AWS Invent

DAT401

Deep dive on Amazon Aurora

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Introduction



Amazon Aurora

ENTERPRISE DATABASE AT OPEN SOURCE PRICE

Delivered as a managed service



Drop-in compatibility with MySQL and PostgreSQL

Simplicity and cost-effectiveness of open-source databases

Throughput and availability of commercial databases

Simple pay-as-you-go pricing

What's new since last re:Invent

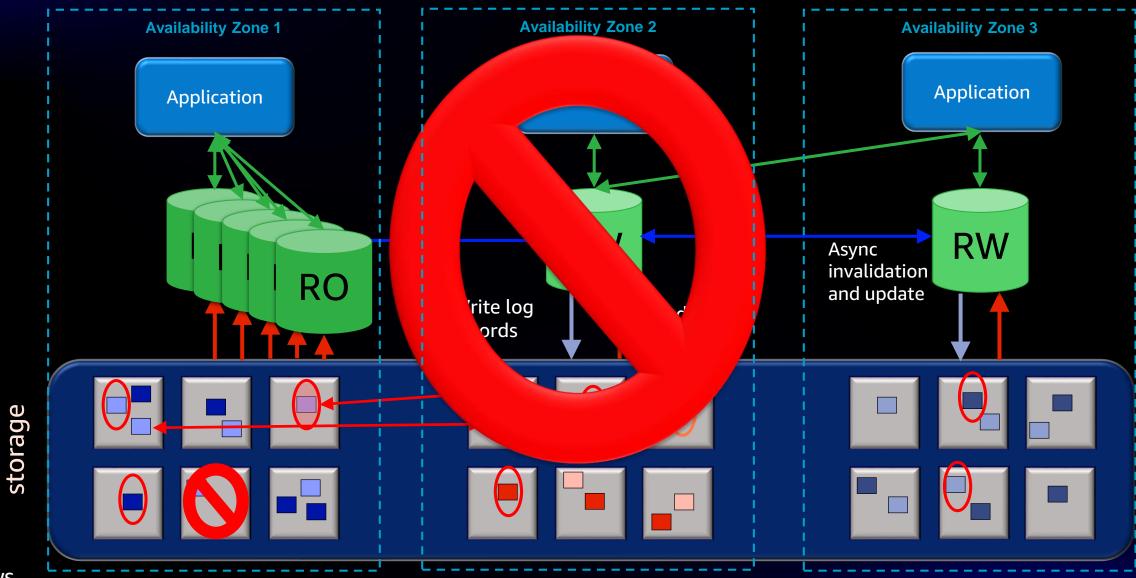
- Postgres:
 - Babelfish for Aurora PostgreSQL and Babelfish for PostgreSQL
 - PostgreSQL 12, 13 support
 - New Extensions: PostGIS 3.1, oracle_fdw, pg_partman, pg_bigm, pg_proctab, pg_cron
- MySQL:
 - MySQL 8.0 support
 - Improved Read Replica Availability
- Both: Graviton2 (T4G, R6G, X2G) instance support



