```
In [1]: import os
        from PIL import Image
        import torch
        import torchvision.transforms as transforms
        from torchvision.models import resnet18
        import numpy as np
        from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
        from sklearn.cluster import KMeans, SpectralClustering, DBSCAN, AgglomerativeClustering
        from sklearn.metrics import fowlkes mallows score, silhouette score
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.cluster import BisectingKMeans
In [2]: # Original dataset path
        original dir = r"C:\Users\Gowtham reddy\DM 4\GowthamImages"
        # Path to save resized images
        resized dir = r"C:\Users\Gowtham reddy\DM_4\ResizedImages"
        os.makedirs(resized dir, exist ok=True) # Create the folder if it doesn't exist
        # Create subfolders for each class in the resized directory
        for class folder in os.listdir(original dir):
            class_path = os.path.join(resized_dir, class_folder)
            os.makedirs(class path, exist ok=True)
In [3]: def resize_images():
            for class_folder in os.listdir(original_dir):
                original_class_path = os.path.join(original_dir, class_folder)
                resized_class_path = os.path.join(resized_dir, class_folder)
                if os.path.isdir(original_class path):
                    for image_file in os.listdir(original_class_path):
                        if image_file.lower().endswith(('.png', '.jpg', '.jpeg', '.bmp')):
                            img_path = os.path.join(original_class_path, image_file)
                            img = Image.open(img_path).convert('RGB')
                            # Resize and save the image
                            img resized = img.resize((224, 224))
                            img_resized.save(os.path.join(resized_class_path, image_file))
```

```
resize_images()
        print("All images have been resized and saved.")
       All images have been resized and saved.
In [4]: # Define normalization transform
        transform = transforms.Compose([
            transforms.ToTensor(),
            transforms.Normalize(mean=[0.485, 0.456, 0.406], std=[0.229, 0.224, 0.225])
        ])
        # Function to normalize an image and return it as a tensor
        def normalize images():
            normalized_features = []
            labels = []
            for class folder in os.listdir(resized dir):
                class_path = os.path.join(resized_dir, class_folder)
                if os.path.isdir(class path):
                    for image file in os.listdir(class path):
                        if image_file.lower().endswith(('.png', '.jpg', '.jpeg', '.bmp')):
                            img_path = os.path.join(class_path, image_file)
                            img = Image.open(img_path).convert('RGB')
                            # Normalize the image
                            img normalized = transform(img).numpy()
                            normalized_features.append(img_normalized)
                            labels.append(class folder)
            return np.array(normalized_features), np.array(labels)
        features normalized, labels normalized = normalize images()
        print(f"Normalized features shape: {features normalized.shape}")
      Normalized features shape: (751, 3, 224, 224)
In [5]: # Load pre-trained ResNet18 model
        model = resnet18(pretrained=True)
        model.eval()
```

C:\Users\Gowtham reddy\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\torchvision\models\\_utils.py:208: UserWarning: The parameter 'pretrained' is deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future, please use 'weights' instead.

warnings.warn(

C:\Users\Gowtham reddy\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python311\site-packages\torchvision\models\\_utils.py:223: UserWarning: Arguments other than a weight enum or `No ne` for 'weights' are deprecated since 0.13 and may be removed in the future. The current behavior is equivalent to passing `weights=ResNet18\_Weights.IMAGENET 1K\_V1`. You can also use `weights=ResNet18\_Weights.DEFAULT` to get the most up-to-date weights.

warnings.warn(msg)

