# MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS-I

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

## (Compulsory Question)

- 1. Attempt all the following:
  - a) Write down all the subsets of {1, 2, 3}.
  - Find the complement of each element of the lattice  $D_{35}$ .
    - In how many ways can 5 beads of different colours form a necklace?

d) Solve 
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 7\frac{dy}{dx} - 6y = 0$$

e) Differentiate  $(e^{x^x})w.r.t.x$ .

## SECTION - I

- a) Prove that A-(B  $\cap$  C) = (A-B)  $\cap$  (A-C).
  - b) In how many ways can a selection be made out of 4 red, 2 white and 2 blue identical balls?
- a) Which of the following lattices are Boolean algebra.
- i)  $D_{15}$  (ii)  $D_{70}$  iii)  $D_{99}$
- b Find the number of arrangements that can be made out of the letters of the word "MATHEMATICS". In How many of these vowels occur together?

#### SECTION-II

(a) Show that

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^{t/x}}{e^{t/x} + 1}$$
 does not exist.

b) If 
$$\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{1-y^2} = a(x-y)$$
. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ 

5. a) If 
$$y = x^x + x^{\sin x}$$
, find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ 

b) Find nth derivative of  $\frac{1}{2x+3}$ .

### SECTION-III

6. a) Find the differential equation of the system of circles touching x-axis at the origin.

b) Solve 
$$y - x \frac{dy}{dx} = a \left( y^2 + \frac{dy}{dx} \right)$$

- 7. a) Solve  $(x+2y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = y$ 
  - b) Solve  $x^2 y dx (x^3+y^3)dy=0$

## Section-IV

8. (a) Solve 
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 6\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + x^2$$

b) Solve 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2 + 4y = x\sin x}$$

9. a) Solve 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2 + y} = xe^x \cos x.$$

b) Solve 
$$x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2y = x^2 + \frac{1}{x}$$