## Computer Oriented Statistical Methods

Short answer type questions:

	(a)	Snow that sum of deviations about arithmetic mean is zero.	
	(b)	If regression coefficient of Y on X is 4/5 and X on Y is	
		9/20, find correlation coefficient between X and Y. 3	
	(c)	Determine the binomial distribution for which the mean is	
	- 1	4 and variance 3 and find its mode.	
	(d)	Discuss the importane of standard error in large sample theory.	
	(e)	Describe T-test single mean. 3	
بهريد دلع	(f)	State the basic assumptions in ANOVA.	
	1	UNIT-I	
	The	The first tour moments of a distribution about the origin are 1.	
	4, 1	0 and 46 respectively. Prove that the given distribution is	
	syn	nmetrical and normal. Find also mean, median, mode and	
	var	iance of the distribution. 18	
	(a)	The first of the two samples has 100 items, with mean 15	
		and variance 9. If the whole group has 250 items with mean	
49		156 and variance 13.44, find the variance of second group.	

(b) Prove that for any discrete distribution standard deviationnot less than mean deviation from mean. 9

UNIT-II

4. (a) Given that the regression equations of Y on X and X on Y are respectively Y = X and 4X - Y = 3, and that the second moment of X about the origin is 2, find the correlation coefficient between X and Y and.

(b) Prove that regression coefficients are independent of the change of origin but not of scale.

5. (a) If X and Y are independent Poisson variates such that: P(X = 1) = P(X = 2) and P(Y = 2) = P(Y = 3)Find the variance of X - 2Y.

(b) The incidence of occupational disease in an industry is such that the workers have 20% chance of suffering from it. What is the probability that out of six workers choosen at random, four or more will suffer from the disease.

## UNIT-III

6. (a) Fit the curve  $y = ax^2 + (b/x)$  to the following data:

y -1.51 0.99 3.88 7.66 9

(b) Enumerate any three applications of chi-square distribution.

7. Write an algorithm for fitting the curve  $Y = ae^{bx}$ . 18
UNIT-IV

8. (a) State and prove Baye's Theorem in decision-making. 9

(b) The contents of urns I and II are as follows:

1 white, 2 black and 3 red balls and 2 white, 1 black and
1 red ball. One urn is chosen at random and two balls
drawn. They happen to be white and red. What is the
probability that they come from urn II?

9. The following table shows the lives in hours of four batches of

electric lamps:

1 1600 1610 1650 1680 1700 1720 1800

2 1580 1640 1640 1700 1750

3 1460 1550 1600 1620 1640 1660 1740 1820

1510 1520 1530 1570 1600 1680

Perform an analysis of variance of these data and show that a significance test does not reject their homogenrity (Tabulated  $\vec{r}$  for 3 and 22 df = 3.05).