

26/12/24

1> BFS

```
→ #include <stack.h>
# include <stdlib.h>
# define SIZE 40
```

```
struct queue {
    int items[SIZE];
    int front;
    int rear;
};
```

```
source queue → Create Queue();
void enqueue (struct queue *q, int);
int dequeue (struct queue *q);
void display (struct queue *q);
void printQueue (struct queue *q);
```

struct node {

int vertex;

struct node * next;

};

struct node * createNode (int);

struct Graph {

int numVertices;

struct node ** adjList;

int * visited;

};

void bfs (struct Graph * graph, int startvertex)

{

struct Queue * q = createQueue();

graph -> visited [start vertex] = 1;

Enqueue (q, start, vertex);

```
while (!isEmpty (q)) {
    printQueue (q);
    int currentVertex = dequeue (q);
    printf ("Visited %d\n", currentVertex);
    struct node *temp = temp = graph->adjList;
    while (temp != NULL) {
        if ((graph->visited[adjVertex] == 0) &&
            (graph->visited[adjVertex] == 1))
            enqueue (q, adjVertex);
        temp = temp->next;
    }
}
```

temp = temp->next;

3

3

```
since node = createNode (newv) ;  
since node = new node;  
newnode -> connect ( node -> melloe (size & count )  
newnode -> vertex = v  
newnode -> next = NULL;  
return newnode;
```

3

```
since node = newNode ,  
newnode = createNode ( newv );  
newnode -> next = graph -> adjList [src];  
graph -> adjList [src] = newnode ,
```

```
newNode = createNode (src);  
newNode -> next = graph -> adjList [src];  
graph -> adjList [src] = newNode; }
```

struct queue = createQueue();

struct queue = q = malloc(sizeof(struct queue));

q → front = -1;

q → rear = -1;

return q;

}

int isEmpty (struct queue *q) {

if (q → rear == -1)

return 1;

else

return 0;

}

void enqueue (struct queue *q, int value) {

if (q → rear == size - 1);

printf ("Queue is full");

else {

if (q → front == -1)

q → front = 0;

$q \rightarrow \text{rear} ++;$

$q \rightarrow \text{item}[q \rightarrow \text{rear}] = \text{value};$

3

3

void printQueue (struct queue *q) {

int r = q->front;

if (!isEmpty (q)) {

printf (" Queue is Empty");

3 else {

printf ("Queue Contains"),

for (int i = q->front; i < q->rear; i++)

printf ("\t%d", q->items[i]);

3

3

3

unit main () {

```
struct graph * graph = createGraph (5);
addEdge (graph, 0, 1);
addEdge (graph, 0, 2);
addEdge (graph, 1, 2);
addEdge (graph, 1, 4);
addEdge (graph, 1, 3);
addEdge (graph, 2, 4);
addEdge (graph, 3, 4);
```

bfs (graph, 0);

return 0;

3

O/P.

Queue Contains

0 visiting queue visited 0

Queue contains

2 1 visited 2 .

Queen contains

1 4 visited 1

Queen contains

4 3 visited 4

Queen contains

3 Resetting queen visited 3

DFS

include <stdio.h>

include <stdlib.h>

void DFS (struct Graph *graph, int vert)

{

 struct node *adjlist = graph->adjlist[vert]

 struct node *temp = adjlist;

 graph->visited[vert] = 1;

 printf ("Visited %d", vert);

 while (temp != NULL) {

 int connectedVert = temp->vertex;

 if ((graph->visited[connectedVert] == 0))

 DFS (graph, connectedVert);

 temp = temp->next;

}

3.

variable printGraph (struct Graph *graph)
 int v;
 for (v = 0; v < graph->vertices; v++)
 struct node *temp = graph->adjList[v];
 printf ("Adjacency list of vertex %d:
 ", v);
 while (temp != NULL)
 printf ("%d ", temp->vertex);
 temp = temp->next;
 }
 printf ("\n");
 return 0;
}

struct Graph *graph(4);
addEdge (graph, 0, 1);
addEdge (graph, 0, 2);
addEdge (graph, 1, 2);
addEdge = (graph, 2, 3);
print (graph (graph))
DFS (graph, 2);
return 0;

O/P:

Adjacency list of vertex 0
 $2 \rightarrow 1$

Adjacency list of vertex 1
 $2 \rightarrow 0$

Adjacency list of vertex 2
 $3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 0$

Adjacency list of vertex 3
2

visited 2

visited 3

visited 1

visited 0

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4/3/94