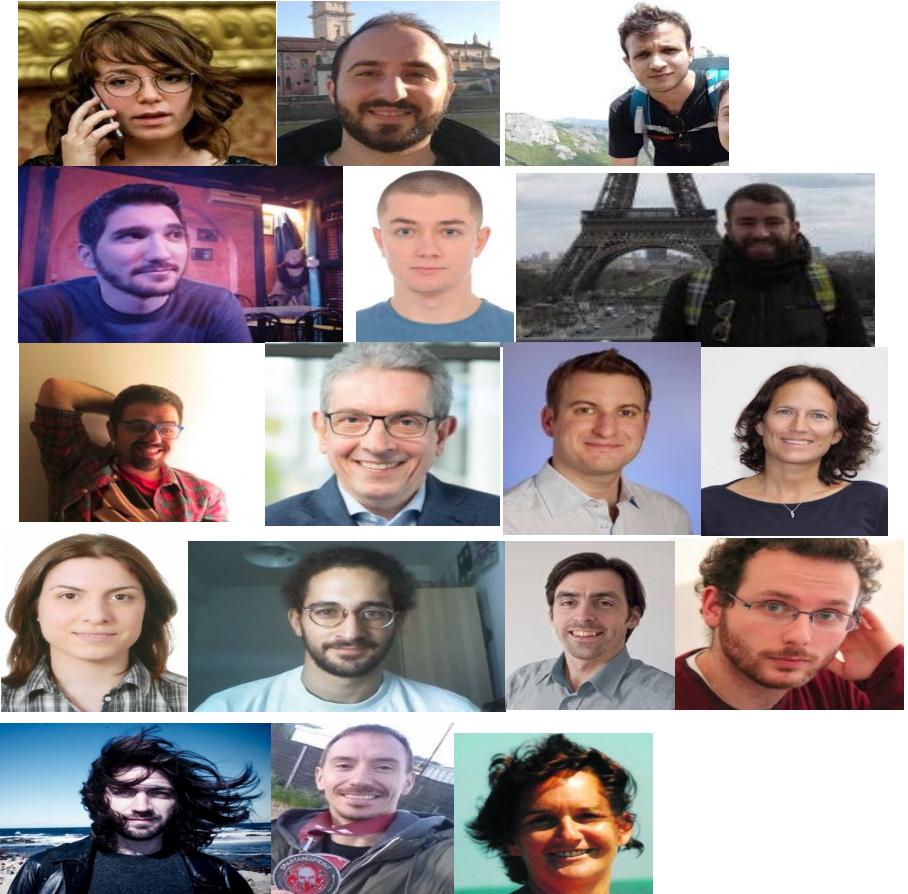
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# Thanks to

- Barbara Bazzana
- Luca Di Giammarino
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# Contacts

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- For **appointments and administrative stuff** send the emails to  
[srrg.schedule@diag.uniroma1.it](mailto:srrg.schedule@diag.uniroma1.it)
- all emails you send us about the course should have **[prob-rob]** as first string in the subject.

