Towards Variability-Aware Smells

Lack of Annotation

DEFINITION:

`Lack of Annotation` variability-aware smell is identified when there is annotation omission in the source code for optional features defined in the feature model.

EXAMPLE:

Considering the feature model and the optional features *AStorage* and *LLStorage* and *Locking* in Figure 7.2, Listing 7.4 shows a example of `Lack of Annotation` smell, because the methods *push(E e, Lock lock)* and *pop(Lock lock)* implement the feature *Locking*, however they are not annotated for the feature *Locking*.

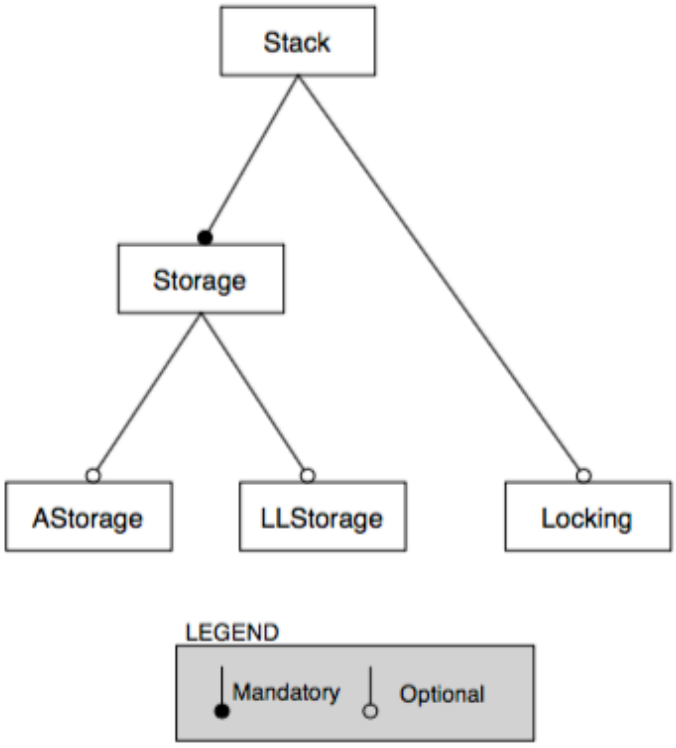

Figure 7.2 Bad annotation example.

Listing 7.4 Lack of annotation example.

```
1  class Stack <E> {
2  //#if ${AStorage} == "T"
3   List<E> store = new ArrayList<E>();
4  //#endif
5  //#if ${LLStorage} == "T"
6    List<E> store = new LinkedList<E>();
7  //#endif
8    public void push(E e, Lock lock) {
9     lock.lock();
10    store.add(e);
11    lock.unlock();
12  }
13   E pop(Lock lock) {
14    lock.lock();
15    try { return store.remove(store.size()−1); }
16    finally { lock.unlock(); }
17   }
18 }
```

PROBLEM:

This smell is a barrier to feature implementation mapping and it impacts negatively in program comprehension, maintenance and consequently in evolution. `Lack of Annotation` smell is very hard to detect, because it requires a deep knowledge about the business domain implemented.