Week 1 task: Algorithm_Data_Structures

Exercise 1: Inventory Management System

```
J InventorySystem.java > ...
      import java.util.HashMap;
      import java.util.Scanner;
     class Product {
          String productId;
          String productName;
          int quantity;
          double price;
          public Product(String productId, String productName, int quantity, double price) {
              this.productId = productId;
              this.productName = productName;
              this.quantity = quantity;
              this.price = price;
          @Override
          public String toString() {
              return "Product ID: " + productId +
                     ", Name: " + productName +
", Quantity: " + quantity +
                      ", Price: ₹" + price;
      class InventoryManager {
          private HashMap<String, Product> inventory;
          public InventoryManager() {
              inventory = new HashMap<>();
          public void addProduct(Product product) {
              if (inventory.containsKey(product.productId)) {
                  System.out.println(x:"Product ID already exists.");
```

```
inventory.put(product.productId, product);
        System.out.println(x:"Product added successfully.");
public void updateProduct(String productId, int newQuantity, double newPrice) {
    if (inventory.containsKey(productId)) {
        Product product = inventory.get(productId);
        product.quantity = newQuantity;
        product.price = newPrice;
        System.out.println(x:"Product updated successfully.");
        System.out.println(x:"Product ID not found.");
public void deleteProduct(String productId) {
    if (inventory.remove(productId) != null) {
        System.out.println(x:"Product deleted successfully.");
        System.out.println(x:"Product ID not found.");
public void displayInventory() {
    if (inventory.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println(x:"Inventory is empty.");
        for (Product product : inventory.values()) {
            System.out.println(product);
```

```
public class InventorySystem {
         public static void main(String[] args) {
             InventoryManager manager = new InventoryManager();
             Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
             while (true) {
                 System.out.println(x:"\nInventory Menu:");
                 System.out.println(x:"1. Add Product");
                 System.out.println(x:"2. Update Product");
                 System.out.println(x:"3. Delete Product");
                 System.out.println(x:"4. Display Inventory");
                 System.out.println(x:"5. Exit");
                 System.out.print(s:"Choose option: ");
                 int choice = scanner.nextInt();
     •
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                 scanner.nextLine();
                 String productId, productName;
                 int quantity;
                 double price;
                 switch (choice) {
                     case 1:
                         System.out.print(s:"Enter Product ID: ");
                         productId = scanner.nextLine();
                         System.out.print(s:"Enter Product Name: ");
                         productName = scanner.nextLine();
                         System.out.print(s:"Enter Quantity: ");
                         quantity = scanner.nextInt();
                         System.out.print(s:"Enter Price: ");
                         price = scanner.nextDouble();
                         manager.addProduct(new Product(productId, productName, quantity, price));
                         break;
```

```
case 2:
    System.out.print(s:"Enter Product ID to Update: ");
    productId = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print(s:"Enter New Quantity: ");
    quantity = scanner.nextInt();
    System.out.print(s:"Enter New Price: ");
    price = scanner.nextDouble();
    manager.updateProduct(productId, quantity, price);
   break;
case 3:
    System.out.print(s:"Enter Product ID to Delete: ");
    productId = scanner.nextLine();
   manager.deleteProduct(productId);
   break;
case 4:
   manager.displayInventory();
   break;
case 5:
    System.out.println(x:"Exiting... Bye!");
    scanner.close();
    return;
default:
    System.out.println(x:"Invalid choice. Try again.");
```

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> javac InventorySystem.java
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> java InventorySystem
 Inventory Menu:
 1. Add Product
 2. Update Product
 3. Delete Product
 4. Display Inventory
 5. Exit
 Choose option: 1
 Enter Product ID: 10
 Enter Product Name: Dabur
 Enter Quantity: 20
 Enter Price: 50
 Product added successfully.
 Inventory Menu:
 1. Add Product
 2. Update Product
 3. Delete Product
 4. Display Inventory
 5. Exit
 Choose option: 5
 Exiting... Bye!
♦ PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2>
```

Exercise 2: E-commerce Platform Search Function

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Comparator;
class Product {
    int productId;
    String productName;
    String category;
    public Product(int productId, String productName, String category) {
        this.productId = productId;
        this.productName = productName;
        this.category = category;
   @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Product ID: " + productId + ", Name: " + productName + ", Category: " + category;
public class ECommerceSearch {
    public static Product linearSearch(Product[] products, String targetName) {
        for (Product product : products) {
            if (product.productName.equalsIgnoreCase(targetName)) {
                return product;
    public static Product binarySearch(Product[] products, String targetName) {
        int left = 0, right = products.length - 1;
        while (left <= right) {
            int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
            int result = products[mid].productName.compareToIgnoreCase(targetName);
```

```
int result = products[mid].productName.compareToIgnoreCase(targetName);
                  if (result == 0) {
                      return products[mid];
                  } else if (result < 0) {
                      left = mid + 1;
                      right = mid - 1;
         public static void main(String[] args) {
             Product[] productList = {
                new Product(productId:101, productName:"Laptop", category:"Electronics"),
                 new Product(productId:102, productName:"Shoes", category:"Fashion"),
                 new Product(productId:103, productName:"Book", category:"Education"),
                 new Product(productId:104, productName:"Watch", category:"Accessories"),
                 new Product(productId:105, productName:"Headphones", category:"Electronics")
             Product linearResult = linearSearch(productList, targetName:"Book");
             System.out.println("Linear Search Result: " + (linearResult != null ? linearResult: "Product not found"));
             \label{lem:arrays.sort} Arrays.sort(productList, \ \texttt{Comparator.comparing}(p \ \ \text{->} \ p.productName.toLowerCase}()));
             Product binaryResult = binarySearch(productList, targetName:"Book");
             System.out.println("Binary Search Result: " + (binaryResult != null ? binaryResult : "Product not found"));
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```

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> javac ECommerceSearch.java

PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> java ECommerceSearch

Linear Search Result: Product ID: 103, Name: Book, Category: Education

Binary Search Result: Product ID: 103, Name: Book, Category: Education

PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2>
```

