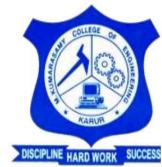


EVENT HANDLING SYSTEM



MINI PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree

of

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

in

FACULTY OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION

ENGINEERING

M.KUMARASAMY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

KARUR – 639 113.

APRIL 2023

**M.KUMARASAMY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
KARUR – 639 113.**

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

MINI PROJECT WORK

APRIL 2023

This is to certify that the project entitled

EVENT HANDLING SYSTEM

is the bonafide record of project work done by

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Head of the Department

Submitted for the Project Viva-Voce examination held on _____

Internal Examiner

External Examiner

DECLARATION

We affirm that the project work titled **EVENT HANDLING SYSTEM** being submitted in partial fulfillment for the award of **MCA** is the original work carried out by us. It has not formed the part of any other project work submitted for the award of any degree or diploma, either in this or any other University.

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ABSTRACT

“ONLINE EVENT HANDLING SYSTEM” is an web application that act as the event manager. This web application provides the functions required for event planning based on the user requirements. Event handling is a complex field that demands meticulous attention to detail, creative problem-solving, and effective project management. Understanding client needs, defining event objectives, and crafting a compelling vision to guide the planning process. Developing a comprehensive event plan, setting realistic budgets, and efficiently allocating resources for optimal results.

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 OBJECTIVES

EVENT HANDLING SYSTEM is the application of project management to the creation and development of large scale events such as festivals, conferences, birthday, or conference hall.

The Event Management System provides most of the basic functionality required for an event. All required data is logged in the database. And also it generates a report based on the need to the admin.

The Keen interest is to reduce the labor charges and increases the efficiency of work by saving time. It provides software to generate a report based on the need to the admin.

CHAPTER 2

SYSTEM ANALYSIS

2.1 EXISTING SYSTEM

In existing system different resources are managed by various providers from different locations and firms. Events are created then all the works are done and maintained through paper. Client can get the information about party plot only by reaching the venue. It is much time consuming for every process. It is not user-friendly. Payments can be done only by reaching the service provider directly.

Drawbacks

- Less Secure
- Involves large amount of paper work
- Time consuming process
- Slow Updating and Retrieval of Information
- Cost huge And Unpredictable

2.2 PROPOSED SYSTEM

This web based application system can be implemented in hotels, clubs for booking events. The system can also be used as software to promote the entire event booking places. The users gets all the resources at a single place instead of wandering around various places.

Advantages

- User friendliness is provided in the application with various controls
- The system makes the overall project management much easier
- There is no risk of data mismanagement at any level while the project development is under process

2.3 FEASIBILITY STUDY

The feasibility of the project is analyzed in this phase and business proposal is put forth with a very general plan for the project and some cost estimates. During system analysis the feasibility study of the proposed system is to be carried out. This is to ensure that the proposed system is not a burden to the company. For feasibility analysis, some understanding of the major requirements for the system is essential.

Three key considerations involved in the feasibility analysis are

- Economical Feasibility
- Technical Feasibility
- Operational Feasibility

2.3.1 Economical Feasibility

The aspect of study is to check the level of acceptance of the system by user. This includes the process of training the user to use the system efficiently. The User must not feel threatened by the system, instead must accept it as a necessity. The level off an acceptance by the users solely depends on the methods that are employed to educate the user about the system and to make very familiar with it. The level of confidence must be raised so that user is also able to make some constructive criticism, which is welcomed, a final user of the system

2.3.2 Technical Feasibility

This study is carried out to check the technical feasibility, that is, the technical requirements of the system. Any system developed must not have a high demand on the available technical resources. This will lead to high demands on the available technical resources. This will lead to high demands being placed on the client. The developed system must have a modest requirement, as only minimal or null changes are required for the implementing this web application or web page software system.

2.3.3 Operational Feasibility

This study is carried out to check the economic impact that system have on the organization. The amount of fund that the company can pour into the research and development of the system is limited. The expenditures must be justified. Thus the developed system as well within the budget and this achieved because most of the technologies used are freely available. Only the customized products had to be purchased.

