





- User Manual -

Communication Function (Ver.4)

- *** Before operation ***
- Thank you for your purchasing Ezi-SERVO.
- Ezi-SERVO is an all-in-one Unit, for high-speed and high-precision drive of a stepping motor,
 Ezi-SERVO is an unique drive that adopts a new control scheme owing to an on-board high-performance 32 bit digital signal processor.
- This manual describes handing, maintenance, repair, diagnosis and troubleshooting of Ezi-SERVO.
- Before operating Ezi-SERVO, thoroughly read this manual.
- After reading the manual, keep the manual near the Ezi-SERVO so that any user can read the manual whenever needed.



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1. Safety Pre-caution

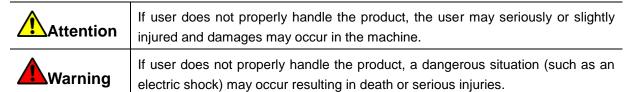
1.1 General Precaution

◆ Contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice for functional improvement, change of specifications or user's better understanding.

- ♦ When the manual is damaged or lost, please contact with FASTECH's agents or our company at the address on the last page of the manual.
- Our company is not responsible for a product breakdown due to user's dismantling for the product, and such a breakdown is not guaranteed by the warranty.

1.2 Put the safety First

- ◆ Before installation, operation and repairing the Ezi-SERVO thoroughly read the manual and fully understand the contents. Before operating Ezi-SERVO please understand the mechanical characteristics of the Ezi-SERVO and related safety information and precaution .
- ◆ This manual divides safely precautions into Attention and Warning.



◆ Although precaution is only a **Attention**, a serious result could be caused depending on the situation, Follow safely precautions.

1.3 Check the Product



Check the product is damaged or parts are missing. Otherwise the machine may get damaged or the user may get injured.

1.4 Installation

	■ Carefully move the Ezi-SERVO. Otherwise, the product may get damaged or user's foot may get injured by dropping the product
Attention	■ Use non-flammable materials such as metal in the place where the Ezi-SERVO is to be installed. Otherwise, a fire may occur.
	■ When installing several Ezi-SERVO in a sealed place, install a cooling fan to keep the ambient temperature of the Ezi-SERVO as 50°C or lower. Otherwise, a fire or other kinds of accidents may occur due to overheating.
Marning	■ The process of installation, connection, operation, checking and repairing should be done with qualified person. Otherwise, a fire or other kinds of accidents may occur.,



1.5 Connect Cables



- Keep the rated range of Input Voltage for Ezi-SERVO. Otherwise, a fire or other kinds of accidents may occur.
- Cable connection should follow the wiring diagram. Otherwise, a fire or other kinds of accidents may occur.



Warning

■ Before connecting cables check if input power OFF. Otherwise, an electric shock or a fire may occur.

■ The case of Ezi-SERVO is insulated fro the ground of the internal circuit by the condenser. Ground the Ezi-SERVO. Otherwise, an electric shock or a fire may occur.

1.6 Operation



- If a protection function(alarm) occurs, firstly remove its cause and then release(alarm reset) the protection function. If you operate continuously without removing its cause, the machine get damaged or the user may get injured.
- Do not make Motor Free and make input signal to ON during operation. Motor will stop and stop current will become zero. The machine may get damaged or the user may get injured.
- All parameter values are set by default factory setting value. Change this value after reading this manual thoroughly. Otherwise, the machine may get damaged or other kinds of accidents may occur.

1.7 Check and Repair



- Stop to supply power to the main circuit and wait for a while before checking or repairing the Ezi-SERVO. Electricity remaining in the capacitor may occur danger.
- Do not change cabling wile power is being supplied. Otherwise, the user may get injured or the product may get damaged.
- Do not reconstruct the Ezi-SERVO. Otherwise, an electric shock may occur or the reconstructed product can not get after service.

Presented 「Ezi-SERVO Plus-R User Manual "Communication Function"」 explains RS-485 communication functions of Ezi-SERVO Plus-R. Here are 「User Manual_ Text」, 「User Manual_User Program(GUI)」 in this manual. Please utilize our product afterward understanding about proper usage method with reading these contents carefully.

2. Communication Protocols

2.1 Communication Functions

Ezi-SERVO Plus-R can control up to 16 axes by multidrop link at RS-485(two-wire).



■ Pay attention that when Windows goes into standby or power-save mode, serial communication is basically disconnected. When the system is recovered from standby mode, it should be connected again with serial communication. This is also applicable to the library provided.

2.1.1 Communication Specifications

Specification	RS-485
Communication Type	Asynchronous
,,	Half-duplex
Baud Rate [bps]	19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800, 921600
Data Type	8bit Binary
Parity	No
Stop Bit	1bit
CRC Check	Yes
Max Cabling Length (Converter ↔ Drive)	30 m
Min Cable length between drive	More than 60 cm
Number of Connected Axes	16 axes (No. 0~F)

2.1.2 RS-485 Communication Protocol

There are 2 kinds of program version for driver. This manual support for Version 6 level.

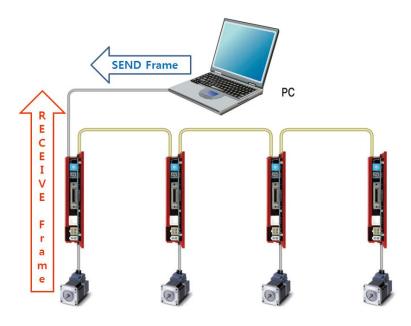
Туре	Firmware version	compatability	User Program(GUI) version
1	Level 6 (V06.0x.0xx.xx)	<->	Level 6 (6.xx.x.xxx)
2	Level 8 (V08.xx.0xx.xx)	<->	Level 8 (8.xx.x.xxx)



After connect the User Program(GUI), version number can be check in 'About Plus-R GUI...'menu in 'Help' menu.



1) Overview of communication FRAME



2) Basic structure of Frame

Header	Frame Data	Tail
0xAA 0xCC	4~252 bytes	0xAA 0xEE

① 0xAA : Delimited byte.

② 0xAA 0xCC : Displays that the Frame locates in header.

③ 0xAA 0xEE : Displays that the Frame locates in tail.

4) If any of the Frame data is '0xAA', '0xAA' should be added right after it. (byte stuffing *1)

⑤ If any data following '0xAA' is not '0xAA', '0xCC' or '0xEE', it displays that an error has occurred.

Detailed *Frame Data* is configured as follows:

Slave ID	Frame type	Data		CRC
1 byte	1 byte	0 ~ 248 bytes.	2 b	ytes
			Low byte	High byte



- ① Slave ID: Drive module number (0~15) connected to the PC communication port.
- ② Frame type: To designate command type of relevant frames. For the command type, refer to 「Frame Type and Data Configuration」 section.
- ③ Data: Data structure and length is set according to Frame type. For more information, refer to 「Frame Type and Data Configuration」 section.
- ④ CRC: To check that an error occurs during communication, '0xA001' of a polynomial factor in CRC16(Cyclic Redundancy Check) is used. Or 'X16+X15+X2+1' of a polynomial factor in CRC-16-IBM(Cyclic Redundancy Check) is used. CRC calculation is performed for all items (Slave ID, Frame type, Data) prior to CRC item.
 - *1. Byte stuffing: add the 'byte' to frame data section for distinguish 'Header' and 'Tail' frame data.

2.1.3 CRC Calculation Example

The following program source is included in a file (file name : CRC_Checksum.c) provided with the product.

1) '0xA001' of CRC16

```
const unsigned short TABLE CRCVALUE[] =
0X0000, 0XC0C1, 0XC181, 0X0140, 0XC301, 0X03C0, 0X0280, 0XC241,
0XC601, 0X06C0, 0X0780, 0XC741, 0X0500, 0XC5C1, 0XC481, 0X0440,
0XCC01, 0X0CC0, 0X0D80, 0XCD41, 0X0F00, 0XCFC1, 0XCE81, 0X0E40,
0X0A00, 0XCAC1, 0XCB81, 0X0B40, 0XC901, 0X09C0, 0X0880, 0XC841,
0XD801, 0X18C0, 0X1980, 0XD941, 0X1B00, 0XDBC1, 0XDA81, 0X1A40,
0X1E00, 0XDEC1, 0XDF81, 0X1F40, 0XDD01, 0X1DC0, 0X1C80, 0XDC41,
0X1400, 0XD4C1, 0XD581, 0X1540, 0XD701, 0X17C0, 0X1680, 0XD641,
0XD201, 0X12C0, 0X1380, 0XD341, 0X1100, 0XD1C1, 0XD081, 0X1040,
0XF001, 0X30C0, 0X3180, 0XF141, 0X3300, 0XF3C1, 0XF281, 0X3240,
0X3600, 0XF6C1, 0XF781, 0X3740, 0XF501, 0X35C0, 0X3480, 0XF441,
0X3C00, 0XFCC1, 0XFD81, 0X3D40, 0XFF01, 0X3FC0, 0X3E80, 0XFE41,
0XFA01, 0X3AC0, 0X3B80, 0XFB41, 0X3900, 0XF9C1, 0XF881, 0X3840,
0X2800, 0XE8C1, 0XE981, 0X2940, 0XEB01, 0X2BC0, 0X2A80, 0XEA41,
0XEE01, 0X2EC0, 0X2F80, 0XEF41, 0X2D00, 0XEDC1, 0XEC81, 0X2C40,
0XE401, 0X24C0, 0X2580, 0XE541, 0X2700, 0XE7C1, 0XE681, 0X2640,
0X2200, 0XE2C1, 0XE381, 0X2340, 0XE101, 0X21C0, 0X2080, 0XE041,
0XA001, 0X60C0, 0X6180, 0XA141, 0X6300, 0XA3C1, 0XA281, 0X6240,
0X6600, 0XA6C1, 0XA781, 0X6740, 0XA501, 0X65C0, 0X6480, 0XA441,
0X6C00, 0XACC1, 0XAD81, 0X6D40, 0XAF01, 0X6FC0, 0X6E80, 0XAE41,
0XAA01, 0X6AC0, 0X6B80, 0XAB41, 0X6900, 0XA9C1, 0XA881, 0X6840,
```



```
0X7800, 0XB8C1, 0XB981, 0X7940, 0XBB01, 0X7BC0, 0X7A80, 0XBA41,
   0XBE01, 0X7EC0, 0X7F80, 0XBF41, 0X7D00, 0XBDC1, 0XBC81, 0X7C40,
   0XB401, 0X74C0, 0X7580, 0XB541, 0X7700, 0XB7C1, 0XB681, 0X7640,
   0X7200, 0XB2C1, 0XB381, 0X7340, 0XB101, 0X71C0, 0X7080, 0XB041,
   0X5000, 0X90C1, 0X9181, 0X5140, 0X9301, 0X53C0, 0X5280, 0X9241,
   0X9601, 0X56C0, 0X5780, 0X9741, 0X5500, 0X95C1, 0X9481, 0X5440,
   0X9C01, 0X5CC0, 0X5D80, 0X9D41, 0X5F00, 0X9FC1, 0X9E81, 0X5E40,
   0X5A00, 0X9AC1, 0X9B81, 0X5B40, 0X9901, 0X59C0, 0X5880, 0X9841,
   0X8801, 0X48C0, 0X4980, 0X8941, 0X4B00, 0X8BC1, 0X8A81, 0X4A40,
   0X4E00, 0X8EC1, 0X8F81, 0X4F40, 0X8D01, 0X4DC0, 0X4C80, 0X8C41,
   0X4400, 0X84C1, 0X8581, 0X4540, 0X8701, 0X47C0, 0X4680, 0X8641,
   0X8201, 0X42C0, 0X4380, 0X8341, 0X4100, 0X81C1, 0X8081, 0X4040
   };
   unsigned short CalcCRC(unsigned char* pDataBuffer, unsigned long usDataLen)
        unsigned char nTemp;
        unsigned short wCRCWord = 0xFFFF;
        while (usDataLen--)
                nTemp = wCRCWord ^ *(pDataBuffer++);
                wCRCWord >>= 8;
                wCRCWord ^= TABLE_CRCVALUE[nTemp];
        return wCRCWord;
 }
2) 'X16+X15+X2+1' of CRC-16-IBM
unsigned short CalcCRCbyAlgorithm(unsigned char* pDataBuffer, unsigned long usDataLen)
{
        const unsigned short POLYNOMIAL = 0xA001;
        unsigned short wCrc;
        int iByte, iBit;
        /* Initialize CRC */
        wCrc = 0xffff;
        for (iByte = 0; iByte < usDataLen; iByte++)
```



```
{
      /* Exclusive-OR the byte with the CRC */
      wCrc ^= *(pDataBuffer + iByte);
      /* Loop through all 8 data bits */
      for (iBit = 0; iBit \neq 7; iBit++)
          /* If the LSB is 1, shift the CRC and XOR the polynomial mask with the CRC */
        // Note - the bit test is performed before the rotation, so can't move the << here
            if (wCrc & 0x0001)
            {
                    wCrc >>= 1;
                    wCrc ^= POLYNOMIAL;
            else
            {
                    // Just rotate it
                    wCrc >>= 1;
            }
      }
   return wCrc;
}
```



2.1.4 Response Frame Structure and Communication Error(V6)

When any command is sent, the basic structure of Frame at the response side is same. However, there is a difference in case of *Frame Data*, which 'communication status' is added as shown below.

Slave ID	Frame type	Data			CRC
1 byte	1 byte	1 byte.	0 ~ 247bytes.	2 b	ytes
1 byte	1 Dyte	Communication status	Response data	Low byte	High byte

① Slave ID : Same to sending Frame.

(When this is not same to sending data, it should be recognized as the error status.)

② Frame type: Same to sending Frame.

(When this is not same to sending data, it should be recognized as the error status.)

③ Data: When simple executive instructions are sent, this data cannot be read. However, in case of response, 1 byte is added to display the communication status (error / normal).

The code by bytes means the 'Communication status' as follows.