Basic architecture

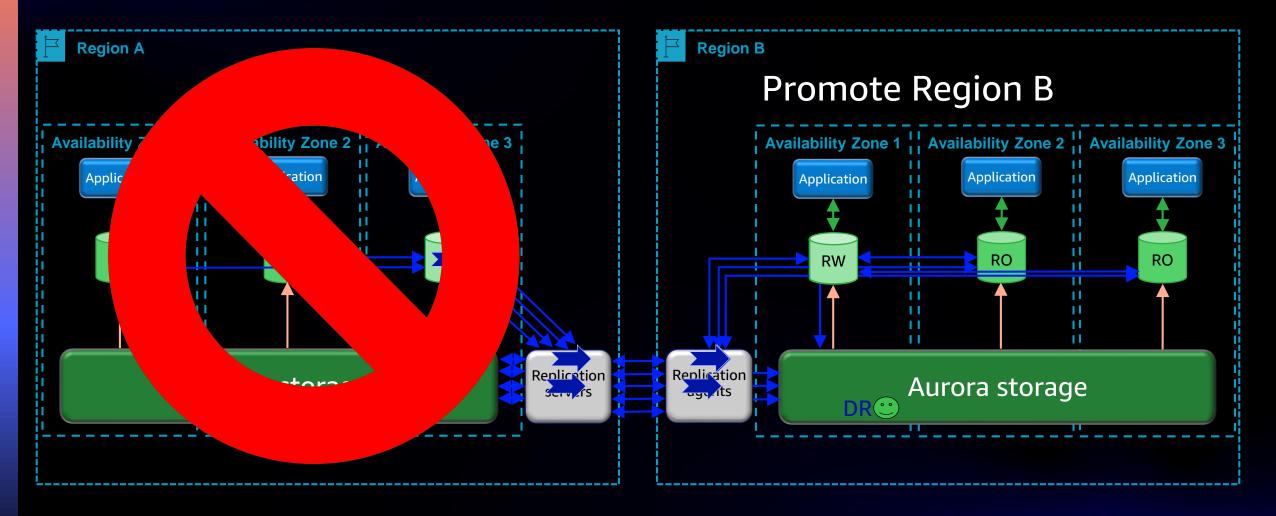


Aurora storage and replicas



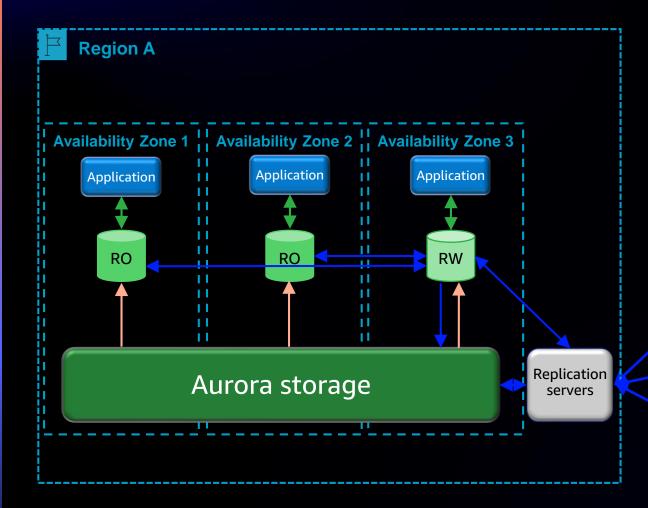
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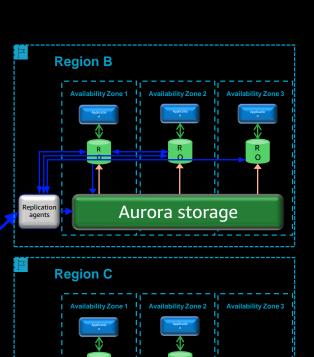
Amazon Aurora global database





