Write a class Box which contains the data members width, height and depth all of type double.

Write the implementation for the below **3**overloaded constructors in the class | Box | :

- Box() default constructor which initializes all the members with -1
- · Box(length) parameterized constructor with one argument and initialize all the members with the value in length

the members with the corresponding arguments

· Box(width, height, depth) - parameterized constructor with three arguments and initialize

Write a method [public double volume()] in the class [Box] to find out the volume of the given box.

Write the main method within the Box class and assume that it will receive either zero arguments, or one argument or three arguments.

For example, if the main() method is passed zero arguments then the program should print the output as:

```
Volume of Box() is : -1.0
```

Similarly, if the main() method is passed one argument: 2.34, then the program should print the output as:

```
Volume of Box(2.34) is : 12.81290399999998
```

then the program should print the output as: Likewise, if the main() method is passed three arguments: 2.34, 3.45, 1.59, then the program should print the output as:

```
Volume of Box(2.34, 3.45, 1.59) is : 12.836070000000001
```

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q11267/Box.java

```
package q11267;
class Box
   double width,height,depth,volume;
   Box()
   {
      width=-1;
      height=-1;
      depth=-1;
   Box(double w)
      width=w;
      height=w;
      depth=w;
   Box(double r,double b,double h)
```

2022-2026-CSE-AIML

```
width=r;
      height=b;
      depth=h;
   }
   public double volume()
      volume=width*height*depth;
      return volume;
   }
   public static void main(String args[])
      if(args.length==0)
         Box b=new Box();
         System.out.println("Volume of Box() is : "+b.volume());
      if(args.length==1)
         double w=Double.valueOf(args[0]);
         Box be=new Box(w);
         System.out.println("Volume of Box("+w+") is : "+be.volume());
      if(args.length==3)
         double r=Double.valueOf(args[0]);
         double b=Double.valueOf(args[1]);
         double h=Double.valueOf(args[2]);
         Box be = new Box(r,b,h);
         System.out.println("Volume of Box("+r+", "+b+", "+h+") is : "+be.volume());
      }
   }
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

```
Test Case - 1
User Output
Volume of Box() is : -1.0
```

```
Test Case - 2
User Output
Volume of Box(3.0) is : 27.0
```

```
Test Case - 3
User Output
Volume of Box(2.3, 3.5, 6.5) is : 52.3249999999999
```