

GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Quiz navigation



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| | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Status | Finished |
| Started | Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM |
| Completed | Monday, 28 October 2024, 4:36 PM |
| Duration | 56 days |

Question **1**

Correct

Marked out of
3.00

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Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false. Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false
Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main()
3  {
4      int a,b;
5      scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
6      if(a%10 == b%10)
7      {
8          printf("true");
9      }
10 else{
11     printf("false");
12 }
13 return 0;
14 }
```

| | Input | Expected | Got | |
|---|-------|----------|-------|---|
| ✓ | 25 53 | false | false | ✓ |
| ✓ | 27 77 | true | true | ✓ |

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Incorrect

Marked out of
5.00

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Objective

In this challenge, we're getting started with conditional statements.

Task

Given an integer, *n*, perform the following conditional actions:

- If *n* is odd, print **Weird**
- If *n* is even and in the inclusive range of **2** to **5**, print **Not Weird**
- If *n* is even and in the inclusive range of **6** to **20**, print **Weird**
- If *n* is even and greater than **20**, print **Not Weird**

Complete the stub code provided in your editor to print whether or not *n* is weird.

A single line containing a positive integer, ***n***.

Constraints

· $1 \leq n \leq 100$

Output Format

Print Weird if the number is weird; otherwise, print Not Weird.

Sample Input 0

3

Sample Output 0

Weird

Sample Input 1

24

Sample Output 1

Explanation

Sample Case 0: $n = 3$

n is odd and odd numbers are weird, so we print **Weird**.

Sample Case 1: $n = 24$

$n > 20$ and n is even, so it isn't weird. Thus, we print **Not Weird**.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main()
3  {
4      int a;
5      scanf("%d",&a);
6      if(a%2!=0)
7      {
8          printf("Weird");
9      }
10     else if(a>=2 && a<=5)
11     {
12         printf("Not Werid");
13     }
14     else if(a>=6 && a<=20)
15     {
16         printf("Not Werid");
17     }
18     else
19     {
20         printf("Not Weird");
21     }
22 }
```

| | | | | |
|---|----|-----------|-----------|---|
| ✓ | 3 | Weird | Weird | ✓ |
| ✓ | 24 | Not Weird | Not Weird | ✓ |

Your code failed one or more hidden tests.

Your code must pass all tests to earn any marks. Try again.

Question **3**

Incorrect

Marked out of
7.00

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Three numbers form a Pythagorean triple if the sum of squares of two numbers is equal to the square of the third. For example, 3, 5 and 4 form a Pythagorean triple, since $3^2 + 4^2 = 25 = 5^2$. You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no". Please note that the output message is in small letters. Sample Input 1 3 5 4
Sample Output 1 yes Sample Input 2 5 8 2 Sample Output 2 no

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int a,b,c;
5     scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
6     if(a*a+b*b==c*c || c*c+a*a==b*b || c*c+b*b==a*a)
7     {
8         printf("yes");
9     }
10    else
11    {
12        printf("no");
13    }
14    return 0;
15 }
```

Syntax Error(s)

__tester__.c: In function 'main':

__tester__.c:6:17: error: 'c8c' undeclared (first use in this function)

```
6 |      if(a*a+b*b==c8c||c*c+a*a==b*b||c*c+b*b==a*a)
  |                        ^~~
```

__tester__.c:6:17: note: each undeclared identifier is reported only once for each function it appears in

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