MCA/ M11 Computer Networks and Data Communication Paper: MCA 202

Time: Three Hours Maximum Marks:

80

Note: Question No. 1 is compulsory. In addition to this attempt four questions by selecting one question from each Unit.

- 1. (a) What is frame relay? Discuss its significance.
 - (b) What is Load Shedding? Explain
 - (b) Differentiate between ADSL and Cable.
 - (c) What do you understand by limited contention Protocols? Discuss their role.
 - (d) What is distance vector routing? Explain
 - (e) What do you understand by transmission impairments? How are these significant?
 - (f) What is Nyquist theorem? State its significance.
 - (g) What is FDDI? Discuss its role.

Unit-I

- 2. (a) What is OSI reference model? Explain the model by detailing out all important features.
 - (b) What is network software? How are network protocols and architecture related? How are network protocols relevant in context of network software? illustrate.
- 3. Differentiate between the following:-
 - (a) Connection-less and connection-oriented protocols.
 - (b) Point-to-point and Broadcast networks.

Unit-II

- 4. (a) What do you mean by wireless transmission? What makes this transmission? more challenging? Illustrate
- (b) what is encoding? illustrate different types of Manchester encoding techniques.
- 5. Differentiate between the following:-
 - (a) Circuit switching and packet switching.
 - (b) FDM and TDM.

UNIT-III

- 6. (a) What are the main responsibilities of data link layer? How does this layer address error and flow control related issues? Explain
 - (c) Data link protocol almost always put the CRC in a trailer rather than in a header. Why?
- 7. Explain the following:-
 - (a) DQDB
 - (b) Sliding window protocols.

UNIT-IV

- 8. (a) What are Adhoc networks? How routing takes place in Adhoc networks? Illustrate.
 - (b) What is routing? What are routing algorithms? How is optimality principle relevant in this context? Illustrate.
- 9. Explain the followings:-
 - (a) Link State routing.
 - (b) Traffic shaping