Hexa code	Decimal code	Description		
0x00	0	Communication is normal.		
0x80	128	Frame Type Error : Responded Frame type cannot be recognized.		
0x81	129	Data error, ROM data read/write error : Data value responded is without the given range.		
0x82	130	Received Frame Error : Frame data received is out of this specification.		
		Running Command Failure : The user has tried to execute new running commands in wrong condition as follows.		
0x85	133	1) currently motor is running 2) currently motor is stopping 3) currently Servo is OFF status 4) try to Z-pulse Origin without encoder other wrong motion command		
0x86	134	RESET Failure: The user has tried to execute new running commands in wrong condition as follows.		
0.00		While the servo is ON Already RESET in ON by external input signal		
0x87	135	Servo ON Failure ① : While an alarm occurs, the user has tried to execute Servo ON command.		
0x88	136	Servo ON Failure ②: While Emergency Stop occurs, the user has tried to execute Servo ON command.		
0x89	137	Servo ON Failure ③: 'ServoON' signal is assigned to input pin already. Servo ON/OFF can execute by external input signal only.		
0x8A	138	Servo OFF Failure : While the Servo ON process is working, the user has tried to execute Servo OFF command.		
0xAA	170	CRC Error: Frame data received is out of CRC format. In this case, DLL Library of sending side automatically try to send 1 more time.		



2.2 Structure of Frame type

2.2.1 Frame type and Data Configuration(Ezi-SERVO Plus-R standard)

Frame type	Library Name	Contents					
	FAS_ GetSlaveInfo	Connected slave type and program version information are required.					
		Sending: 0 byte					
0x01		Response : 1~248 bytes					
(1)		1 byte	1 byte	0~246 bytes			
		Communication status	Slave type	ACII string with NULL byte (strlen() + 1 byes)			
			◆ Slave type: 1: Ezi-SERVO Plus-R ST 20: Ezi-STEP Plus-R ST 50: Ezi-SERVO Plus-R MINI etc				
	FAS_ GetMotorInfo	Connected motor type and	l maker inform	ation are required.			
		Sending : 0 byte					
0x05 (5)		Response : 1~248 bytes	3				
(3)		1 byte	1 byte	0~246 bytes			
		Communication status	Motor type (1~255)	ACII string with NULL byte (strlen() + 1 byes)			
	FAS_ SaveAllParameters	Current setting parameters & assign of IO signals are saved in the ROM of the drive. Even though the drive is powered off, saving these must be possible. Values set at 'FAS_SetParameter' &'FAS_SetIOAssignMap' are saved together.					
0x10		Sending : 0 byte					
(16)		Response : 1 byte					
		1 byte					
		Communication status					
	FAS_ GetRomParameter	Specific parameter values in the ROM are read.					
0x11		Sending: 1 byte					
(17)		1 byte					
		Parameter number (0~38	3)				
			3)				



		Response: 5 bytes				
		1 byte Communication status	4 bytes Parameter value			
		Refer to 「2.2.2. Parameter List	٦٠			
	FAS_ SetParameter	Specific parameter values are saved to the RAM.				
		Sending : 5 bytes				
		1 byte	4 bytes			
0x12		Parameter number (0~38)	Parameter value			
(18)		Response: 1 byte				
		1 byte				
		Communication status				
		Refer to 「2.2.2. Parameter List 」.				
	FAS_ GetParameter	Specific parameter values in the R	AM are read			
		Sending : 1 byte				
		1 byte				
		Parameter number (0~38)				
		Response: 5 bytes				
0x13		1 byte	4 bytes			
(19)		Communication status	Parameter value			
		Refer to 「2.2.2. Parameter List				



	FAS_ SetIOOutput	Output signal level of the control output port is set.
	Schoolput	Sending : 8 bytes
		4 bytes 4 bytes
		I/O set mask value I/O clear mask value
0x20 (32)		When specific bit of the set mask is '1', the relevant output port signal is set to [ON]. When specific bit of the clear mask is '1', the relevant output port signal is set to [OFF]. For more information, refer to 「2-2-3.Bit setup of Output Pin」.
		Response : 1 byte
		1 byte
		Communication status
	FAS_ SetIOInput	Input signal level of the control input port is set.
		Sending: 8 bytes
		4 bytes 4 bytes
		I/O set mask value I/O clear mask value
0x21 (33)	EAC	When specific bit of the set mask is '1', the relevant input port signal is set to [ON]. When specific bit of the clear mask is '1', the relevant input port signal is set to [OFF]. For more information, refer to 「2-2-4. Bit setup of Input Pin」. Response: 1 byte 1 byte Communication status
	FAS_ GetIOInput	Current input signal status of the control input port is read.
0x22 (34)	GettOInput	Sending: 0 byte Response: 5 byte 1 byte 4 bytes Communication status Input status value Relevant bit by each input signal, refer to 2-2-4. Bit setup of Input Pin .



	FAS_	Current output signal status of t	the control output port is	read.		
	GetIOOutput					
0x23		Sending : 0 byte				
(35)		Response : 5 byte				
(33)		1 byte	4 bytes			
		Communication status	Output status value			
		Relevant bit by each output sigr	nal, refer to 2-2-3.Bit s	setup of Output Pin_	1 •	
	FAS_ SetIOAssignMap	To assign control I/O signals trunning 'FAS_SaveAllParamete	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	
		Sending : 6 bytes		h. 40		
		1 byte 4 bytes I/O number I/O pin ma		byte etting level		
		1/O humber 1/O pin ma	asking data 5	etting level		
0x24		◆I/O number: '0~11' correspond '12~22' corresponds to 'COMF			ively, and	
(36) \diamond I/O pin masking data: Refer to 「2-2-4. Bit setup of Input Pin」						
		◆Level Setting: 0:Active Low, 1:Active High				
		♦For change IO assign during operation, the reset function				
		(set IO masking value to '0') i	is needed before change			
		Response : 1 byte				
		1 byte				
		Communication status				
	FAS_	Pin setting status of CN1 port is	s read from RAM area.			
	GetIOAssignMap					
		Sending : 1 byte				
		1 byte				
		I/O number				
		◆I/O number: '0~11' correspond	de to 'Limit+ Limit- Or	n INI1 INIO' res	enectively	
0x25		and '12~22' corresponds to 'Co		-	spectively,	
(37)						
		Response : 6 bytes				
		1 byte	4 bytes	1 byte		
		Communication status	IO pin masking status	Level status		
		For more information, refer to '0	0x24' Frame type.		-	



	FAS_ IOAssignMapReadROM	Pin setting status	of CN1 por	t is loaded to RAM fr	rom ROM	area.		
0x26		Sending : 0 byte						
(38)		Response : 2 by	Response : 2 bytes					
		1 byte		1 byte				
		Communication	n status	Command performance (0 : complete, variation)	-			
	FAS_ TriggerOutput_RunA	Start/Stop comma	nd for 'Con	npare Out' signal				
		Sending : 18 byt	tes					
		1 byte		4 bytes		4 byte		
		Output start/sto	-	Pulse start position	n	Pulse period		
		(1:start 0:sto	op)	[pulse]		[pulse]		
		4 byte	1 bytes	s I	4 byte			
		Pulse width	-	pin number	spare			
		[msec] (fix to 0)						
		◆ Pulse start position: Setting the start position of first pulse output.						
0x27			(-134,217,727 ~134,217,727)					
(39)		◆ Pulse period: Setting the pulse period. (1 ~134,217,727)						
		•	•	tput only 1 time in	-	-		
			1~: pulse output repeatedly depends on setting)					
			 ◆ Pulse width: Setting the pulse width. (1~1000) Caution: 'Pulse width' calculation formula is display in UserManual_Te 					
		(Trigger Pulse Ou		calculation formula	a is aisp	iay in UserMa	nuai_Text	
		Response : 2 by						
		1 byte		1 byte			\neg	
		Communication	n status	Command perf	orming sta	atus	\dashv	
				(0 : complete, v	/alues exc	cept 0: error)		
		(This function is no	ot supporte	ed for Ezi-SERVO AL	L-28.)			
	FAS_ TriggerOutput_Status	Command to chec	k if the trig	ger output pulse is w	vorking or	not.		
		Sending : 0 byte	:					
0x28 (40)		Response : 2 by	rte					
(+0)		1 byte		1 bytes				
		Communication	n status	Status (1:outpu	it ON, 0 :c	output OFF)		
				_ 1				



	FAS_	Servo ON/OFF status is set.					
	ServoEnable						
		Sending : 1 byte					
0.04		1 byte					
0x2A (42)		0:OFF, 1:ON					
		Response : 1 byte					
		1 byte					
		Communication status					
	FAS_	Servo alarm status is reset.					
	ServoAlarmReset	Solve didini status is 1888t.					
0x2B		Sending: 0 byte					
(43)		Response : 1 byte					
		1 byte					
	FAS_	Communication status					
	GetAlarmType	To request the Alarm type					
		Sending: 0 byte Response: 2 byte					
		Response. 2 byte					
		1 bytes					
0x2E (46)		Communication status Alarm type (0~)					
(40)		◆ Alarm type: No alarm (0) OverCurrent(1) OverSpeed(2)					
		StepOut(3) OverLoad(4) OverTemperature(5)					
		BackEMF(6) MotorConnect(7) EncoderConnect(8)					
		MotorPower(9) Inposition(10) SystemHalt(11)					
		ROMdevice(12) Position Overflow(15)					
	FAS_ MoveStop	To request to stop running the motor					
		Sending: 0 byte					
		Response : 1 byte					
0x31 (49)							
(13)		1 byte					
		Communication status					



	FAS_	
	EmergencyStop	To request the running motor to stop emergently
	ganayatap	
0x32		Sending: 0 byte
(50)		Response : 1 byte
		1 byte
		Communication status
	FAS_	To request the motor to return to the origin at the current setting parameter condition
	MoveOriginSingleAxis	
0x33		Sending : 0 byte
(51)		Response : 1 byte
		1 byte
		Communication status
	FAS_	To request the motor to move its position as much as the absolute value[pulse]
	MoveSingleAxisAbsPos	
		Sending : 8 bytes
		4 bytes 4 bytes
0x34		Absolute position value Running speed [pps]
(52)		Response : 1 byte
		1 byte
		Communication status
	FAS_	To request the motor to move its position as much as the incremental value[pulse]
	MoveSingleAxisIncPos	Sending : 8 bytes
		4 bytes 4 bytes
		Incremental position value Running speed [pps]
0.25		Response : 1 byte
0x35 (53)		1 byte
(33)		Communication status



	FAS_ MoveToLimit	To request the motor to start limit motion at the current setting parameter condition
		Sending : 5 bytes
		4 bytes 1 byte
0x36 (54)		Running speed [pps] Running direction (0: -Limit 1: +Limit)
(34)		Response : 1 byte
		1 byte
		Communication status
	FAS_ MoveVelocity	To request the motor to start jog motion at the current setting parameter condition
		Sending : 5 bytes
		4 bytes 1 byte
0x37		Running speed [pps] Running direction (0: -Jog 1: +Jog)
(55)		
		Response : 1 byte
		1 byte
		Communication status
	FAS_ PositionAbsOverride	To request the motor to change the target absolute position value[pulse] while it is in running.
		Sending : 4 bytes
		4 bytes
		Changed command position value [pulse]
0x38		Response : 1 byte
(56)		1 byte
		Communication status



	FAS_ PositionIncOverride	To request the motor to change the target incremental position value[pulse] while it is in running.
0x39 (57)		Sending : 4 bytes 4 bytes Changed command position value [pulse]
(37)		Response : 1 byte 1 byte Communication status
	FAS_ VelocityOverride	To request the motor to change the running speed value[pps] while it is in running.
0x3A (58)		Sending: 4 bytes 4 bytes Changed running speed [pps] The accel/decel time is assigned to 'Axis Acc Time' and 'Axis Dec Time' value in parameter lists.
		Response : 1 byte 1 byte Communication status Caution : 'Changed running speed' must be over 30[pps].
0x3B (59)	FAS_ AllMoveStop	To request stop for all motor that connected in same port. Sending: 0 byte (Slave number must be '99')
0x3C (60)	FAS_ AllEmergencyStop	Response : no response To request emergency stop for all motor that connected in same port. Sending : 0 byte (Slave number must be '99') Response : no response
0x3D (61)	FAS_All MoveOriginSingleAxis	To request return to the origin at the current setting parameter condition for all motors that connected in same port. Sending: 0 byte (Slave number must be '99') Response: no response



	FAS_All SingleAxisAbsPos	To request move its connected in same		s much	as the absolu	te value[pulse] for all motors	s that
0x3E		Sending : 8 bytes	s (Slave nu	ımber r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
(62)		4 bytes			4 bytes			
		Absolute position	on value		Running spee	ed [pps]		
	EAC All	Response : no re						
	FAS_All SingleAxisIncPos	To request move it that connected in s		as muci	h as the increr	nental value[p	ulse] for all m	otors
0x3F		Sending : 8 bytes	s (Slave nu	ımber r	must be '99')			
(63)		4 bytes			4 bytes			
		incremental pos	sition value		Running s	peed [pps]		
		Response : no re	esponse					
	FAS_ MoveSingleAxisAbsPos Ex	Request the motor Custom Accel. / De		-	ion as much a	as the absolut	e value[pulse]	with
		Sending: 40 byte	es.					
		4 bytes	4 bytes	3	4 bytes	2 bytes		
		Absolute position value	Running speed [pr	os]	Flag option	Custom Acce (1~9999)	el. Time	
		2 bytes		24	bytes			
0x80		Custom Decel. Til	me	Rese	rved			
(128)		(1~9999)						
		Flag ooption : 0x	0001 : rese	rved				
		0>	(0002 : Cus	tom Ac	cel. Time is us	ed.		
		0>	0004 : Cus	tom De	ecel. Time is us	sed.		
		If the Flag bit is controller.	OFF statu	us(0), A	Accel./Decel. ti	ime value is ı	used that sav	ed in
		Response: 1 byte	е					
0x81	FAS_ MoveSingleAxisIncPos Ex	Request the motor Custom Accel. / De			ion as much a	as the absolut	e value[pulse]	with
(129)		Sending: 40 byte	s					



