

## REPORT

|                    |                   |                   |                        |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Patient Name       | : Ms. REHANA      | Reg. No.          | : 01532211250330       |
| Age and Sex        | : 55 Yrs / Female | PCC Code          | : PCL-TS-622           |
| Referring Doctor   | : NA              | Sample Drawn Date | : 25-Nov-2022 09:00 AM |
| Referring Customer | : N/A             | Registration Date | : 25-Nov-2022 01:37 PM |
| Vial ID            | : M2270824        | Report Date       | : 25-Nov-2022 09:58 PM |
| Sample Type        | : Serum           | Report Status     | : Final Report         |
| Client Address     | :                 |                   |                        |

### CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

#### HEALTH CHECK AT HOME - 33 TESTS

| Test Name                               | Obtained Value | Units   | Bio. Ref. Intervals<br>(Age/Gender specific)                                     | Method                           |
|---|----------------|---------|--|----------------------------------|
| <b>Lipid Profile</b>                    |                |         |  |                                  |
| Cholesterol Total                       | 172            | mg/dL   | Adult: Desirable <200 mg/dL,<br>Borderline: 200 – 239 mg/dL,<br>High: >240 mg/dL | Enzymatic                        |
| Cholesterol HDL                         | 48             | mg / dL | 40 - 60  | Direct<br>Homogenous             |
| Cholesterol - LDL                       | 84.2           | mg/dL   | <100 Optimal   | Calculated                       |
| Cholesterol VLDL                        | 39.8           | mg/dL   | 7-40   | Calculated                       |
| Non-HDL cholesterol                     | 124            | mg/dL   | Optimal < 130  | Calculated                       |
| Triglycerides                           | 199            | mg/dL   | Normal: <150<br>Borderline High: 150–199<br>High: 200–499<br>Very High: >500     | Glycerol<br>Phosphate<br>Oxidase |
| Cholesterol Total/Cholesterol HDL Ratio | 3.58           |         | 0 - 4.0  | Calculated                       |
| Cholesterol LDL/Cholesterol HDL         | 1.75           |         | 0 - 3.5  | Calculated                       |

#### COMMENTS: Therapeutic target levels of lipids as per NCEP – ATP III recommendations:

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Total Cholesterol (mg/dL)   | <200 - Desirable, 200-239 - Borderline High, >240 - High  |
| HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)     | <40 - Low, >60 - High   |
| LDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)     | <100 Optimal, [Primary Target of Therapy], 100-129 - Near Optimal/Above Optimal,<br>130-159 - Borderline High, 160-189 - High, >190 Very High |
| Serum Triglycerides (mg/dL) | <150 Normal, 150-199 Borderline High, 200-499 High, >500 Very High  |

NCEP recommends lowering of LDL Cholesterol as the primary therapeutic target with Lipid lowering agents, however, if Triglycerides remain >200 mg/dL after LDL goal is reached, set secondary goal for non-HDL Cholesterol (total minus HDL) 30 mg/dL higher than LDL goal.

When Triglyceride level is > 400 mg/dL, Friedewald Equation is not applicable for calculation of LDL & VLDL. Hence the calculated values are not provided for such samples.

#### ATP III Guidelines:

| Risk Category                                   | LDL Goal   | LDL Level at Which to Initiate Therapeutic Lifestyle Changes (TLC) | LDL Level at Which to Consider Drug Therapy                   |
|---|------------|--|---|
| CHD or CHD Risk Equivalents (10-year risk >20%) | <100 mg/dL | >100 mg/dL   | >130 mg/dL (100-129 mg/dL: drug optional)*                    |
| 2+ Risk Factors (10-year risk <20%)             | <130 mg/dL | >130 mg/dL   | 10-year risk 10-20%: >130 mg/dL 10-year risk <10%: >160 mg/dL |
| 0-1 Risk Factor                                 | <160 mg/dL | >160 mg/dL   | >190 mg/dL (160-189 mg/dL: LDL-lowering drug optional)        |

#### Urea / Creatinine Ratio

|                         |       |       |  |                          |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|--|--------------------------|
| Urea                    | 21.4  | mg/dL | 21.0-43.0                                      | Calculated               |
| Creatinine              | 0.62  | mg/dL | 0.6-1.1  | Kinetic Alkaline picrate |
| Urea / Creatinine Ratio | 34.51 | mg/mg | Elevated ratio: >100:1<br>Reduced ratio: <40:1 | Calculated               |




**DR. MANJUNATHA TM**  
 M.B.B.S , DCP (Pathology)

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| Referring Doctor   | : NA                             | Sample Drawn Date | : 25-Nov-2022 09:00 AM |
| Referring Customer | : N/A                            | Registration Date | : 25-Nov-2022 01:38 PM |
| Vial ID            | : M2270824, M2270848             | Report Date       | : 25-Nov-2022 09:46 PM |
| Sample Type        | : Serum, Plasma-Sodium Fluoride- | Report Status     | : Final Report         |
| Client Address     | :                                |                   |                        |

### CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

#### HEALTH CHECK AT HOME - 33 TESTS

| Test Name | Obtained Value | Units | Bio. Ref. Intervals<br>(Age/Gender specific) | Method |
|-----------|----------------|-------|--|--------|
|-----------|----------------|-------|--|--------|

|             |      |       |           |            |
|-------------|------|-------|-----------|------------|
| <b>Urea</b> | 21.4 | mg/dL | 21.0-43.0 | Calculated |
|-------------|------|-------|-----------|------------|

**Comments:**

- Urea is the end product of the Protein metabolism. It is synthesised in Liver from the Ammonia produced by the catabolism of amino acids.
- It is transported by the Blood to the Kidneys from where it is excreted.
- Increased levels are found in renal diseases, urinary obstructions, shock, congestive Heart failure and burns.
- Decreased levels are found in Liver failure and pregnancy.

|                   |      |       |         |                          |
|-------------------|------|-------|---------|--------------------------|
| <b>Creatinine</b> | 0.62 | mg/dL | 0.6-1.1 | Kinetic Alkaline picrate |
|-------------------|------|-------|---------|--------------------------|

**Comments:**

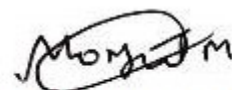
- Creatinine is the catabolic product of Creatinine Phosphate which is used by the skeletal muscle.
- The daily production depends on muscular mass and it is excreted out of the body entirely by the Kidneys.
- Elevated levels are found in renal dysfunction, reduced renal blood flow (shock, dehydration, congestive Heart failure), Diabetes, Acromegaly.
- Decreased levels are found in Muscular Dystrophy.

|                              |       |       |   |            |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|---|------------|
| <b>Glucose-Blood-Fasting</b> | 143.0 | mg/dL | Normal < 100<br>Pre-diabetic 100-125<br>Diabetic >= 126 | Hexokinase |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|---|------------|

**Comments:**

- Glucose is the major carbohydrate present in blood. Its oxidation in the cells is the source of energy for the body. Increased levels of Glucose are found in Diabetes Mellitus, Hyperparathyroidism, Pancreatitis and renal failure.
- Decreased levels are found in Insulinoma, Hypothyroidism, Hypopituitarism and extensive Liver disease

**Biological Reference Interval** : Source: American Diabetic Association, Diabetes Care 2018:41 (Suppl.1) S13-S27

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| Referring Doctor   | : NA                             | Sample Drawn Date | : 25-Nov-2022 09:00 AM |
| Referring Customer | : N/A                            | Registration Date | : 25-Nov-2022 01:38 PM |
| Vial ID            | : M2270824, M2270848             | Report Date       | : 25-Nov-2022 09:46 PM |
| Sample Type        | : Serum, Plasma-Sodium Fluoride- | Report Status     | : Final Report         |
| Client Address     | :                                |                   |                        |

### CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

#### HEALTH CHECK AT HOME - 33 TESTS

| Test Name | Obtained Value | Units | Bio. Ref. Intervals<br>(Age/Gender specific) | Method |
|-----------|----------------|-------|--|--------|
|-----------|----------------|-------|--|--------|

|                                      |       |       |        |      |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|------|
| <b>Tri-Iodothyronine Total (TT3)</b> | 84.50 | ng/dL | 35-193 | CMIA |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|------|

|                   |          |
|-------------------|----------|
| Pregnancy         |          |
| 1 Trimester       | 81 - 190 |
| 2 & 3rd Trimester | 100 -260 |

#### Comments:

- T3 is a hormone that originates from direct thyroid synthesis and secretion from peripheral conversion of T4 to T3.
- T3 is secreted into the circulation in response to the pituitary hormone TSH.
- The secretion of T3 is regulated by a negative feedback mechanism involving the Thyroid Gland, Pituitary Gland and Hypothalamus.

|                                |      |       |          |      |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|----------|------|
| <b>Thyroxine - Total (TT4)</b> | 6.62 | µg/dL | 5.5-11.0 | CMIA |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|----------|------|

#### Comments:

- T4 is major hormone synthesized and secreted by the Thyroid gland, and plays an important role in regulating metabolism. T4 is secreted into the circulation in response to the pituitary hormone TSH. The secretion of T4 is regulated by a negative feedback mechanism involving the Thyroid Gland, Hypothalamus and Pituitary Gland.
- In the circulation 99.95% of T4 is reversibly bound to transport proteins, primarily Throxine binding Globulin and to a lesser extent Albumin and Prealbumin. Unbound or free T4 is metabolically active and bound T4 is metabolically inactive, acting as a reserve.
- TBG concentrations remain reasonably constant in healthy individuals. However, pregnancy, excess Estrogens, Androgens, anabolic Steroids, and Glucocorticoids are known to alter TBG levels and may cause false Thyroid values for Thyroid function tests. Altered T4 levels in these situations may not accurately reflect Thyroid status.