Amazon Aurora global database





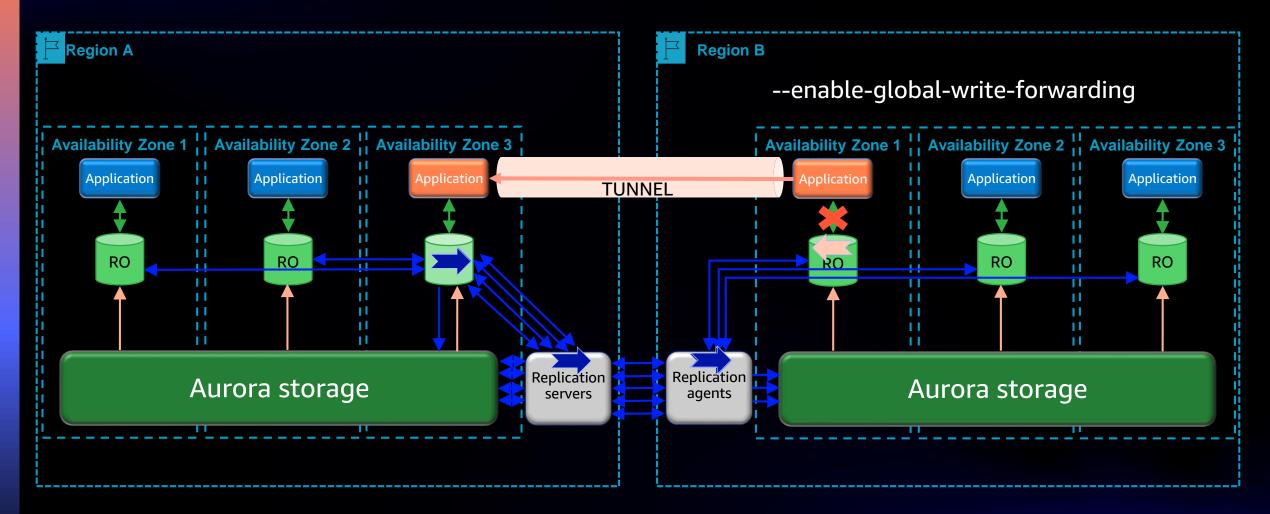


Aurora storage



Amazon Aurora global database

WRITE FORWARDING

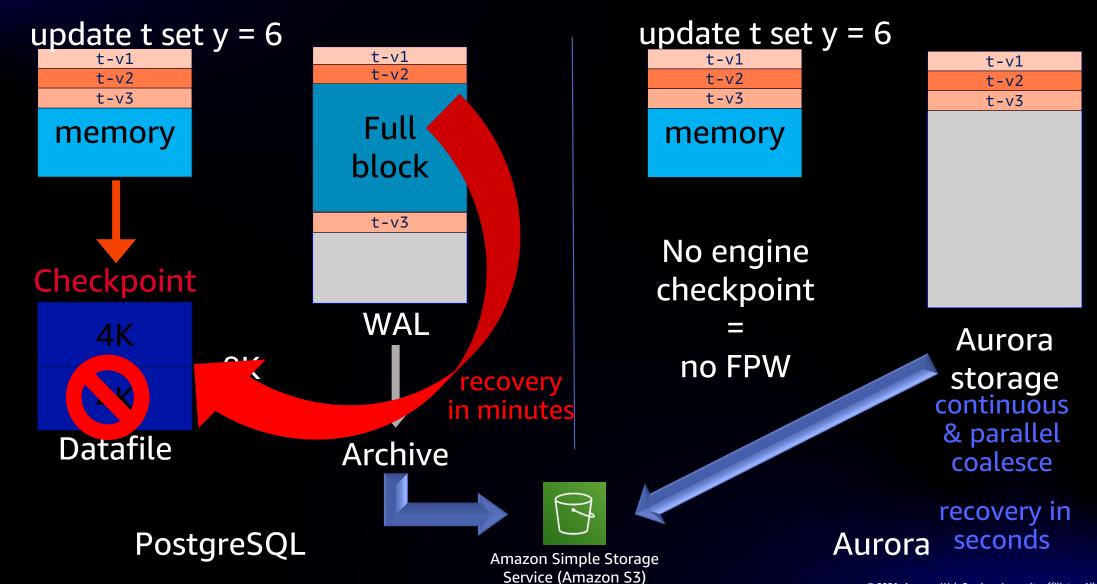




Aurora storage internals

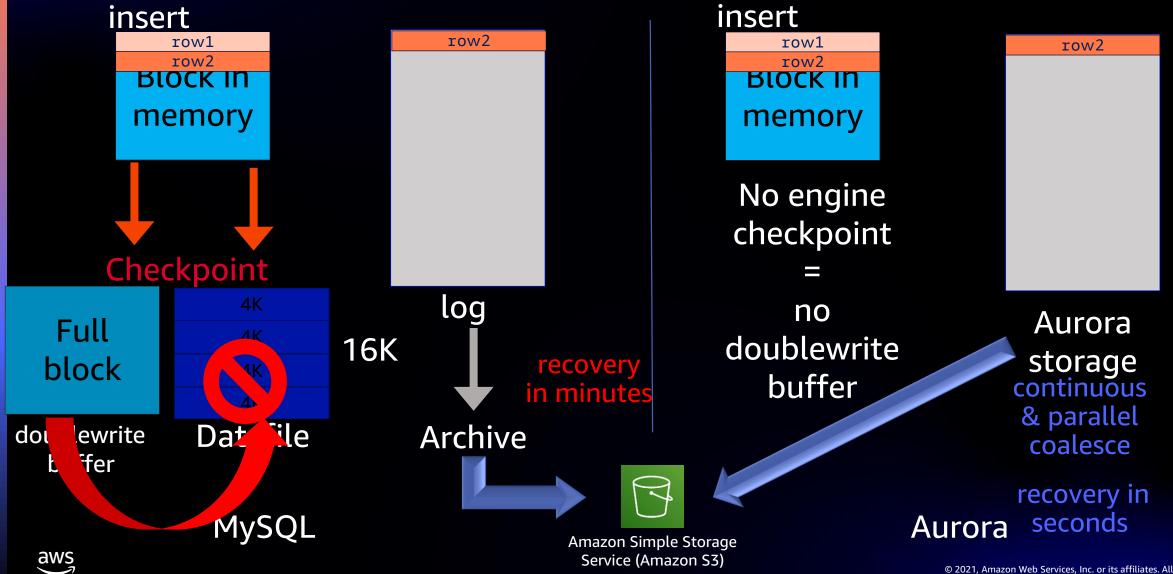


Aurora PostgreSQL: Writing less

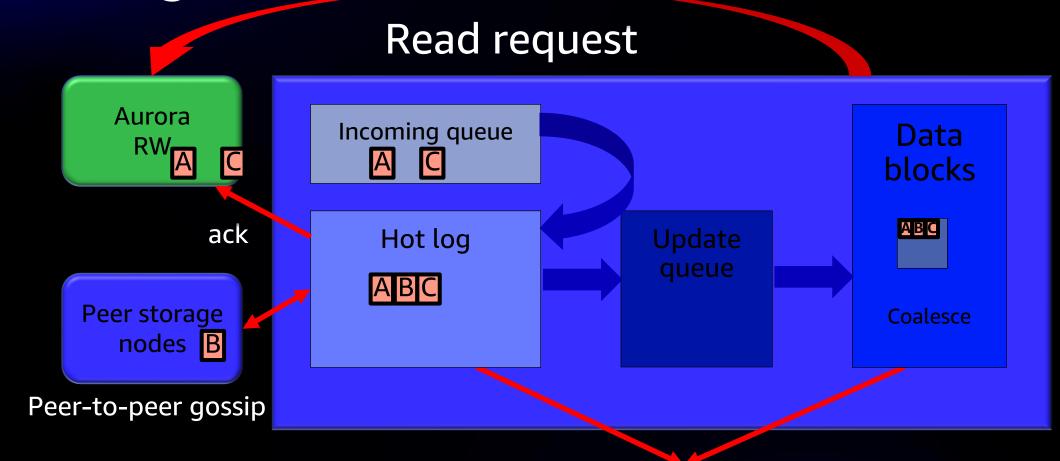




Aurora MySQL: Writing less



Storage node

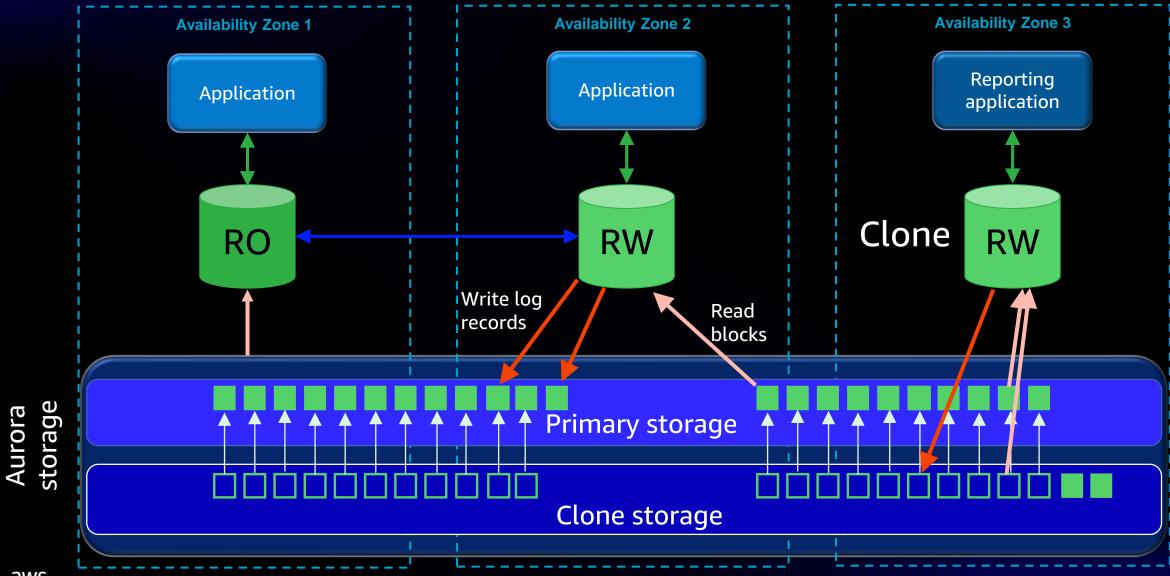


Aurora storage node

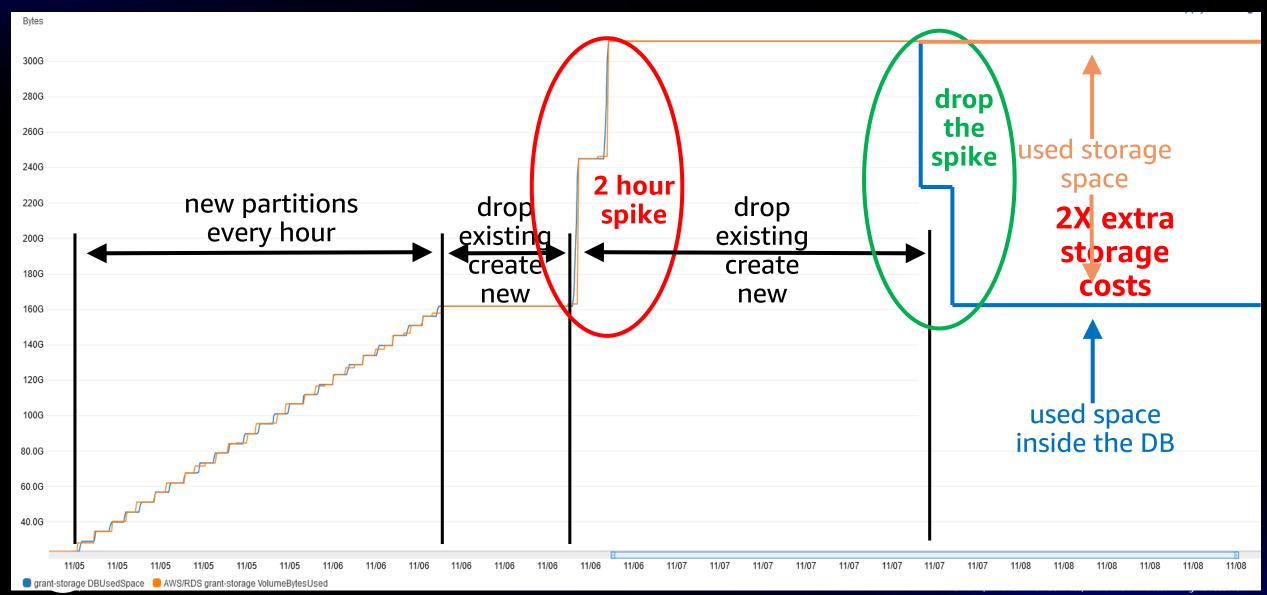


Continuously stage log and blocks to Amazon S3 for snapshots and PITR

Fast clones



Storage management – Dynamic resizing



MySQL updates



Aurora MySQL 3 with MySQL 8.0 compatibility

- Each Aurora MySQL 3 release will be compatible with a corresponding MySQL 8.0 community edition release
 - Aurora MySQL 3.01 is compatible with MySQL 8.0.23
- Binary log improvements
 - Multi-threaded replication (MTR)
 - Replication filtering
 - Binary log transaction compression
- Instant DDL
- Common Table Expressions (CTE)
- Window functions
- Expanded parallel query support (partitioned tables, aggregations, and BLOBS)
- Descending and invisible index types
- Role-based access control



Improved Availability of Read Replicas

- Starting in MySQL 2.10 or higher
 - Reboot the writer, read replicas survive
 - Improves availability and allows long-running read queries to continue
 - May still reboot in some circumstances
 - CLI: aws rds reboot-db-instance --db-instance-identifier mydbinstance