		4 bytes	4 bytes	;	4 byte	es	2 bytes		
		incremental position value	Running speed [p	os]	Flag op	tion	Custom Ac (1~9999		-
		2 bytes		24 b	oytes				J
		Custom Decel. 1	Time	Reser	-				
		(1~9999)							
		Flag ooption : 0	Flag ooption : 0x0001 : reserved						
			0x0002 : C	ustom A	ccel. Tim	ne is u	used.		
			0x0004 : C	ustom D	ecel. Tim	ne is	used.		
		If the Flag bit is OFF status(0), Accel./Decel. Time value is controller.					is used that sa	ved in	
		Response: 1 by	⁄te						
	FAS_ MoveVelocityEx	Request the moto custom Accel/Dec				curre	nt setting pa	arameter condition	on with
		Sending: 37 bytes							
		4 bytes 1 bytes				4 bytes			
		Running speed Running direction (0: -Jog 1: +Jog) [pps]				Flag option			
0x82		2 bytes	2 bytes 26 bytes				6 bytes		
(130)		Custom Accel./E	ecel. Time	(1~999	99)	Res	erved	-	
		Flag ooption: 0x0001: reserved 0x0002: Custom Accel./Decel. Time is used. If the Flag bit is OFF status(0), Accel./Decel. Time value is used that saved in controller.						ved in	
		Response : 1 b	yte						
	FAS_MoveLinearAbsPos	To request Line value[pulse] for m							solute
		Refer to 「3. Libr							



	FAS_MoveLinearIncPos	To request Linear Interpolation move its position as much as the incremental value[pulse] for more than 2 motors that connected in same port.						
		Refer to 3.1	Refer to 「3. Library for PC program」.					
	FAS_ GetAxisStatus	To request the	Flag value o	f displaying the	running state	us		
0x40		Sending : 0 Response :						
(64)		1 byte		4 bytes				
		Communic	ation status	Status	lag value			
	FAS_	For bit related				of Status	Flag」	
	GetIOAxisStatus	To request the I/O status and the running Flag status. (Frame type 0x22, 0x23, and 0x40 are packed.)						
0x41 Sending : 0 byte								
(65)		Response : 13 bytes						
		1 byte		4 bytes 4 bytes		3	4 byte	es
		Communicat	ion status	Input stat value	us Output value	status	Status value	flag
	FAS_ GetMotionStatus	To request the (Frame type		ing progress s 0x54, and 0x5			er	1
		Sending : 0 Response :	•					
0.42		1 byte	4 bytes	4 bytes	4 bytes	4 byte	es	4 bytes
0x42 (66)		Communic ation status	Command position value	Actual Position value	Position Difference value	Running speed value	rui	irrent nning PT mber



	FAS_	To request all date	a including the	current runnin	a etatue				
	GetAllStatus	To request all data including the current running status							
		(Frame type 0x	(Frame type 0x41, and 0x42 are packed.)						
		Sending : 0 byte	Sending: 0 byte						
0x43		Response : 33 bytes							
(67)		1 byte	4 bytes	4 by	tes	4 bytes			
(07)		Communicatio n status	Input statu value	us Output s value	status Stat valu	-			
		4 bytes	4 bytes	4 bytes	4 bytes	=	es		
		Command position value	Actual position value	Position Difference value	Running speed value	Current running number	PT		
	FAS_ SetCommandPos	value is continuo the command pos	Ezi-SERVO Plus-R is the closed loop control drive and so the command position value is continuously controlled while the motor is in running. The user sets it to the command position value before it starts to operate and then can check how the command position value is changed.						
0.50		Sending : 4 bytes							
0x50 (80)		4 bytes							
(00)		Command position setting count value							
		Response : 1 b	yte						
		1 byte							
		Communication	on status						
	FAS_ GetCommandPos	To request the co	mmand position	n value[pulse]	being tracke	d.			
0x51		Sending : 0 byte	e						
(81)		Response : 5 b	ytes						
		1 byte		4 bytes					
		Communication	on status	Command	position valu	ue			
0x52 (82)	FAS_ SetActualPos	Ezi-SERVO Plus- is continuously c actual position va position value is c	ontrolled while llue before it st	the motor is	in running.	The user	sets it to the		



		Sending : 4 bytes		
		4 bytes		
		Actual position count value		
		Response : 1 byte		
		1 byte		
		Communication status		
	FAS_ GetActualPos	To request the current actual po	sition value[pulse].	
0x53		Sending : 0 byte		
(83)		Response : 5 bytes		
		1 byte	4 bytes	
		Communication status	Actual position value	
	FAS_ GetPosError	To request the difference[pulse] position value.	between the command position	n value and the actual
		Sending : 0 byte Response : 5 bytes		
0x54				
(84)		1 byte	4 bytes	
		Communication status	Position difference value	
		By this value, the user can cl is tracked)	heck the current running status	(how much inposition
	FAS_ GetActualVel	To request the current running s	speed value [pps]	
		Sending : 0 byte		
0x55 (85)		Response : 5 bytes		
(03)		1 byte	4 bytes	
		Communication status	Speed value	



0x56 (86)	FAS_ ClearPosition	Ezi-SERVO Plus-R is the closed loop control drive and so the command position value is continuously controlled while the motor is in running. The user sets the command position and actual position value to '0'before it starts to operate and then can check how the command position value is changed. Sending: 0 byte Response: 1 byte 1 byte Communication status
0x58 (88)	FAS_ MovePause	To request the pause start and pause end of motor motioning. Sending: 1 byte 1 byte 0:pause release, 1:pause start Response: 1 byte 1 byte Communication status
0x60 (96)	FAS_ PosTableReadItem	To read PT values in the RAM of the drive. (This function is not supported for Ezi-SERVO ALL-28.) Sending: 2 bytes 2 bytes Readable PT number (0~255) Response: 65 bytes 1 byte 64 bytes Communication status Relevant PT values For items by each PT, refer to 72-2-6. Position Table Item .
0x61 (97)	FAS_ PosTableWriteItem	To save PT values to the RAM of the drive. (This function is not supported for Ezi-SERVO ALL-28.)



		Sending : 66 bytes						
		2 bytes	64 bytes					
		PT number (0~255)	Relevant PT value					
		For items by each PT, ref	er to 「2-2-6. Position Table Item」.					
		Response : 2 bytes						
		1 byte	1 byte					
		Communication status	Command performing status (values except 0 : complete, 0: error)					
	FAS_	To read all PT values (256 e	ea) in the ROM of the drive					
	PosTableReadROM	·	orted for Ezi-SERVO ALL-28.)					
		Sending : 0 byte						
0x62 (98)		Response : 2 bytes						
		1 byte	1 byte					
		Communication status	Command performing status (0 : complete, values except 0: error)					
	FAS_	To save all PT value(256 ea	a) to the ROM of the drive.					
	PosTableWriteROM	(This function is not supp	orted for Ezi-SERVO ALL-28.)					
		Sending : 0 byte						
0x63		Response : 2 bytes						
(99)		1 byte	1 byte					
		Communication status	Command performing status					
			(0 : complete, values except 0: error)					
	FAS_	To start the position table a	poration from the designated DT number					
	PosTableRunItem		peration from the designated PT number orted for Ezi-SERVO ALL-28.)					
0x64		Sending: 2 bytes						
(100)		2 bytes						
		PT Number (0~255)						



		Response : 1 byte						
		1 byte						
		Communication sta	ntus					
	FAS_	To read one of PT valu	es in the	RAM of the driv	e.			
	PosTableReadOneItem	(This function is not su	pported f	or Ezi-SERVO A	LL-28.)			
		Sending: 4 byte						
		2 byte		2 byte				
0C A		PT Number (0~255	j)	Offset value(0~56)			
0x6A (106)		Refer to 「2-2-6. Position Table Item」 for Offset value						
(100)								
		Response: 5 byte						
		1 byte		4 byte				
		Communication sta	atus	Relevant one	of PT value			
	FAS_	To save one of PT valu	es to the	RAM of the driv	'e.			
	PosTableWriteOneItem	(This function is not su	pported f	or Ezi-SERVO A	ALL-28.)			
		Sending: 8 byte						
	2 byte 2 byte 4 byte							
		2 byte	2 byt	te	4 byte			
0x6B		2 byte PT Number (0~255)		te value (0~56)	4 byte Relevant one	e of PT value		
		-	Offset	value (0~56)	Relevant one	e of PT value		
		PT Number (0~255)	Offset	value (0~56)	Relevant one	e of PT value		
		PT Number (0~255) Refer to 「2-2-6. Po	Offset	value (0~56)	Relevant one	e of PT value		
0x6B (107)		PT Number (0~255) Refer to	Offset v	value (0~56) ple Item_ for Off	Relevant one	e of PT value		
		PT Number (0~255) Refer to 「2-2-6. Po	Offset v	value (0~56) ble Item for Off 1 byte command perfore	Relevant one			
		PT Number (0~255) Refer to	Offset v	value (0~56) ble Item for Off 1 byte command perfore	Relevant one			
	FAS_	PT Number (0~255) Refer to	Offset vosition Tab	value (0~56) ole Item for Off 1 byte command perform (values excep	Relevant one set value	0: error)		
	FAS_ MovePush	PT Number (0~255) Refer to	Offset vosition Tal	value (0~56) ple Item for Off 1 byte command perform (values exception specified motor)	Relevant one feet value	0: error)		
(107)		PT Number (0~255) Refer to	Offset vosition Tal	value (0~56) ple Item for Off 1 byte command perform (values exception specified motor)	Relevant one feet value	0: error)		
(107)		PT Number (0~255) Refer to	Offset vosition Tal	value (0~56) ple Item for Off 1 byte command perform (values exception specified motor)	Relevant one feet value	0: error)		
0x6B (107) 0x78 (120)		PT Number (0~255) Refer to	Offset vosition Tal	value (0~56) ple Item for Off 1 byte command perform (values exception specified motor)	Relevant one feet value	0: error)		
0x78		PT Number (0~255) Refer to	Offset vosition Tales s Configuration Config	value (0~56) ole Item for Off 1 byte command perform (values except n specified motod d for Ezi-SERVO	Relevant one feet value ming status t 0 : complete, or torque) comm	0: error)		



		2 byte	4 bytes	4 byte	2 byte	
		Push torque ratio	Push Move speed	Push Position	Push mode	
		Refer to Us	er Manual Test	7-6. Push Mot	ion」.	
		Response: 1 b	pyte			
		1 byte				
		Communicat	ion status			
	FAS_	To request the co	urrent push moti	on status.		
	GetPushStatus	(This function	is not supported	for Ezi-SER\	/O ALL-28.)	
		Sending: 0 byt	te			
0x79		Response: 2 b	yte			
(121)		1 byte	1 bytes			
		Communication				
		status	•	Servo ON		
			_	-	he work is not detected	
					orque is maintained	
			3: work is	not detect wi	thin push motion area)	

^{*} Frame Type '0x65'~ '0x69', '0x90'~ '0x92' are allotted for internal use.



2.2.2 Parameter Lists

No	Name	Unit	Lower	Upper	Default
0	Pulse per Revolution		0	9	9
1	Axis Max Speed	[pps]	1	500,000	500,000
2	Axis Start Speed	[pps]	1	35,000	1
3	Axis Acc Time	[msec]	1	9,999	100
4	Axis Dec Time	[msec]	1	9,999	100
5	Speed Override	[%]	1	500	100
6	Jog Speed	[pps]	1	500,000	5,000
7	Jog Start Speed	[pps]	1	35,000	1
8	Jog Acc Dec Time	[msec]	1	9,999	100
9	Servo Alarm Logic		0	1	0
10	Servo On Logic		0	1	0
11	Servo Alarm Reset Logic		0	1	0
12	S/W Limit Plus Value *1	[pulse]	-134,217,727	+134,217,727	+134,217,727
13	S/W Limit Minus Value *1	[pulse]	-134,217,727	+134,217,727	-134,217,727
14	S/W Limit Stop Method		0	1	1
15	H/W Limit Stop Method		0	1	1
16	Limit Sensor Logic		0	1	0
17	Org Speed	[pps]	1	500,000	5,000
18	Org Search Speed	[pps]	1	500,000	1,000
19	Org Acc Dec Time	[msec]	1	9,999	50
20	Org Method		0	5	0
21	Org Dir		0	1	0
22	Org Offset *1	[pulse]	-134,217,727	+134,217,727	0
23	Org Position Set *1	[pulse]	-134,217,727	+134,217,727	0
24	Org Sensor Logic		0	1	0
25	Position Loop Gain		0	15	4
26	Inpos Value		0	15	0
27	Pos Tracking Limit *1	[pulse]	1	+134,217,727	5,000
28	Motion Dir		0	1	0
29	Limit Sensor Dir		0	1	0
30	Org Torque Ratio	[%]	20	90	50
31	Pos. Error Overflow Limit *1	[pulse]	1	+134,217,727	5,000
32	Pos.Value Counting Method		0	1	0
33	Servo ON Method		0	1	1
34	Brake Delay Time	[msec]	10	5000	400
35	Reserved				
36	Run Current	*10[%]	5	15	10
37	Stop Current	*10[%]	2	10	5
38	Boost Current	*50[%]	0	7	0
Let N. I		, p.			

*1 Next value is used for bigger '06.0x.1xx.xx' Firmware version number.

(plus value is 2147483647 and minus value is -2147483647)



2.2.3 Bit setup of Output pin

This displays the detailed description for 0x20 Frame type.

This command is applicable only to 9 signals of 'User Output 0' ~ 'User Output 8' out of 24 signal types in the control output port. The rest (15 output signals) of them cannot be operated by the user's disposal. When any relevant situation occurs while the drive operates, they are displayed. The following table shows bit mask values by each signal.

Signal Name	Relevant Bit Position	Signal Name	Relevant Bit Position	Signal Name	Relevant Bit Position
Compare Out	0x00000001	Origin Search OK	0x00000100	User OUT 1	0x00010000
Inposition	0x00000002	ServoReady	0x00000200	User OUT 2	0x00020000
Alarm	0x00000004	reserved	0x00000400	User OUT 3	0x00040000
Moving	0x00000008	reserved	0x00000800	User OUT 4	0x00080000
Acc/Dec	0x00000010	PT Output0	0x00001000	User OUT 5	0x00100000
ACK	0x00000020	PT Output1	0x00002000	User OUT 6	0x00200000
END	0x00000040	PT Output2	0x00004000	User OUT 7	0x00400000
AlarmBlink	0x00000080	User OUT 0	0x00008000	User OUT 8	0x00800000

[Example 1] Sending data to turn ON the User Output 5 port.

