Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Implement a program for a retail store that needs to find the highest even price in a list of product prices. Your goal is to efficiently determine the maximum even price from a series of product prices. Utilize the max() inbuilt function in the program.

For example, if the prices are 10 15 24 8 37 16, the even prices are 10 24 8 16. So, the maximum even price is 24.

Input Format

The input consists of a series of product prices separated by a space.

The prices should be entered as a space-separated string of numbers.

Output Format

If there are even prices in the input, the output prints "The maximum even price is: " followed by the maximum even price.

If there are no even prices in the input, the output prints "No even prices were found".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10 15 24 8 37 16
Output: The maximum even price is: 24

Answer

```
a=input()
b=a.split()
c=list()
for i in b:
   if int(i)%2==0:
       c.append(int(i))
if(len(c)==0):
   print("No even prices were found")
else:
   print("The maximum even price is:",max(c))
```

Status : Correct   ***Marks : 10/10***

2. Problem Statement

Meena is analyzing a list of integers and needs to count how many numbers in the list are even and how many are odd. She decides to use lambda functions to filter the even and odd numbers from the list.

Write a program that takes a list of integers, counts the number of even and odd numbers using lambda functions, and prints the results.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of integers in the list.

The second line contains n space-separated integers.

Output Format

The first line of output prints an integer representing the count of even numbers.

The second line of output prints an integer representing the count of odd numbers.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 7
12 34 56 78 98 65 23

Output: 5
2

Answer

```
n=int(input())
numbers=list(map(int,input().split()))
even_count=len(list(filter(lambda x:x%2==0,numbers)))
odd_count=len(list(filter(lambda x:x%2!=0,numbers)))
print(even_count)
print(odd_count)
```

Status : Correct   *Marks : 10/10*

3. Problem Statement

Amrita is developing a password strength checker for her website. She wants the checker to consider the length and the diversity of characters used in the password. A strong password should be long and include a mix of character types: uppercase, lowercase, digits, and special symbols.

She also wants the feedback to be user-friendly, so she wants to include the actual password in the output. Help Amrita finish this password checker using Python's built-in string methods.

Character Types Considered:

Lowercase letters (a-z)Uppercase letters (A-Z)Digits (0-9)Special characters (from string.punctuation, e.g. @, !, #, $)

Input Format

The input consists of a single string representing the user's password.

Output Format

The program prints the strength of the password in this format:

If the password length < 6 characters or fewer than 2 of the 4 character types, the output prints "<password> is Weak"

If password length ≥ 6 and at least 2 different character types, the output prints "<password> is Moderate"

If Password length ≥ 10 and all 4 character types present, the output prints "<password> is Strong"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: password123
Output: password123 is Moderate

Answer

```
password=input()
def check(password):
    lower=False
    upper=False
    digit=False
    special=False
    for ch in password:
        if ch.islower():
            lower=True
        elif ch.isupper():
            upper=True
```

```
    elif ch.isdigit():
        digit=True
    else:
        special=True
  if len(password)>=10 and lower and upper and digit and special:
    strength="strong"
  elif(lower or upper) and digit:
    strength="Moderate"
  else:
    strength="Weak"
  print(f"{password}is{strength}")
check(password)
```

Status : Correct   *Marks : 10/10*

4. Problem Statement

Create a program for a mathematics competition where participants need
to find the smallest positive divisor of a given integer n. Your program
should efficiently determine this divisor using the min() function and
display the result.

Input Format

The input consists of a single positive integer n, representing the number for
which the smallest positive divisor needs to be found.

Output Format

The output prints the smallest positive divisor of the input integer in the format:
"The smallest positive divisor of [n] is: [smallest divisor]".

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 24
Output: The smallest positive divisor of 24 is: 2

Answer

```python
def smaller_divisor(n):
    divisors=[i for i in range(2,n+1)if n%i==0]
    return min(divisors)
n=int(input())
result=smaller_divisor(n)
print(f"The smallest positive divisor of {n} is: {result}")
```

Status : Correct   *Marks : 10/10*