

Assignment 6

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Download all python codes from:

<https://github.com/varenya27/AI1103/blob/main/Assignment6/codes>

and all latex-tikz codes from:

<https://github.com/varenya27/AI1103/blob/main/Assignment6/main.tex>

Also,

$$F(x) = \Pr(X \leq x) \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$\implies 1 - F(x) = \Pr(X > x) \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$Y_1 = \min\{X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n\} \quad (2.0.9)$$

Distributions for $Z_n = n(Y_1 - \theta)$ are required; let $f_{Z_n}(z)$ and $F_{Z_n}(z)$ be the pdf and cdf for Z_n respectively. The cdf can be calculated as:

$$F_{Z_n}(z) = \Pr(n(Y_1 - \theta) \leq z) \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= \Pr\left(Y_1 \leq \frac{z}{n} + \theta\right) \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= 1 - \Pr\left(Y_1 > \frac{z}{n} + \theta\right) \quad (2.0.12)$$

Since Y_1 is a minimum order statistic, every term in the random sample must be included in (2.0.12).

Let $\left(\frac{z}{n} + \theta\right) = z'$:

$$F_{Z_n} = 1 - \Pr(X_1 > z', X_2 > z', \dots, X_n > z')$$

$$= 1 - \prod_{i=1}^n \Pr(X_i > z')$$

$$= 1 - (1 - F(z'))^n$$

$$\implies F_{Z_n}(z) = 1 - \left(1 - F\left(\frac{z}{n} + \theta\right)\right)^n \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$= 1 - \left(f\left(\frac{z}{n} + \theta\right)\right)^n \quad (2.0.14)$$

The expression for the cdf can thus be written as:

$$F_{Z_n}(z) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-n\left(\frac{z}{n} + \theta - \theta\right)} & \text{when } \theta < \frac{z}{n} + \theta < \infty \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-z} & \text{when } 0 < z < \infty \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.0.15)$$

1 PROBLEM

Let Y_1 denote the first order statistic in a random sample of size n from a distribution that has the pdf,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-(x-\theta)} & \text{when } \theta < x < \infty \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Obtain the distribution of $Z_n = n(Y_1 - \theta)$

2 SOLUTION

The first order statistic for any sample is the the minimum of the given sample. In order to calculate the distribution for Z_n , we need the the cumulative distribution function $F(x)$:

$$F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f(t) dt \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\theta} 0 dt + \int_{\theta}^x e^{\theta-t} dt \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$= \left(e^{\theta-t}\right)_x^{\theta} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$= 1 - e^{\theta-x} \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$= 1 - f(x) \quad (2.0.5)$$

This gives,

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-(x-\theta)} & \text{when } \theta < x < \infty \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.0.6)$$

Using the cdf in (2.0.15) to calculate the pdf:

$$f_{Z_n}(z) = \frac{d}{dz} F_{Z_n}(z) \quad (2.0.16)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{d}{dz} (1 - e^{-z}) & \text{when } 0 < z < \infty \\ \frac{d}{dz} (0) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.0.17)$$

$$= \begin{cases} e^{-z} & \text{when } 0 < z < \infty \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The plots for the cdf in (2.0.15) and the pdf in (2.0.17) are shown in Fig. 0 and Fig. 0 respectively:

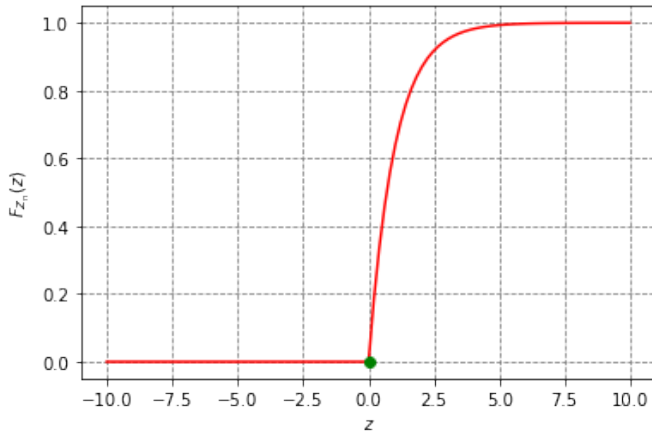


Fig. 0: cdf of Z_n

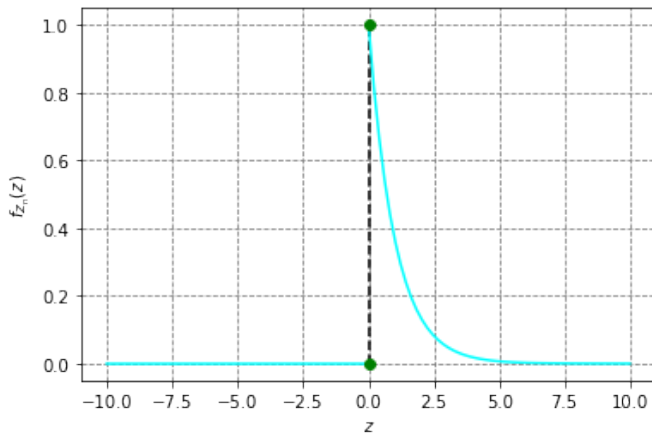


Fig. 0: pdf of Z_n