Banking System - Project Report

Project Title:

Banking System (Using Functions, Dictionaries & File Handling)

Technologies Used:

- Python
- JSON for persistent file storage

Concepts Covered:

- Functions
- Dictionaries
- File Handling
- Basic User Authentication

Project Implementation Summary

Implemented Features:

1. User Registration:

- Allows creation of a new user account.
- o Stores user data including password and starting balance.

2. User Login (Authentication):

- Users log in with a username and password.
- Only logged-in users can access account features.

3. **Deposit Functionality:**

- o Logged-in users can deposit funds.
- Balance is updated and saved in the JSON file.

4. Withdraw Functionality:

- Users can withdraw money if they have enough balance.
- Prevents overdrafts.

5. Check Balance:

o Displays the current account balance.

6. Transfer Money

- Enables transferring money between two existing users.
- Validates sufficient balance before allowing the transfer.

7. Generate Monthly Statement (CSV)

- Allows users to generate a bank statement.
- A CSV file is created showing username, balance, and timestamp.

8. Currency Converter

- Converts the user's balance (or any custom amount) from one currency to another.
- Fetches real-time exchange rates from the ExchangeRate-API.

9. Simple Chatbot Assistant

- Answers basic user questions about how to use the banking system.
- Helps users understand deposit, withdrawal, transfer, and balance check processes

File Handling:

- o Account data is stored in a file called users.json.
- Ensures data persistence across sessions.

How different functionalities work:

- When the program starts, it loads all user accounts from users.json.
- A new user can register or an existing user can log in.
- After login, users can perform deposit, withdraw, transfer, check balance, currency conversion, and chatbot interaction.
- The banking menu is available until the user logs out.
- All changes are immediately saved to ensure persistence even if the program closes unexpectedly.

Limitations & Challenges

1. Plain Text Passwords

- o Passwords are stored in the JSON file without encryption.
- o Real systems must hash passwords for security.

2. Input Validation

 Some basic input validation (try-except blocks) is done, but more robust validation is needed for better user experience.

3. Currency Converter Dependency

- o The currency converter depends on an external API.
- o If the API is unavailable or network connection fails, the feature does not work.

4. Limited Scalability

 Storing data in a JSON file is fine for a few users but not suitable for thousands of users or multi-user concurrent access.

5. No Transaction History

The system does not store full transaction histories (deposits, withdrawals, transfers) —
only the final balance is maintained.

6. No Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)

- Only password-based login is used.
- o Adding email/SMS OTP would greatly improve security.

7. Command-Line Interface Only

- The system currently runs on the terminal.
- o No graphical user interface (GUI) for easier interaction.

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Challenges Faced During Development:

Handling File Format Errors

o Ensuring correct reading and writing of users. json without corrupting the file.

• Managing Currency API Integration

o Handling API failures and bad responses required careful exception handling.

Structuring the Code

 Keeping functions modular (register, login, deposit, withdraw, etc.) for easier debugging and future extension.

• Dealing with String Formatting

o Formatting balance amounts with dollar signs and two decimal places using f-strings.

File Overwriting

 Making sure new actions append or update user data properly instead of overwriting everything accidentally.

Future Implementation Plan

Planned Enhancements:

Password Hashing

- Implement bcrypt to hash and verify passwords securely.
- Protect user credentials from data breaches.

• Transaction History

- Record each transaction (deposit, withdraw, transfer) with timestamp, type, and amount.
- o Display transaction history when the user requests it.

• Improved Error Handling

- Validate all inputs more strictly.
- o Handle API failures gracefully (e.g., try another currency API if one fails).

• Upgrade to SQLite Database

- o Replace users.json with an SQLite database.
- Allow multi-user support and better data integrity.

Forgot Password Recovery System

o Implement security questions or email OTP to recover lost accounts.

• Two-Factor Authentication (2FA)

Add OTP verification during login for extra security.

Graphical User Interface (GUI)

- o Build a simple GUI with Tkinter for easier use.
- Alternatively, develop a web application using Flask.

• Deployment as Web Service

- Turn the system into a Flask or FastAPI app.
- Deploy it online for access via browser or mobile apps.