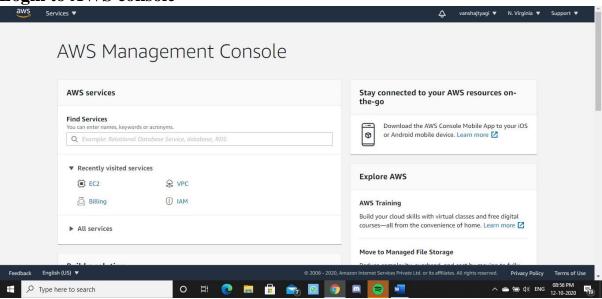
1. Overview of AWS: Amazon Web Services is a subsidiary of Amazon providing on-demand cloud computing platforms and APIs to individuals, companies, and governments, on a metered pay-as-you-go basis.

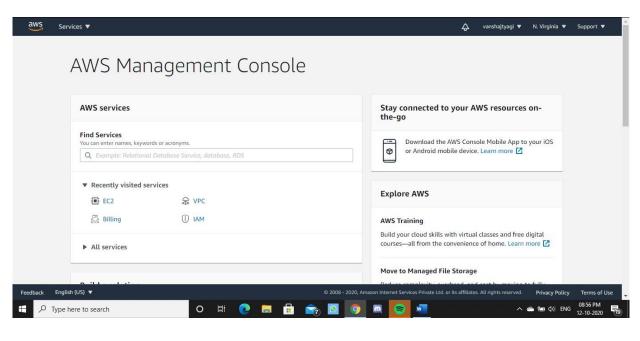
2. Tasks to be done:

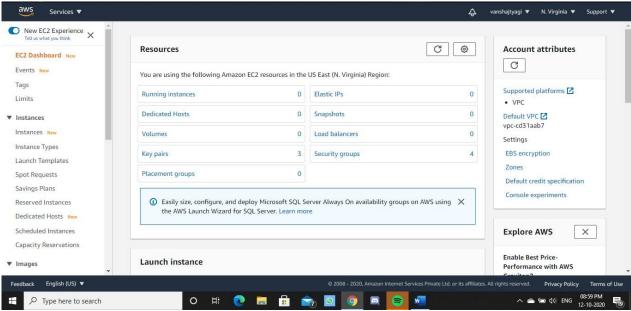
- In AWS, launch and connect EC2 service with SSH
- **3. Steps for practical**: (Mention the steps for each and every task)

1. Login to AWS console

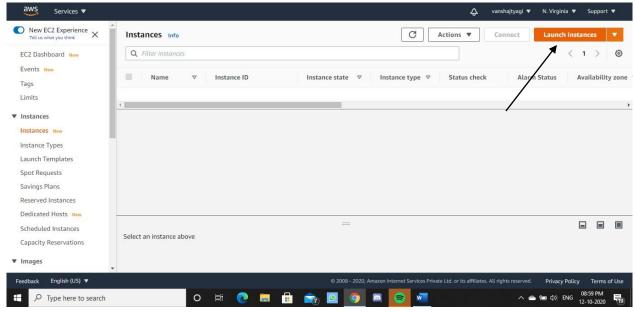


2. Open EC2 service and start creating the instance by clicking on instance(running).

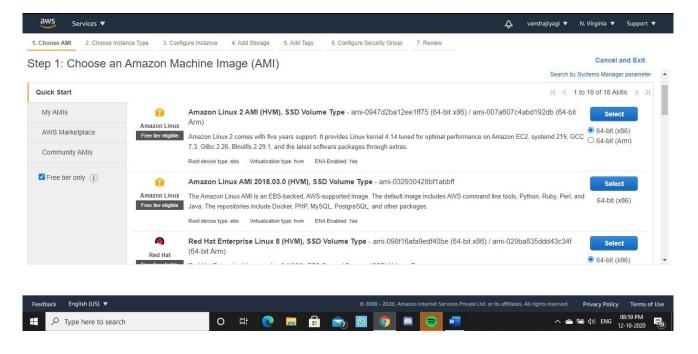




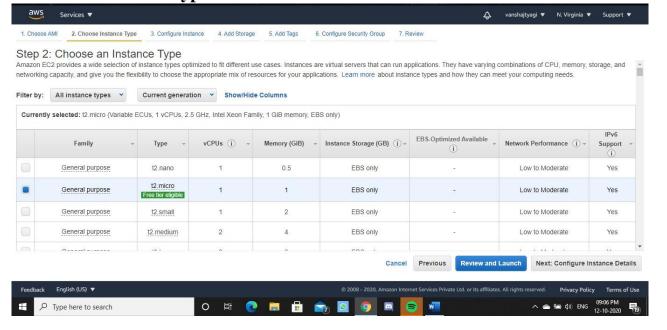
3. Click on instance to create a new one.



