**Bookmark Api**

**NestJs**

1. Setup nest project  
   nest new bookmarkapi
2. Create auth module
3. Create auth controller
4. Create auth service  
   Graphical user interface, text

   Description automatically generated
5. Create routes for signin and signup in auth controller

Create equivalent functions in auth service

1. Set up prisma
   1. Install prisma and prisma client  
      *npm install -D prisma*  
      *npm install @prisma/client*
   2. *npx prisma init*
   3. Update database url in .env file
   4. Create model’s equivalent to tables in sql database in schema.prisma file

model User {

  id        Int      @id @default(autoincrement())

  createdAt DateTime @default(now())

  updatedAt DateTime @updatedAt

  email     String   @unique

  hash      String

  firstName String?

  lastName  String?

}

model Bookmark {

  id          Int      @id @default(autoincrement())

  createdAt   DateTime @default(now())

  updatedAt   DateTime @updatedAt

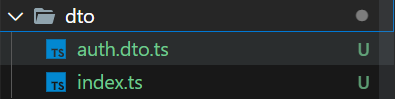
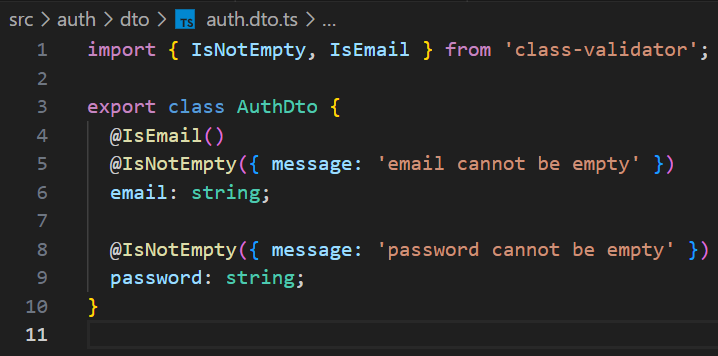
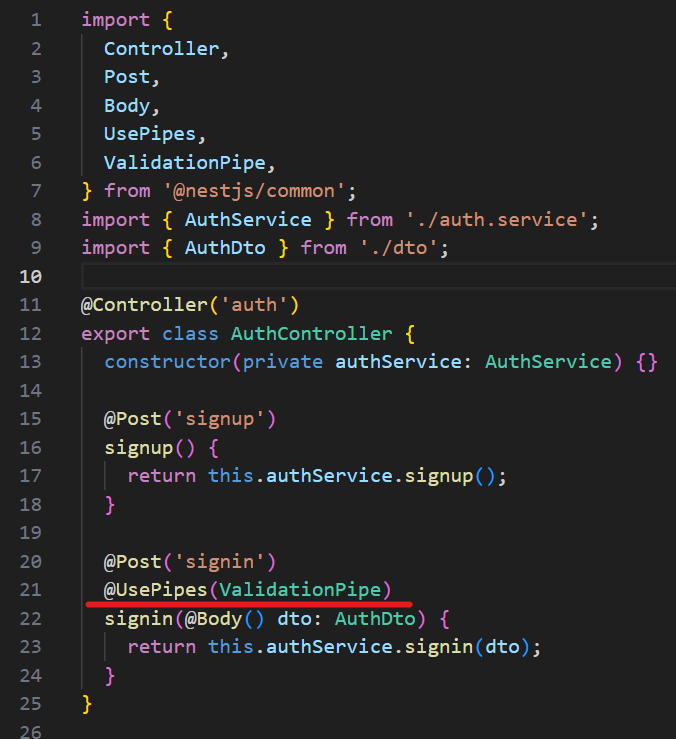
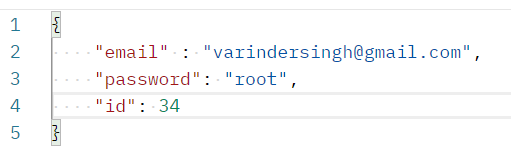
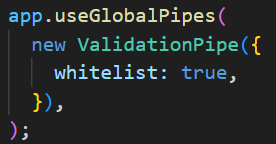
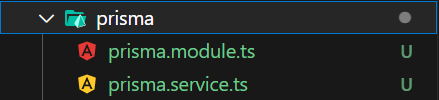
  title       String

  description String?

