```
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(2, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense (Dense)	(None, 2)	6
Total params: 6		
Trainable params: 6		
Non-trainable params: 0		

```
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
inom keras.layers import beinse
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(2, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 2)	6
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	3
Total params: 9		
Trainable params: 9		
Non-trainable params: 0)	

OR GATE TRAINING USING KERAS

```
import numpy as np
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
x_{train} = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])

y_{train} = np.array([[0], [1], [1], [1]])
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(2, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=1)
x_test = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
y_pred = np.round(y_pred)
print("Prediction: ", y_pred)
     Prediction: [[1.]
      [1.]
[1.]
[1.]]
```

```
FOR 100 EPOCHS
import numpy as np
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
x_train = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_train = np.array([[0], [1], [1], [1]])
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(2, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=100)
x_test = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
y_pred = np.round(y_pred)
print("Prediction: ", y_pred)
     Epoch 1/100
     1/1 [======
Epoch 2/100
                   1/1 [======
Epoch 5/100
```

```
0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6324 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Epoch 7/100
   1/1 [=====
Epoch 8/100
                     Enoch 9/100
                      =======] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6295 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Epoch 10/100
   1/1 [===
                      =======] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6286 - accuracy: 0.7500
     och 11/100
                       1/1 [===
   Epoch 12/100
                     =======] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6267 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Epoch 13/100
                       ======= ] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6258 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Enoch 14/100
   1/1 [======
Epoch 15/100
                      =======] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6248 - accuracy: 0.7500
                    ======== 1 - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6239 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Epoch 16/100
                     =======] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6230 - accuracy: 0.7500
   1/1 [===
   Enoch 17/100
                      =======] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6221 - accuracy: 0.7500
   1/1 [===
                      =======1 - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6212 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Enoch 19/100
                         ======] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.6203 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Epoch 20/100
                    Epoch 21/100
                           ====] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6185 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Fnoch 22/100
   1/1 [======
Epoch 23/100
   1/1 [===
                       =======1 - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6167 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Epoch 24/100
1/1 [======
                      Epoch 25/100
                       Epoch 26/100
                       =======] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6141 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Enoch 27/100
                       =======] - 0s 7ms/step - loss: 0.6132 - accuracy: 0.7500
   Epoch 28/100
   1/1 [===
                 h 29/100
   1/1 [=====
                       FOR 2000 EPOCHS
import numpy as np
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
x_{train} = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_train = np.array([[0], [1], [1], [1]])
model.add(Dense(2, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=2000)
x_{test} = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
y_pred = np.round(y_pred)
print("Prediction:
              ", y_pred)
   Epoch 1/2000
                           ====] - 1s 506ms/step - loss: 1.0636 - accuracy: 0.2500
   Epoch 2/2000
   1/1 [=====
Epoch 3/2000
                    1/1 [======
                      =======] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 1.0260 - accuracy: 0.0000e+00
   Epoch 4/2000
1/1 [======
Epoch 5/2000
                            ===] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 1.0083 - accuracy: 0.2500
   1/1 [==
                     =======| - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.9911 - accuracy: 0.2500
   Epoch 6/2000
                      =======] - 0s 14ms/step - loss: 0.9745 - accuracy: 0.2500
   1/1 [=====
   Epoch 7/2000
   1/1 [=
                      =======] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.9583 - accuracy: 0.2500
   Epoch 8/2000
                    Epoch 9/2000
                       =======] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.9276 - accuracy: 0.2500
   Epoch 10/2000
   1/1 [=
                     Epoch 11/2000
                          ====] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.8986 - accuracy: 0.2500
   1/1 [===
   Epoch 12/2000
                  =========] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.8849 - accuracy: 0.2500
   1/1 [=====
Epoch 13/2000
                  ======== 1 - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.8715 - accuracy: 0.2500
   Epoch 14/2000
   1/1 [==
                         =====] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.8585 - accuracy: 0.2500
   Epoch 15/2000
   1/1 [=
                       Epoch 16/2000
                      Epoch 17/2000
   1/1 [======
Epoch 18/2000
                       ======] - 0s 7ms/step - loss: 0.8220 - accuracy: 0.2500
                       =======1 - 0s 8ms/sten - loss: 0.8106 - accuracy: 0.2500
    Epoch 19/2000
                        ======] - 0s 35ms/step - loss: 0.7995 - accuracy: 0.2500
   Epoch 20/2000
                  Epoch 21/2000
                       =======] - 0s 19ms/step - loss: 0.7784 - accuracy: 0.2500
   Enoch 22/2000
                            ==] - 0s 10ms/step - loss: 0.7683 - accuracy: 0.2500
   Epoch 23/2000
                    L
h 24/2000
                    Epoch 25/2000
                      Epoch 26/2000
               Fnoch 27/2000
                     Epoch 28/2000
```

· If the accuracy is not increasing then we need to modify the learning rate.

, Î

This means that sqd is not reaching the learning rate.

```
· When you need to use many epochs use "Verbose" to save time
import numpy as np
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(2, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
\label{local_model_compile} $$ \operatorname{model.compile}(\operatorname{optimizer='sgd', loss='binary\_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']) $$ \operatorname{model.fit}(x\_train, y\_train, epochs=2000, verbose = 0) $$ $$
x_test = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
y_pred = np.round(y_pred)
print("Prediction: ", y_pred)
                   -----| - 0s 41ms/step
    Prediction: [[0.]
     [1.]]
AND GATE TRAINING USING KERAS
import numpy as np
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
x_{train} = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])

y_{train} = np.array([[0], [0], [0], [1]])
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(2, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=10)
x_{test} = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
y_pred = np.round(y_pred)
print("Prediction: ", y_pred)
loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(x_train, y_train )
print ("loss: ", loss)
print ("accuracy: ", accuracy)
pred = model.predict(x_train)
pred = (model.predict(x_train)>0.5).astype(int)
pred
    Epoch 1/10
              1/1 [=====
    Epoch 2/10
    1/1 [=====
Epoch 3/10
               Epoch 6/10
1/1 [=====
Epoch 7/10
           1/1 [=====
Epoch 8/10
              Epoch 9/10
1/1 [=====
             Epoch 10/10
    Prediction: [[0.]
     [0.]]
                       array([[0],
[0],
          [0]])
FOR 100 EPOCHS
import numpy as np
from keras, models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
x_train = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_{train} = np.array([[0], [0], [0], [1]])
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(2, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
```

model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

XOR GATE TRAINING FROM KERAS

[0]])

model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=2000, verbose=0)

```
import numpy as np
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
x_train = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_train = np.array([[0], [1], [1], [0]])
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(2, input_dim=2, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
{\tt model.fit(x\_train,\ y\_train,\ epochs=10000,\ verbose=0)}
x_test = np.array([[0, 0], [0, 1], [1, 0], [1, 1]])
y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
y_pred = np.round(y_pred)
print("Prediction: ", y_pred)
loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(x_train, y_train )
print ("loss: ", loss)
print ("accuracy: ", accuracy)
pred = model.predict(x_train)
     -----] - 0s 42ms/step
```

This shows that by running many epochs we can even train XOR gate.

Colab paid products - Cancel contracts here