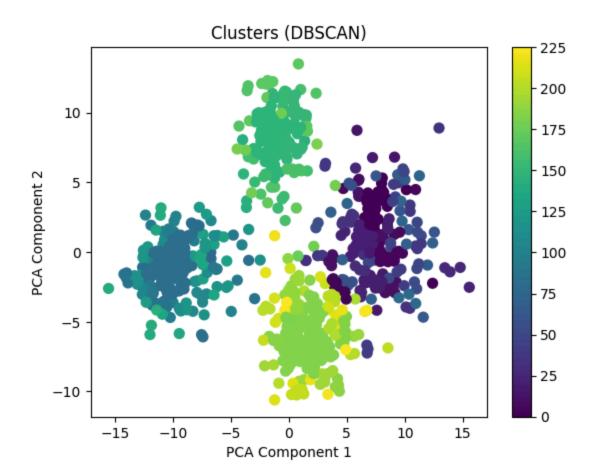
```
Out[5]: ResNet(
           (conv1): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel size=(7, 7), stride=(2, 2), padding=(3, 3), bias=False)
          (bn1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
           (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
           (maxpool): MaxPool2d(kernel size=3, stride=2, padding=1, dilation=1, ceil mode=False)
          (layer1): Sequential(
            (0): BasicBlock(
              (conv1): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
              (bn1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
              (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
              (conv2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
              (bn2): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
            (1): BasicBlock(
              (conv1): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
               (bn1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
              (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
              (conv2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
              (bn2): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
          (layer2): Sequential(
            (0): BasicBlock(
              (conv1): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
               (bn1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
               (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
               (conv2): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
               (bn2): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
              (downsample): Sequential(
                (0): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=(1, 1), stride=(2, 2), bias=False)
                (1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
            (1): BasicBlock(
              (conv1): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
              (bn1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
              (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
              (conv2): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
              (bn2): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
          (layer3): Sequential(
```

```
(0): BasicBlock(
    (conv1): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (bn1): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
    (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (conv2): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (bn2): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
    (downsample): Sequential(
      (0): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(2, 2), bias=False)
      (1): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
  (1): BasicBlock(
    (conv1): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (bn1): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
    (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (conv2): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (bn2): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
(layer4): Sequential(
 (0): BasicBlock(
    (conv1): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (bn1): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
    (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (conv2): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (bn2): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
    (downsample): Sequential(
      (0): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(2, 2), bias=False)
      (1): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
  (1): BasicBlock(
    (conv1): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (bn1): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
    (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (conv2): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1), bias=False)
    (bn2): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track running stats=True)
(avgpool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output size=(1, 1))
(fc): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=1000, bias=True)
```

```
In [6]: import torch
        # Remove the last fully connected layer to use as a feature extractor
        feature_extractor = torch.nn.Sequential(*list(model.children())[:-1])
        # Extract features from ResNet18
        def extract_features():
            features = []
            labels = []
            for class_folder in os.listdir(resized_dir):
                class_path = os.path.join(resized_dir, class_folder)
                if os.path.isdir(class_path):
                    for image_file in os.listdir(class_path):