# Teaching Material

- The primary source of information for the course is this web page

<https://sites.google.com/diag.uniroma1.it/probabilistic-robotics-2021-21>

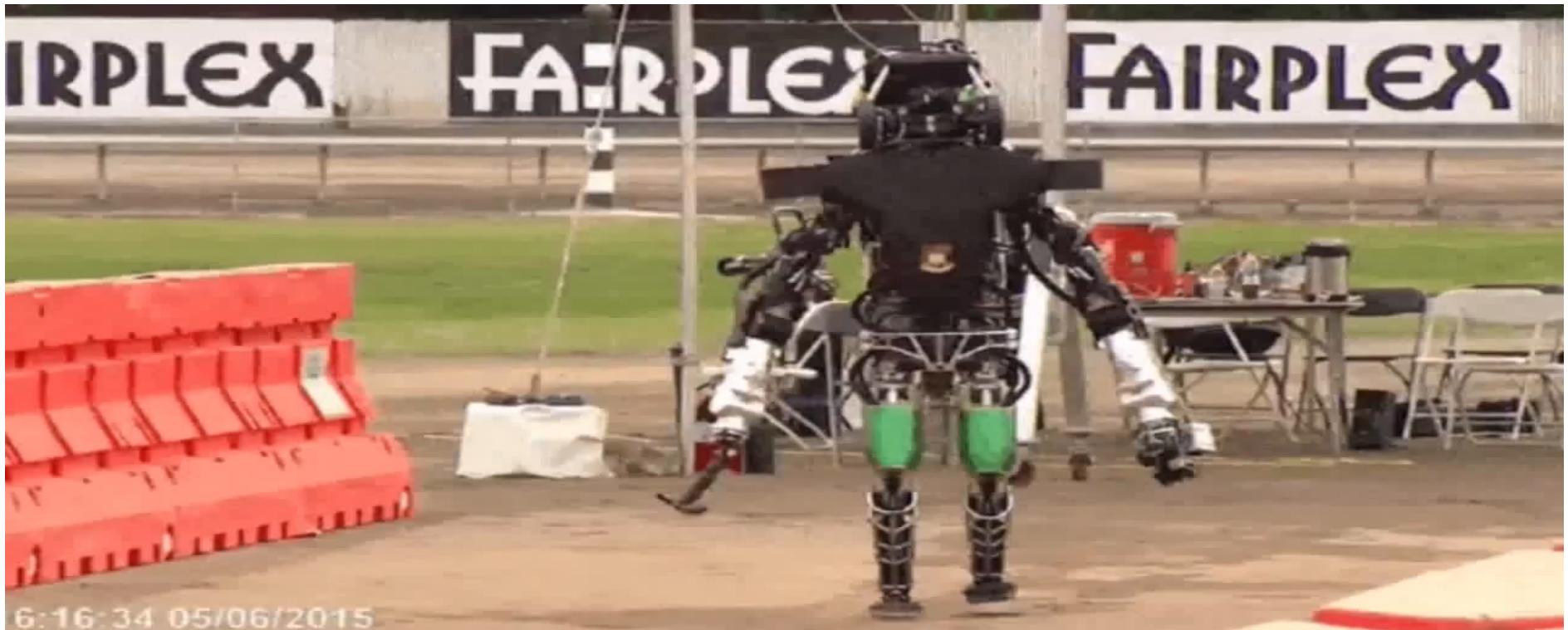
- The material

- Slides
- Source code for practicals

Is also available at the following repository

[https://gitlab.com/grisetti/probabilistic\\_robotics\\_2020\\_21](https://gitlab.com/grisetti/probabilistic_robotics_2020_21)

