PizzaHut Sales Analysis Using SQL

Overview:

This project conducts a comprehensive analysis of sales data from Pizza Hut to uncover valuable insights into customer behaviour, product popularity, and revenue trends. The analysis is performed using SQL queries on a relational database containing transactional data from Pizza Hut outlets.

Analysis:

The analysis covers the following aspects:

- Sales Trends: Identifying patterns and trends in sales over time.
- Customer Segmentation: Analyzing customer demographics and behavior to identify key segments.
- Product Performance: Evaluating the popularity and profitability of different products.
- Category wise Analysis: Examining sales trends and preferences across different categories.

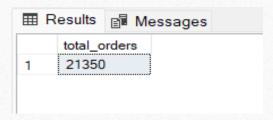
Create the database.
Create the tables by importing the files.

```
Create database PizzaHut;

--import files
select * from order_details;
select * from orders;
select * from pizza_types;
select * from pizzas;
```

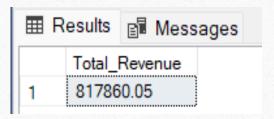
Total Orders: Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
Select count(order_id) as total_orders
from orders;
```



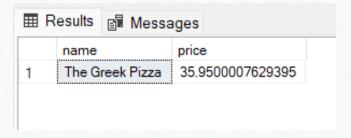
Total Revenue: Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
□select
| Round(Sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price),2) as Total_Revenue
| from order_details
| Join
| pizzas on order_details.Pizza_id=Pizzas.pizza_id;
```



Highest-Priced Pizza: Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
□ Select top 1 pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
    from pizza_types
    Join
    pizzas
    on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = Pizzas.pizza_type_id
    order by price desc;
```



Most Common Pizza Size: Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
select pizzas.size, count(order_details.quantity) as order_count
from pizzas
join order_details
on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
group by pizzas.size
order by order_count desc;
```

Results		■ Messages	s
	size	order_count	
1	L	18526	
2	М	15385	
3	S	14137	
4	XL	544	
5	XXL	28	

Top 5 Most Ordered Pizza Types: List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
☐ select top 5 pizza_types.name, Sum(order_details.quantity) as Quantities

from pizza_types

Join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id

Join order_details on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id

group by pizza_types.name
order by Quantities desc;
```

⊞ F	Results 🖺 Messages	
	name	Quantities
1	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
3	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
4	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
5	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Pizza Category Quantity: Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
□ select pizza_types.category, Sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity
from Pizza_types
join pizzas on Pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
join order_details on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category
order by quantity desc;
```

	category	quantity
1	Classic	14888
2	Supreme	11987
3	Veggie	11649
4	Chicken	11050

Order Distribution by Hour: Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
select datepart(hour, order_time) as order_hour, count(order_id) as order_count
from orders
group by datepart(hour, order_time)
order by order_count;
```

■ Results			
	order_hour	order_count	
1	9	1	
2	10	8	
3	23	28	
4	22	663	
5	21	1198	
6	11	1231	
7	15	1468	
8	14	1472	
9	20	1642	
10	16	1920	
11	19	2009	
12	17	2336	
13	18	2399	
14	13	2455	
15	12	2520	

Category-Wise Pizza Distribution: Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
select * from pizza_types;

select category, count(name) as Pizzas_count
from pizza_types
group by category;
```

■ Results		
	category	Pizzas_count
1	Chicken	6
2	Classic	8
3	Supreme	9
4	Veggie	9

Average Pizzas Ordered per Day: Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
in the order_quantity as
    (select orders.order_date, sum(order_details.quantity) as total_orders
    from orders
    Join order_details on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    group by orders.order_date)
    select avg(total_orders) as average_pizzas_orderered_per_day from order_quantity;
```



Top 3 Pizza Types by Revenue: Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
select * from pizza_types

= select top 3 pizza_types.name, Sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types
join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.name
order by revenue;
```

⊞R	Results 🗐 Messages	
	name	revenue
1	The Brie Carre Pizza	11588.4998130798
2	The Green Garden Pizza 13955.75	
3	The Spinach Supreme Pizza 15277.75	

Pizza Type Revenue Contribution: Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
select * from pizza_types
select * from pizza_types
select * from order_details

select pizza_types.category, Round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price)/(select sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price)
as total_sales from order_details
join Pizzas on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id)*100, 2) as revenue
from pizza_types
join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category
order by revenue desc;
```

⊞ Results				
	category	revenue		
1	Classic	26.91		
2	Supreme	25.46		
3	Chicken	23.96		
4	Veggie	23.68		

Cumulative Revenue Over Time: Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select * from orders;
select * from order_details;
select * from Pizzas;
;with total_sales_on_each_day as
select orders.order_date, sum(order_Details.quantity*pizzas.price) as total_sales
from orders
join order_details on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
join pizzas on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by orders.order_date
select order_date, sum(total_sales) over (order by order_date) as cumulative_revenue from total_sales_on_each_day;
```

===	Results	M	essages
	order_	_date	total_sales
1	2015-	02-14	2319.15000343323
2	2015-	01-22	2496.70000076294
3	2015-	12-20	2104.90000152588
4	2015-	04-01	2176.85000228882
5	2015-	03-09	2334.55000305176
6	2015-	07-27	2172.00000190735
7	2015-	08-02	1910.14999961853
8	2015-	08-19	2332.95000267029
9	2015-	08-25	1958.89999961853
10	2015-	06-11	2650.5000038147
11	2015-	11-27	4422.45000267029
12	2015-	07-04	3864.20000076294
13	2015-	11-04	1966.10000228882
14	2015-	05-02	2400.20000267029
15	2015-	01-16	2594.15000152588
16	2015-	01-28	2016
17	2015-	12-26	1643.05000495911
18	2015-	06-17	2137.10000038147
19	2015-	10-04	2142.20000267029
20	2015-	11-10	2042.60000038147
21	2015-	08-13	2074.15000343323
22	2015-	06-23	2042.75
23	2015-	09-28	2035.30000114441
24	2015-	05-08	3052.30000686646
25	2015-	11-13	2264.55000114441
26	2015-	03-20	2461.2500038147
27	2015-	12-06	2350.25000190735
28	2015-	04-15	2578.85000419617
29	2015-	06-03	1907.05000305176
30	2015-	02-05	2215.80000114441

Top 3 Pizza Types by Revenue (Category-Wise): Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
;with revenue_by_Pizza_category as
(
select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name, Sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue,
rank() over (partition by category order by Sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) desc) as rank
from pizza_types
join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name
)
select category, revenue from revenue_by_Pizza_category where rank <= 3</pre>
```

⊞R	esults 📳	Messages
	category	revenue
1	Chicken	43434.25
2	Chicken	42768
3	Chicken	41409.5
4	Classic	38180.5
5	Classic	32273.25
6	Classic	30161.75
7	Supreme	34831.25
8	Supreme	33476.75
9	Supreme	30940.5
10	Veggie	32265.7010040283
11	Veggie	26780.75
12	Veggie	26066.5

Contributions:

Contributions to enhance the analysis or add new features are welcome. Please fork the repository, make your changes, and submit a pull request for review.

Acknowledgments:

• The data used in this project is sourced from Kaggle.

Thank you!!