```
getAdjMatrix <- function(fname)</pre>
   library(igraph)
# 1) Read the file into a graph object
   graph <- read.graph(fname,format="edgelist")</pre>
#2) count the vertices and egdes and print them
   print(vcount(graph))
   print(ecount(graph))
#3) convert the graph object into an adjacency matrix
   mat <- get.adjacency(graph,sparse=TRUE)
        return(t(mat))
}
getTranstitionMatrix <- function(A)</pre>
library(Matrix)
# 1) column sum for input matrix
   column sum <- colSums(A)
# 2) z matrix initialized to colSums(A).
   N \leftarrow nrow(A)
   z <- matrix(column_sum,nrow=1,ncol=N)
# 3) z changes with the colSums value filtered against '>0' condition
   zinitial <- 1/N
   z <- ifelse(z>0,0.15*zinitial,zinitial)
   z <- matrix(z,nrow=1,ncol=N)
# 4) summary sparse matrix created
   summarymatrix <- summary(A)
# Ones in summary matrix divided by colSum[j]
   summarymatrix[,3] = 1/column_sum[summarymatrix[,2]]
   dim <- c(N, N)
# 5) matrix regenerated from modified summary matrix
   matrix <- sparseMatrix(i=summarymatrix[,1] ,j=summarymatrix[,2],x=summarymatrix[,3], dims=dim)
   return(list(matrix,z))
}
myPageRank <- function(T, z, niter)
N <- nrow(T)
# 1) Create an initial Nx1 PageRank vector called "xold".
   xold <- matrix(1/N,nrow=N,ncol=1)</pre>
   xnew <- xold
# 2) For niter iterations calculate page rank
   for(iter in 1:niter)
      xnew <- (0.85 *(T %*% xold) )+matrix((z %*% xold),nrow=N,ncol=1)
   xold <- xnew
   return(xnew)
}
```