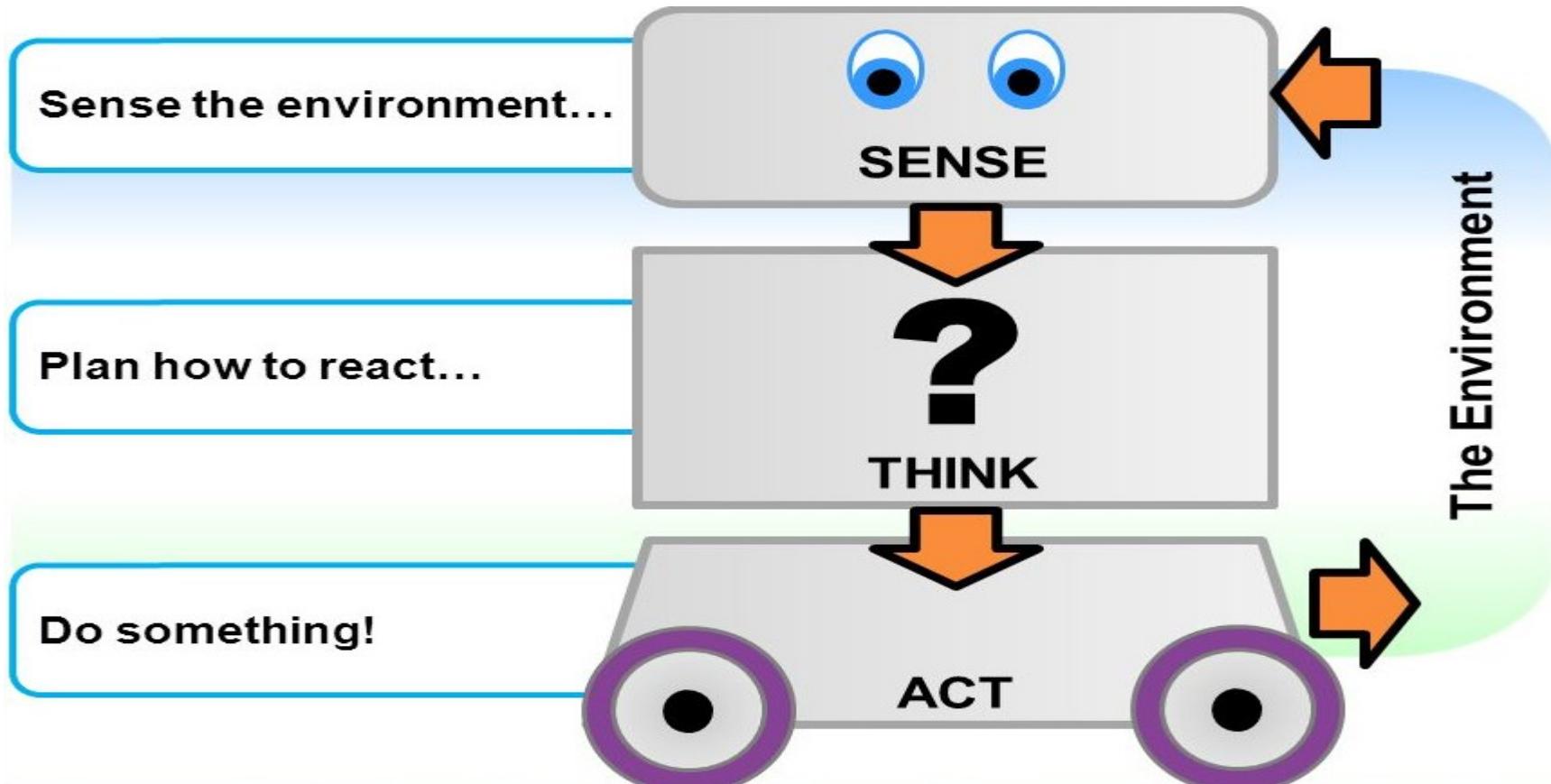
# Robots Have to Work



6-16-34 05/06/2015

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wX0KagJ1du8>

# Sense-Plan-Act



# State in Robotics

## Model of the world

- Geometry
- Traversability
- Other moving objects
- ...

## Robot configuration

- Kinematics
- Dynamics
- State of batteries

...