Exercise 3: Sorting Customer Orders

```
int orderId;
    String customerName;
    double totalPrice;
   public Order(int orderId, String customerName, double totalPrice) {
        this.orderId = orderId;
        this.customerName = customerName;
        this.totalPrice = totalPrice;
   public String toString() {
       return "[" + orderId + ", " + customerName + ", Total: " + totalPrice + "]";
public class OrderSorting {
    static void bubbleSort(Order[] orders) {
        for (int i = 0; i < orders.length - 1; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < orders.length - i - 1; <math>j++) {
                if (orders[j].totalPrice > orders[j + 1].totalPrice) {
                    Order temp = orders[j];
                    orders[j] = orders[j + 1];
                    orders[j + 1] = temp;
    static void quickSort(Order[] orders, int low, int high) {
        if (low < high) {
            int pi = partition(orders, low, high);
            quickSort(orders, low, pi - 1);
            quickSort(orders, pi + 1, high);
```

```
static int partition(Order[] orders, int low, int high) {
    double pivot = orders[high].totalPrice;
    int i = low - 1;
    for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
        if (orders[j].totalPrice < pivot) {</pre>
            i++;
            Order temp = orders[i];
            orders[i] = orders[j];
            orders[j] = temp;
    Order temp = orders[i + 1];
    orders[i + 1] = orders[high];
    orders[high] = temp;
Run main | Debug main | Run | Debug
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Order[] orders = {
        new Order(orderId:1, customerName: "Alice", totalPrice:2500.0),
        new Order(orderId:2, customerName: "Bob", totalPrice: 1500.0),
        new Order(orderId:3, customerName: "Charlie", totalPrice: 4000.0)
    System.out.println(x:"Bubble Sort:");
    bubbleSort(orders);
    for (Order o : orders) System.out.println(o);
    orders = new Order[]{
        new Order(orderId:1, customerName: "Alice", totalPrice: 2500.0),
        new Order(orderId:2, customerName: "Bob", totalPrice: 1500.0),
        new Order(orderId:3, customerName: "Charlie", totalPrice: 4000.0)
    System.out.println(x:"Quick Sort:");
    quickSort(orders, low:0, orders.length - 1);
    for (Order o : orders) System.out.println(o);
```

Exercise 4 : Employee Management System

Code:

```
J EmployeeManagement.java > ...
     class Employee {
          int employeeId;
          String name;
          String position;
          double salary;
          public Employee(int employeeId, String name, String position, double salary) {
              this.employeeId = employeeId;
              this.name = name;
              this.position = position;
              this.salary = salary;
          public String toString() {
              return "[" + employeeId + ", " + name + ", " + position + ", Salary: " + salary + "]";
      public class EmployeeManagement {
          static final int MAX = 100;
          static Employee[] employees = new Employee[MAX];
          static int count = 0;
          static void addEmployee(Employee emp) {
              if (count < MAX) {
                   employees[count++] = emp;
          static void traverseEmployees() {
              for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
                   System.out.println(employees[i]);
          public static void main(String[] args) {
              addEmployee(new Employee(employeeId:1, name: "John", position: "Manager", salary:60000.0));
              addEmployee(new Employee(employeeId:2, name:"Jane", position:"Developer", salary:50000.0));
              addEmployee(new Employee(employeeId:1, name:"John", position:"Manager", salary:60000.0));
addEmployee(new Employee(employeeId:1, name:"John", position:"Manager", salary:60000.0));
               traverseEmployees();
```

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> javac EmployeeManagement.java
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> java EmployeeManagement.java
[1, John, Manager, Salary: 60000.0]
[2, Jane, Developer, Salary: 50000.0]
[1, John, Manager, Salary: 60000.0]
[1, John, Manager, Salary: 60000.0]
$\text{PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2>}
$\text{$\text{VSers\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2>}}
```

Exercise 5: Task management system Code:

```
class Task {
    int taskId;
    String taskName;
    String status;
    Task next;
    public Task(int taskId, String taskName, String status) {
        this.taskId = taskId;
        this.taskName = taskName;
        this.status = status;
    public String toString() {
        return "[" + taskId + ", " + taskName + ", " + status + "]";
public class TaskManagement {
    static Task head = null;
    static void addTask(int id, String name, String status) {
        Task newTask = new Task(id, name, status);
        newTask.next = null;
       if (head == null) head = newTask;
        else {
            Task temp = head;
            while (temp.next != null) temp = temp.next;
            temp.next = newTask;
    static Task searchTask(int id) {
        Task curr = head;
       while (curr != null) {
            if (curr.taskId == id) return curr;
            curr = curr.next;
        return null;
    static void deleteTask(int id) {
        if (head == null) return;
        if (head.taskId == id) {
           head = head.next;
```

```
static void deleteTask(int id) {
    if (head == null) return;
    if (head.taskId == id) {
        head = head.next;
        return;
    Task prev = head, curr = head.next;
    while (curr != null) {
        if (curr.taskId == id) {
            prev.next = curr.next;
            return;
        prev = curr;
        curr = curr.next;
static void traverseTasks() {
    Task curr = head;
    while (curr != null) {
       System.out.println(curr);
        curr = curr.next;
Run main | Debug main | Run | Debug
public static void main(String[] args) {
    addTask(id:1, name:"Design", status:"Pending");
    addTask(id:2, name:"Coding", status:"In Progress");
    addTask(id:3, name:"Testing", status:"Pending");
    System.out.println(x:"All Tasks:");
    traverseTasks();
    Task found = searchTask(id:2);
    if (found != null) System.out.println("Found: " + found);
    deleteTask(id:1);
    System.out.println(x:"After Deletion:");
    traverseTasks();
```

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> javac TaskManagement.java
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> java TaskManagement.java
All Tasks:
[1, Design, Pending]
[2, Coding, In Progress]
[3, Testing, Pending]
Found: [2, Coding, In Progress]
After Deletion:
[2, Coding, In Progress]
[3, Testing, Pending]

♣ PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> ■
```

Exercise 6: Library Management System

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Comparator;
class Book {
    int bookId;
    String title;
    String author;
    public Book(int bookId, String title, String author) {
        this.bookId = bookId;
        this.title = title;
        this.author = author;
    public String toString() {
        return title + " by " + author;
public class LibrarySearch {
    static Book linearSearch(Book[] books, String title) {
        for (Book book : books) {
            if (book.title.equalsIgnoreCase(title)) {
                return book;
        return null;
    static Book binarySearch(Book[] books, String title) {
        int low = 0, high = books.length - 1;
        while (low <= high) {
            int mid = (low + high) / 2;
```

```
int cmp = books[mid].title.compareToIgnoreCase(title);
        if (cmp == 0) return books[mid];
        else if (cmp < 0) low = mid + 1;
        else high = mid - 1;
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Book | books = {
        new Book(bookId:1, title:"Data Structures", author:"Author A"),
        new Book(bookId:2, title:"Operating Systems", author:"Author B"),
        new Book(bookId:3, title:"Algorithms", author: "Author C")
    System.out.println(x:"Linear Search:");
    Book linearResult = linearSearch(books, title:"Algorithms");
    if (linearResult != null)
        System.out.println("Found: " + linearResult);
   Arrays.sort(books, Comparator.comparing(b -> b.title.toLowerCase()));
    System.out.println(x:"Binary Search:");
    Book binaryResult = binarySearch(books, title:"Data Structures");
    if (binaryResult != null)
        System.out.println("Found: " + binaryResult.title);
```

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> javac LibrarySearch.java
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> java LibrarySearch.java
Linear Search:
Found: Algorithms by Author C
Binary Search:
Found: Data Structures
PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> ■
```

Exercise 7: Financial Forecasting

Code:

```
static double predictRecursive(double presentValue, double growthRate, int years) {
   if (years == 0)
       return presentValue;
   return predictRecursive(presentValue, growthRate, years - 1) * (1 + growthRate);
static double predictIterative(double presentValue, double growthRate, int years) {
    for (int i = 0; i < years; i++) {
       presentValue *= (1 + growthRate);
   return presentValue;
public static void main(String[] args) {
   double presentValue = 10000; // Base value
   double growthRate = 0.10;
    int years = 3;
   double futureRecursive = predictRecursive(presentValue, growthRate, years);
   double futureIterative = predictIterative(presentValue, growthRate, years);
    System.out.printf(format: "Recursive Prediction after %d years: %.2f\n", years, futureRecursive);
    System.out.printf(format:"Iterative Prediction after %d years: %.2f\n", years, futureIterative);
```

```
    PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> javac FinancialForecast.java
    PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2> java FinancialForecast.java
    Recursive Prediction after 3 years: 13310.00
    Iterative Prediction after 3 years: 13310.00
    ◇PS C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\JAVA QS 2>
```