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| Client Address     | :                                |                   |                        |

### CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

#### HEALTH CHECK AT HOME - 33 TESTS

| Test Name | Obtained Value | Units | Bio. Ref. Intervals<br>(Age/Gender specific) | Method |
|-----------|----------------|-------|--|--------|
|-----------|----------------|-------|--|--------|

|  |      |        |  |     |
|--|------|--------|--|-----|
| <b>Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (TSH)</b> | 4.33 | µIU/mL | 0.5-8.9 (Test performed on 4th Generation TSH kit) | CMA |
|--|------|--------|--|-----|

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| <b>Biological Reference Intervals :<br/>TSH(µIU/mL)</b> |           |
| <b>Pregnancy (As per American Thyroid Association)</b>  |           |
| 1 Trimester   | 0.10-2.50 |
| 2 Trimester   | 0.2-3.00  |
| 3 Trimester   | 0.3-3.00  |

#### Interpretation:

- Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations.
- Previous treatment with Corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while Thyroid hormone levels are normal.
- Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radionuclide scan within 7-14 days before the test.
- Abnormal Thyroid test findings often found in critically ill clients should be repeated after the critical nature of the condition is resolved.
- The production, circulation, and disposal of Thyroid hormone are altered throughout the stages of pregnancy.

|                  |     |       |         |         |
|------------------|-----|-------|---------|---------|
| <b>Uric Acid</b> | 3.6 | mg/dL | 2.6-6.0 | Uricase |
|------------------|-----|-------|---------|---------|

#### Comments:

- Uric acid is the end product of purine metabolism.
- Uric acid is excreted to a large degree by the Kidneys and to a smaller degree in the intestinal tract by microbial degradation.
- Increased levels are found in Gout, Arthritis, impaired renal functions and starvation.
- Decreased levels are found in Wilson's Disease, Fanconis Syndrome and Yellow Atrophy of the Liver.




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| Referring Customer | : N/A             | Registration Date | : 25-Nov-2022 01:38 PM |
| Vial ID            | : M2270828        | Report Date       | : 25-Nov-2022 03:50 PM |
| Sample Type        | : WB-EDTA         | Report Status     | : Final Report         |
| Client Address     | :                 |                   |                        |

### HEMATOLOGY

#### HEALTH CHECK AT HOME - 33 TESTS

| Test Name                         | Obtained Value | Units               | Bio. Ref. Intervals<br>(Age/Gender specific) | Method                          |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>Complete Blood Count (CBC)</b> |                |                     |  |                                 |
| Haemoglobin                       | 12.5           | g/dL                | 12-15  | Colorimetric                    |
| RBC Count                         | 4.2            | 10 <sup>12</sup> /L | 3.8-4.8                                      | Electrical Impedance            |
| Haematocrit (HCT)                 | <b>36.3</b>    | %                   | 40-50  | Calculated                      |
| MCV                               | 87.4           | fl                  | 81-101                                       | RBC Histogram                   |
| MCH                               | 30.0           | pg                  | 27-32  | Calculated                      |
| MCHC                              | 34.3           | g/dL                | 31.5-34.5                                    | Calculated                      |
| RDW-CV                            | 11.7           | %                   | 11.6-14.0                                    | RBC Histogram                   |
| Platelet Count                    | 327            | 10 <sup>9</sup> /L  | 150-410                                      | Electrical Impedance/Microscopy |
| WBC count, Total                  | 8.4            | 10 <sup>9</sup> /L  | 4.0-10.0                                     | Impedance                       |
| Neutrophils                       | 58.0           | %                   | 40-70  | Microscopy                      |
| Neutrophil-Absolute Count         | 4.87           | 10 <sup>9</sup> /L  | 2.0-7.0                                      | Calculated                      |
| Lymphocytes                       | 30.0           | %                   | 20-40  | Microscopy                      |
| Lymphocytes-Absolute Count        | 2.52           | 10 <sup>9</sup> /L  | 1.0-3.0                                      | Calculated                      |
| Monocytes                         | 9.0            | %                   | 2-10   | Microscopy                      |
| Monocytes-Absolute Count          | 0.76           | 10 <sup>9</sup> /L  | 0.2-1.0                                      | Calculated                      |
| Eosinophils                       | 3.0            | %                   | 1-6  | Microscopy                      |
| Eosinophils-Absolute Count        | 0.25           | 10 <sup>9</sup> /L  | 0.02-0.5                                     | Calculated                      |
| Basophils                         | 0.0            | %                   | 0-2  | Microscopy                      |
| Basophils-Absolute Count          | 0.00           | 10 <sup>9</sup> /L  | 0.0-0.3                                      | Calculated                      |
| Others                            | 0.0            | %                   | 00   | Microscopy                      |
| Remarks                           | .              |                     |  |                                 |

Sample is Processed on Automated CBC Analyzer

Note: Haematocrit (HCT) is derived from calculated MCV based on RBC Histogram as per Manufacturer's Manual

Correlate Clinically.

Laboratory is NABL Accredited.

Result rechecked and verified for abnormal cases.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