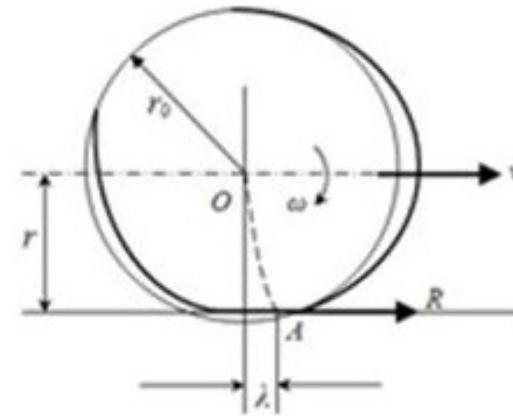
# Probability and Robotics

The model of a system is typically an abstraction of a more complex real entity

Disturbances affect the measurements and the system

Measurement might be poorly informative

The predicted behavior is different from the real one



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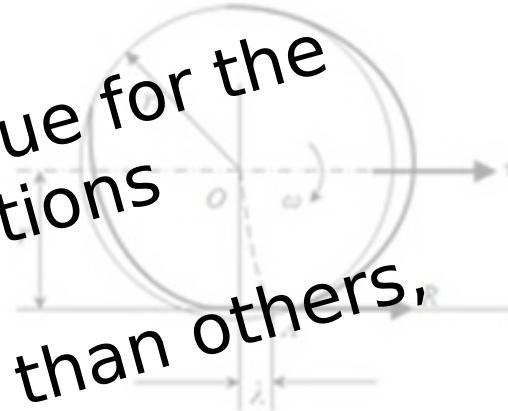
Measurement might be poorly informative

The predicted behavior is different from the observed one

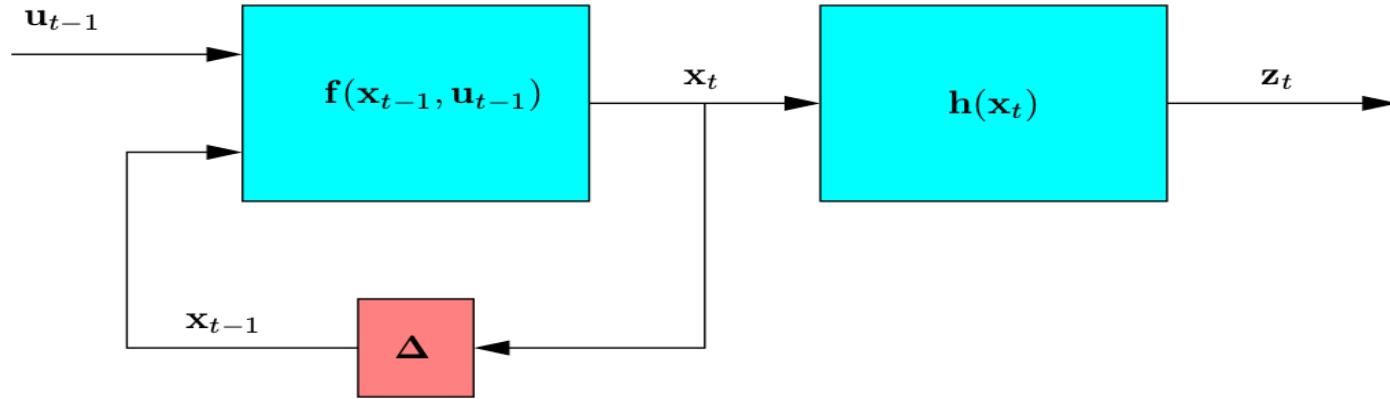
There is not a single possible value for the state, but a set of potential solutions

Some solutions are more likely than others, given the current measurements

We will use probabilistic inference



# System Model



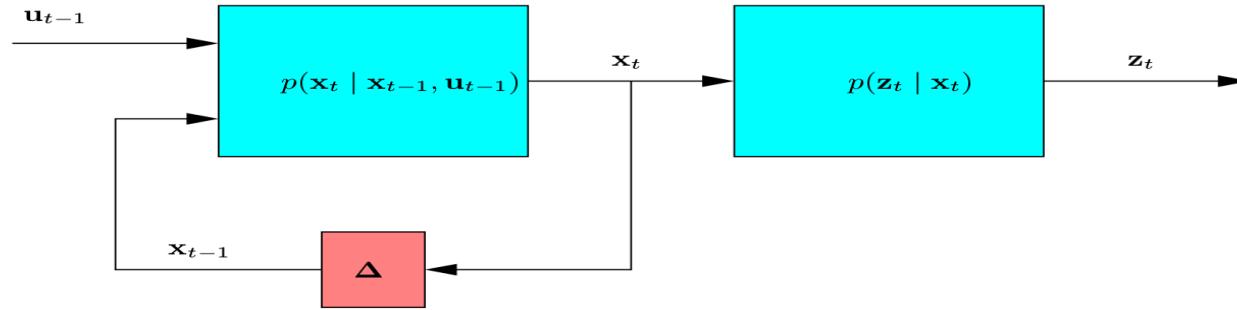
## Notation:

