Assignment Java Core 1

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IMPORTANT NOTE: This assignment is marked by oral test Contact me @ https://www.facebook.com/quynhtran.ly.94

Question 1: (Students are given a full code to this question)

Student pls kindly read the code, understand code and then try to complete this question by themselves. NOT ALLOW: COPY AND PASTE ^^(0 mark, and cant take the final test) Thank you

Create a Java console program to manage students.

Background Context

Write a program to manage information of student. The program implements terminology of Object Oriented Programming (OOP) paradigm. OOP is one of the best choosing ways to design software program.

In this assignment, we will use **ArrayList** to store list of student. In fact, ArrayList is popular used to manipulate with data. ArrayList provides some useful methods, such as: add(), remove(), sort() ., etc.

Program Specifications

A student information consists of ID, Student Name, Semester, Course Name (There are only three courses: Java, .Net, C/C++). The program allows use to create list of student, update/delete student information. On the other hand, use can search student(s) and sort result by student name

1. Main Screen as below:

WELCOME TO STUDENT MANAGEMENT

- 1. Create
- 2. Find and Sort
- 3. Update/Delete
- 4. Report
- 5. Exit

(Please choose 1 to Create, 2 to Find and Sort, 3 to Update/Delete, 4 to Report and 5 to Exit program).

UML diagram



6 package ws07question3; 7 8 /** 10 * @author Quynh Tran Ly 11 */ 12 public class Manager { //Show menu public static void menu() { 15 System.out.println(" 1. Create"); 16 System.out.println(" 2. Find and Sort"); 17 System.out.println(" 3. Update/Delete"); System.out.println(" 4. Report"); 18 19 System.out.println(" 5. Exit"); System.out.print(" Enter your choice: "); 20 21 } 22} 23 6 package ws07question3; 7