4 bytes	4 bytes
(I/O set mask value)	(I/O clear mask value)
0x00100000	0x00000000

[Example 2] Sending data to turn OFF the User Output 5 port

4 bytes	4 bytes
(I/O set mask value)	(I/O clear mask value)
0x00000000	0x00100000



2.2.4 Bit setup of Input pin

This displays the detailed description for 0x21 Frame type.

This command is applicable to 32 signals in the control input port. The user can use signals for test as if they are inputted without actual input signal. The following table shows bit mask values by each signal.

Signal Name	Relevant Bit Position	Signal Name	Relevant Bit Position	Signal Name	Relevant Bit Position	Signal Name	Relevant Bit Position
Limit+	0x00000001	PT A4	0x00000100	AlarmReset	0x00010000	JPT input2	0x01000000
Limit-	0x00000002	PT A5/ User IN 6	0x00000200	ServoON	0x00020000	JPT Start	0x02000000
Origin	0x00000004	PT A6/ User IN 7	0x00000400	Pause	0x00040000	User IN 0	0x04000000
Clear Position	0x00000008	PT A7/ User IN 8	0x00000800	Org Search	0x00080000	User IN 1	0x08000000
PT A0	0x0000010	PT Start	0x00001000	Teaching	0x00100000	User IN 2	0x10000000
PT A1	0x00000020	Stop	0x00002000	E-stop	0x00200000	User IN 3	0x20000000
PT A2	0x00000040	Jog+	0x00004000	JPT input0	0x00400000	User IN 4	0x40000000
PT A3	0x00000080	Jog-	0x00008000	JPT input1	0x00800000	User IN 5	0x80000000

[Example 1] Sending data to turn ON the Pause port

4 bytes	4 bytes
(I/O set mask value)	(I/O clear mask value)
0x00040000	0x00000000

[Example 2] Sending data to turn OFF the Pause port

4 bytes	4 bytes
(I/O set mask value)	(I/O clear mask value)
0x00000000	0x00040000



■ Do not mix the bit setup of 'PT A5~PT A7' and 'User IN6~IN8' together on your program.



2.2.5 Bit setup of Status Flag

Refer to 'motion_define.h' of include files.

Name of Flag Define	Contents	Relevant Bit Position
FFLAG_ERRORALL	One or more error occurs.	0X0000001
FFLAG_HWPOSILMT	'+' direction limit sensor turns ON.	0X00000002
FFLAG_HWNEGALMT	'-' direction limit sensor turns ON.	0X00000004
FFLAG_SWPOGILMT	'+' direction program limit is exceeded.	0X00000008
FFLAG_SWNEGALMT	'-' direction program limit is exceeded.	0X0000010
Reserved1		0X00000020
Reserved2		0X00000040
FFLAG_ERRPOSOVERFLOW	Position error is higher than 'Pos Error Overflow Limit' parameter after position command	0X00000080
FFLAG_ERROVERCURRENT	The motor driving device is under over-current.	0X00000100
FFLAG_ERROVERSPEED	The motor speed exceeded 3000[rpm].	0X00000200
FFLAG_ERRPOSTRACKING	Position error is higher than 'Pos Tracking Limit'parameter during position command run.	0X00000400
FFLAG_ERROVERLOAD	Load exceeding the max torque of the motor is loaded more than 5 seconds.	0X00000800
FFLAG_ERROVERHEAT	The internal temperature of the drive exceeds 55°C.	0X00001000
FFLAG_ERRBACKEMF	A counter electromotive force of the motor exceeds 70V.	0X00002000
FFLAG_ERRMOTORPOWER	The power supplied to the motor is less than low limited value.	0X00004000
FFLAG_ERRINPOSITION	After operation is finished, a position error occurs for more	0X00008000
FFLAG_EMGSTOP	The motor is under emergency stop.	0X00010000
FFLAG_SLOWSTOP	The motor is under general stop.	0X00020000
FFLAG_ORIGINRETURNING	The motor is returning to the origin.	0X00040000
FFLAG_INPOSITION	Inposition has been finished.	0X00080000
FFLAG_SERVOON	The motor is under Servo ON.	0X00100000
FFLAG_ALARMRESET	AlarmReset has run.	0X00200000
FFLAG_PTSTOPED	Position Table operation has been finished.	0X00400000
FFLAG_ORIGINSENSOR	The origin sensor is ON.	0X00800000
FFLAG_ZPULSE	The motor is in the z-pulse position of encoder.	0X01000000
FFLAG_ORIGINRETOK	Origin return operation has been finished.	0X02000000
FFLAG_MOTIONDIR	To display the motor operating direction (+: Off, -: On)	0X04000000
FFLAG_MOTIONING	The motor is running.	0X0800000
FFLAG_MOTIONPAUSE	The motor in running is stopped by Pause command.	0X10000000
FFLAG_MOTIONACCEL	The motor is operating to the acceleration section.	0X20000000
FFLAG_MOTIONDECEL	The motor is operating to the deceleration section.	0X4000000
FFLAG_MOTIONCONST	The motor is operating to the normal speed, not acceleration / deceleration sections.	0X80000000



2.2.6 Position Table Item

Refer to 'motion_define.h' of include files.

Name	Name of Structure Parameter	Number of Bytes	Offset value	Unit	Low Limit *1	Upper Limit *1
Position	IPosition	4 (signed)	0	[pulse]	-134217728	+134217728
Low Speed	dwStartSpd	4 (unsigned)	4	[pps]	0	500000
High Speed	dwMoveSpd	4 (unsigned)	8	[pps]	0	500000
Accel. Time	wAccelRate	2 (unsigned)	12	[msec]	1	9999
Decel. Tme	wDecelRate	2 (unsigned)	14	[msec]	1	9999
Command	wCommand	2 (unsigned)	16		0	10
Wait time	wWaitTime	2 (unsigned)	18	[msec]	0	600000
Blank		2 (unsigned)				
Jump Table No.	wBranch	2 (unsigned)	22		0 10000	255 10255
Jump PT 0	wCond_branch0	2 (unsigned)	24		0 10000	255 10255
Jump PT 1	wCond_branch1	2 (unsigned)	26		0 10000	255 10255
Jump PT 2	wCond_branch2	2 (unsigned)	28		0 10000	255 10255
Loop Count	wLoopCount	2 (unsigned)	30		0	100
Loop Jump Table No.	wBranchAfterLoop	2 (unsigned)	32		0 10000	255 10255
PT set	wPTSet	2 (unsigned)	34		0	15
Loop Counter Clear	wLoopCountCLR	2 (unsigned)	36		0	255
Check Inposition	bCheckInpos	2 (unsigned)	38		0	1
Compare Position	lTriggerPos	4 (signed)	40	[pulse]	-134217728	+134217728
Compare Width	wTriggerOnTime	2 (unsigned)	44	[msec]	1	9999
Push Ratio	wPushRatio	2 (unsigned)	46	[%]	20	90
Push Speed	dwPushSpeed	4 (unsigned)	48	[pps]	0	33333
Push Position	IPushPosition	4 (signed)	52	[pulse]	-134217728	+134217728
Push Mode	wPushMode	2 (unsigned)	56		0	10000
Blank		6 (unsigned)	58	0x00		•

^{*1 :} The unit of [pps] in this item is referenced to 10,000[ppr] encoder.

For the setting method by each item, refer to other manual $\lceil \text{User Manual_Position Table} \rfloor$.



2.3 Program Method

There are 2 method of programming for Ezi-SERVO Plus-R.

The first is normally used method that using Visual C++ language under window system of PC. Library that serviced together with Ezi-SERVO Plus-R have to be used. Refer to \(^3\). Library for PC \(^3\).

The second method can be accomplished by sending command characters directly to Ezi-SERVO Plus-R. The user have to prepare low level protocol programming like 'Protocol Test' program. This method is normally used for PLC system.

For excise the protocol programming, 'ProtocolTest_PlusR.exe' GUI program is serviced together. Refer to \(^{4}\). Protocol for PLC Program \(_{1}\).



3. Library for PC Program

3.1 Library Configuration

To use this library, C++ header file(*.h) and library file(*.lib or *.dll) are required. These files are included in "\\FASTECH\\Ezi-MOTION Plus-R V6\\include\\". The following contents should be included in a source file for development. (It is standard for Ezi-SERVO Plus-R)

#include "\\FASTECH\\ Ezi-MOTION Plus-R V6\\include\\FAS_EziMotionPlusR.h" #include "\\FASTECH\\ Ezi-MOTION Plus-R V6\\include\\ReturnCodes Define.h" #include "\\FASTECH\\ Ezi-MOTION Plus-R V6\\include\\MOTION DEFINE.h" #include "\\FASTECH\\ Ezi-MOTION Plus-R V6\\include\\COMM_Define.h"

Also, library files are as follows:

"\FASTECH\\ Ezi-MOTION Plus-R V6\\include\\EziMotionPlusR.lib" "\FASTECH\\ Ezi-MOTION Plus-R V6\\include\\EziMotionPlusR.dll"

A sample program source of using library is included in a

"\\FASTECH\\Ezi-MOTION Plus-R V6\\Example\\" folder.

(1) The following table describes values returned when each library(DLL) function is used. The user can check the values returned at the library(DLL) function. In case of low-level programming, this service not provided.

Item	Definition	Returned Value	Description
Normal	FMM_OK	0	The function has normally performed the command.
	FMM_NOT_OPEN	1	Wrong port number is inputted.
Input Error	FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM	2	The port that is not connected.
	FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM	3	Wrong slave number is inputted.
Operation Error	FMM_POSTABLE_ERROR	9	An error occurs while the motor accesses to the position table.
	FMC DISCONNECTED	5	The relevant drive is disconnected.
Connection	FMC_TIMEOUT_ERROR	6	Response delay(100 msec) occurs.
Error	FMC_CRCFAILED_ERROR	7	Checksum error occurs.
	FMC_RECVPACKET_ERROR	8	Protocol level error occurs in packet that comes from Drive.



(2) The following table shows return values included commonly in all libraries. The user can check the result (communication status, running status) judged by the drive. When the user develops programs by using protocols without libraries(DLL), they are available as well.

Item	Description	Returned Value	Description
Normal	FMP_OK	0	Communication has been normally performed.
Input Error	FMP_FRAMETYPEERROR	128	The drive cannot recognize the command.
	FMP_DATAERROR	129	Input data is out of the range.
	FMP_RUNFAIL	133	The motor is already running or not prepared for running. Other wrong motion command.
	FMP_RESETFAIL	134	The user cannot execute AlarmReset command while the servo is ON.
Operation	FMP_SERVOONFAIL1	135	An alarm has occurred.
Error	FMP_SERVOONFAIL2	136	The motor is under Emergency Stop.
	FMP_SERVOONFAIL3	137	'ServoON' signal is already assigned to input pin.
	FMP_SERVOOFFFAIL	138	The motor is under Servo ON process.
Connection	FMP_PACKETERROR	130	Protocol level error occurs in packet that Drive's received.
Error	FMP_PACKETCRCERROR	170	CRC value is not correct in packet that Drive's received.

3.2 Communication Status Window

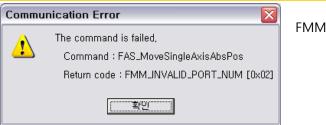
Above communication status is divide by 3 groups.

1) Communication Error



COM Port is not connected.





FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM,

COM Port number is not exist. Checking the 'Device Manager' window in Window OS.



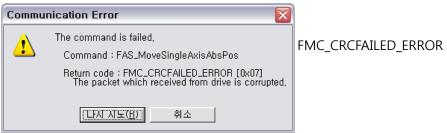
Slave number is not exist. Checking the ID value of the drive.



COM Port is disconnect during communication. Checking the communication cable or Power of the drive.

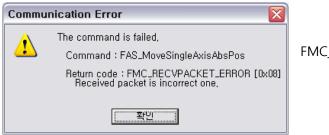


There is no response from the drive.



CRC value of communication packet from the drive is not correct. Checking the possibility of noise on communication cable.





FMC_RECVPACKET_ERROR

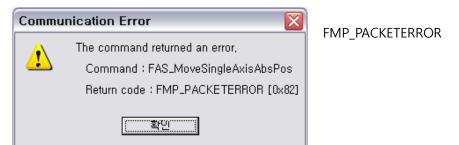
The length of received packet is not correct. Checking the possibility of noise on communication cable.



Drive do not recognize the command or wrong command is sended. Checking the command value that you want to send to the drive.



The value of the sended data is out of the proper range for drive. Checking the value that you want to send to the drive.



The length of received packet on drive is not correct. Checking the possibility of noise on communication cable.



FMP PACKETCRCERROR = 0xAA,

The CRC value on drive is not correct. Checking the possibility of noise on communication cable.

2) Wrong Command



 $FMP_RUNFAIL = 0x85,$

Fail on motion command: The motor can not run on next status.

- -. The motor is already running
- -. The motor is under stop command
- -. Servo OFF status
- -. Try to Z-pulse Origin without external encoder (only for Ezi-STEP)
- -. other wrong motion command



FMP_RESETFAIL

Fail on reset command: The motor can not reset on next status.

- -. Servo ON status
- -. Already 'Reset' status by external input signal.





Wrong 'Servo ON' command during Alarm happens.

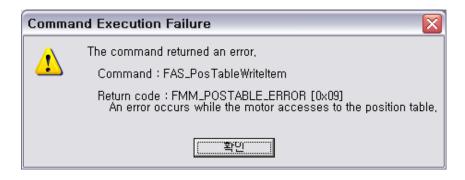


Wrong 'Servo ON' command during E-Stop happens.



'Servo ON' Signal is assigned by external input pin. In this case Servo ON command by DLL library is not working.

3) Command Execution Error



FMM_POSTABLE_ERROR

The execution of DLL library for 'Position Table' is failed.



