

DATA STRUCTURE-I

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 90

1. Short answer type :

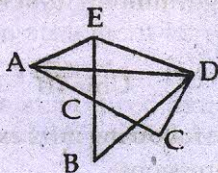
- a) Differentiate between static and dynamic data structure with example.
- b) Explain time and space trade off of an algorithm.
- c) Evaluate the following post fix exp.

$$A \ 582 + \bullet \ 84 / + =$$

- d) A (a:10, 1:10) is a 10×10 array. Each element of the array is stored in two types of memory. If A [1] [1] begins at address 500.

Compute the address of A [5] [6] when

- i) The organisation is row major
 - ii) The organisation is column major
- e) Consider the graph :



- i) Find the degree of each mode
- ii) Adjacency matrix A of graph
- iii) Adjacency list of Graph

Unit-I

2.
 - a) Differentiate between linear and non-linear data structure & with memory representation.
 - b) Explain insertion and deletion operation in a sequentially organised structure>
3.
 - a) Write various string handling function available and their applications.
 - b) Write an algorithm to locate a substring in a string.

Unit-II

4.
 - a) How many data elements can be hold by an there arrays with dimension
 $K(1:M)$, $Y(-1 : M, 1 : N)$ and $(-4:0, 2)$
 - b) A two dimensional array A with M rows and N columns are given. Write an algorithm to transpose this array.
5.
 - a) Differentiate between a single linked list and double linked list with respect to organisation?
 - b) Write an algorithm to count the number of nodes in a linked list.

Unit-III

6.
 - a) Convert the following infix expression into prefix and postfix expressions:

! (a & ((b<c) !! (c>d))) !! (c<e)

- b) A recursive procedure is defined by

$f(x) = 1$ if $x < 2$

$f(x-1) + f(x-2)$; otherwise

Write an algorithm to implement the above procedure and compute the value of $F(5)$.

7. a) Describe sequential and linked representation of a queue structure in memory.
b) Write PUSH and POP algorithm for a stack structure.

UNIT-IV

8. a) The order of nodes of a binary tree in preorder and in order traversal are as

Preorder : A B C D F H J M K E G I L N

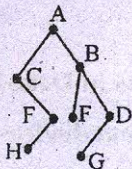
inorder : A D J M H K F C I N L G E B

Draw the corresponding binary tree

- b) Write an algorithm to traverse a binary tree in post order using a stack.
9. a) For the binary trees

Find :

- i) Terminal
ii) Non terminal nodes
iii) Level of each node



- b) Describe the internal memory representation of the

binary tree in the above figure (Part-A) as

- i) A sequential representation
- ii) A linked representation
- iii) A threaded linked representation.