8 import java.util.ArrayList;

```
9 import java.util.Scanner;
10
11 /**
12 *
13 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
14 */
15 public class Validation {
16
17
     private final static Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
18
19
     //check user input number limit
20
     public static int checkInputIntLimit(int min, int max) {
21
       //loop until user input correct
22
       while (true) {
23
         try {
24
           int result = Integer.parseInt(in.nextLine().trim());
25
           if (result < min || result > max) {
26
             throw new NumberFormatException();
27
           }
28
29
           return result;
30
         } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
31
           System.err.println("Please input number in rage [" + min + ", " + max + "]");
32
           System.out.print("Enter again: ");
33
         }
34
       }
35
    }
36
     //check user input string
37
38
     public static String checkInputString() {
39
       //loop until user input correct
```

```
40
       while (true) {
41
         String result = in.nextLine().trim();
42
         if (result.isEmpty()) {
43
           System.err.println("Not empty");
           System.out.print("Enter again: ");
44
45
         } else {
46
           return result;
47
         }
48
       }
49 }
50
51
     //check user input yes/ no
52
     public static boolean checkInputYN() {
53
       //loop until user input correct
54
       while (true) {
55
         String result = checkInputString();
56
         //return true if user input y/Y
57
         if (result.equalsIgnoreCase("Y")) {
58
           return true;
59
         }
60
         //return false if user input n/N
61
         if (result.equalsIgnoreCase("N")) {
62
           return false;
63
         }
64
         System.err.println("Please input y/Y or n/N.");
65
         System.out.print("Enter again: ");
       }
66
67 }
68
69
     //check user input u / d
70
    public static char checkInputUD() {
```

```
71
       //loop until user input correct
72
       while (true) {
73
         String result = checkInputString();
74
         //return true if user input u/U
75
         if (result.equalsIgnoreCase("U")) {
76
           return 'U';
77
         }
78
         //return false if user input d/D
79
         if (result.equalsIgnoreCase("D")) {
80
           return 'D';
81
         }
82
         System.err.println("Please input u/U or d/D.");
83
         System.out.print("Enter again: ");
84
       }
85
     }
86
87
     //check user input course
88
     public static String checkInputCourse() {
89
       //loop until user input correct
90
       while (true) {
91
         String result = checkInputString();
92
         //check input course in java/.net/c/c++
93
         if (result.equalsIgnoreCase("java")
94
             || result.equalsIgnoreCase(".net")
             || result.equalsIgnoreCase("c/c++")) {
95
96
           return result;
97
         }
98
         System.err.println("There are only three courses: Java, .Net, C/C++");
99
         System.out.print("Enter again: ");
100
        }
101 }
```

```
102
103 //check id and exist
104 public static int checkIdExist(ArrayList<Student> ls, String id) {
105
        for (int i = 0; i < ls.size(); i++) {</pre>
106
          if (ls.get(i).getId().equalsIgnoreCase(id)) {
107
            return i;
108
         }
109
       }
110
        return -1;
111 }
112
113}
114
1 package ws07question3;
2
3
4 public class Student implements Comparable<Student> {
5
    private String id;
   private String studentName;
   private String semester;
    private String courseName;
10
11
    public Student() {
12 }
13
    public Student(String id, String studentName, String semester, String courseName) {
14
15
       this.id = id;
16
      this.studentName = studentName;
17
      this.semester = semester;
18
      this.courseName = courseName;
```

```
19 }
20
21
    public String getId() {
22
      return id;
23 }
24
25
    public void setId(String id) {
26
      this.id = id;
27 }
28
29
    public String getStudentName() {
30
      return studentName;
31 }
32
    public void setStudentName(String studentName) {
34
      this.studentName = studentName;
35 }
36
37
    public String getSemester() {
38
      return semester;
39 }
40
    public void setSemester(String semester) {
41
42
      this.semester = semester;
43 }
44
    public String getCourseName() {
45
46
      return courseName;
47 }
48
49
    public void setCourseName(String courseName) {
```

```
50
      this.courseName = courseName;
51 }
52
53
    @Override
    public int compareTo(Student t) {
54
55
      return t.studentName.compareTo(this.studentName);
56 }
57
58
    public void print() {
59
      System.out.printf("%-15s%-15s%-15s\n", studentName, semester, courseName);
60 }
61
62
    @Override
    public String toString() {
63
      return "Student{" + "id=" + id + ", studentName=" + studentName + ", semester=" + semester + ",
64
courseName=" + courseName + '}';
65 }
66
67}
68
6 package ws07question3;
7
8 import java.util.ArrayList;
9 import java.util.Collections;
10
11 /**
12 *
13 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
14 */
15 public class StudentList {
