

CS7056 – Lab 1 – Finite State Machines

This project is based on the WestWorld environment described in Buckland, chapter

2. Download and install the FSM Kit source code from the course home page:

<https://www.cs.tcd.ie/Mads.Haahr/CS7056/>

The kit includes code for implementing FSMs and some sample agents based on the West World scenario from Buckland's book, but it's in C# rather than C++. We will be extending this code base during the course.

Task 1: Basic FSM in C#

See description in Buckland, pp.48-50.

Use the supplied code base Scripts.zip to get started. Create a new unity 2D project, drop the Scripts folder into the Assets folder, create a new empty game object, and drag & drop the "Bob" script onto the object. Run the project and Bob should start doing his thing.

To see the output from the code running, you need to make sure console window is open.

Have a look at the code and try to get an understanding of how it works. It corresponds quite closely to the structure used in Buckland. Each Agent object has its own StateMachine object that implements its behaviour. The FSM Kit also has support for state blips and messaging between agents, as described in Buckland.

State and Agent are both implemented as abstract base classes in C#.

The State class has a method Execute() that takes an Agent object as a parameter and switches state for that agent.

The Agent class has a method Update() that invokes Execute() for the agent's current state and a ChangeState() method that allows that state object to change the agent's state.

You will want to implement a couple of sample agents too (Bob and Elsa) but you can do that at any point during the lab that you feel is suitable.

Task 2: Understand Generics

See Buckland, p.62. Your FSM implementation uses C# generics to allow better reusability.

Unity tutorial:

<http://unity3d.com/learn/tutorials/modules/intermediate/scripting/generics>

Task 3: The StateMachine Class (Optional)

See Buckland, pp.64-65.

Fix up your design such that most of the code from the Agent class gets moved to a new class StateMachine that encapsulates all the code that has to do with state machines. The idea is that each agent object will own its own StateMachine object.

The only method you should retain in Agent should be one method Update() that invokes the Update() method for that agent's StateMachine object.

Task 4: Add New Locations

Now add the following new locations to the West World code base:

- OutlawCamp
- SheriffsOffice
- Undertakers
- Cemetery

Task 5: Add an Outlaw

Design and implement an Outlaw agent for West World. First, design the agent's behaviour using an FSM diagram, then code it. You can look at the state machine diagrams from Buckland and the code for the Miner and MinersWife agents but please don't copy the code directly – make sure you understand what it does. Make sure your Outlaw gets some interesting behaviour, such as the following:

- The Outlaw agent should start in the OutlawCamp location.
- The Outlaw agent could lurk in the OutlawCamp and Cemetery locations for a random number of cycles and occasionally go and rob the Bank.
- When the Outlaw agent robs the Bank, he gets a random amount of gold, e.g., in the [1,10] range. (*Random.Range(1,11)*)

Now create an Outlaw agent (e.g., called [Jesse](#)) and add him to West World.

Task 6: State Blips

See Buckland, p.63. Add code to your StateMachine class to support global state and state blips.

Task 7: Messaging

See Buckland, pp.67-82. Add messaging capabilities to your FSM implementation, but we're going to do it Unity style instead of Buckland style. In Unity, messages are handled with delegate and event pairs. Here's a tutorial:

<https://unity3d.com/learn/tutorials/topics/scripting/events>

An agent calls an event as it would a static method. Agents who have subscribed to this event can respond in some way. You could add a delegate and event pair, e.g., in your code for the outlaw:

```
public delegate void bankRobbery();  
public static event bankRobbery OnBankRobbery;
```

The outlaw agent can call the event when it wants to send a message. A second agent can subscribe and unsubscribe from these events. For example, Miner Bob might subscribe to events that happen when Outlaw Jesse robs the bank. In Bob's initialisation code we would have:

```
Jesse.OnBankRobbery += doSomethingMethod; //subscribe  
Jesse.OnBankRobbery -= doSomethingMethod; //unsubscribe
```

Task 8: Add a Sheriff

Now add a Sheriff agent to West World. Again, you can look at the FSM diagrams and the code for the other agents but make sure you understand what the code does. The Sheriff agent should have the following behaviour:

- The Sheriff agent should start in the SheriffsOffice location.
- Random patrol. Every cycle, the Sheriff agent walks to a new location and checks that everything is in order (i.e., there is no Outlaw agent there). Any location is possible, except the OutlawCamp location, which the Sheriff agent will never find.
- At each location, the Sheriff checks which other agents are co-located.
 - If there is a co-located agent who is not an Outlaw agent, the Sheriff issues a suitable Western-style greeting.
 - If the Sheriff encounters an Outlaw agent, he shoots him on sight. After shooting an Outlaw agent, the Sheriff could take any gold the outlaw was carrying and stop by the bank to drop it off, then hit the saloon to celebrate a day's work well done.
- Dead Outlaw agents respawn in the OutlawCamp location.

Feel free to modify this general idea, but make sure you capture it as an FSM diagram and in your code base. You may feel it is unfair that the Outlaw agents always get shot, so you are welcome to introduce a chance of killing off the Sheriff.

Now create a Sheriff agent (e.g., called [Wyatt](#)) and add him to West World.

Task 9: Cleaning Up the Corpses

Now add an Undertaker agent to West World. His job is to collect dead bodies as a result of shooting. Again, first design an FSM diagram to capture the Undertaker's behaviour. I suggest something like the following:

- Extend West World to allow dead bodies to be placed in different locations.
- Use your messaging from Task 7 to either let the Sheriff or dead Outlaw tell the Undertaker about a corpse that needs to get collected.
- The Undertaker agent would hover in the Undertakers office until receiving a message. Then he would go look for the body and drag it off to the cemetery.

I can't think of any famous Undertakers from the Wild West. Maybe you can think of a good name for him.