CHAPTER 3

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 HARDWARE SPECIFICATIONS

- Processor : Intel(R) Core
- RAM : 8GB RAM
- Hard Disk : 500GB HDD
- Monitor : 15" Color Monitor
- Keyboard : 108 Multi keys
- Mouse : Optical mouse

3.2 SOFTWARE SPECIFICATIONS

- Web Designing : JavaScript
- Server Scripting: PHP
- Front End : HTML, CSS3
- Back End : MySQL 2008

CHAPTER 4

SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

4.1 FRONT END

PHP is an open-source server-side scripting language. It is used to create dynamic web pages with the PHP scripting language. A dynamic Web page interacts with the user, so that each user visiting the page sees customized information. PHP can also be used to create dynamic web pages that are generated from information accessed from a MySQL database. It can embed PHP commands within a standard HTML page. PHP's syntax is similar to that of C and Perl, making it easy to learn for anyone with basic programming skills. Another feature that PHP offers is connectivity to most of the common databases (including Oracle, Sybase, MySQL, ODBC and many others, although currently only MySQL is supported on the central web servers.) PHP also offers integration with various external libraries, which allow the developer to do anything from generating PDF documents to parsing XML.

Using PHP on Web server

- Bang lines are not required and will be ignored if present.
- If should use .PHP as the file extension.

This refers to only PHP files executed directly via a URL. Include files may use other extensions, such as. If it have a PHP files that currently use. PHP extensions, it is strongly recommended that you move toward using .PHP for these instead.

The script must have owner execute permission for best security, if strongly recommend using permissions set to 700 (only owner has read, write, and execute privileges).

Sessions

By default, when PHP creates a session file it stores it in /tmp. The /tmp directory is local and independent to each of the backend web servers. Hence, if a request is made to server_1, it stores the session file in its own /tmp. If a subsequent request for the same user ends up going to server_2, it won't find the original session file.

The load balancers control how web requests are distributed across the backend web servers. These load balancers are configured to provide session persistence by tracking the IP address of the web browser and the backend web server to which a request is sent. The goal is to send all subsequent requests from a given web browser back to the same backend web server. As a result, normally the PHP session files in /tmp work as expected because the multiple requests for the same user is consistently sent to the same backend web server.

However, the load balancers can only cache so much data and eventually older data is overwritten by new incoming requests. This can cause the loss of persistence information. PHP allows if can to specify the location of the session files. In the Web server environment, it is recommended that create a session directory in the login directory of the account and write the session information there. Doing it this way will guarantee session persistence. If should do occasional cleanup of any unused session files that aren't deleted

Trouble Shooting

When running a script, if receive a 500 Internal Server Error message, please check the following:

- Check to make sure the file permission is set to 700 (read, write, and execute for owner only).
- Check the Directory (folder) permission.

- When the file/directory permissions are set correctly, and if still getting a 500 error, it is likely due to line compatibility between the program used to create/upload the file and the Linux server. To correct this, login to the account on Web serve via an SSH client that provides a command line interface and do the following:
 - Move to the directory where the PHP file is using the 'cd' command (e.g., cd www).
 - Open the file using an editor such as Nano and save it by typing Ctrl + o

To prevent this problem, the need to change settings/preferences in the program they are using to develop PHP files. To set preferences in Dreamweaver, go to Edit

=> Preferences. Select Code Format or HTML Format (depending on the versions).

Change Line Breaks to LF (UNIX).

Connecting to MySQL Using PHP

The purpose of this document is to help the MySQL account holders get started with developing their Web front for their MySQL database. Please note that the IU/ITS Webmaster and IU/ITS Webhost groups will not be providing services related to database design, creation, and management (often referred to as the DBA, or Database Administrator role) or Web to database application programming services as part of the MySQL database service.

If provide the following codes as an example of scripts connecting to MySQL DB from a Veritas/Champion account when a use PHP or Perl scripts. To make the code work for an account, replace port number with an MySQL account's port number, username with your user name, and password with the user's password.

Features

PHP: Hypertext Pre-processor (the name is a recursive acronym) is a widely used, general-purpose scripting language that was originally designed for web development to produce dynamic web pages. For this purpose, PHP code is embedded into the HTML source document and interpreted by a web server with a PHP processor module, which generates the web page document. As a general-purpose programming language, PHP code is processed by an interpreter application in command-line mode performing desired operating system operations and producing program output on its standard output channel. It may also function as a graphical application. PHP is available as a processor for most modern web servers and as standalone interpreter on most operating systems and computing platforms.

