



Tie Breaking Formulae – SPRING SEASON

TIE-BREAKING FORMULAE FOR THE REGULAR SEASON – ALL LEAGUES

In all leagues (except Tee-Ball, in which no standings are kept), the following tiebreakers will be used for determining division or league positions for determination of champions, standings and positions for tournament "seeding".

TIE-BREAKERS FOR DIVISION OR LEAGUE CHAMPIONS

In cases where the win-loss record of games does not present a clear-cut champion, tie-breaking formulae shall be applied as follows:

1. **Head-to-Head Competition** – Win-loss percentage between or among tied teams.
2. **Division Record** (for leagues divided into divisions) – Win-loss percentage in the division.

If there is still no clear-cut champion, a playoff game or games (if more than two teams are tied) for the division or league championship shall be played.

TIE-BREAKERS FOR OTHER POSITIONS WITHIN THE DIVISION OR LEAGUE

In cases where the win-loss record of games does not present a clear-cut position winner other than champion, tie-breaking formulae shall be applied as follows:

1. **Head-to-Head Competition** (record) – Win-loss percentage between or among tied teams.
2. **Division Record** (for leagues divided into divisions) – Win-loss percentage in the division.
3. **Head-to-Head Competition** (run differential) – Total team runs minus total opponent runs in head-to-head competition.
4. **Greatest Average Run Differential** – This number shall be arrived at by subtracting total opponent runs from total team runs, and dividing the result by the number of games played.
5. **Least Number of Runs Scored Against** – Total opponent runs divided by number of games played.
6. **Most Number of Runs Scored** – Total team runs divided by number of games played.
7. **Coin Toss**

If two or more teams are tied for a position after applying the first tie-breaking step, the other tied teams are eliminated and the next tie-breaking step is applied to the remaining tied teams. This process continues until no more ties exist.