```

```
16
17
     private ArrayList<Student> ls = new ArrayList<Student>();
18
19
     public StudentList() {
20
       ls.add(new Student("1", "Tran Ly", "3", "Java"));
       ls.add(new Student("2", "Huynh Van", "2", "C/C++"));
21
22 }
23
24
     //Allow user create new student
25
     public void createStudent() {
26
       //loop until user input not duplicate
27
       while (true) {
28
         System.out.print("Enter id: ");
29
         String id = Validation.checkInputString();
30
         System.out.print("Enter name student: ");
         String name = Validation.checkInputString();
31
32
         //Check id exit
33
         if (Validation.checkIdExist(ls, id) != -1) {
34
           System.err.println("Id has exist student. Pleas re-input.");
35
           if (!Validation.checkInputYN()) {
36
             return;
37
           }
         }
38
39
         System.out.print("Enter semester: ");
40
         String semester = Validation.checkInputString();
41
         System.out.print("Enter name course: ");
42
         String course = Validation.checkInputCourse();
43
         //check student exist or not
44
         ls.add(new Student(id, name, semester, course));
45
         System.out.println("Add student success.");
         System.out.print("Do you want to continue: y/n: ");
46
```

```
47
        if (!Validation.checkInputYN()) {
48
           return;
        }
49
50
      }
51 }
52
    ////Allow user create find and sort
53
54
    public void findAndSort() {
55
       //check list empty
       if (ls.isEmpty()) {
56
57
        System.err.println("List empty.");
58
        return;
59
      }
       ArrayList<Student> listStudentFindByName = new ArrayList<>();
60
61
       System.out.print("Enter name to search: ");
62
       String name = Validation.checkInputString();
63
       //this code is used to find the student has name that contains ""
64
       for (Student student : ls) {
65
        //check student have name contains input
66
        if (student.getStudentName().contains(name)) {//
67
          listStudentFindByName.add(student);
        }
68
69
      }
70
       if (listStudentFindByName.isEmpty()) {
71
        System.err.println("Not exist.");
72
      } else {
73
        Collections.sort(listStudentFindByName);
74
        System.out.printf("%-15s%-15s\n", "Student name", "semester", "Course Name");
75
        //loop from first to last element of list student
76
        for (Student student : listStudentFindByName) {
77
           student.print();
```

```
78
         }
79
       }
80 }
81
     //Update and Delete
82
     public void updateOrDelete() {
83
       if (ls.isEmpty()) {
84
         System.err.println("List empty.");
85
         return;
86
       }
87
       System.out.print("Enter id to update/delete: ");
88
       String id = Validation.checkInputString();
89
       int index = Validation.checkIdExist(ls, id);
90
       if (index == -1) {
91
         System.err.println("Not found student.");
92
         return;
93
       } else {
94
95
         System.out.print("Do you want to update (U) or delete (D) student: ");
96
         //check user want to update or delete
97
         if (Validation.checkInputUD() == 'U') {
98
           System.out.print("Enter name student: ");
99
           String name = Validation.checkInputString();
100
            System.out.print("Enter semester: ");
101
            String semester = Validation.checkInputString();
102
            System.out.print("Enter name course: ");
103
            String course = Validation.checkInputCourse();
104
            ls.get(index).setStudentName(name);
105
            ls.get(index).setSemester(semester);
106
            ls.get(index).setCourseName(course);
107
            System.err.println("Update success.");
108
            return;
```

```
109
         } else {
110
           ls.remove(index);
111
           System.err.println("Delete success.");
112
           return;
113
         }
114
       }
115 }
116 //Report
117 public void report()
118 { Collections.sort(ls);
       for (Student l : ls) {
119
120
          System.out.println(l);
121
       }
122 }
     public ArrayList<Student> getLs() {
124
        return ls;
125 }
126
     public void setLs(ArrayList<Student> ls) {
127
128
        this.ls = ls;
129 }
130
131 }
132
6 package ws07question3;
7
8 /**
10 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
11 */
```

```
12 public class WS07Question3 {
13
    /**
14
15
     * @param args the command line arguments
     */
16
    public static void main(String[] args) {
17
      // TODO code application logic here
18
19
      StudentList sl= new StudentList();
20
       while (true) {
        //Show menu option
21
22
        Manager.menu();
        int choice = Validation.checkInputIntLimit(1, 5);
23
24
        switch (choice) {
25
           case 1:
26
             sl.createStudent();
27
            break;
28
           case 2:
29
             sl.findAndSort();
30
             break;
31
           case 3:
32
             sl.updateOrDelete();
33
             break;
34
           case 4:
35
             sl.report();
36
             break;
37
           case 5:
38
             return;
39
        }
40
41
      }
42 }
```