PHP was originally created by Rasmus Lerdorf in 1995 and has been in continuous development ever since. The main implementation of PHP is now produced by The PHP Group and serves as the de facto standard for PHP as there is no formal specification. PHP is free software released under the PHP License, which is incompatible with the GNU General Public License (GPL) because restrictions exist regarding the use of the term PHP.

Hypertext refers to files linked together using hyperlinks, such as HTML (Hyper Text Markup Language) files. Preprocessing is executing instructions that modify the output. Below is a demonstration of the difference between HTML and PHP files.

Accessing an HTML Page

- In browser sends a request to that web page's server (computer) for the file (HTML or image) you wish to view.
- The web server (computer) sends the file requested back to a computer.
- In browser displays the file appropriately.
- If request a PHP file (ends with ".php"), the server handles it differently.

Accessing a PHP Page

- In browser sends a request to that web page's server for the PHP file
- The web server sends the output of the PHP program back to a computer.
- In browser displays the output appropriately.

PHP currently does not have native support for Unicode or multi byte strings; Unicode support is under development for a future version of PHP and will allow strings as well as class, method, and function names to contain non-ASCII characters.

PHP interpreters are available on both 32-bit and 64-bit operating systems, but on Microsoft Windows the only official distribution is a 32-bit implementation, requiring Windows 32-bit compatibility mode while using Internet Information Services (IIS) on a 64-bit Windows platform. As of PHP 5.3.0, experimental 64-bit versions are available for MS Windows.

Security

The PHP interpreter only executes PHP code within its delimiters. Anything outside its delimiters is not processed by PHP (although non-PHP text is still subject to control structures described within PHP code). The most common delimiters are <?php to open and ?> to close PHP sections. <script language="php"> and </script> delimiters are also available, as are the shortened forms <? or <?= (which is used to echo back a string or variable) and ?> as well as ASP-style short forms <% or <%= and %>. While short delimiters are used, they make script files less portable as support for them can be disabled in the PHP configuration, and so they are discouraged. The purpose of all these delimiters is to separate PHP code from non-PHP code, including HTML.

The first form of delimiters, <?php and ?>, in XHTML and other XML documents, creates correctly formed XML 'processing instructions'. This means that the resulting mixture of PHP code and other markup in the server-side file is itself well-formed XML.

Variables are prefixed with a dollar symbol and a type does not need to be specified in advance. Unlike function and class names, variable names are case sensitive. Both double-quoted ("") and here doc strings allow the ability to embed a variable's value into the string. PHP treats newlines as whitespace in the manner of a free-form language (except when inside string quotes), and statements are terminated by a semicolon. PHP has three types of comment syntax: /* */ marks block and inline comments; // as well as # are used for one-line comments. The echo statement is one of several facilities PHP provides to output text (e.g. to a web browser).

In terms of keywords and language syntax, PHP is similar to most high-level languages that follow the C style syntax. If conditions, for and while loops, and function returns are similar in syntax to languages such as C, C++, Java and Perl.

Benefits of PHP

Because the server does processing, the output of PHP files changes when its input changes. For example, most of the pages on the Horticulture site have only two PHP commands:

- Include the header file that defines the links on the left, the banner, and the quick links at the top.
- Include the footer file that displays the mission statement and Horticulture contact information.

Because including the files is performed every time the PHP file is accessed, when the header/footer files change, the new content will be immediately updated. In other words, if add a new link, every page that includes the header will immediately display the new link.

PHP has become the most popular Web programming language not only because it is free. PHP is a full-fledged programming language (unlike HTML for example, which is more of a presentation means) and many complex applications can be written in it. Another benefit of applications written in PHP is that they are fast and if written

properly, they could be pretty secure. There are also tons of ready PHP scripts and functions, which can be customized to a liking and used in the PHP applications.

Web development is becoming a more prosperous industry lately. Since the Internet and the computer wave in general are becoming quite lucrative, web development is becoming a booming industry in which everyone wants to be a part. However, it is also a very competitive industry since there are many professionals that are quite adept at programming. Therefore, learning proper PHP development strategies is beneficial. If already have prior knowledge of computer language and coding, PHP should come as a second nature to it. The fact that it can be used in its most primal forms for basic programming as well as incredibly advanced programming only adds to its possible potential for programmers.