3.3 Drive Link Function

Function Name	Description
FAS_Connect	The drive tries to connect communication with the drive module: When it is successfully connected, TRUE will return. Otherwise, FALSE will return. (FAS_OpenPort + FAS_AttachSlave)
FAS_Close	The drive tries to disconnect communication with the drive module.
FAS_GetSlaveInfo	The drive reads drive type and program version: Drive type and version information will return.
FAS_GetMotorInfo	The drive reads motor type and maker: Motor type and maker information will return.
FAS_IsSlaveExist	The drive checks(with FAS_Connect) whether there is the relevant drive: When it exists, TRUE will return. Otherwise, FALSE will return.
FAS_EnableLog	To select the communication error log function ON/OFF: When it exists, TRUE will return. Otherwise, FALSE will return.
FAS_SetLogPath	To set the saved folder name of error log file : When folder exists, TRUE will return. Otherwise, FALSE will return.
FAS_SetLogLevel	To set the level of Alarm log.
FAS_PrintCustomLog	To add temporary message for log file that is made by library.

Above function library is the normal usage one, and the next is the additional function library.

- 1) FAS_OpenPort and FAS_AttachSlave: This function is divided from 'FAS_Connect' library. FAS_OpenPort() is only for Port connection function in 'FAS_Connect() function, FAS_AttachSlave() is connecting Slave in that Port. FAS_Connect() is firstly execute FAS_OpenPort() and then execute FAS_AttachSlave() for iSlaveNo (0~15).
- 2) FAS_GetSlaveInfoEx: This function is similar to FAS_GetSalveInfo() function. FAS_GetSalveInfo() function can get the type of drive and the version information(strings), but FAS_GetSlaveInfoEx() function can get much more informations of DRIVE_INFO structure.



FAS_Connect

FAS_Connect is the function of connecting Ezi-SERVO Plus-R drive.

Syntax

```
BOOL FAS_Connect(
BYTE nPortNo,
DWORD dwBaud
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Select a serial port to be connected.

dwBaud

Input the Baudrate of the serial port.

Return Value

When it is successfully connected, TRUE will returns. Otherwise, FALSE will return.

Remarks

Example

```
#include "FAS_EziMOTIONPlusR.h"
void funcInit()
{
       BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port Number
       DWORD dwBaudrate = 115200;
                                              // Baudrate. (Be variable by setting)
       BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;// Slave No (0 ~ 15)
       char lpBuff[256];
       int nBuffSize = 256;
       BYTE nType;
       int nRtn;
       // Try to connect
       if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, dwBaudrate) == FALSE)
       {
                 // Connection failed.
                 // The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
                 return;
       }
       if (FAS_IsSlaveExist(nPortNo, iSlaveNo) == FALSE)
       {
```



```
// There is no relevant slave number.
                        // Check the slave number of Ezi-SERVO Plus-R.
                        return;
              }
              nRtn = FAS_GetSlaveInfo(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &nType, lpBuff, nBuffSize);
              if (nRtn != FMM_OK)
                        // Command has not been performed properly.
                        // Refer to ReturnCodes_Define.h.
              }
              printf("Port : %d (Slave %d) \n", nPortNo, iSlaveNo);
               printf("\tType : %d \n", nType);
              printf("\tVersion: %d \n", IpBuff);
              // Disconnect.
              FAS_Close(nPortNo);
       }
See Also
       FAS_Close
```



FAS_OpenPort

Open the Serial Port.

Syntax

```
void FAS_OpenPort(
BYTE nPortNo, DWORD dwBaud
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Select a serial port to be connected.

dwBaud

Input the Baudrate of the serial port.

Return Value

When it is successfully opened the serial port, TRUE will returns. Otherwise, FALSE will return.

Remarks

Example

```
#include "FAS_EziMOTIONPlusR.h"
void funcInit()
  BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port number
   DWORD dwBaudrate = 115200; // Baudrate value .
  BYTE iFistSlaveNo = 3;
  BYTE iSecondSlaveNo = 7;
  // connect
  if (FAS_OpenPort(nPortNo, dwBaudrate) == FALSE)
     // Fail on Port Open. Check the Port number.
     return;
  }
  if (FAS_AttachSlave(nPortNo, iFirstSlave) == FALSE)
     // Not connected for first Salve.
     // Check the power for drive or cable.
     return;
  if (FAS_AttachSlave(nPortNo, iSecondSlave) == FALSE)
     // Not connected for second Salve.
     // Check the power for drive or cable.
     return;
```



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```
}
  // Connection is success for 2 drives.

// Finish the connection
  FAS_Close(nPortNo);
}
See Also
  FAS_AttachSlave
```



FAS_AttachSlave

Connect to drive of 'SlaveNo' that is defines from serial port of FAS_OpenPort.

Syntax

```
void FAS_AttachSlave(
BYTE nPortNo, BYTE iSlaveNo
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Select a serial port to be connected.

iSlaveNo

Drive number that will be connect.

Return Value

When the drive of 'iSalveNo' is searched from Serial Port, it will return TRUE.

If the Serail Port is not Open status or the drive of 'iSlaveNo' can not be searched, it will return FALSE.

See Also

FAS_OpenPort



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FAS_Close

To disconnect the serial port being used.

Syntax

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number to disconnect

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_Connect' library.

See Also

FAS_Connect



FAS_GetSlaveInfo

To get the version information string of the relevant drive.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetSlaveInfo(
   BYTE nPortNo,
   BYTE iSlaveNo,

BYTE pType,
   LPSTR lpBuff,
   int nBuffSize

);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive

pType
Relevant drive type number

lpBuff
Buffer pointer to get version information string

nBuffSize
IpBuff memory allocation size
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_Connect' library.

See Also

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FAS_GetMotorInfo

To get the motor information string of the relevant drive.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetMotorInfo(
   BYTE nPortNo,
   BYTE iSlaveNo,

BYTE pType,
   LPSTR lpBuff,
   int nBuffSize

);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive

pType
Relevant motor type number

lpBuff
Buffer pointer to get version information string

nBuffSize
IpBuff memory allocation size
```

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_Connect' library.

See Also

FAS_IsSlaveExist

To check that the drive is connected.

Syntax

```
BOOL FAS_IsSlaveExist(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive
iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive

Return Value

TRUE: The drive is connected.

FALSE: The drive is disconnected.

Remarks

This function is provided from the library only and it is inapplicable to the protocol program mode.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_Connect' library.

See Also

FAS_Connect



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FAS_EnableLog

To select the save function of communication error log file.

Syntax

```
void FAS_EnableLog(BOOL bEnable);
```

```
Parameters
```

```
bEnable
Select output of Log.
```

Remarks

Select the Log output during Ezi-MOITON Plus-R DLL function used. This setup Do not effect th other process or other program.

Log function start from 'FAS_Connect' function, the Log output is end when the 'FAS_Close' is excuted.

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funcDisableLog()
{
    BYTE nPortNo = 1;

    FAS_EnableLog(FALSE);

    // Try to connect.
    if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, 115200) == FALSE)
    {
            // connection fail.
            // cab be different Port or different Baudrate.
            return;
    }

    // Connection close..
    FAS_Close(nPortNo);
}
```

FAS_SetLogPath

See Also

FAS_SetLogPath

Setup the folder path of Log output files.

Syntax

BOOL FAS_SetLogPath(LPCTSTR IpPath);

Parameters

lpPath

Folder path Character string of Log output file.

Return Value

If the folder name is not exist or can not access, return FALSE.

Remarks

This function have to be called before FAS_Connect library.

If the lpPath value is NULL or the length is 0, the Log path is selected to Ezi-MOTION Plus-R Library folder. The default value for Log path is NULL that the current library and program exist folder.

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"
void funcEnableLog()
{
       BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port number
       // Log output.
       FAS_EnableLog(TRUE);
       if (!FAS_SetLogPath(_T("C:\\Logs\\"))) // C:\Logs folder exist.
       {
                 // Log path does not exist.
                 Return;
       }
       // All Log output is stored in C:\Logs folder.
       // Try to connect.
       if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, 115200) == FALSE)
       {
                 // Connection fail.
                 // cab be different Port or different Baudrate.
                 return;
       }
```



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```
// Close connect.

FAS_Close(nPortNo);
}
See Also

FAS_EnableLog
```



FAS_SetLogLevel

FAS_SetLogLevel is used for set the level of Log that is made by EziMOTIONPlusR.dll library.

Syntax

```
void FAS_SetLogLevel(
    enum LOG_LEVEL level
);
```

Parameters

level Set Level of Log.

Remarks

Here is the list of level type.

LOG_LEVEL_COMM: only the communication error can be Log(default).

LOG_LEVEL_PARAM: communication error and the used parameter setting function can be Log.

 ${\sf LOG_LEVEL_MOTION}$: communication error , the used parameter setting function and used motion function can be ${\sf Log}$.

LOG_LEVEL_ALL: communication error and the all used function library can be Log.

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"
void funclnit()
{
      BYTE nPortNo = 1;
                               // COMM Port value
      DWORD dwBaudrate = 115200;
                                        // Baudrate value.
      BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;
                               // Slave No (0 ~ 15)
      char lpBuff[256];
      int nBuffSize = 256;
      BYTE nType;
      int nRtn;
      FAS_SetLogLevel(LOG_LEVEL_MOTION);
      if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, dwBaudrate) == FALSE)
      {
              // Fail to connect.
               return;
      }
```



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```
FAS_PrintCustomLog(nPortNo, LOG_LEVEL_COMM, _T("Program started."));
FAS_PrintCustomLog(nPortNo, LOG_LEVEL_ALL, _T("Log is not printed."));

// Close connection. Log file is close for Port.
FAS_Close(nPortNo);
}
See Also
FAS_Close
```



FAS_PrintCustomLog

FAS_PrintCustomLog can add temporary message to Log file.

Syntax

```
void FAS_PrintCustomLog(
BYTE nPortNo,
enum LOG_LEVEL level,
LPCTSTR lpszMsg
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Log file is made for each Port. Select Port number for Log file.

level
Select level of message.

lpszMsg
Input the message strings.
```

Remarks

If the current Log level is same or lower, the message is logged to Log file of that Port.

Example

Refer to FAS_SetLogLevel.

See Also

FAS_SetLogLevel



3.4 Parameter Control Function

Function Name	Description
FAS_SaveAllParameters	Current parameters are saved to the ROM:
	Even after the drive is powered OFF, parameters related to operating speed, acceleration/deceleration time, and origin return need to be preserved.
FAS_SetParameter	The designated parameter is saved to the RAM:
	Specific parameter is saved.
FAS_GetParameter	The designated parameter is read from the RAM:
	Specific parameter is read.
FAS_GetROMParameter	The designated parameter is read from the ROM:
	Specific parameter is read from the ROM.



FAS_SaveAllParameters

All parameters edited up to now & assign status of In/Out signals are saved in the ROM area.

Syntax

```
Int FAS_SaveAllParameters(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive
iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

Parameter values set to 'FAS_SetIOAssignMap' library as well as current parameter values are saved to the ROM.

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funcModifyParameter()
{
    BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port Number
    BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;// Slave No (0 ~ 15)
    long lParamVal;
    int nRtn;

    // Try to connect
    if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, 115200) == FALSE)
    {
            // Connection failed.
            // The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
            return;
    }
}
```



// Check Axis Start Speed Parameter.

```
nRtn = FAS_GetParameter(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, SERVO_AXISSTARTSPEED, &IParamVal);
             if (nRtn != FMM_OK)
             {
                       // Command has not been performed properly.
                       // Refer to ReturnCodes Define.h.
                       _ASSERT(FALSE);
             }
             else
             {
                       // Parameter value saved in Ezi-SERVO Plus-R.
                       printf("Parameter [before]: Start Speed = %d \n", IParamVal);
             }
             // Change Axis Start Speed parameter as 200 then read it again.
             nRtn = FAS_SetParameter(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, SERVO_AXISSTARTSPEED, 200);
              _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
                                                  // You have to check if the command didn't execute correctly.
             nRtn = FAS_GetParameter(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, SERVO_AXISSTARTSPEED, &IParamVal);
              _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
              printf("Parameter [after]: Start Speed = %d \n", IParamVal);
             // Check the value saved in the ROM.
             nRtn = FAS_GetROMParameter(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, SERVO_AXISSTARTSPEED, &IParamVal);
              _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
                                                  // You have to check if the command didn't execute correctly.
             printf("Parameter [ROM] : Start Speed = %d \n", IParamVal);
             // Edit the parameter value then save it in the ROM.
             nRtn = FAS_SetParameter(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, SERVO_AXISSTARTSPEED, 100);
              _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
                                                  // You have to check if the command didn't execute correctly.
             nRtn = FAS_SaveAllParameters(nPortNo, iSlaveNo);
              _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             // Disconnect.
             FAS_Close(nPortNo);
      }
See Also
       FAS GetRomParameter
```



FAS_SetParameter

Edit the relevant parameter value and then save it to the RAM.

Syntax

```
int FAS_SetParameter(
    BYTE nPortNo,
    BYTE iSlaveNo,
    BYTE iParamNo,
    long IParamValue
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive

iParamNo

Parameter number to be edited

IParamValue

Parameter value to be edited

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

FMM_INVALID_PARAMETER_NUM: There is no parameter of designated iParamNo.

Remarks

The function operates only for one parameter designated.

Parameters in the drive are saved to 2 memory areas. That is, when power is off, the ROM saves parameters permanently. When power is on, parameters in the ROM are copied to the DSP RAM and used. When the user changes parameters, it changes not parameters in the ROM but parameter in the RAM. This function is to set the parameter number designated from the RAM to the relevant value.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_SaveAllParameter' library.

See Also

FAS_GetParameter



FAS_GetParamater

To call specific parameter values of the drive.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetParameter(
    BYTE nPortNo,
    BYTE iSlaveNo,
    BYTE iParamNo,
    long* IParamValue
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive

iParamNo
Parameter number to be imported

IParamValue

Parameter values

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

FMM_INVALID_PARAMETER_NUM: There is no parameter of designated iParamNo.

Remarks

The function operates only for one parameter designated.

Parameters in the drive are saved to 2 memory areas. That is, when power is off, the ROM saves parameters permanently. When power is on, parameters in the ROM are copied to the DSP RAM and used. When the user changes parameters, it changes not parameters in the ROM but parameter in the RAM. This function reads the parameter number designated to the RAM.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_SaveAllParameter' library.

