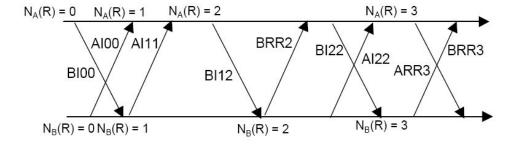
Solutions to assignment #5

Computer Networks 1

1. The inserted stuff bits are underlined.

- 3. If the station is a secondary station, the bit is a 'P' (and the station is being *Polled* for more frames). If it is a primary station, the bit is a 'F' bit (indicating the *Final* frame of the current transmission).
- 4. Suppose two outstanding SREJ frames exist. Let frame A have N(R) = m and frame B have N(R) = n. Without loss of generality, suppose n > m. Since each SREJ frame with value N(R) implicitly acknowledges all previous frames up to N(R) 1, frame A indicates that frame m has not yet been received and frame B indicates that frame m has been received. Thus, if two SREJ are allowed to be outstanding at the same time, contradictory information will be sent to the receiver.

5.



6. Assuming the overhead in one packet is equal to 8 bytes for the PPP header plus 20 bytes for the IPv4 header and 20 bytes for the TCP header. Thus, the total overhead in bits is 8 x (8 + 20 + 20) = 384 bits. Thus, Time to send 8×10₁₆ bits = (time for 1 packet)(# of packets needed)

$$= (\frac{n_f}{R})(\frac{8 \times 10^6}{n_f - n_o})$$

$$= (\frac{8 \times 500bits}{56 \times 10^3 bps})[\frac{10^6 bytes}{(500 - 70)bytes}]$$

$$= 0.7143 \frac{\sec}{packet} \times 2326 packets$$

$$= 166.14 \text{ seconds}$$