

SECURE PROGRAMMING COURSEWORK

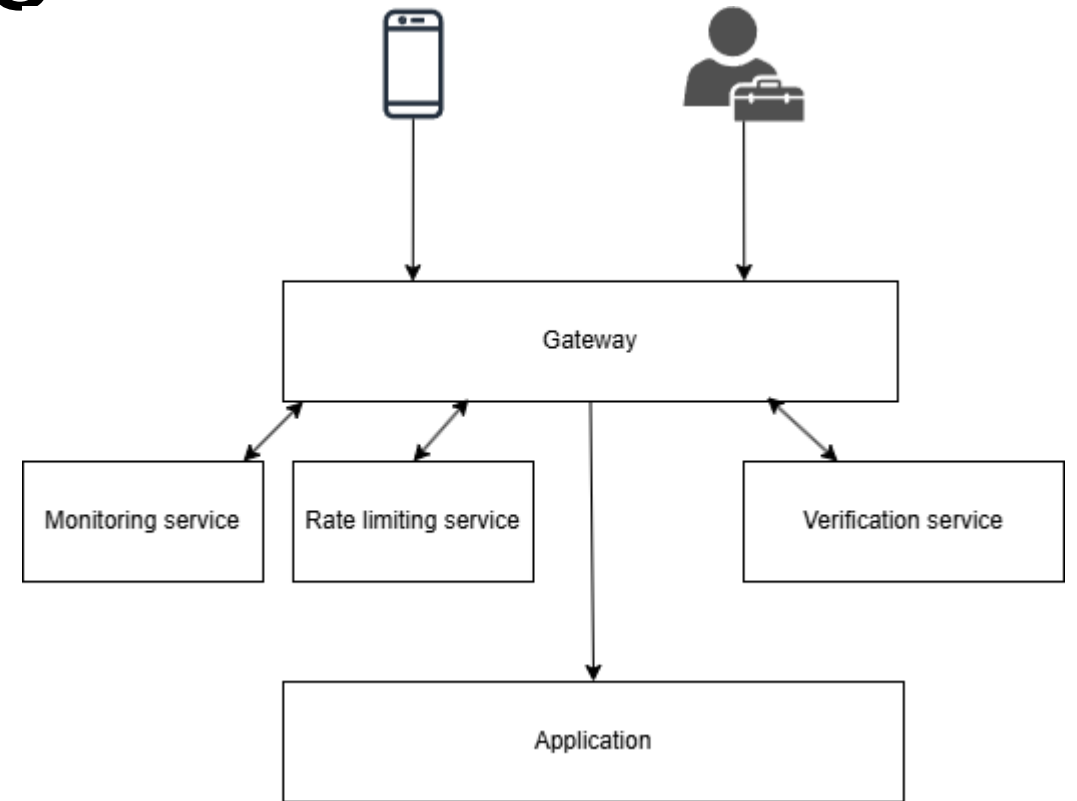


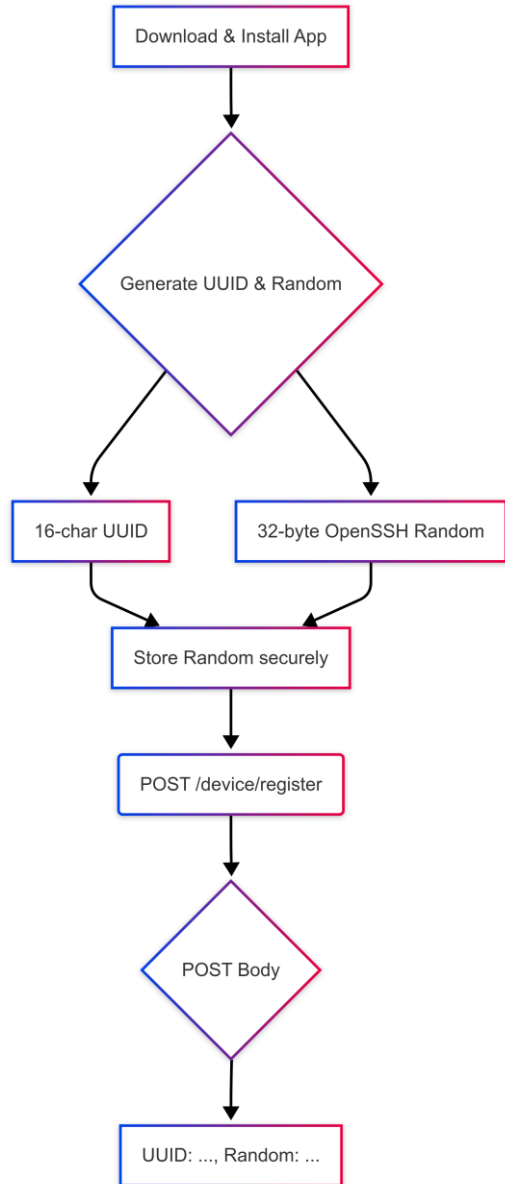
Essi Varrela

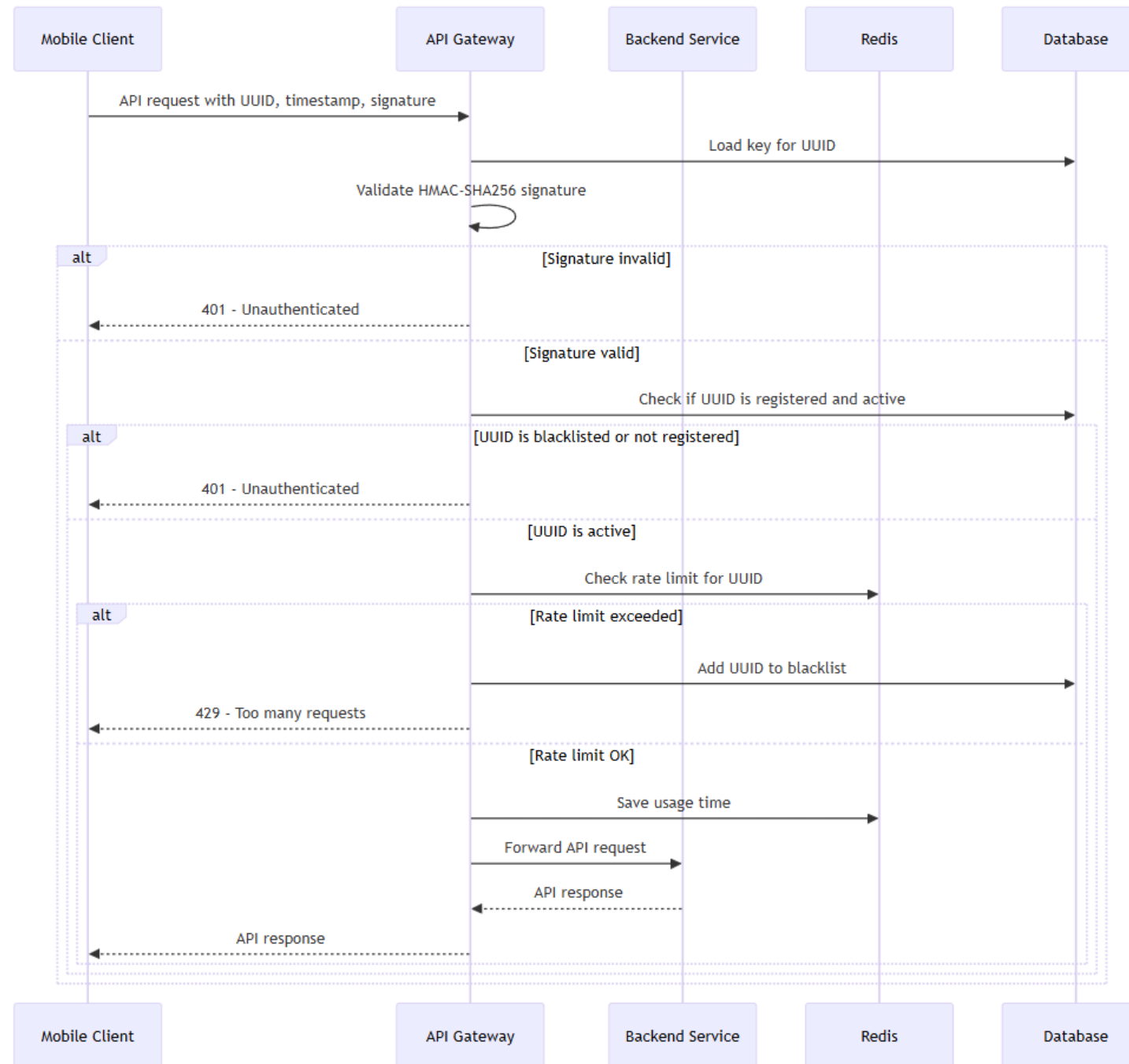
Gateway for mobile clients

- No login required
- Security relies on
 - Validating authenticity
 - Rate limiting
 - Blacklists
 - Monitoring

Using Java & Spring Boot







Security features



- Devices register with UUID + secret key
 - Secret key is stored encrypted (AES)
 - These are expected to be stored securely in the client side for future requests to API
- Requests from mobile client are HMAC-SHA256 signed.
- Authenticity is verified in each request.
- Devices must be registered and activated for the request to succeed.
- UUID and IP-address are used for rate limiting
- Clients who violate the rules can be automatically blacklisted
 - Currently too many requests set the client to the blacklist

OWASP API Top 10 was used as a checklist and development was done following Secure Programming Practices

Monitoring & Alerts



- Custom logging filter for detecting cyber attacks.
- Prometheus is used to collect metrics.
- Grafana dashboard can be used to monitor:
 - Unusual usage times
 - Too many and Unauthenticated responses
- Alerts can be added from Grafana

Testing



- Unit + Integration tests (JUnit, Mockito, Spring Boot Test)
- Static Analysis (SAST): CodeQL
 - No findings
- Dynamic application security testing (DAST): OWASP ZAP
 - 2 Low findings
- Trivy: misconfiguration scanning
 - 2 findings
- CI pipeline (GitHub Actions) builds, tests, and scans

Future improvements



- Add authentication & authorization for admin endpoints
- Add dependency vulnerability checks to CI
 - Add also other tests to CI-pipeline – by solving the problem with multi module project first.
- Force periodic client secret rotation?