See Also

FAS_SetParameter



FAS_GetROMParameter

To call parameters saved in the ROM

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetROMParameter(
    BYTE nPortNo,
    BYTE iSlaveNo,
    BYTE iParamNo,
    long* IRomParam
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive

iParamNo

Parameter number to be imported

IRomParam

Parameter values saved in the ROM

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

FMM_INVALID_PARAMETER_NUM: There is no parameter of designated iParamNo.

Remarks

To call parameter values saved in the ROM.

Even though this function runs, the value in the RAM is not changed. For this, run FAS_SetParameter.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_SaveAllParameter' library.

See Also

FAS_SaveAllParameters



3.5 Servo Control Function

Function Name	Description
FAS_ServoEnable	The Servo of the drive designated turns ON/OFF.
FAS_ServoAlarmReset	The drive which an alarm occurs is released:
	Troubleshoot the alarm cause and use this function.
FAS_GetAlarmType	Read the Alarm type of the drive.

Above function library is the normal usage one, and the next is the additional function library.

1) FAS_GetAlarmLogs and FAS_ResetAlarmLogs: This function is for read the alarm log of drive and initialize the log data. (only work on Servo OFF status)



FAS_ServoEnable

To turn ON/OFF the drive servo.

Syntax

```
int FAS_ServoEnable(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
BOOL bOnOff
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive
iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant
bOnOff
Enable or Disable.
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

The given time is required until Servo ON flag in the axis status turns on after enable.

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funcAxisStatus()
{
    BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port Number
    BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;// Slave No (0 ~ 15)
    EZISERVO_AXISSTATUS AxisStatus;
    int nRtn;

// Try to connect
    if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, 115200) == FALSE)
    {
            // Connection failed.
            // The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
            return;
    }
}
```



```
nRtn = FAS_GetAxisStatus(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &(AxisStatus.dwValue));
             _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             // If SERVO_ON flag turns off, the servo turns on..
             if (AxisStatus.FFLAG_SERVOON == 0)
             {
                      nRtn = FAS_ServoEnable(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, TRUE);
                      _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             }
             // If there is an alarm, AlarmReset runs.
                    (AxisStatus.FFLAG_ERRORALL
                                                      \parallel
                                                            AxisStatus.FFLAG_ERROVERCURRENT
                                                                                                       AxisStatus.FFLAG_ERROVERLOAD)
             {
                      nRtn = FAS_ServoAlarmReset(nPortNo, iSlaveNo);
                      _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             }
             // Disconnect.
             FAS_Close(nPortNo);
      }
See Also
```

FAS_ServoAlarmReset

FAS_ServoAlarmReset

To send AlarmReset command.

Syntax

```
int FAS_ServoAlarmReset(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive
iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

Before sending this command, troubleshoot the alarm cause. For alarm cause, refer to 'User Manual_Text'.

Example

```
Refer to 'FAS_ServoEnable' library
```

See Also

FAS_ServoEnable

3.6 Control I/O Function

Function Name	Description
FAS_SetIOInput	To set the input signal level of the control input port :
	Input signal is set to [ON] or [OFF].
FAS_GetIOInput	To read the current input signal status of the control input port :
	The signal status returns by bit for each input signal.
FAS_SetIOOutput	To set the output signal level of the control output port :
	Output signal is set to [ON] or [OFF].
FAS_GetIOOutput	To read the current output signal status of the control output port :
	The signal status returns by bit for each output signal.
FAS_GetIOAssignMap	To read the pin setting status of the CN1 port :
	The setting status for each 9 variable signals returns by bit to the Input and Output port.
FAS_SetIOAssignMap	To assign the control I/O signal to CN1 port pin and also set the signal level :
	Setting for each 9 variable signals is assigned to the Input and Output port.
FAS_IOAssignMapReadROM	To load the pin setting status of CN1 port from ROM area to
	RAM area.



FAS_SetIOInput

To set I/O input. For more information, refer to '2-2. Structure of Frame Type'.

Syntax

```
int FAS_SetIOInput(
    BYTE nPortNo,
    BYTE iSlaveNo,
    DWORD dwIOSetMask,
    DWORD dwIOCLRMask
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

dwlOSetMask
Input bitmask value to be set

dwlOCLRMask
Input bitmask value to be cleared
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

Be careful that dwIOSetMask bit and dwIOCLRMask bit are not duplicated.

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funclO()
{
    BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port Number
    BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;// Slave No (0 ~ 15)
    DWORD dwInput, dwOutput;
    int nRtn;

// Try to connect
    if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, 115200) == FALSE)
    {
```



// Connection failed.

```
// The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
                      return;
             }
             // Check I/O input.
             nRtn = FAS_GetIOInput(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &dwInput);
             _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
             if (dwInput & SERVO_IN_BITMASK_LIMITP)
                      // Limit + input is ON.
             }
             if (dwInput & SERVO_IN_BITMASK_USERIN0)
             {
                      // User Input 0 is ON.
             }
             // Turning ON 'Clear Position' and 'User Input 1' inputs and turning off 'Jog +' input.
                        FAS_SetIOInput(nPortNo,
                                                  iSlaveNo,
                                                              SERVO_IN_BITMASK_CLEARPOSITION
    SERVO_IN_BITMASK_USERIN1, SERVO_IN_BITMASK_PJOG);
             _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             // Check I/O output.
             nRtn = FAS_GetIOOutput(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &dwOutput);
             _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             if (dwOutput & SERVO_OUT_BITMASK_USEROUT0)
             {
                      // User Output 0 is ON.
             }
             // Turn off User Output 1 and 2 signals.
             nRtn = FAS_SetIOOutput(nPortNo,
                                                  iSlaveNo, 0, SERVO_OUT_BITMASK_USEROUT1 |
    SERVO_OUT_BITMASK_USEROUT2);
             _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
             // Disconnect.
             FAS_Close(nPortNo);
      }
See Also
```



FAS_GetIOInput



FAS_GetIOInput

To read I/O input values. For more information, refer to '2-2. Structure of Frame Type'.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetIOInput(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
DWORD* dwIOInput
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

dwlOInput

Parameter pointer which input values will be saved

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

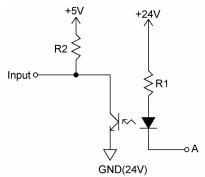
FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

There are 12 input pins in EziSERVO PlusR. The user can select and use 9 input pins of them. This function can read the input port status by 32bit. All of them are insulated by a photocoupler. (Refer to the figure.)



When Port A is supplied 24V from an external input port, the input is recognized to 5V(High).

Example

Refer to 'FAS_SetIOInput' library.

See Also

FAS SetIOInput



FAS_SetIOOutput

To read I/O output values. For more information, refer to '2-2. Structure of Frame Type'.

Syntax

```
int FAS_SetIOOutput(
    BYTE nPortNo,
    BYTE iSlaveNo,
    DWORD dwIOSetMask,
    DWORD dwIOCLRMask
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

dwIOSetMask

Output bitmask value to be set

dwIOCLRMask

Output bitmask value be cleared

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

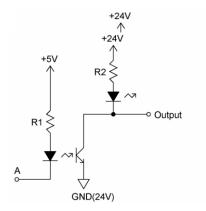
FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

There are 10 input pins in EziSERVO PlusR. The user can select and use 9 output pins of them.





When output data is '1', Port A becomes 0V. When it is '0', Port A becomes +5V.

Be careful that dwlOSetMask bit and dwlOCLRMask bit are not duplicated.

Example

Refer to FAS_SetIOInput.

See Also

FAS_GetIOOutput



FAS_GetIOOutput

To read I/O output values. For more information, refer to '2-2. Structure of Frame Type'.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetIOOutput(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
DWORD* dwIOOutput
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

dwlOInput

Parameter pointer which the output value will be saved.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_SetIOInput' library

See Also

FAS_SetIOOutput

FAS_GetIOAssignMap

To read I/O Assign Map. For more information, refer to '2-2. Structure of Frame Type'.

```
Syntax
```

```
int FAS_GetIOAssignMap(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
BYTE iIOPinNo,
BYTE* nIOLogic,
BYTE* bLevel
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

iIOPinNo
I/O pin number to be read

nIOLogic
Parameter pointer which the logic value assigned to a relevant pin will be saved

bLevel
Parameter pointer which the active level of relevant logic will be saved
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

For nIOLogic, refer to 'Motion define.h'.

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funclOAssign()
{
    BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port Number
    BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;// Slave No (0 ~ 15)
    BYTE iPinNo;
    DWORD dwLogicMask;
    BYTE bLevel;
    BYTE i;
    int nRtn;
```



```
// Try to connect
         if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, 115200) == FALSE)
         {
                  // Connection failed.
                  // The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
                  return;
         }
         // Check assigned information of input pin.
         for (i=0; i</*Input Pin Count*/12; i++)
         {
                  nRtn = FAS_GetIOAssignMap(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, i, &dwLogicMask, &bLevel);
                  _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
                  if (dwLogicMask != IN_LOGIC_NONE)
                            printf("Input Pin %d : Logic Mask 0x%08X (%s)\n", i, dwLogicMask, ((bLevel ==
LEVEL_LOW_ACTIVE) ? "Low Active" : "High Active"));
                  else
                            printf("Input Pin %d : Not assigned\n", i);
         }
         // Assign SERVOON Logic (Low Active) to input pin 3.
                           // 0 ~ 11 value is available (Caution: 0 ~ 2 is fixed.)
         iPinNo = 3;
         nRtn = FAS_SetIOAssignMap(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, iPinNo, SERVO_IN_BITMASK_SERVOON,
LEVEL_LOW_ACTIVE);
         _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
         // Check assign information of output pin.
         for (i=0; i<10/*Output Pin Count*/; i++)
                  nRtn = FAS_GetIOAssignMap(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, 12/*Input Pin Count*/ + i,
&dwLogicMask, &bLevel);
                  _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
                  if (dwLogicMask != OUT_LOGIC_NONE)
                            printf("Output Pin %d : Logic Mask 0x%08X (%s)\n", i, dwLogicMask, ((bLevel ==
LEVEL_LOW_ACTIVE) ? "Low Active" : "High Active"));
                  else
                            printf("Output Pin %d: Not assigned\n", i);
         }
```



```
// Assign ALARM Logic (High Active) to output pin 9.

iPinNo = 9;  // 0 ~ 9 value is available (Caution : 0 is fixed to COMPOUT.)

nRtn = FAS_SetIOAssignMap(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, 12/*Input Pin Count*/ + iPinNo, SERVO_OUT_BITMASK_ALARM, LEVEL_HIGH_ACTIVE);

_ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);

// Disconnect.

FAS_Close(nPortNo);
}

See Also

FAS_SetIOAssignMap
```



FAS_SetIOAssignMap

To set I/O Assign Map. For more information, refer to '2-2. Structure of Frame Type'.

Syntax

```
int FAS_SetIOAssignMap(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
BYTE iIOPinNo,
BYTE nLogicNo,
BYTE bLevel
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

iIOPinNo
I/O Pin number to be read

nIOLogic
Logic value to be assigned to the relevant pin
```

Active Level value of the relevant logic

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

FMM_INVALID_PARAMETER_NUM: Designated iIOPinNo or nIOLogic value is out of range.
```

Remarks

To save current setting values to the memory, 'FAS_SaveAllParameters' library should be run.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_GSetIOAssignMap' library

See Also

FAS GetIOAssignMap

FAS_IOAssignMapReadROM

To load the status of CN1 assignment being saved in ROM area.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PosTableReadROM(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.
iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

See Also

FAS_ GetIOAssignMap



3.7 Position Control Function

Function Name	Description
FAS_SetCommandPos	To set the command position value.
FAS_SetActualPos	To set the current position to the actual position value.
FAS_GetCommandPos	To read the current command position value.
FAS_GetActualPos	To read the actual command position value.
FAS_GetPosError	To read the difference between the actual position value and the command position value.
FAS_GetActualVel	To read the actual running speed value while the motor is moving.
FAS_ClearPosition	To set the command position and actual position value to '0'.



FAS_SetCommandPos

To set the command position value to the motor.

Syntax

```
int FAS_SetCommandPos(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long ICmdPos
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

ICmdPos
Commnad position value to be set.
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

The user sets the position command (pulse output counter) value.

This function is generally used when the user sets the current position to coordinates that he wants.

Example



```
// Initialize Command Position and Actual Position values to 0.

nRtn = FAS_SetCommandPos(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, 0);

_ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);

nRtn = FAS_SetActualPos(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, 0);

_ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);

// Disconnect.

FAS_Close(nPortNo);

}

See Also

FAS_SetActualPos
```



FAS_SetActualPos

To set the actual position value to the motor.

Syntax

```
int FAS_SetActualPos(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long IActPos
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

IActPos
Actual position value to be set.
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

The user sets the encoder feedback counter value to the value that he wants.

Example

```
Refer to 'FAS_GetActualPos' library.
```

See Also

FAS_SetCommandPos

FAS_GetCommandPos

To read the command position of the current motor.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetCommandPos(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long* ICmdPos
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive
iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive
ICmdPos
```

Parameter pointer that command position value will be saved

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

To read the position command (pulse output counter) value.

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funcDisplayStatus()
{
    BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port Number
    BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;// Slave No (0 ~ 15)
    long IValue;
    int nRtn;

// Try to connect
    if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, 115200) == FALSE)
    {
            // Connection failed.
            // The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
            return;
            // The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
            return;
            // The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
            return;
```



```
}
             // Check position information of Ezi-SERVO Plus-R.
             nRtn = FAS_GetCommandPos(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &IValue);
             _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             printf("CMDPOS : %d \n", IValue);
             nRtn = FAS_GetActualPos(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &lValue);
             _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             printf("ACTPOS : %d \n", IValue);
             nRtn = FAS_GetPosError(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &IValue);
             _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
             printf("POSERR : %d \n", IValue);
             nRtn = FAS_GetActualVel(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &lValue);
             _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             printf("ACTVEL: %d \n", IValue);
             // Disconnect.
             FAS_Close(nPortNo);
      }
See Also
      FAS_GetActualPos
```



FAS_GetActualPos

To read the actual position value of the motor.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetActualPos(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long* IActPos
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

IActPos

Parameter pointer which the actual position value will be saved.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

When the user decides the motor position and checks its actual position, this function is generally used.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_GetCOmmandPosition' library.

See Also

FAS_GetCommandPos

FAS_GetPosError

To read the position error of the motor.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetPosError(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long* lPosErr
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

IPosErr

Parameter pointer which the position error value will be saved

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_GetCOmmandPosition' library.

See Also

FAS_GetCommandPos,

FAS_GetActualPos

FAS_GetActualVel

To read the actual velocity of the motor.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetActualVel(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long* IActVel
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

IActVel

Parameter pointer which the actual velocity value will be saved

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_GetCOmmandPosition' library.

FAS_ClearPosition

To set the command position value and actual value to '0'.

Syntax

```
int FAS_SetCommandPos(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

The user sets the position command (pulse output counter) value.