Question 2: Students pls do this question based on the new structure(UML Diagram) from Question 1.

Prescription Course Management System

This case study is relatively straightforward, and hence can be tackled by most beginning modelers fairly effortlessly.

Background

A School wishes for us to design and develop an automated Course Management System (CM). The requirements are as follows:

The system is to keep track of the following information for each course:

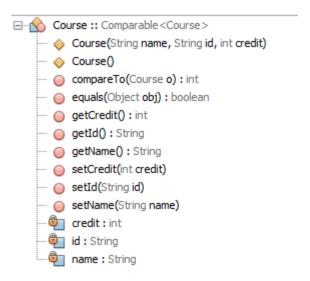
- Course id as a string
- Course name as a string
- Number of credit as a whole number

The system is required to support the following queries:

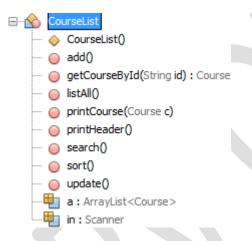
- 1. A list of all available courses in the system
- 2. Search and display information of a course by course id
- 3. Record/Add information of course
- 4. Sort all courses by number of credit as ascending
- 5. Update information of a specific course (by course id)

You should des:

1. Course class: This will hold the information of course and add some needed operation.



2. CourseList class: This will hold and manage the list of courses, the list of courses can be used as collection.



3. And finally, make your own main function and test all the above operations

The program output might look something like:

COURSE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

1. A list of all available courses in the system 2. Search and display information of a course by course id 3. Record/Add information of course 4. Sort all courses by number of credit as ascending 5. Update information of a specific course (by course id) 0. Exit Select your choice: 3 Enter course id: PRO192 Enter course name: OOP with Java Enter course credit: 3 Information of course has been added COURSE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM 1. A list of all available courses in the system 2. Search and display information of a course by course id 3. Record/Add information of course 4. Sort all courses by number of credit as ascending 5. Update information of a specific course (by course id) 0. Exit Select your choice: 1 Course id Course name Course credit PRO192 OOP with Java COURSE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM 1. A list of all available courses in the system 2. Search and display information of a course by course id 3. Record/Add information of course 4. Sort all courses by number of credit as ascending 5. Update information of a specific course (by course id) 0. Exit Select your choice: 5 Enter course id: PRO192 Information of course PRO192 OOP with Java Enter new course credit: 4 Information of course has been updated COURSE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM 1. A list of all available courses in the system 2. Search and display information of a course by course id 3. Record/Add information of course 4. Sort all courses by number of credit as ascending 5. Update information of a specific course (by course id) Select your choice: 1 Course id Course name Course credit PRO192 OOP with Java

```
COURSE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

1. A list of all available courses in the system

2. Search and display information of a course by course id

3. Record/Add information of course

4. Sort all courses by number of credit as ascending

5. Update information of a specific course (by course id)

0. Exit

Select your choice: 2

Enter course id: pro192

Information of course

PRO192 OOP with Java 3
```

Question 3:

Students kindly draw UML Diagram and take the short screen of output and then submit to the lecturer. Thank you :-D

Background:

An internet shopping site sells software and books and any products. Customers fill in a virtual "shopping basket" with their selection of items from a catalog of both categories. They can add or remove individual shopping items to/from the shopping basket until they are happy with their selection; they then submit their basket to the site for total price plus postage-and-packing (P&P) calculation.

Each item has an individual price that varies from item to item and is shown in the on-line catalogue. Because software titles are considered weightless (cdroms are very light), postage and packing is a single price (\$3.25) for each software item up to 3 items, \$1.50 per software item thereafter.

Postage and packing for books is calculated from the sum of the weights of the books as follows:

- \$5.00 under 500 grams (total weight),
- \$9.50 for book weight totals of 500grams or above but under one kilogram,
- \$7.00 are added for every additional kilogram thereafter

e.g. P&P = \$9.50 + \$7.00 for weights 1kg or above but less than 2kg, \$9.50 + \$14.00 for 2kg or above, but less than 3, etc...

The weight of each book is shown in the on-line catalogue.

Total postage and packing cost for a single order is calculated as the sum of the P&P cost of books and the P&P cost of software.