- $\mathbf{u}$ : controls
- $\mathbf{x}$ : state
- $\mathbf{z}$ : measurement
- $\mathbf{f}$ : transition function
- $\mathbf{h}$ : observation function

Perfect knowledge of

- inputs
- measurements
- transition model
- observation model

# System Model



## Probabilistic model

- The variables become stochastic (uncertain)
- The transition function is replaced by a transition model, that describes a conditional probability distribution over the next states as a function of the previous states
- The observation function is replaced by a conditional probability describing the distribution of possible observations as a function of the current state
- If no uncertainty is present the probabilistic models degenerates to the deterministic model

# What will I learn?

## Tools

- Filtering tools
  - Discrete
  - Gaussian
  - Particle
- Maximum Likelihood Estimation
  - Gauss-Newton
  - Sparse Least Squares
- Data Association
  - Greedy
  - Voting Schemes
  - Spectral Methods

## Applications

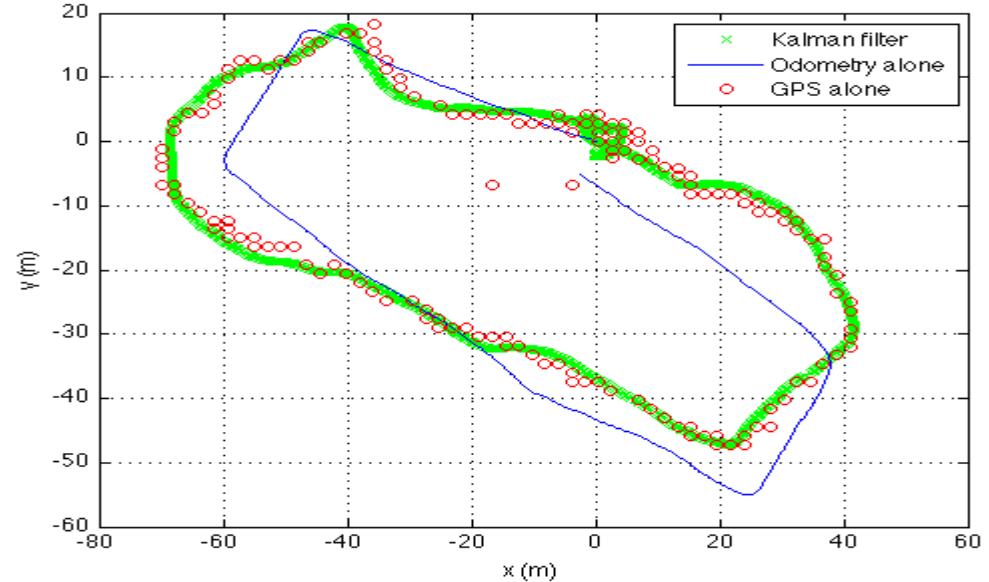
- Calibration
- Tracking
- Localization
- Mapping
- SLAM

# Filtering

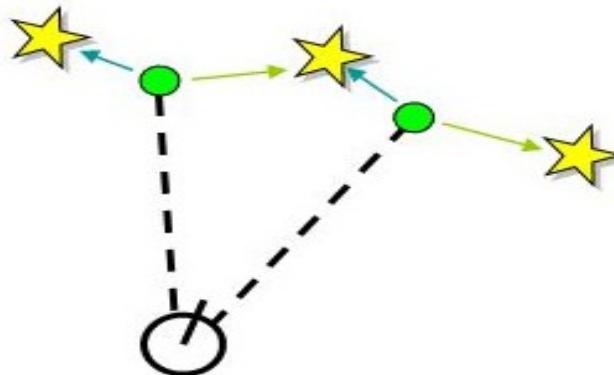
Filtering is the process of estimating the distribution over the possible **current** states of a dynamic system

