

**MCA/D07**  
**Computer Oriented Numerical and Statistical Methods**  
**MCA -105**

**Time : 3 Hours**

**MM:50**

**Note:- Question no 1 is compulsory. In addition to compulsory question Attempt Four more questions by selecting One Question from each unit.**

**UNIT-I**

- 1(a) Discuss various types of computational errors with one example each. 5**  
**(b) Assuming that computer can handle only 4 digit mantissa, calculate the absolute and relative errors in the following operations where  $p=0.02455$  and  $q=0.001756$**

<p><b>(i)          <math>pxq</math></b></p>	<p><b>(ii)          <math>\frac{p-q}{p+q}</math></b></p>	<p><b>5</b></p>
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- 2(a) Write a program in C to solve the equation**  
 $x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 6 = 0$   
**Using Newton-Raphson method.**  
**(b) Solve the equation  $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$  using Bisection method.**

- 3 Illustrate Gauss elimination algorithm and apply it to solve the following system of equation**

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 &= 5 \\ 3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5x_3 &= 6 \\ 4x_1 + 5x_2 + 6x_3 &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

**10**

**UNIT-II**

- 4(a) Using Lagrangian interpolation formula, find the values of y at  $x=1.25$  and  $x=1.45$ , given the following set of data.**

<b>X</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>1.50</b>	
<b>Y</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>1.063</b>	<b>1.091</b>	<b>1.119</b>	<b>1.145</b>	<b>5</b>

- (b) The velocity v (km/min.) of a moped which starts from rest, is given at fixed intervals of time / (min) as follows:**

<b>t</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>20</b>
<b>v</b>	<b>:</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>

**Estimate approximately the distance covered in 20 minutes using Simpson rule.**

5(a) Use Trapezoidal rule to evaluate  $\int_0^1 x^3 dx$  considering five sub-intervals. 5

(b) Find the cubic polynomial which takes the following values:

x : 0 1 2 3  
f(x) : 1 2 1 10

Hence or otherwise evaluate f(4) 5

6(a) Find f'(0.1) and f''(0.1) from the following table of values :

x : 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5  
y = f(x) : 10 19 40 79 142 5

(b) Find by Taylor's series method, the values of y at x=0.1 and x=0.2 to five places of decimals from

$\frac{dy}{dx}$

$= x^2 y - 1, y(0) = 1$

dx

5

7(a) Construct the table of differences for the data below:

x : 0 1 2 3 4  
f(x) : 1.0 1.5 2.2 3.1 4.6

Evaluate  $\Delta^3 f(2)$ . 5

(b) Evaluate  $\Delta^2 \left[ \frac{5x+12}{x^2+5x+16} \right]$  5

### UNIT-III

8(a) The following figure relate to the production (in kg) of three varieties of wheat A, B and C used in 15 plots:

Wheat Variety	Yields (in Kg)
A	14 17 16 16
B	15 11 13 15 13 14
C	18 16 18 19 15

Test whether there is any significant difference in the production of three varieties. 5

(b) Fit a geometric curve  $y = ax^b$  to the following data:

x :	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
y :	38	6	0	-5	-41	130	300

- 9(a) A random sample of 10 boys had the following I.Q.s:  
70, 120, 110, 101, 88, 83, 95, 98, 107, 100.  
Do these data support the assumption of a population mean I.Q. of 100? Find a reasonable range in which most of the mean I.Q. values of samples of 10 boys lie. 5
- (b) A correlation coefficient of 0.72 is obtained from a sample of 29 pairs of observations. Can the sample be regarded as drawn from a bivariate normal population in which true correlation coefficient is 0.8? 5
- 9 Write short notes on the following:
- (i) Contingency table
  - (ii) Time Series analysis
  - (iii) Cyclic movement
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