  link        String

}

* 1. Use following command to create tables in database from the models defined in schema.prisma  
     *npx prisma migrate dev*
  2. *npx prisma generate*  
     the above command takes the model/schema defined in schema.prisma (as shown in above picture) and converts them to a type in Typescript  
     for example type User, type Bookmark  
     and provides them through @prisma/client to be used in the application code.
  3. *npx prisma studio*

1. Validating incoming data to backend application from rest endpoints
   1. Install following libraries  
      *npm install class-validator  
      npm install class-transformer*
   2. Create auth.dto.ts
   3. Decorate the dto that you will be using to map the incoming data as shown below
   4. Now to make the validations work, you need to use pipes in nestjs as shown below
      1. Using validation pipe locally in a controller  
         
      2. Using validation pipe globally  
         Instead of decorating each endpoint with usePipe, we can use globalPipe in main.ts as shown below  
         
   5. ValidationPipe or Pipes in general can be used to modify the data or remove the redundant data that is received from user end, before it is actually passed to functions defined in a controller.  
      For example, say while signin flow the user is required only to send email and password but there is some extra data coming along that is not required as shown below  
        
      So in a situation like this we can use ValidationPipe as shown below to remove the redundant data  
      
2. Now to connect the database through the code follow the below steps
   1. Create a module and service named prisma  
      
   2. Write below mentioned code prisma.service.ts  
       PrismaService extends PrismaClient  
      PrismaClient contains the logic to connect to database  
      So PrismaService instantiates the PrismaClient by passing it the database url  
        
      PrismaService is exported through the PrismaModule

import { Injectable } from '@nestjs/common';

import { PrismaClient } from '@prisma/client';

@Injectable()

export class PrismaService extends PrismaClient {

  constructor() {

    super({

      datasources: {

        db: {

          url: 'postgresql://varinder:root@localhost:5432/bookmarkapi?schema=public',

        },

      },

    });

  }

}

* 1. Write below mentioned code in prisma.module.ts  
       
     PrismaModule is decorated as a global module so that every other module does not need to explicitly import it in order to use its service.

import { Global, Module } from '@nestjs/common';

import { PrismaService } from './prisma.service';

@Global()

@Module({

  providers: [PrismaService],

  exports: [PrismaService],

})

export class PrismaModule {}

1. Register a new user  
   update auth.service.ts for signup logic as shown below  
      
   Inject the PrismaService created above in the AuthService.  
   PrismaService will help to perform actions on the database  
   As we previously run the *prisma generate* therefore now the prismaService object has the reference for User.  
   \*\* Here I have used argon to hash the password.

import { Injectable } from '@nestjs/common';

import { PrismaService } from 'src/prisma/prisma.service';

import { AuthDto } from './dto';

import \* as argon from 'argon2';

@Injectable()

export class AuthService {

  constructor(private prismaService: PrismaService) {}

  async signup(dto: AuthDto) {

    // hash the user password

    const hash = await argon.hash(dto.password);

    // create new user in db

    try {

      const user = await this.prismaService.user.create({

        data: {

          email: dto.email,

          hash,

        },

      });

      // return the user

      return user;

    } catch (error) {

      // console.log(error);

      return { err: 'User registeration failed' };

    }

  }

}

1. Updating Model in schema.prisma  
     
     
   Run *npx prisma migrate dev*

model User {

  id        Int      @id @default(autoincrement())

  createdAt DateTime @default(now())

  updatedAt DateTime @updatedAt

  email     String   @unique

  hash      String

  firstName String?

  lastName  String?

  bookmarks Bookmark[]

  @@map("users")

}

model Bookmark {

  id          Int      @id @default(autoincrement())

  createdAt   DateTime @default(now())

  updatedAt   DateTime @updatedAt

  title       String

  description String?

  link        String

  userId Int

  user   User @relation(fields: [userId], references: [id])

  @@map("bookmarks")

}

1. Catch Unique Credentials Failed error

// create new user in db

    try {

      const user = await this.prismaService.user.create({

        data: {

          email: dto.email,

          hash,

        },

      });

      delete user.hash;

      // return the user

      return user;

    } catch (error) {

      if (error.code === 'P2002') {

        throw new ForbiddenException('Credentials aleady exists in database');

      } else {

        throw error;

      }

    }