PostgreSQL updates



Aurora PostgreSQL 13 new features

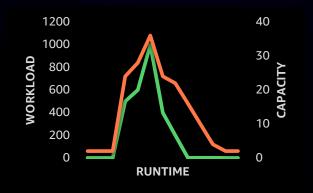
- Improved performance on partitioned tables
 - Partition pruning improvements
 - Partitionwise joins
 - Logical replication of partitioned tables
- Parallelized vacuum for indexes
- Index de-duplication for B-tree indexes
- Faster sort operations



Manageability – Aurora Serverless V2



Aurora Serverless v2









Scale instantly - in a fraction of a second

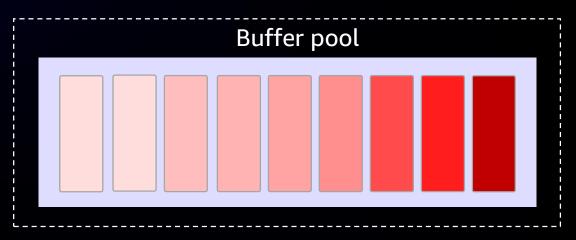
Scale in finegrained increments to provide just the right amount of database capacity

Parity with Aurora capabilities including read replicas, multi-AZ, Global Database

Up to 90 percent cost savings when compared to provisioning for peak load



Buffer pool resizing



- Default memory allocation: 75 percent for buffer pool and 25 percent for heap
- Buffer pool size scaled along with database capacity
- Parameters automatically adjusted:

MySQL: innodb_buffer_pool_size

PostgreSQL: shared_buffers

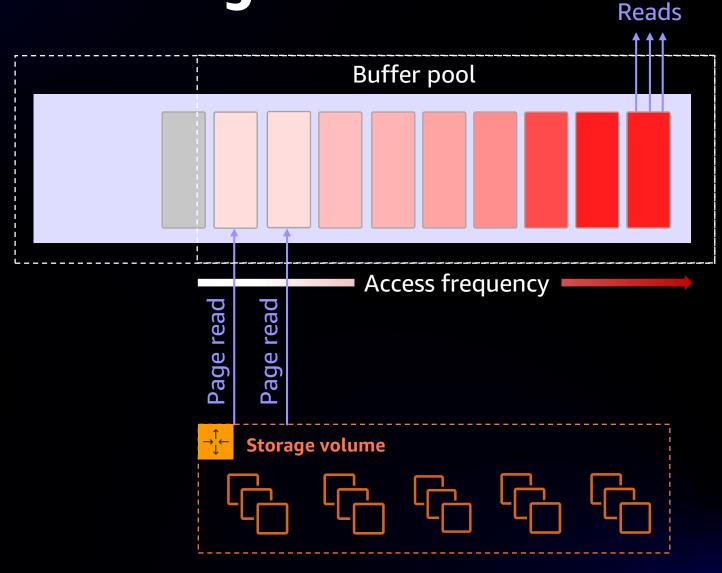
• Buffer pool scaled down through a combination of least frequently used (LFU) and least recently used (LRU) algorithms



Buffer pool resizing

Evict cold pages

Shrink memory





Manageability – Amazon DevOps Guru for RDS



Introducing Amazon DevOps Guru for RDS

A new Machine Learning (ML)-powered capability for Amazon RDS that automatically detects and diagnoses database performance and operational issues, enabling you to resolve bottlenecks in minutes.







DevOps Guru for RDS

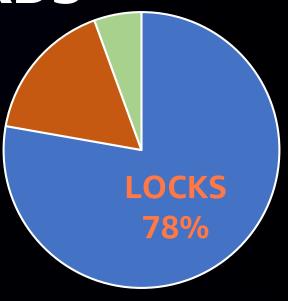
Finds DB performance anomalies

Analyzes the anomaly

Highlights:

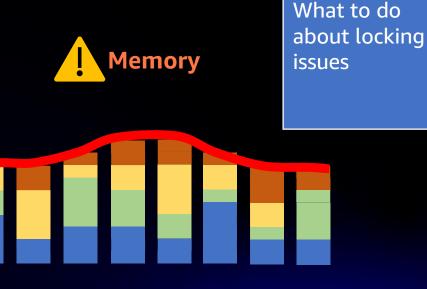
- Prevalent wait events
- Prevalent SQL statements
- Other anomalous metrics

Recommends next steps



SELECT NAME FROM CUSTOMERS;

SELECT ITEM FROM F;