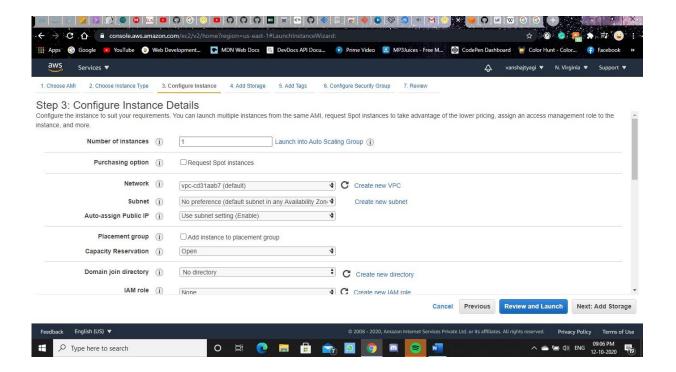
4. Click on Launch instances and select the Amazon Machine Image



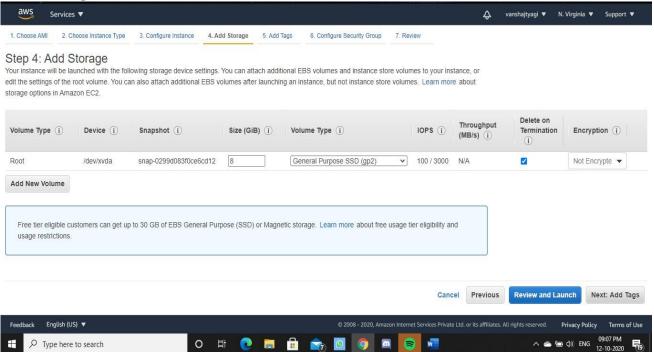
5. Choose the instance type and click on next.



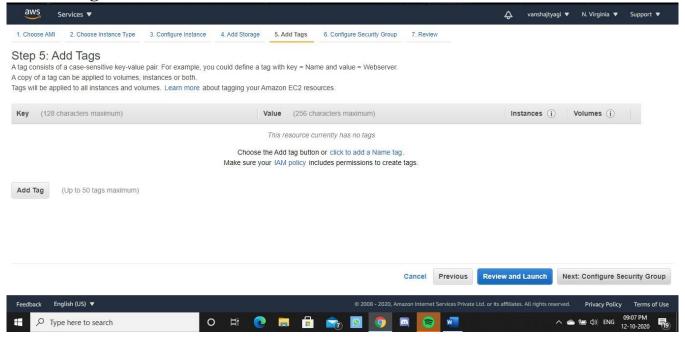
6. Configure instance details and click on next.



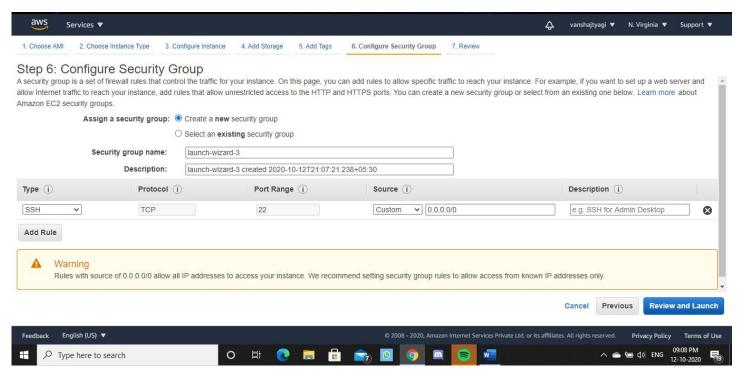
7. Add storage and click on next.



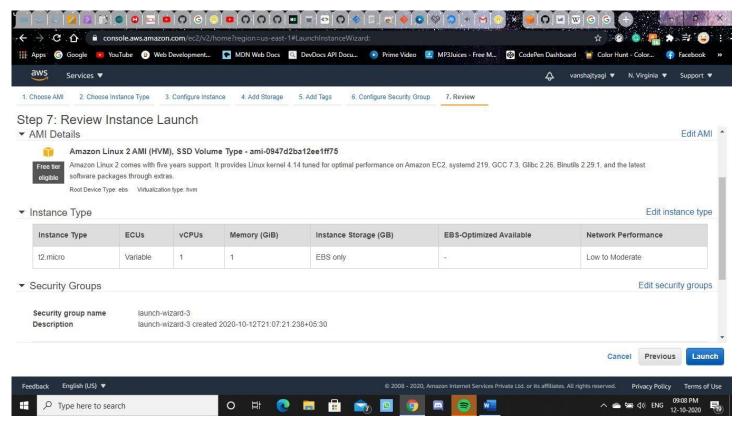
8. Add the tags and click on next.