                        if image_file.lower().endswith(('.png', '.jpg', '.jpeg', '.bmp')):
                            img_path = os.path.join(class_path, image_file)
                            img = Image.open(img_path).convert('RGB')
                            # Apply transformations (resize + normalize)
                            img_tensor = transform(img).unsqueeze(0) # Add batch dimension
                            with torch.no grad():
                                feature = feature_extractor(img_tensor).squeeze().numpy()
                                features.append(feature)
                                labels.append(class_folder)
            return np.array(features), np.array(labels)
        features_extracted, labels_extracted = extract_features()
        print(f"Extracted features shape: {features_extracted.shape}")
       Extracted features shape: (751, 512)
In [7]: pca = PCA(n_components=2)
        features_2d = pca.fit_transform(features_extracted)
        print(f"Reduced features shape: {features_2d.shape}")
      Reduced features shape: (751, 2)
In [8]: kmeans_random = KMeans(n_clusters=4, init='random', random_state=42).fit(features_2d)
        kmeans plus = KMeans(n clusters=4, init='k-means++', random state=42).fit(features 2d)
```

```
In [9]: bisecting_kmeans = BisectingKMeans(n_clusters=4).fit(features_2d)
In [10]: spectral_clustering = SpectralClustering(n_clusters=4, random_state=42).fit(features_2d)
In [11]: dbscan = DBSCAN(eps=0.5, min_samples=1).fit(features_2d) # Adjust eps and min_samples as needed
In this case, eps is set to 0.5, meaning that points within a radius of 0.5 from a given point are considered its neighbors, min_samples is set to 1, which means a point will be considered a core point if it has at least one neighbor (including itself) within the eps radius.

In [21]: plt.scatter(features_2d[:, 0], features_2d[:, 1], c=dbscan.labels_, cmap='viridis', s=50)
    plt.title("Clusters (DBSCAN)")
    plt.xlabel("PCA Component 1")
    plt.ylabel("PCA Component 2")
    plt.colorbar()
    plt.show()
```



```
In [12]: linkages = ['ward', 'complete', 'average', 'single']
    agglomerative_labels = {}

for linkage in linkages:
    agglomerative_clustering = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=4, linkage=linkage).fit(features_2d)
    agglomerative_labels[linkage] = agglomerative_clustering.labels_
To [10]: form tabulate import tabulate.
```

```
'DBSCAN': dbscan.labels_,
for linkage in agglomerative_labels.keys():
    methods[f'Agglomerative ({linkage})'] = agglomerative_labels[linkage]
fmi scores = {method: fowlkes_mallows_score(labels_extracted, methods[method]) for method in methods}
silhouette scores = {method: silhouette score(features 2d, methods[method]) for method in methods if len(set(methods[method])) > 1}
# Prepare data for tabulation
table data = []
for method in methods:
   fmi = fmi_scores.get(method, "N/A")
    silhouette = silhouette_scores.get(method, "N/A")
    table_data.append([method, fmi, silhouette])
# Print scores table
print("\nClustering Method Scores:")
print(tabulate(table_data, headers=["Method", "FMI Score", "Silhouette Score"], floatfmt=".4f"))
# Rank methods by scores
fmi_ranked = sorted(fmi_scores.items(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
silhouette_ranked = sorted(silhouette_scores.items(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
# Prepare ranked data for tabulation
fmi_ranked_data = [[method, score] for method, score in fmi_ranked]
silhouette_ranked_data = [[method, score] for method, score in silhouette_ranked]
# Print ranked tables
print("\nRanked by FMI:")
print(tabulate(fmi_ranked_data, headers=["Method", "FMI Score"], floatfmt=".4f"))
print("\nRanked by Silhouette Coefficient:")
print(tabulate(silhouette_ranked_data, headers=["Method", "Silhouette Score"], floatfmt=".4f"))
```

Clustering	Method	Scores:
Method		

Method	FMI Score	Silhouette Score
K-means (Random)	0.9519	0.5935
K-means++	0.9491	0.5934
Bisecting K-means	0.8906	0.5636
Spectral Clustering	0.9302	0.5918
DBSCAN	0.3883	0.0400
Agglomerative (ward)	0.9200	0.5901
Agglomerative (complete)	0.8455	0.5509
Agglomerative (average)	0.7748	0.4996
Agglomerative (single)	0.4998	0.0305

## Ranked by FMI:

Method	FMI Score
K-means (Random)	0.9519
K-means++	0.9491
Spectral Clustering	0.9302
Agglomerative (ward)	0.9200
Bisecting K-means	0.8906
Agglomerative (complete)	0.8455
Agglomerative (average)	0.7748
Agglomerative (single)	0.4998
DBSCAN	0.3883

## Ranked by Silhouette Coefficient:

Method	Silhouette Score
K-means (Random)	0.5935
K-means++	0.5934
Spectral Clustering	0.5918
Agglomerative (ward)	0.5901
Bisecting K-means	0.5636
Agglomerative (complete)	0.5509
Agglomerative (average)	0.4996
DBSCAN	0.0400
Agglomerative (single)	0.0305