This function is generally used when the user sets the current position to initial values.

Example



```
// Initialize Command Position and Actual Position values to 0.

nRtn = FAS_ClearPosition(nPortNo, iSlaveNo);

_ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);

// Disconnect.

FAS_Close(nPortNo);

}

See Also

FAS_SetActualPos
```



3.8 Drive Status Control Function

Function Name	Description
FAS_GetIOAxisStatus	To read control I/O status, running status Flag value :
	The current input status value, the output setting status value, and the running status Flag value will return.
FAS_GetMotionStatus	To read the current running progress status and its PT number:
	The command position value, the actual position value, the speed value will return.
FAS_GetAllStatus	To read all status including the current I/O status at one time :
	This function is to combine 'FAS_GetIOAxisStatus' function and 'FAS_GetMotionStatus' function.
FAS_GetAxisStatus	To read the running status Flag value of the relevant drive.



FAS_GetIOAxisStatus

To read I/O Input and Output values of the relevant drive, and the motor Axis Status.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetIOAxisStatus(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
DWORD* dwInStatus,
DWORD* dwOutStatus,
DWORD* dwAxisStatus
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

dwInStatus

Parameter pointer which the I/O input value will be saved.

dwOutStatus

Parameter pointer which the I/O output value will be saved.

dwAxisStatus

Parameter pointer which the axis status value of the relevant motor will be saved

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.



FAS_GetMotionStatus

To read the motion status of current motor at one time.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetMotionStatus(
   BYTE nPortNo,
   BYTE iSlaveNo,
   Iong* ICmdPos,
   Iong* IActPos,
   Iong* IPosErr,
   Iong* IActVeI,
   WORD* wPosItemNo
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

ICmdPos

Parameter pointer which the command position value will be saved

IActPos

Parameter pointer which the actual position value will be saved.

IPosErr

Parameter pointer which the position error value will be saved

IActVe

Parameter pointer which the actual velocity value will be saved

wPosItemNo

Parameter pointer which current running item number in the Position Table will be saved

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.



FAS_GetAllStatus

To read I/O Input and Output values of the relevant drive, the motor Axis Status, the motor motion status.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetAllStatus(
   BYTE nPortNo,
   BYTE iSlaveNo,
   DWORD* dwInStatus,
   DWORD* dwOutStatus,
   DWORD* dwAxisStatus,
   long* ICmdPos,
   long* IActPos,
   long* IPosErr,
   long* IActVel,
   WORD* wPosItemNo

);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNc

Slave number of relevant drive.

dwlnStatus

Parameter pointer which the I/O input value will be saved.

dwOutStatus

Parameter pointer which the I/O output value will be saved.

dwAxisStatus

Parameter pointer which the axix status value of the relevant motor will be saved

ICmdPos

Parameter pointer which the command position value will be saved

IActPos

Parameter pointer which the actual position value will be saved

IPosEri

Parameter pointer which the position error value will be saved

IActVel

Parameter pointer which the actual velocity value will be saved

wPosItemNo

Parameter pointer which current running item number in the Position Table will be saved

Return Value

FMM OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks



Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.

See Also

FAS_GetAxisStatus

FAS_GetMotionStatus



FAS_GetAxisStatus

To read the motor Axis Status value. For status Flag, refer to '2-2. Structure of Frame Type'.

Syntax

```
int FAS_GetAxisStatus(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
DWORD* dwAxisStatus
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

dwAxisStatus

Parameter pointer which the axis status value of the relevant motor

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.

3.9 Running Control Function

Function Name	Description
FAS_MoveStop	The motor in running is decelerate and stopped.
FAS_EmergencyStop	The motor in running stops directly without deceleration
FAS_MoveOriginSingleAxis	The motor starts the origin return.
FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos	The motor moves as much as the given absolute position value.
FAS_MoveSingleAxisIncPos	The motor moves as much as the given incremental position value.
FAS_MoveToLimit	The motor moves up to the position that the limit sensor is detected.
FAS_MoveVelocity	The motor moves to the given velocity and direction:
	This function is available to Jog motion.
FAS_PositionAbsOverride	While the motor is running, the target absolute position value [pulse] is changed.
FAS_PositionIncOverride	While the motor is running, the target incremental position value [pulse] is changed.
FAS_VelocityOverride	While the motor is running, the running velocity value [pulse] is changed.
	(Caution : 'Changed running speed' must be over 30[pps])
FAS_AllMoveStop	All motors that connected in same port are decelerate and stopped.
FAS_AllEmergencyStop	All motors that connected in same port are directly stop without deceleration.
FAS_AllMoveOriginSingleAxis	All motors that connected in same port are starts the origin return.
FAS_AllMoveSingleAxisAbsPos	All motors that connected in same port moves as much as the given absolute position value.
FAS_AllMoveSingleAxisIncPos	All motors that connected in same port moves as much as the given incremental position value.
FAS_MoveLinearAbsPos	More than 2 motors that connected in same port Linear Interpolation moves as much as the given absolute position value.
FAS_MoveLinearIncPos	More than 2 motors that connected in same port Linear Interpolation moves as much as the given incremental position value.
FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPosEx	The motor moves as much as the given absolute position value
3	with custom accel/decel time value.
FAS_MoveSingleAxisIncPosEx	The motor moves as much as the given incremental position value
	with custom accel/decel time value.
	The motor moves to the given velocity and direction:
FAS_MoveVelocityEx	This function is available to Jog motion with custom accel/decel time value.
FAS_MovePause	The motor starts pause in runing or the motor starts again
	In pause status.



FAS_MoveStop

To stop the motor.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MoveStop(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.



FAS_EmergencyStop

To stop the motor without deceleration.

Syntax

```
int FAS_EmergencyStop(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

This function does not include deceleration phase. So, the user must be careful so that the machine cannot be impacted.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.

FAS_MoveOriginSingleAxis

To search the origin of system. For more information, refer to 'User Manual_Text 7.4 Origin Return'.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MoveOriginSingleAxis(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.

FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos

To move the motor to the absolute coordinate.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long IAbsPos,
DWORD IVelocity,
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

IAbsPos
Absolute coordinate of position to move

IVelocity
Velocity when the motor moves
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funcMove()
{
    BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port Number
    BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;// Slave No (0 ~ 15)
    DWORD dwAxisStatus, dwInput;
    EZISERVO_AXISSTATUS stAxisStatus;
    long IAbsPos, IIncPos, IVelocity;
    int nRtn;

// Try to connect
    if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, 115200) == FALSE)
    {
```



// Connection failed.

```
// The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
                  return;
        }
        // Check error and Servo ON status.
         nRtn = FAS_GetAxisStatus(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &dwAxisStatus);
         _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
         stAxisStatus.dwValue = dwAxisStatus;
        //if (dwAxisStatus & 0x00000001)
         if (stAxisStatus.FFLAG_ERRORALL)
                  FAS_ServoAlarmReset(nPortNo, iSlaveNo);
        //if ((dwAxisStatus & 0x00100000) == 0x00)
         if (stAxisStatus.FFLAG_SERVOON == 0)
                  FAS_ServoEnable(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, TRUE);
        // Check input status.
         nRtn = FAS_GetIOInput(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &dwInput);
         _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
        if (dwInput & (SERVO_IN_BITMASK_STOP | SERVO_IN_ BITMASK _PAUSE | SERVO_IN_
BITMASK _ESTOP))
                  FAS_SetIOInput(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, 0, SERVO_IN_ BITMASK _STOP | SERVO_IN_
BITMASK _PAUSE | SERVO_IN_ BITMASK _ESTOP);
        // Increase the motor to 15000 pulse.
         IIncPos = 15000;
         IVelocity = 30000;
         nRtn = FAS_MoveSingleAxisIncPos(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, IIncPos, IVelocity);
         _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
        // Stand by until motion command is completely finished.
         do
        {
                  Sleep(1);
                  nRtn = FAS_GetAxisStatus(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &dwAxisStatus);
                  _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
                  stAxisStatus.dwValue = dwAxisStatus;
        }
```



```
while (stAxisStatus.FFLAG_MOTIONING);
              // Move the motor to '0'.
              IAbsPos = 0;
              IVelocity = 20000;
              nRtn = FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, IAbsPos, IVelocity);
              _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
              // Stand by until motion command is completely finished
              do
              {
                       Sleep(1);
                       nRtn = FAS_GetAxisStatus(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, &dwAxisStatus);
                       _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
                       stAxisStatus.dwValue = dwAxisStatus;
              }
              while (stAxisStatus.FFLAG_MOTIONING);
              // Disconnect.
              FAS_Close(nPortNo);
See Also
```



FAS_MoveSingleAxisIncPos

To move the motor to the incremental coordinate value.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MoveSingleAxisIncPos(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long IIncPos,
DWORD IVelocity
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

IIncPos
Incremental coordinate of position to move

IVelocity
```

Velocity when the motor moves

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.

FAS_MoveToLimit

To give the motor a command to search the limit sensor.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MoveToLimit(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
DWORD IVelocity,
int iLimitDir,
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

IVelocity
Velocioty when the motor moves

iLimitDir
Limit direction which the motor moves ( 0: -Limit, 1: +Limit)
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.
```

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.

FAS_MoveVelocity

To move the motor to the relevant direction and velocity. This function is also available for Jog motion.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MoveVelocity(
   BYTE nPortNo,
   BYTE iSlaveNo,
   DWORD IVelocity,
   int iVelDir
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

IVelocity
Velocity when the motor moves

iVelDir
Direction which the motor moves ( 0: -Jog, 1: +Jog)
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.
```

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM : There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.

FAS_PositionAbsOverride

To change the absolute position value set while the motor moves to the absolute position.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PositionAbsOverride(
   BYTE nPortNo,
   BYTE iSlaveNo,
   long lOverridePos
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

IOverridePos

Absolute coordinate position value to be changed

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

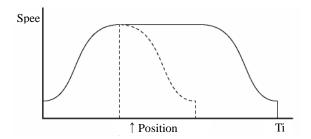
FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

 $\label{local_equation} FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.$

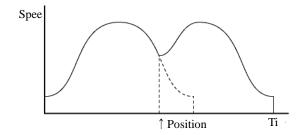
Remarks

 If the target position is set to the farther coordinate than the original target position while the motor moves to the accelerated or uniform velocity, the motor moves to the velocity pattern until then and stops the target position.

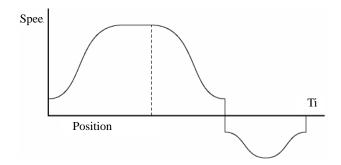


2) If the target position is changed while the motor is decelerated, it is again accelerated up to the uniform velocity and then stops to the target position.





3) If the changed target position is set to the closer coordinate than the original target position, the motor move to the changed target position.



Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.

See Also

FAS_PositionIncOverride

FAS_PositionIncOverride

To change the incremental position value set while the motor moves to the incremental position.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PositionIncOverride(
    BYTE nPortNo,
    BYTE iSlaveNo,
    long IOverridePos
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

IOverridePos

Incremental coordinate position value to be changed

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Refer to 'FAS_PositionAbsOverride' library.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.

See Also

FAS_PositionAbsOverride



FAS_VelocityOverride

To change the velocity set while the motor moves.

(Caution: 'Changed running speed' must be over 30[pps])

Syntax

```
int FAS_VelocityOverride(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
DWORD IVelocity
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

IVelocity

Velocity to be changed in [pps]

Return Value

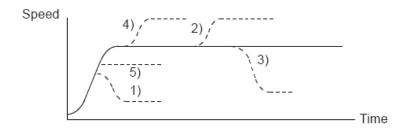
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks



- 1) In case of ((change speed) < (speed before change)), the motor reaches the change speed through acceleration/deceleration using a new velocity pattern.
- 5) In case of ((change speed) ≥ (speed before change)), the motor reaches the change speed



through acceleration/deceleration without any new velocity pattern.

- 4) The motor reaches the 'speed before change' without a change of the velocity pattern and then it reaches the 'change speed' by a new velocity pattern.
- 2),3) After acceleration/deceleration is finished, the motor reaches the change speed corresponding to the velocity pattern of the 'change speed'.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.



FAS_AllMoveStop

To stop the motor that connected in same port.

Syntax

```
int FAS_AllMoveStop(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive. (must be '99')

Return Value

No response

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.



FAS_AllEmergencyStop

To stop the motor that connected in same port without deceleration.

Syntax

```
int FAS_AllEmergencyStop(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive. (must be '99')

Return Value

No response

Remarks

This function does not include deceleration phase. So, the user must be careful so that the machine cannot be impacted.

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.



FAS_AllMoveOriginSingleAxis

To search the origin of system for all motor that is connected in same port. For more information, refer to 'User Manual_Text 7.4 Origin Return'.

Syntax

```
int FAS_AllMoveOriginSingleAxis(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive. (must be '99')

Return Value

No response

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.



FAS_AllMoveSingleAxisAbsPos

To move the motor that connected in same port to the absolute coordinate.

Syntax

```
int FAS_AllMoveSingleAxisAbsPos(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long IAbsPos,
DWORD IVelocity,
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive. (must be '99')

IAbsPos
Absolute coordinate of position to move

IVelocity
Velocity when the motor moves
```

Return Value

No response

Remarks

Example



FAS_AllMoveSingleAxisIncPos

To move the motor that connected in same port to the incremental coordinate value.