Your Tasks:

Draw a basic class diagram for a OOP design that will enable the software to take orders, then
calculate the total price of a virtual shopping basket, including postage and packing.
The classes involved are Menu, Basket, Shop, ShopApp, ShopItem, Book, and Software.
ShopItem is a base class for all kinds of sale items.
Your design will use dynamic binding, which means that a Basket object will contain a

collection of ShopItems rather than a collection of books and another collection of software titles

- 2. Implement the classes: ShopItem data should be read from a text file.
- 3. Screens should display the catalogue and a menu. Items may be selected as numbers in a list like the following

```
VIRTUAL SHOP CATALOGUE

7 items in shop
1- Book Title: 'C++ Primer', Price: $74.95, Weight: 600
2- Book Title: 'C++ for Java Programmers', Price: $64.95, Weight: 200
3- Book Title: 'Linux in a nutshell', Price: $85, Weight: 950
4- Software Title: 'Borland C++', Price: $145
5- Software Title: 'Adobe Photoshop', Price: $650
6- Software Title: 'Linux RedHat 7.2', Price: $5
7- Software Title: 'QuickTax2000', Price: $49.95

THE VIRTUAL SHOP (Internet Shopping Centre)

Q -Quit
A -Add to shopping basket
R -Remove from basket
P -Print invoice
Enter selection:
```

Adding an Item:

```
THE VIRTUAL SHOP (Internet Shopping Centre)

Q -Quit
A -Add to shopping basket
R -Remove from basket
P -Print invoice
Enter selection: a

7 items in shop
1- Book Title: 'C++ Primer', Price: $74.95, Weight: 600
2- Book Title: 'C++ for Java Programmers', Price: $64.95, Weight: 200
3- Book Title: 'Linux in a nutshell', Price: $85, Weight: 950
4- Software Title: 'Borland C++', Price: $145
5- Software Title: 'Adobe Photoshop', Price: $650
6- Software Title: 'Linux RedHat 7.2', Price: $5
7- Software Title: 'QuickTax2000', Price: $49.95

Select Item by number: 3_
```

Removing an Item:

```
THE VIRTUAL SHOP (Internet Shopping Centre)

Q -Quit
A -Add to shopping basket
R -Remove from basket
P -Print invoice
Enter selection: r

3 selected items in basket
1- Book Title: 'Linux in a nutshell', Price: $85, Weight: 950
2- Software Title: 'QuickTax2000', Price: $49.95
3- Book Title: 'C++ Primer', Price: $74.95, Weight: 600

Select number of item to remove: 2_
```

Printing an Invoice

```
Q -Quit
A -Add to shopping basket
R -Remove from basket
P -Print invoice
Enter selection: p

3 selected items in basket
1- Book Title: 'Linux in a nutshell', Price: $85, Weight: 950
2- Book Title: 'C++ Primer', Price: $74.95, Weight: 600
3- Software Title: 'Linux RedHat 7.2', Price: $5

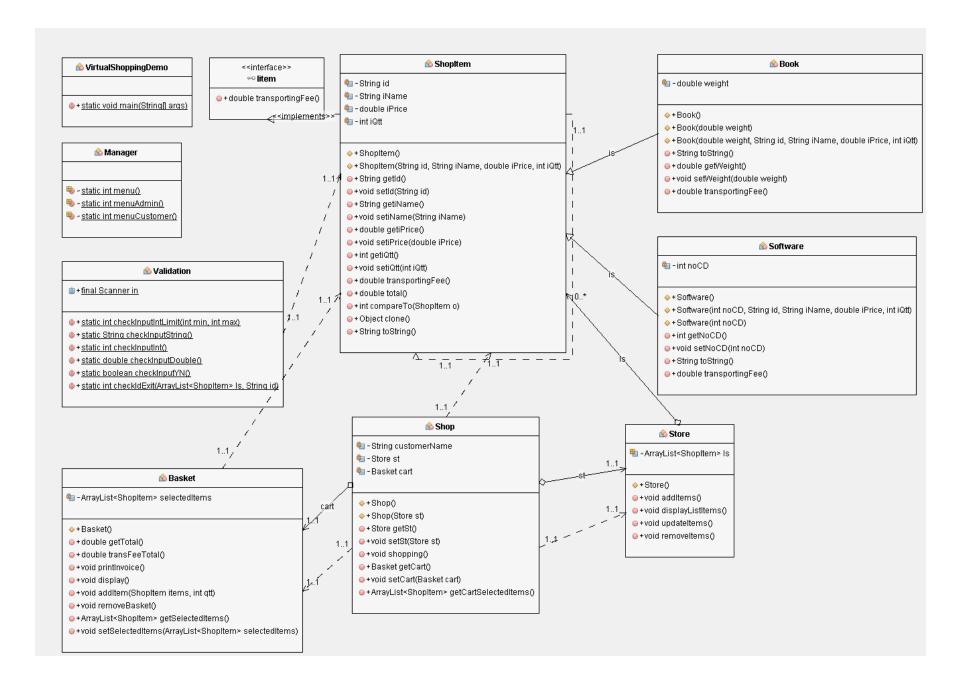
Total price of selection: $164.95
Books total weight: 1.55kg, postage and packing $20.35
Number of Software Titles: 1, postage and packing $3.25
Total basket cost (including postage and packing): $188.55
```

