

Find all the non-local orders by looking at the salesmen that generated orders for their customers but are located elsewhere unlike their customers, and fetch the details like order_no, name of the customer, customer_id, salesman_id.

-- Joins concept is required to solve this problem

/* query to fetch the required result*/

```
SELECT
  o.order_no, c.name, o.customer_id, s.id -- required fields from tables
FROM
  salesman s -- Inner Join & aliasing
  INNER JOIN customer c
  ON c.salesman_id = s.id
  INNER JOIN orders o
  ON o.customer_id = c.id -- Appropriate relations on common fields
WHERE
  s.city != c.city -- for non local orders
ORDER BY
  order_no -- sorting the orders
```

Find amount of incentive made by each employee

/* query for employee incentive made */

```
SELECT
  e.employee_id,
CASE
  WHEN ((ROUND(e.emp_sale/i.sales_milestone))*i.incentive) < i.cap
  THEN ((ROUND(e.emp_sale/i.sales_milestone))*i.incentive)
  WHEN ((ROUND(e.emp_sale/i.sales_milestone))*i.incentive) > i.cap
  THEN i.cap
END incentive_made -- use of CASE clause to categorise the incentive made

FROM
  employee e INNER JOIN incentive_details i
  ON e.pos_id = i.p_id
ORDER BY
  e.employee_id
```

Write an SQL Query to find subjects that contain the alphabet "b" and have papers written under the guidance of more female mentors than male mentors.

/* Query to fetch results for assigned task */

```

SELECT
    p_subject
FROM
    (SELECT
        m_gender, p_subject, COUNT(*)
    FROM
        mentors me INNER JOIN research_mentor rm -- Inner join of tables
        ON me.m_id = rm.m_id
        INNER JOIN researchers r
        ON r.r_id = rm.r_id
        INNER JOIN research_paper rp
        ON rp.r_id = r.r_id
        INNER JOIN papers p
        ON p.p_id = rp.p_id
    WHERE
        m_gender = 'F' -- filter to get female mentors
    AND
        p_subject LIKE '%b%' -- subject with b letter
    GROUP BY m_gender, p_subject) a

/* research paper task by another query */
-- fetching the result by using windows function in the query

SELECT
    p_subject
FROM
    (SELECT *, MAX(ct) OVER (PARTITION BY m_gender,P_subject) mc
    FROM
        (SELECT
            m_gender, p_subject, COUNT(*) AS ct
        FROM
            mentors me INNER JOIN research_mentor rm -- Inner join of tables
            ON me.m_id = rm.m_id
            INNER JOIN researchers r
            ON r.r_id = rm.r_id
            INNER JOIN research_paper rp
            ON rp.r_id = r.r_id
            INNER JOIN papers p
            ON p.p_id = rp.p_id
        WHERE
            p_subject LIKE '%b%' -- subject with b letter
        GROUP BY m_gender, p_subject) a
    ) b
WHERE
    m_gender = 'F' -- filtering gender
AND
    ct = mc -- filtering the paper

```

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