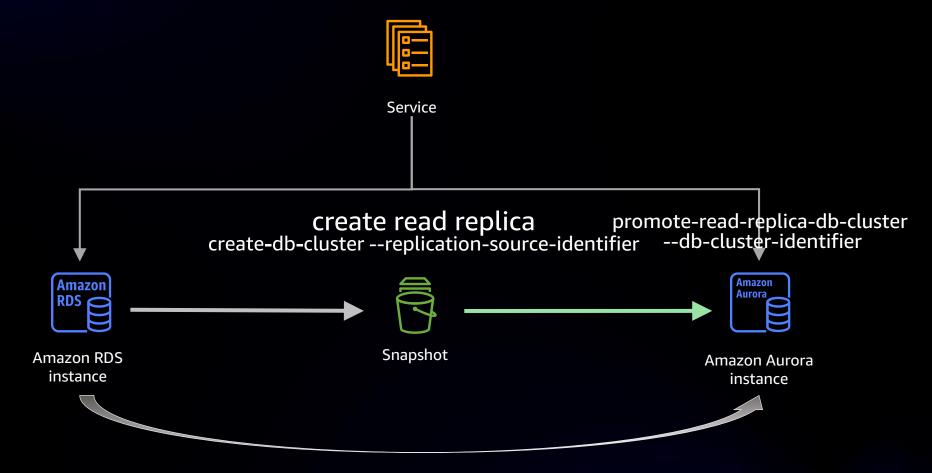
Migration



Migration to Aurora: Methods

- AWS Database Migration Service (AWS DMS)/Schema Conversion Tool (SCT)
- PostgreSQL: pg_dump/pg_restore
- MySQL: mysqldump, Percona XtraBackup
- Amazon RDS: Snapshot import
- Amazon RDS: Read replica

Migration: Read replica



Catchup via asynchronous replication



Migration – Babelfish for Aurora PostgreSQL



Babelfish for Aurora PostgreSQL

Run SQL Server applications on PostgreSQL with little to no code changes

Keep existing queries



Translation layer enables Aurora
PostgreSQL to understand Microsoft
SQL Server's proprietary T-SQL

Accelerate migrations



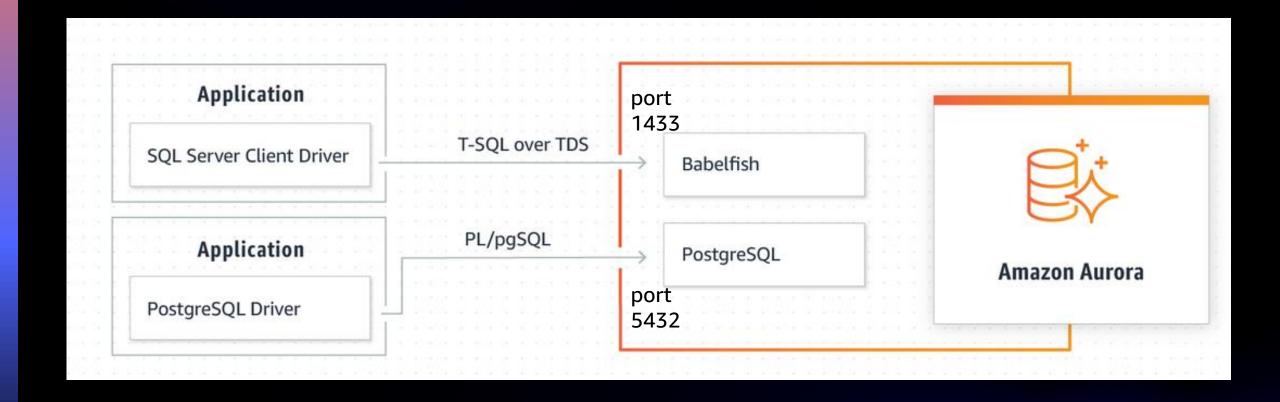
Lower risk and complete migrations faster, saving you months to years of work