Technical Requirements

- The project should be applied as much as possible of OOP characteristics : encapsulation, inheritance and polymorphism and other topics of Java programming: exception handling, I/O
- Classes should be carefully designed to protect object data integrity by thoughtful use of public, private and protected sections as necessary.
- ShopItem and derived classes should not be directly responsible for console input . That role must be left to programs that use the class.
- Named constants should be used instead (constants may be global) of "magic number".
- Functions should be kept small.
- Consistent style standards will be kept:
 - Indentation should be used..
 - * Identifiers will be meaningful (not too abbreviated).
 - * Every file will have a banner comment.

Happy Virtual Shopping

Happy doing Assigment :-D



```
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
8 import java.util.ArrayList;
9
10 /**
11 *
12 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
14 public class VirtualShoppingDemo {
15
16
    * @param args the command line arguments
17
18 */
    public static void main(String[] args) {
19
20
      // TODO code application logic here
21
      Store st = new Store();
22
      Shop sh = new Shop();
23
      sh=new Shop(st);
24
      st.ls.add(new Book(1, "111", "Conan", 10.3, 10));
      st.ls.add(new Book(2, "222", "Doreamon", 1.2, 10));
25
      st.ls.add(new Software(7, "333", "My Tam", 7.8, 10));
26
      st.ls.add(new Book(3, "444", "Tom", 5.5, 10));
27
      st.ls.add(new Software(5, "555", "Snow", 6, 10));
28
29
30 //loop until user want to exit
31
      outer:
32
      while (true) {
33
34
         int choice = Manager.menu();
35
         //Menu for admin
36
        if (choice == 1) {
37
           while (true) {
             int choiceA = Manager.menuAdmin();
38
39
             switch (choiceA) {
40
               case 1:
41
                 System.out.println("- Add Items");
42
                 st.addItems();
43
                 break;
44
               case 2:
45
                 System.out.println("- Update Items");
46
                 st.updateItems();
47
                 break;
               case 3:
48
                 System.out.println("- View Items");
49
50
                 st.displayListItems();
51
                 break;
52
               case 4:
53
                 System.out.println("- Remove Items");
54
                 st.removeItems();
55
                 break;
56
               case 5:
57
                 continue outer;
58
59
          }
60
61
         //Menu for Customer
62
         if (choice == 2) {
63
           while (true) {
             int choiceB = Manager.menuCustomer();
64
```

```
65
             switch (choiceB) {
66
                 System.out.println("1. Add to Shopping Basket");
67
68
69
                 sh.shopping();
70
                 break;
71
               case 2:
                 System.out.println("Display the Shopping Basket");
72
73
                 sh.getCart().display();
74
                 break:
75
               case 3:
                 System.out.println("Remove Shopping Basket");
76
77
                 sh.getCart().removeBasket();
78
               case 4:
79
                 System.out.println("Print Invoice(Orders)");
80
                 sh.getCart().printInvoice();
81
                 break;
82
               case 5:
83
                 System.out.println("5. Exit");
84
                 continue outer;
85
             }
           }
86
87
88
         }
89
         // Exit
90
         if (choice == 3) {
91
           return;
92
         }
93
94
      }
95 }
96}
97
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
8 import java.util.ArrayList;
9 import java.util.Scanner;
10
11 /**
12 *
13 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
14 */
15 public class Validation {
16 public static final Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
17
     //check user input number limit
18
     public static int checkInputIntLimit(int min, int max) {
19
20
       //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
21
       }
22 }
23
    //check user input string
     public static String checkInputString() {