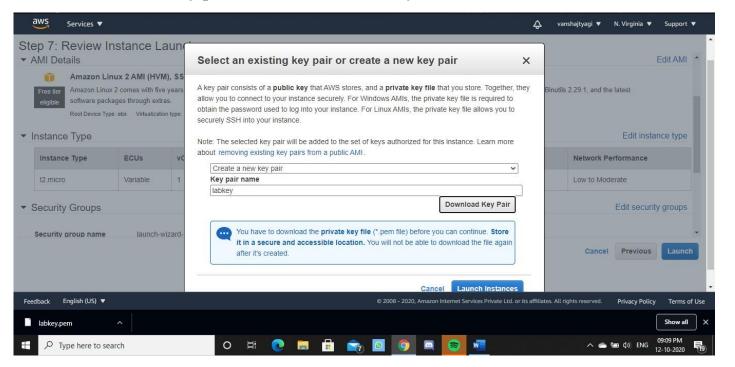
9. Configure the security group and click on review and launch.



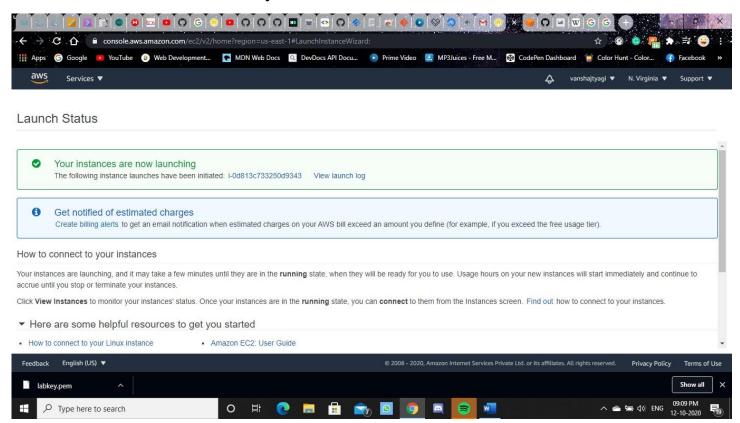
10. Review the instance details, edit if necessary and click on Launch.



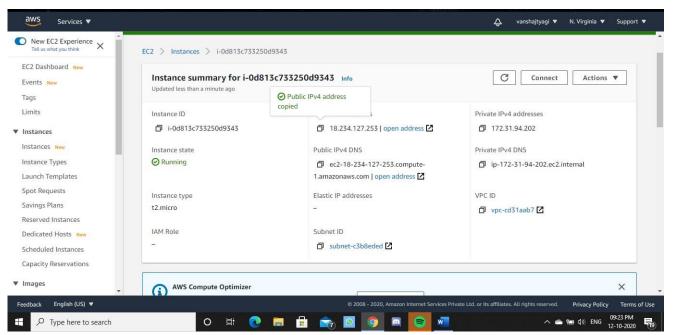
11. Create a new key pair and download the key for further use .



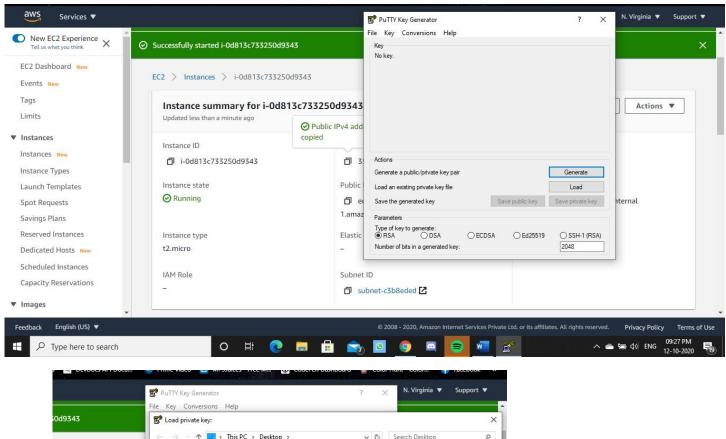
12. The instance is successfully launched.