Before building website need to know which language are going to use in a professional looking website. PHP is one of the best and easy to use programming language as it can be run on any operating system. PHP is free language so that is the huge advantage of this language. For handling database connections, formatting date, editing strings, handling emails and all PHP can be very useful. It can be easily extended for some specific functions that would like to add in your website. Reliability of this language is extra ordinary as PHP already runs on millions of servers around the world, which means that it's powerful enough for even the most demanding situations. It provides web developers much more liberation in creating website with some of the outstanding features and they can use regular elements frequently. PHP can be very much successful for creating Dynamic Websites. PHP programmers with the use of open source codes benefit from the flexibility of editing, modifying and updating the source code when there is mandatory.

PHP is based on C++ programming language and the syntax used in PHP is fairly similar to C, C++. There is huge community of developers who still believe that C/C++ is still the best programming language. For every website to get reasonable progress it can be used Content Management System such as Joomla, Word Press etc. here PHP and MySQL are very helpful in successful CMS running. There are so many IT companies which provide best quality PHP web development work from India. The reason for Outsourcing PHP development to India is that it is very cost effective with better quality.

In the professional field of Web and software development services we have achieved great amount of victory with skilled and experienced PHP programmers.

PHP has been supported by almost every hosting company. PHP can be the best choice to run an application on Linux based hosting platforms. PHP is a server side scripting language originally designed to build dynamic websites. Modern web 2.0 applications are largely characterized by smashups and desktop style user interfaces. PHP is an excellent choice for interacting with other websites and providing rich user experience. Simple php commands like curl or open allow to grab data from other websites with relative ease. PHP works well with JavaScript so it can provide end users with modern, responsive interfaces that are way beyond the old static interfaces of days past.

4.2 BACK END

MySQL "My S-Q-L", officially, but also called "My Sequel" is (as of 2008) the world's most widely used open source relational database management system (RDBMS) that runs as a server providing multi-user access to a number of databases. It is named after co-founder Michael Widenius' daughter, My. The SQL phrase stands for Structured Query Language.

The MySQL development project has made its source code available under the terms of the GNU General Public License, as well as under a variety of proprietary agreements. MySQL was owned and sponsored by a single for-profit firm, the Swedish company MySQL AB, now owned by Oracle Corporation.

MySQL is a popular choice of database for use in web applications, and is a central component of the widely used LAMP open source web application software stack (and other 'AMP' stacks). LAMP is an acronym for "Linux, Apache, MySQL, Perl/PHP/Python." Free-software-open source projects that require a fullfeatured database management system often use MySQL. For commercial use, several paid editions are available, and offer additional functionality. TYPO3, Joomla, WordPress, phpBB, MyBB, Drupal and other software.

Features

The MySQL database has become the world's most popular open source database because of its consistent fast performance, high reliability and ease of use. It's used on every continent -- Yes, even Antarctica! -- by individual Web developers as well as many of the world's largest and fastest-growing organizations to save time and money powering their high-volume Web sites, business-critical systems and packaged software -- including industry leaders such as Yahoo!, Alcatel-Lucent, Google, Nokia, YouTube, and Zappos.com.

Not only is MySQL the world's most popular open source database, it's also become the database of choice for a new generation of applications built on the LAMP stack (Linux, Apache, MySQL, PHP / Perl / Python.) MySQL runs on more than 20 platforms including Linux, Windows, Mac OS, Solaris, HP-UX, IBM AIX, giving you the kind of flexibility that puts you in control.

Whether you're new to database technology or an experienced developer or DBA, MySQL offers a comprehensive range of certified software, support, training and consulting to make you successful.

MySQL can be built and installed manually from source code, but this can be tedious so it is more commonly installed from a binary package unless special customizations are required. On most Linux distributions, the package management system can download and install MySQL with minimal effort, though further configuration is often required to adjust security and optimization settings.

Though MySQL began as a low-end alternative to more powerful proprietary databases, it has gradually evolved to support higher-scale needs as well. It is still most commonly used in small to medium scale single-server deployments, either as a component in a LAMP based web application or as a standalone database server. Much of MySQL's appeal originates in its relative simplicity and ease of use, which is enabled by an ecosystem of open source tools such as PHP My Admin. In the medium range, MySQL can be scaled by deploying it on more powerful hardware, such as a multiprocessor server with gigabytes of memory.

CHAPTER 5

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

5.1 PROBLEM DEFINITION

This application is a project management to the creation and development of large scale events such as marriage, birthday, conference, and college annual day function. It is software for an organization to maintain a record in fully computerized manner.