       //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
26
27
       }
28 }
29
```

```
30 //check user input int
31
    public static int checkInputInt() {
       //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
32
33 }
34
35 //check user input double
    public static double checkInputDouble() {
37
       //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
38 }
39
40
    //check user input yes/ no
    public static boolean checkInputYN() {
41
       //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
42
43
      }
44
    }
45
46 public static int checkIdExit(ArrayList<ShopItem> ls, String id)
47
    {//Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
48
49 }
50}
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
8 import java.util.ArrayList;
10 /**
11 *
12 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
13 */
14 public class Manager {
15
16 //display menu
17
    static int menu() {
       //loop until user want to exit
18
19
       System.out.println("1. Admin Roles");
20
      System.out.println("2. Customer Roles");
21
      System.out.println("3. Exits");
22
      System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
23
      int choice = Validation.checkInputIntLimit(1, 3);
24
      return choice;
25 }
26
27
    //display menu
28
    static int menuAdmin() {
29
       //loop until user want to exit
30
      System.out.println("1. Add Items");
31
      System.out.println("2. Update Items");
32
      System.out.println("3. View Items");
33
      System.out.println("4. Remove Items");
34
      System.out.println("5. Exit");
35
      System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
36
       int choice = Validation.checkInputIntLimit(1, 5);
37
       return choice;
38 }
39
40
    //display menu
    static int menuCustomer() {
```

```
42
       //loop until user want to exit
43
       System.out.println("1. Add to Shopping Basket");
44
       System.out.println("2. Display the Shopping Basket");
45
       System.out.println("3. Remove from Shopping Basket");
46
      System.out.println("4. Print Invoice(Orders)");
47
       System.out.println("5. Exit");
48
       System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
49
       int choice = Validation.checkInputIntLimit(1, 5);
50
       return choice;
51 }
52
53
54
55
56}
57
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
8 /**
9 *
10 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
11 */
12 public interface litem {
13
14
15}
16
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
8 /**
9 *
10 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
11 */
12 public class ShopItem implements Cloneable, Iitem, Comparable<ShopItem>{
13 private String id;
14
    private String iName;
15
    private double iPrice;
16
    private int iQtt;
17
18 //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
19
20
    @Override
    public int compareTo(ShopItem o) {
21
22
      return this.id.compareTo(o.id);
23 }
24
25
    @Override
26
    public Object clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException {
27
      return super.clone(); //To change body of generated methods, choose Tools | Templates.
28 }
29
30
31
    @Override
32
    public String toString() {
       return "ShopItem{" + "id=" + id + ", iName=" + iName + ", iPrice=" + iPrice + ", iQtt=" + iQtt + '}';
33
```

```
34 }
35
36
37
38}
39
5 */
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
7
8 /**
9 *
10 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
12 public class Book extends ShopItem{
13 private double weight;
14
15
    //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
17}
18
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
8 /**
9 *
10 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
11 */
12 public class Software extends ShopItem{
13 private int noCD;
15 //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
16}
17
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
8 import java.util.ArrayList;
9 import java.util.Collection;
10 import java.util.Collections;
11 import java.util.List;
12
13 /**
14 *
15 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
16 */