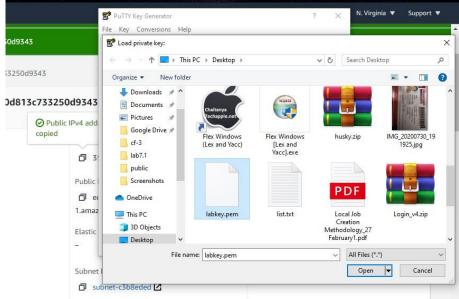


13. Now we need to connect it with terminal to work on this. So we will the copy the public IPv4 address .



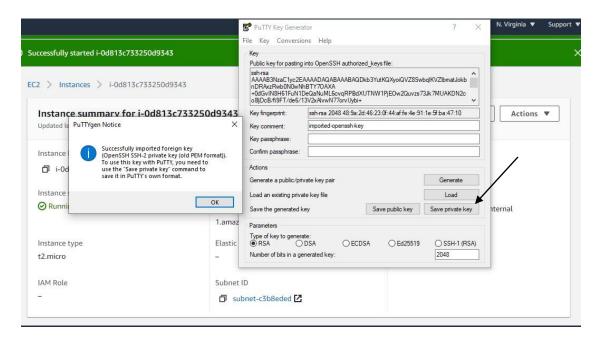
14. Open puttyGen and load the key which we have downloaded earlier.

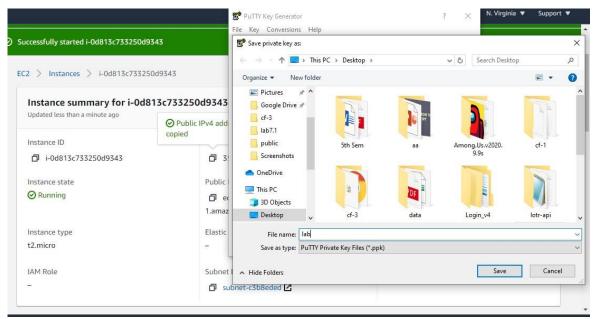




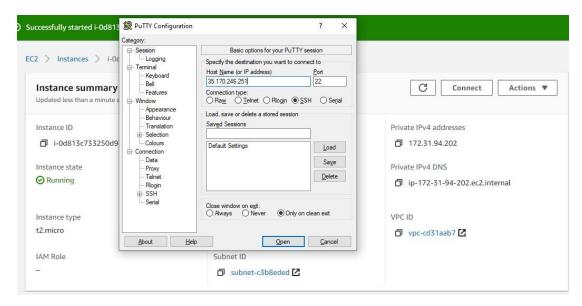
open the key and save it as

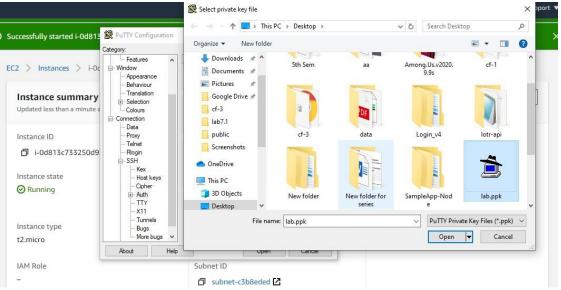
Private key

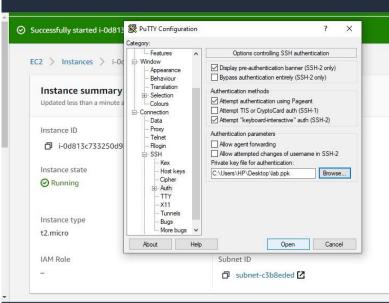




15. Add public IPv4 in hostname of putty



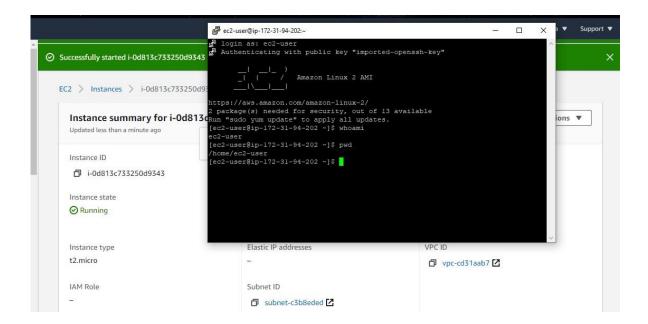




Goto connection > SSH > Auth > and

browse the saved private key from puttygen and select open, which will open our instance terminal.

16. This will work as terminal for our instance and it will be same as linux(as we chose linux AMI), we can see that by typing some linux command as whoami, pwd.



6. Result:

• We successfully launched and connected EC2 with SSH.