In doing so we have access to

- the controls
- the measurements



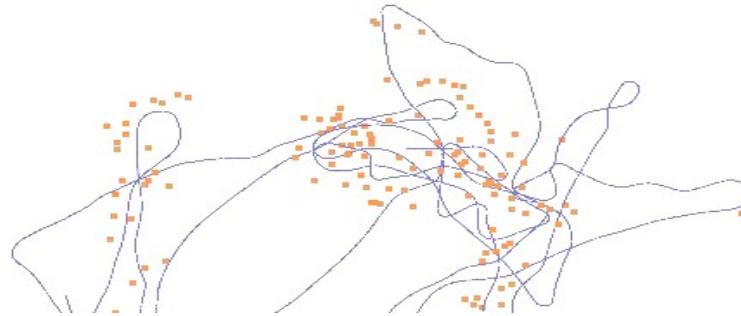
# Data Association



Determine which state variable (if any) is responsible of a measurement, based on:

- the current estimate of the state
- the history of measurements

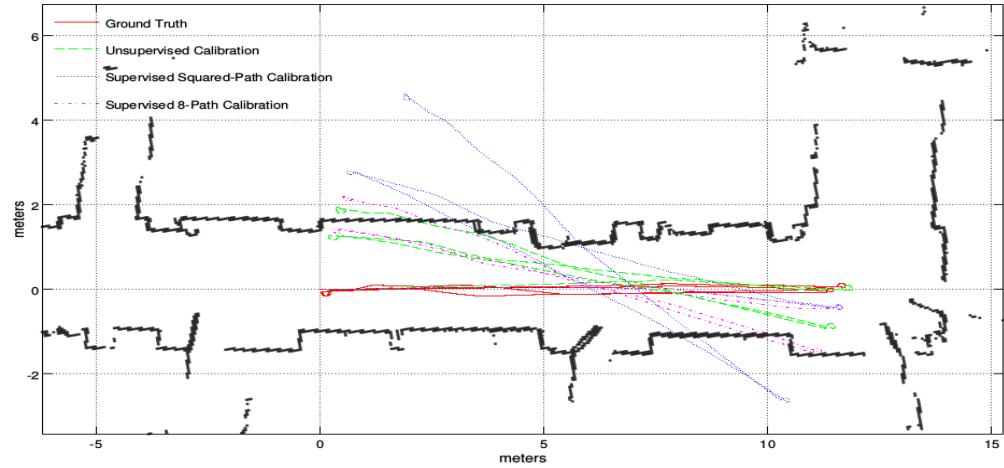
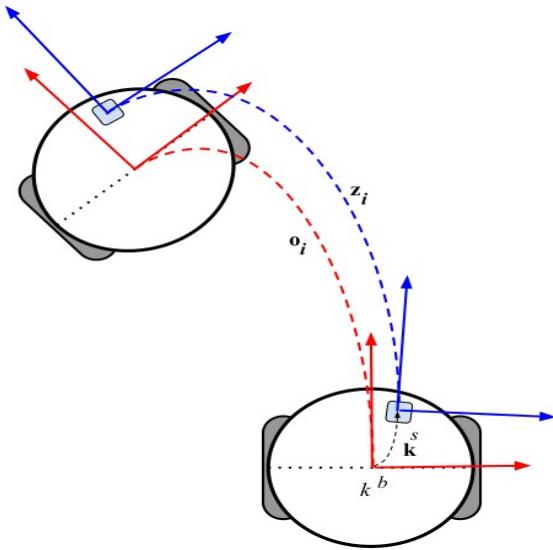
# Maximum Likelihood Estimation



Estimate the most likely trajectory of the system's state given all measurement so far