17 public class Store{
18
19
    ArrayList<ShopItem> ls = new ArrayList<ShopItem>();
20
21
    public Store() {
22
    }
23
    public void addItems() {
24
25
      String id, name;
26
       double price;
```

```
27
       int quantity;
28
       while (true) {
29
        System.out.println("1. Add Book");
30
         System.out.println("2. Add Software");
31
         System.out.println("3. Exit");
32
         int choice = Validation.checkInputIntLimit(1, 3);
33
         switch (choice) {
34
           //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
35
36
           case 3:
37
             return;
38
39
      }
40
     }
41
42
     public void displayListItems() {
43
      Collections.sort(ls);
44
       //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
45
46
47
    }
48
     public void updateItems() {
49
       System.out.print("Enter Id: ");
50
51
       String id = Validation.checkInputString();
52
       for (int i = 0; i < ls.size(); i++) {</pre>
53
         if (ls.get(i).getId().equalsIgnoreCase(id)) {
           System.out.println("Found the items. want to update? Y/N");
54
55
56
           //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
57
58
             System.out.println("Cant find the id");
59
             System.out.println("Enter again:");
60
61
62
63
        }
64
      }
65
66
    }
67
     public void removeItems() {
68
69
       if (ls.isEmpty()) {
70
        System.out.println("List is empty");
71
         return;
72
      }
73
74
    //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
75
76 }
77
78}
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
8 import java.util.ArrayList;
```

```
10 /**
11 *
12 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
13 */
14 public class Shop {
16 private String customerName;
17 private Store st = new Store();
18 private Basket cart = new Basket();
19
20 public Shop() {
21 }
22
23 public Shop(Store st) {
24
      this.st = st;
25 }
26
27 public Store getSt() {
28
      return st;
29 }
30
31 public void setSt(Store st) {
32
      this.st = st;
33 }
34
35 public void shopping() {
36
      if (st.ls.isEmpty()) {
37
        System.err.println("Do not have any items");
38
39
40
      System.out.println("Start shopping. Enter name:");
41
      String name = Validation.checkInputString();
42
      //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
43
44
45
46 }
47
48
49
50 public Basket getCart() {
51
      return cart;
52 }
53
54 public void setCart(Basket cart) {
55
      this.cart = cart;
56 }
57
58 public ArrayList<ShopItem> getCartSelectedItems() {
59
      return cart.getSelectedItems();
60 }
61
62}
63
6 package virtualshoppingdemo;
8 import java.util.ArrayList;
```

```
9 import java.util.List;
11 /**
12 *
13 * @author Quynh Tran Ly
14 */
15 public class Basket {
    private ArrayList<ShopItem> selectedItems = new ArrayList<ShopItem>();
17
18
19
20 public Basket() {
21
    }
22
23
24
25
     public double getTotal(){
26
      double tot=0;
27
      //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
28
29
      return tot;
30
    }
31
32
    public double transFeeTotal(){
33
      double tft=0;
      //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
34
35
36
      return tft;
37 }
38
    public void printInvoice(){
39
40
      //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
41
42
43
    public void display()
44
45
      for (ShopItem selectedItem : selectedItems) {
46
47
        System.out.println(selectedItem);
48
      }
49
    }
50
    public void addItem(ShopItem items, int qtt){
51
52
        //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
53
54
55 }
    public void removeBasket() {
56
57
      if (selectedItems.isEmpty()) {
58
        System.out.println("Basket is empty");
59
        return;
60
      }
61
      System.out.println("Enter the id to remove");
62
63
       //Students write here appropriate statements to complete this function
64
65
66
        }
67
```

```
68
69 public ArrayList<ShopItem> getSelectedItems() {
70    return selectedItems;
71 }
72
73 public void setSelectedItems(ArrayList<ShopItem> selectedItems) {
74    this.selectedItems = selectedItems;
75 }
76
77
78 }
79
```

