

LOGICAL ORGANIZATION OF COMPUTER-I

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 80

Note : Attempt five questions in all, selecting **one** question from each unit in addition to compulsory

Question No. 1. All questions carry equal marks.

Compulsory Question

1. (a) Discuss cyclic code. 3
- (b) Abbreviate 3
ASCII, BCD, EBCDIC.
- (c) Make Venn Diagram for AND gate. 3
- (d) Make T.T. for 3 variables AND, NOR gate. 3
- (e) Discuss Half Adder 3
- (f) Make T.T. (only) for 1
$$a + (b + c) = (a + b) + c$$
 T = 16

UNIT-I

2. Convert as follows :

- (a) (i) $(7.3)_{10} \rightarrow ()_2$ 4
 $\rightarrow ()_8$

$$(ii) (X)_5 = (2134)_{10}$$

2

$$(iii) (DE4) \rightarrow ()_2$$

$$\rightarrow ()_8$$

4

(b) Use 2's complement to solve :

$$-16$$

$$+48$$

$$-20$$

$$-32$$

6

3. (a) Discuss floating point Arithmetic with conditions of overflow and underflow. 8

(b) Explain error detection and correction coding scheme. 3

UNIT-II

4. (a) Write postulates of Boolean Algebra. 8

(b) State and prove Demorgan's Law. 4

(c) Solve using Boolean Algebra

$$(X + Y) (\bar{X}Z + Z) (\bar{Y} + XZ) = \bar{X}YZ. \quad 4$$

5. (a) Draw and label 4 variable K-Map. 4

(b) Solve using K-Map

$$Z(A, B, C) = \sum_{\phi} 1, 3, 5 + \sum_{\phi} 6, 7$$

$$Z(A, B, C, D) = \pi 0, 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 11$$

$$Z(A, B, C, D) = \sum_{\phi} 0, 1, 4, 5, 1 + \sum_{\phi} 10, 11, 15 \quad 12$$

UNIT-III

6. (a) Prove that NAND, NOR are Universal gates.

(b) Use NAND gates only to solve Full-Adder. 4

(c) Use Logic Gates to Design

$$(\bar{X}Y + X\bar{Y}) (A\bar{B}C + \bar{A}\bar{E}\bar{C})$$

$$(\bar{a} + \bar{b}).(\overline{a + b}).(\bar{X}Y + PQ) \quad 8$$

7. (a) Explain Design and Analysis Procedure of Combinational Circuits. 8
- (b) Explain concept of Multilevel NAND and NOR gates. 8

UNIT-IV

8. (a) Design 4 : 1 multiplexer. 8
- 16 (b) Design Binary to Decimal Decoder as 4 to 10 line. 8
9. (a) Explain 7-Segment Display 8
- (b) Make code convertor from 8421 to cyclic. 8