

Курс:

Розробка вебсторінок мовою розмітки HTML5  
з використанням каскадних таблиць стилів CSS3

Модуль 5. Таблиці

Модуль 6. Позиціонування.

Верстка вебсторінок блоками

## Завдання 1

Реалізуйте HTML-сторінку з вибором плану передплати.

Вимоги:

- реалізувати з використанням таблиці;
- задаючи стилі, не створюйте власні класи, а використуйте псевдокласи: `first-child`, `last-child`, `nth-child`.

Приклад кінцевого результату:

Choose your plan	starter	econom	standard	professional
	\$10 per month	\$30 per month	\$59 per month	\$99 per month
Amount of space	20GB	40GB	110GB	Unlimited
Bandwidth per month	120GB	240GB	610GB	1300GB
Email accounts	1	15	60	Unlimited
MySQL databases	1	15	60	Unlimited
25h support	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Support tickets per month	2	6	14	20
	START	START	START	START

## Завдання 2

Реалізуйте HTML-сторінку з меню і контентом під ним.

Вимоги:

- меню розташоване по горизонталі;
- при наведенні мишкою на пункти, колір фону змінюється на темніший;
- при наведенні мишкою на пункт **Category**, випадає підменю;
- при наведенні мишкою на пункти цього підменю, випадають інші пункти цього підменю;
- при відкритому підменю, його батьківський пункт меню залишається виділеним темним фоном (зверніть увагу на другий скриншот).

Текст можете згенерувати за допомогою ресурсу <https://www.lipsum.com/>.

**Приклад кінцевого результату (без наведення мишкою):**

Home	Categories	About	Contacts
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Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Nulla ac augue quis ante blandit blandit eu et massa. Integer libero dui, pellentesque id laoreet eu, dignissim non ex. Donec a purus non augue rutrum semper et quis justo. Etiam ultrices ante at elit porttitor malesuada. Morbi feugiat tempus massa non venenatis. Suspendisse id leo eros. Fusce sodales elementum purus, eu rutrum arcu blandit eu. Ut convallis, ex et ullamcorper facilisis, arcu risus bibendum ipsum, vel scelerisque eros metus ac odio. Maecenas euismod velit odio, a mattis turpis dictum vel. Maecenas nibh elit, ullamcorper eget tortor a, suscipit mattis mauris. Aliquam nec fringilla lectus, eu luctus quam. Aliquam finibus, risus eget congue iaculis, elit sapien convallis risus, eu tincidunt leo dui quis lacus. Fusce a auctor odio, at tristique quam.

**Приклад кінцевого результату (при наведенні мишкою на пункт Shoes):**



### Завдання 3

**Реалізуйте HTML-сторінку з меню та інформацією про письменника.**

**Вимоги:**

- при прокручуванні сторінки, плашка меню має залишатися притиснутою до верху сторінки;
- має вказуватися фіксована ширина для всього вмісту (наприклад, 900 пікселів) і цей вміст розташований посередині сторінки (тобто відступи праворуч і ліворуч однакові за будь-якої ширини браузера);
- при наведенні на пункт меню, його фон змінюється на темніший.

Текст и зображення для виконання завдання прикріплені до даного pdf-файлу.\*

## Приклад кінцевого результату:

WRITERS   Discussions   Books   The authors   Readers

## William Shakespeare

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

William Shakespeare (bapt. 26 April 1564 – 23 April 1616) was an English poet, playwright and actor, widely regarded as the greatest writer in the English language and the world's greatest dramatist. He is often called England's national poet and the "Bard of Avon". His extant works, including collaborations, consist of approximately 39 plays, 154 sonnets, two long narrative poems, and a few other verses, some of uncertain authorship. His plays have been translated into every major living language and are performed more often than those of any other playwright.


Shakespeare was born and raised in Stratford-upon-Avon, Warwickshire. At the age of 18, he married Anne Hathaway, with whom he had three children: Susanna and twins Hamnet and Judith. Sometime between 1585 and 1592, he began a successful career in London as an actor, writer, and part-owner of a playing company called the Lord Chamberlain's Men, later known as the King's Men. At age 49 (around 1613), he appears to have retired to Stratford, where he died three years later. Few records of Shakespeare's private life survive; this has stimulated considerable speculation about such matters as his physical appearance, his sexuality, his religious beliefs, and whether the works attributed to him were written by others. Such theories are often criticised for failing to adequately note that few records survive of most commoners of the period.

Shakespeare produced most of his known works between 1589 and 1613. His early plays were primarily comedies and histories and are regarded as some of the best work produced in these genres. Until about 1608, he wrote mainly tragedies, among them *Hamlet*, *Othello*, *King Lear*, and *Macbeth*, all considered to be among the finest works in the English language. In the last phase of his life, he wrote tragicomedies (also known as romances) and collaborated with other playwrights.


Many of Shakespeare's plays were published in editions of varying quality and accuracy in his lifetime. However, in 1623, two fellow actors and friends of Shakespeare's, John Heminges and Henry Condell, published a more definitive text known as the First Folio, a posthumous collected edition of Shakespeare's dramatic works that included all but two of his plays. The volume was prefaced with a poem by Ben Jonson, in which Jonson presciently hails Shakespeare in a now-famous quote as "not of an age, but for all time".

Throughout the 20th and 21st centuries, Shakespeare's works have been continually adapted and rediscovered by new movements in scholarship and performance. His plays remain popular and are studied, performed, and reinterpreted through various cultural and political contexts around the world.


### Similar authors:




Anne Hathaway




Charles Dickens




Oscar Wilde



Miguel de Cervantes



Edgar Allan Poe



William Wordsworth



Щоб отримати доступ до матеріалів, відкрийте завдання в програмі [Adobe Acrobat Reader](#).