In case of stationary system, the trajectory degenerates to a single state

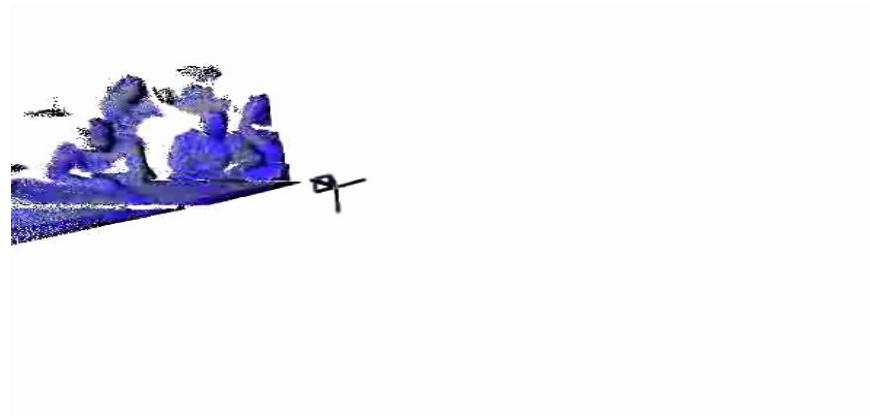
# Calibration



Determining the kinematic parameters of a robotic system given

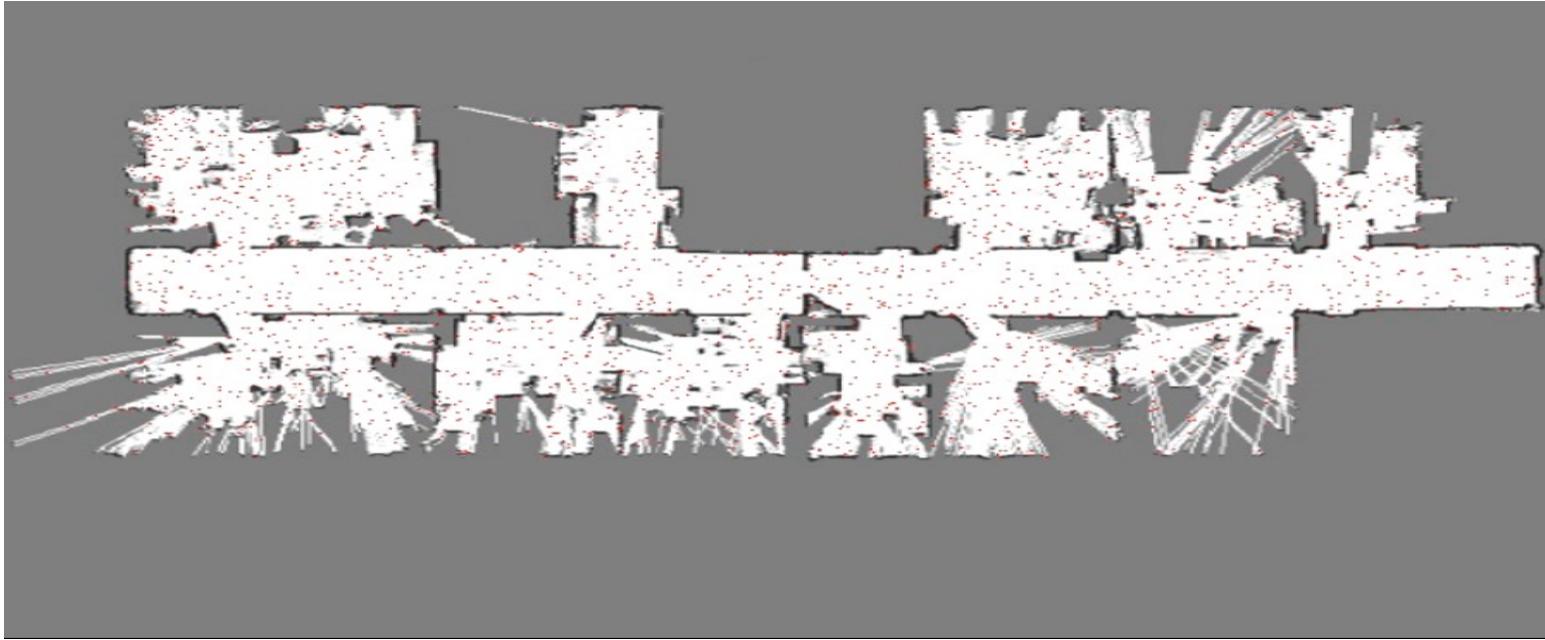
- trajectory of the sensors (externally measured)
- encoder readings