Syntax

```
int FAS_AllMoveSingleAxisIncPos(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
long lIncPos,
DWORD IVelocity
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive. (must be '99')

lIncPos
Incremental coordinate of position to move

lVelocity
Velocity when the motor moves
```

Return Value

No response

Remarks

Example

Refer to 'FAS_MoveSingleAxisAbsPos' library.



FAS_MoveLinearAbsPos / FAS_MoveLinearIncPos

To move(Linear Interpolation) more than 2 motors that connected in same port to the absolute /increnental coordinate.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MoveLinearAbsPos(
    BYTE nPortNo,
    BYTE nNoOfSlaves,
    BYTE *iSlaveNo,
    long *IAbsPos,

    DWORD IFeedrate,
    WORD wAccelTime
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

nNoOfSlaves

Slave numbers for Linear motioning.

iSlaveNo

Array of Slave numbers.

IAbsPos

Array of position value for each slave. (in case of incremental : Distance)

IFeedrate

Speed value for motioning.

wAccelTime

Acceleration & deceleration time value.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been successfully performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM INVALID SLAVE NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

When this function is used, the 'Start speed'value must be designated to'1'.

Example

#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funcMoveLinearInc()



```
{
     BYTE nPortNo = 1;
                                     // Port number: 1
     BYTE nNoOfSlaves = 2:
                                      // 2axes
     BYTE iSlaveNo[nNoOfSlaves] = {0,1};
     Long IFeedrate = 2000;
                                    // Linear motion speed 2000pps
     WORD wAccTime = 100;
                                        // accel/decel time 100ms
     Int nRtn;
     Long IIncPos[nNoOfSlaves] = {1000, 5000}; //0: 1000pulse, 1: 5000pulse
    // Interpolation move function of 2 axes
    nRtn = FAS_MoveLinearIncPos(nPortNo, nNoOfSlaves, iSlavesNo, IIncPos, IFeedrate,
           wAccTime);
    if(nRtn != FMM_OK)
       TCHAR chMsg[100];
       _stprintf(chMsg, _T("FAS_MoveLinearIncPos() Function Fail : %d"), nRtn);
       MessageBox(chMsg, _T("Error"). MB_OK);
}
```



FAS_MoveVelocityEx

To move the motor to the relevant direction and velocity. This function is also available for Jog motion.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MoveVelocityEx(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
DWORD IVelocity,
int iVelDir,
VELOCITY_OPTION_EX* IpExOption
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

IVelocity
Velocity when the motor moves

iVelDir
Direction which the motor moves ( 0: -Jog, 1: +Jog)

IpExOption
Custom option.
```

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port

Remarks

Refer to VELOCITY_OPTION_EX struct

Example

```
#include "FAS_ EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funcMoveVelocityEx()
{
    BYTE nPortNo = 1;  // COMM Port Number
    BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;  // Slave No (0 ~ 15)
    long IVelocity;
    VELOCITY_OPTION_EX opt = {0};
    int nRtn;
// Try to connect
```





3.10 Position Table Control Function

Function Name	Description	
FAS_PosTableReadItem	To read items of RAM area in the specific all items of position table.	
FAS_PosTableWriteItem	To save specific all items of position table items to RAM area.	
FAS_PosTableWriteROM	To save all of position table values to ROM area : Total 256 PT values are saved.	
FAS_PosTableReadROM	To read position table values in ROM area :	
	Total 256 PT values are read.	
FAS_PosTableRunItem	The motor starts to run from the designated position table in sequence.	
FAS_PosTableReadOneItem	To read items of RAM area in the specific one item of position table.	
FAS_PosTableWriteOneItem	To save specific one item of position table items to RAM area.	

(This functions library is not supported for Ezi-SERVO ALL-28.)



FAS_PosTableReadItem

To read a specific item in the position table.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PosTableReadItem(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
WORD wItemNo,
LPITEM_NODE IpItem
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

wItemNo
Item number to be read

lpItem
```

Item structure pointer which item value is saved

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

FMM_INVALID_PARAMETER_NUM: wItemNo is out of range.
```

Remarks

Example

```
#include "FAS_EziMOTIONPlusR.h"

void funcPosTable()
{
    BYTE nPortNo = 1; // COMM Port Number
    BYTE iSlaveNo = 0;// Slave No (0 ~ 15)
    WORD wItemNo;
    ITEM_NODE nodeItem;
    int nRtn;

// Try to connect
    if (FAS_Connect(nPortNo, 115200) == FALSE)
```



```
{
                       // Connection failed.
                       // The port is not connected or the baudrate may be wrong.
                       return;
             }
             // Read No.20 Position table value and edit the position value.
              wItemNo = 20;
             nRtn = FAS_PosTableReadItem(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, wItemNo, &nodeItem);
              _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
             nodeltem.lPosition = 260000; // Change the position value to 260000.
             nodeltem.wBranch = 23;
                                                   // Set next command to 23.
              nodeltem.wContinuous = 1;
                                                   // Next command should be connected without deceleration.
             nRtn = FAS_PosTableWriteItem(nPortNo, iSlaveNo, wItemNo, &nodeItem);
              _{ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);}
             // Call the value in the ROM regardless of edited position table data.
              nRtn = FAS_PosTableReadROM(nPortNo, iSlaveNo);
              _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             // Save edited position table data in the ROM.
              nRtn = FAS_PosTableWriteROM(nPortNo, iSlaveNo);
              _ASSERT(nRtn == FMM_OK);
             // Disconnect.
             FAS_Close(nPortNo);
      }
See Also
       FAS_PosTableWriteItem
```



FAS_PosTableWriteItem

To edit specific items in the position table.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PoslableWriteItem(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
WORD wItemNo,
LPITEM_NODE IpItem
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

wItemNo
Item number to be edited

lpItem
```

Item structure pointer to be edited

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

FMC_POSTABLE_ERROR: An error occurs while position table is being written.

FMM_INVALID_PARAMETER_NUM: witemNo is out of range.
```

Remarks

Position Table data is saved to RAM / ROM area. This function acts to save data to RAM area. When power is off, data is deleted.

Example

See Also

FAS_PosTableReadItem

FAS_PosTableWriteROM

To save all current position table items to ROM area.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PosTableWriteROM(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port. FMC_POSTABLE_ERROR: An error occurs while position table is being saved.

Remarks

Position table data is saved to RAM / ROM area. This function acts to save data to ROM area. Even though power is off, data is preserved.

Example

See Also

FAS_PosTableReadROM



FAS_PosTableReadROM

To read position table items being saved in ROM area.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PosTableReadROM(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.
iSlaveNo
```

Slave number of relevant drive.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port. FMC_POSTABLE_ERROR: An error occurs while position table is being read.

Remarks

Example

See Also

FAS_PosTableWriteROM



FAS_PosTableRunItem

To perform command from a specific item in the position table.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PosTableRunItem(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
WORD wItemNo
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

wItemNo
Item number to start motion
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

FMM_INVALID_PARAMETER_NUM: wItemNo is out of range.
```

Remarks

Example

```
FAS_GetAllStatus
FAS_MoveStop
FAS_EmergencyStop
```

FAS PosTableReadOneItem

To read a one item in the specific position table.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PosTableReadOneItem(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
WORD wItemNo,
WORD wOffset,
long* IPosItemVal

);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

wItemNo
Item number to be read

wOffset
offset value which will be read in PT items. (Refer to '1-2-6. Position Table Item')
```

Return Value

```
FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

FMM_INVALID_PARAMETER_NUM: wItemNo is out of range.
```

Remarks

Example

See Also

FAS_PosTableWriteOneItem

FAS_PosTableWriteOneItem

To edit one item in the specific position table.

Syntax

```
int FAS_PoslableWriteOneItem(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
WORD wItemNo,
WORD wOffset,
long IPosItemVal
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

wItemNo
```

Item number to be edited

wOffset

offset value which will be save in PT items. (Refer to '2-2-6. Position Table Item')

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

FMC_POSTABLE_ERROR: An error occurs while position table is being written.

FMM_INVALID_PARAMETER_NUM: witemNo is out of range.

Remarks

Example

See Also

FAS_PosTableReadOneItem



3.11 Other Control Function

Function Name	Description
FAS_TriggerOutput_RunA	To make output signal in fixed(setting) position.
FAS_TriggerOutput_Status	To show current status of output signal function.
FAS_MovePush	To make push motion(with fixed torque) in fixed position.
FAS_GetPushStatus	To show current status of push motion function

(This functions library is not supported for Ezi-SERVO ALL-28.)



FAS_TriggerOutput_RunA

During position motioning process, output signal(COMP pin) is makepulse(ON/OFF) in fixed position.

Syntax

```
int FAS_TriggerOutput_RunA(
    BYTE nPortNo,
    BYTE iSlaveNo,

BOOL bStartTrigger,
    long IStartPos,
    DWORD dwPeriod,
    DWORD dwPulseTime,

);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

bStartTrigger

oupput signal start/stop command (1:start, 0:stop)

long IStartPos

position of output signal ON [pulse]

DWORD dwPeriod

Output signal period [pulse]

DWORD dwPulseTime

Output signal pulse width [msec]

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM INVALID PORT NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

See Also

FAS_TriggerOutput_Status



FAS_ TriggerOutput_Status

To check output signal function is working or not.

Syntax

```
int FAS_TrggerOutput_Status(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
BYTE* bTriggerStatus
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

bTriggerStatus

current output signal status.

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port

Remarks

Example

See Also

FAS_TriggerOutput_RunA



FAS_MovePush

In fixed position, the push motion is start in the middle of position motioning. In push motioning, the torque is maintained during motioning. And after the work is detected, the torque is maintained also.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MovePush(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,

DWORD dwStartSpd,

DWORD dwMoveSpd,
long lPosition,

WORD wAccel, WORD wDecel,

WORD wPushRate,

DWORD dwPushSpd,
long lEndPosition,

WORD wPushMode
);
```

Parameters

nPortNo

Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo

Slave number of relevant drive.

DWORD dwStartSpd start speed of position command.

DWORD dwMoveSpd
motion speed od position command

long IPosition

absolute position value of position command.

WORD wAccel

Acceleration time of position command

WORD wDecel

Deceleration time of position command

WORD wPushRate

Torque ratio of Push motioning

DWORD dwPushSpd

Motion speed of Push motioning

long IEndPosition

absolute position value of Push motioning

WORD wPushMode

Mode selection of Push motion

Return Value



FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Remarks

Example

See Also

FAS_GetPushStatus



FAS_GetPushStatus

To monitoring the status of push motioning.

Syntax

```
int FAS_MovePush(
BYTE nPortNo,
BYTE iSlaveNo,
BYTE* nPushStatus
);
```

Parameters

```
nPortNo
Port number of relevant drive.

iSlaveNo
Slave number of relevant drive.

BYTE* nPushStatus
```

Return Value

FMM_OK: Command has been normally performed.

FMM_NOT_OPEN: The drive has not been connected yet.

FMM_INVALID_PORT_NUM: There is no nPort in the connected ports.

FMM_INVALID_SLAVE_NUM: There is no drive of iSlaveNo in the relevant port.

Value of push motion status. (refer to '2.2.1 Frame Type and Data configuration')

Remarks

Example

See Also

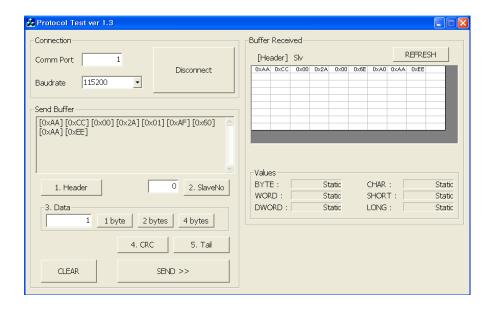
FAS_Move Push



4. Protocol for PLC Program

Next window is open when you click "ProtocolTest_PlusR" in User Program(GUI) installed folder. Next test procedure will help you to understand the protocol programming.

4.1 Servo ON/OFF command protocol



The header and tail information is needed for protocol programming. Additionally Frame Data (Slave ID, Frame type, Data and CRC) is also needed in every protocol with header and tail.

- 1) Insert 'Comm Port' number and click 'Connect' button.
- 2) Header: Click 'Header' and you can see '[0XAA][0xCC]' on 'Send Buffer' window.
- 3) Slave ID: Insert your slave number(above example is '0') and click 'SlaveNo'.
- 4) Frame type: Insert 'Frame type'.

You can find next table information in '2-2-1. Frame Type and Data Configuration' on UserManual_Communication Function.

Frame type	DLL Library name	Data
42 (0x2A)	FAS_ServoEnable	Setting the Servo ON/OFF status. Sending: 1 byte 1 byte 0:OFF, 1:ON



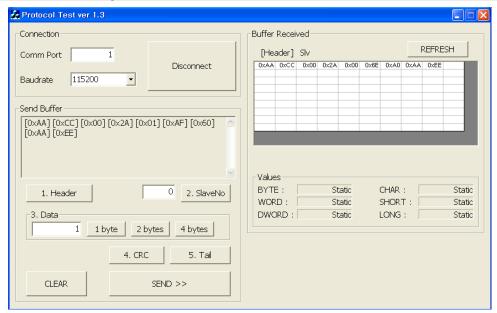
Insert '42' in Data area and click '1 byte' because the size of Frame Type is 1 byte.

- 5) Data: To make Servo ON status, the data is '1'. Insert '1' in Data area and click 1 byte.
- 6) CRC: Click 'CRC' and the calculated result value(2 bytes) is displayed on 'Send Buffer' window.
- 7) Tail: click 'Tail' and you can see '[0XAA][0xEE]' on 'Send Buffer' window.
- 8) Finally click 'Send' button to send command characters to Ezi-SERVO Plus-R.

You can check the motor torque and LED flash for Servo ON status.

9) After sending command you can check the answering inforrmation from Ezi-SERVO Plus-R on 'Buffer Received' window.

4.2 Motion command protocol



- 1) Header
- 2) Slave No.
- 3) Frame type: insert '53' in 1 byte size for 'Incremental Move' command.
- 4) Data(Position value): insert'10000'and click '4byte'.
- 5) Data(Running speed): insert'5000'and click '4 byte'.
- 6) CRC
- 7) Tail
- 8) Send: After sending command you can check the motor rotation and if click 'Send' more the motor will rotate one more time.



Fast, Accurate, Smooth Motion

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