

STATISTICS AND ANALYTICS FOR DECISION-MAKING

MBA-106

1. Compulsory Question

State and describe the following

- (a) Non-sampling errors.
- (b) Classical probability rule.
- (c) Wilcoxon test.
- (d) Statistical hypothesis.
- (e) Law of large number.

2. Three machines producing 40%, 35% and 25% of the total output are known to produce with defective proportion of items as: 0.04, 0.06 and 0.03, respectively. On a particular day, a unit of output is selected at random, and is found to be defective. What is the probability that it was produced by the second machine?

3. In a certain manufacturing process, 2% of the tools produced turn out to be defective. Find the probability that in a sample of 50 tools, at least 3 will be defective.

4. What is Random sampling? Describe Random sampling methods in detail.

5. Define statistical hypothesis. Describe its testing procedure.

6. A sample of size 10 drawn from a normal population having mean as 31, and variance as 2.25. Is it reasonable to assume that the mean of the population is 30? Assume $\alpha = 0.01$.

7. Fit a Poisson distribution to the following observations relating to the number of car accident in a city during a year and test the goodness of fit :

No. of Car

Accident (x) :	0	1	2	3	4
Frequency :	210	90	40	15	10

8. What is Estimation? Describe interval estimation of population mean, proportion and variance.

9. Write a detailed note on the adequacy of Microsoft Excel as data analytic software.