# Tracking



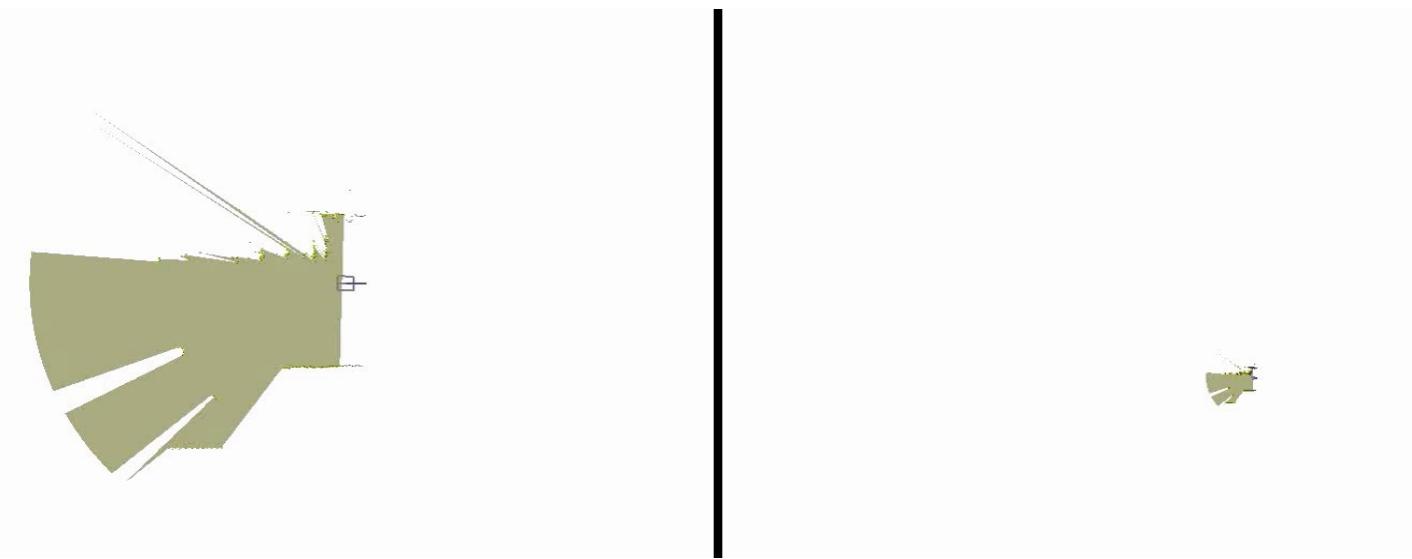
Track the position of a moving sensor by estimating the motion between the previous and the current views

# Localization



- Determining the current position of a robot, given
  - The knowledge of the map
  - All sensor measurements up to the current time

# SLAM



Determine the robot position AND the map, based on the sensor measurements

# Tools

- Linux (Ubuntu)
- C/C++ (gcc)
- g2o (<https://github.com/RainerKuemmerle/g2o>)
- ROS ([www.ros.org](http://www.ros.org))
- Octave (sudo apt-get install octave)
- V-REP (<http://www.coppeliarobotics.com/index.html>)

# Exam

Individual project

AND

Written exam

- theory
- exercise
- modeling

Oral question possible at discretion of the teachers

We will provide example exercises throughout the course, and publish exam samples on the course repo