Freedom to innovate



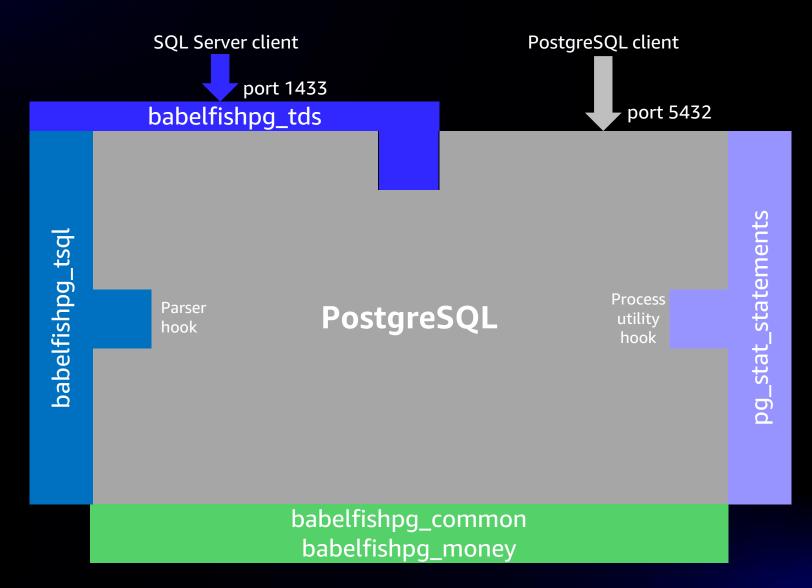
Run T-SQL code side-by-side with new open source functionality and continue developing with familiar tools

Babelfish architecture





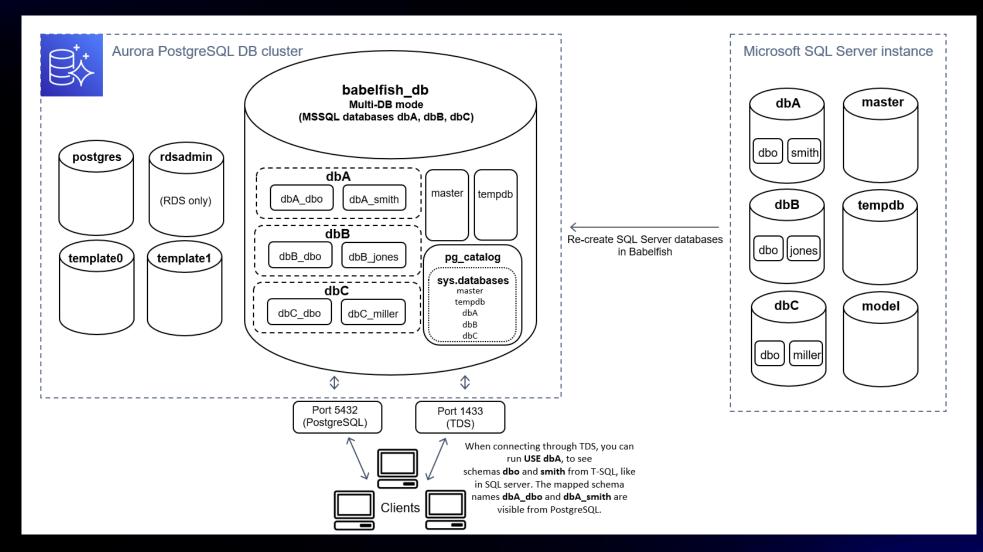
Babelfish architecture





Migrating SQL Server database structure

MULTI-DB MODE: SCHEMA NAMES FROM SQL SERVER USER DB ARE MAPPED TO DIFFERENT PG SCHEMA NAMES





Related sessions

| DAT401 | Breakout | Deep Dive on Amazon Aurora (this session) |
|--------|------------|--|
| DAT201 | Breakout | What's New in Amazon RDS |
| DAT302 | Breakout | Instant and fine-grained scaling with Aurora Serverless v2 |
| DAT305 | Breakout | Enabling workloads for high availability and durability with Amazon RDS |
| DAT312 | Chalk Talk | Deep Dive on Babelfish for Amazon Aurora PostgreSQL |
| DAT330 | Builder | Achieving high availability and performance with Amazon Aurora Global Database |
| DAT313 | Chalk Talk | Building an machine learning enabled application with Amazon Aurora ML |
| DAT315 | Chalk Talk | Quickly building for the future with Amazon RDS |
| DAT325 | Workshop | Running SQL Server on Amazon RDS and migrating to Aurora PostgreSQL with Babelfish |



Thank you!

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