It provides a high level of security through different level of authentication. It provides software to maintain the Food, Venue, Decoration etc. And also it generates a report based on the need to the admin

5.2 OVERVIEW OF THE PROJECT

The project will ease the user in checking equipment and component status. By using this system, technician and staffs can check the equipment and component status faster. The technicians and staffs do not need to wait for a long time to check it in files like before. The searching and updating issue will be improved as the technicians and staffs can search and update the data systematically.

5.3 MODULE DESCRIPTION

- Gallery
- Select Event
- About us
- Add package
- Package List

5.3.1 Gallery

Gallery consists of the list of models that can user place the order if they wish

5.3.2 Select Event

It provides event details, and allows the user to select among the events. The events are selected by the users.

5.3.3 About us

It provides about what are the service provided by the event handling system

5.3.4 Add Package

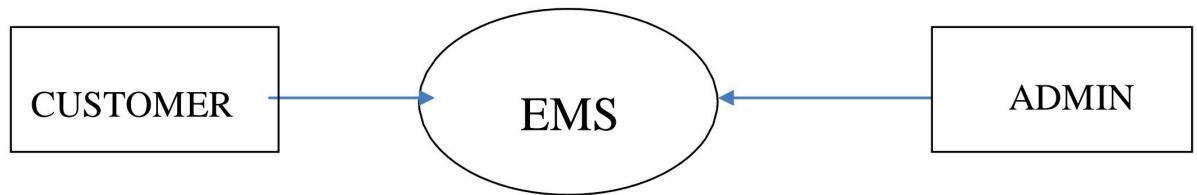
Add package and the package maintenance are done by admin login. Admin can login and add the list or modify the packages that are available.

5.3.5 Packages List

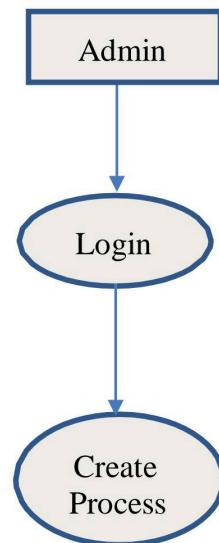
User can choose packages that are shown in the list by the customer and can make payment to the chosen package details. There are different package details Based on the type of event

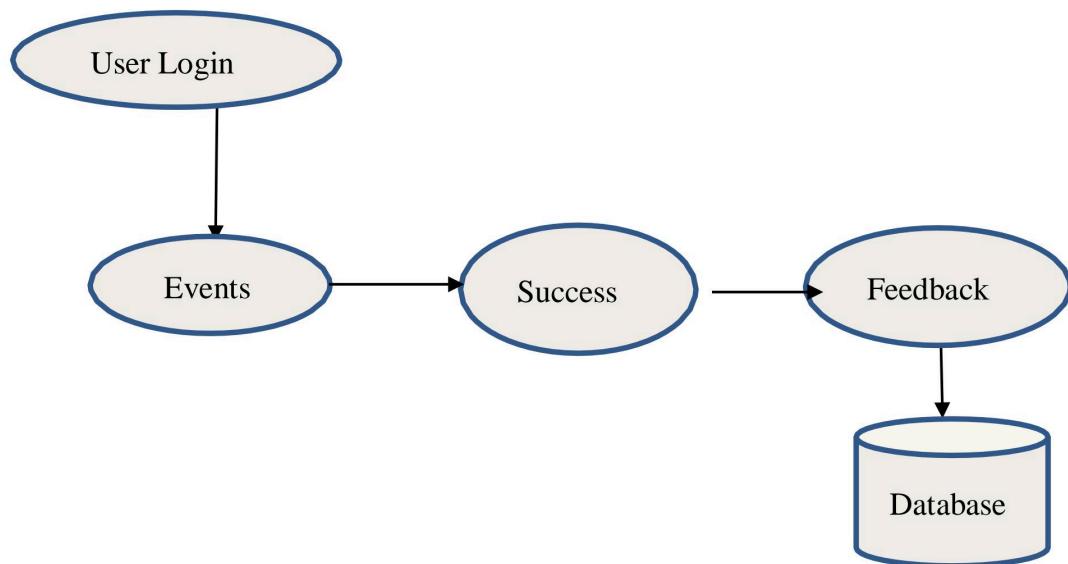
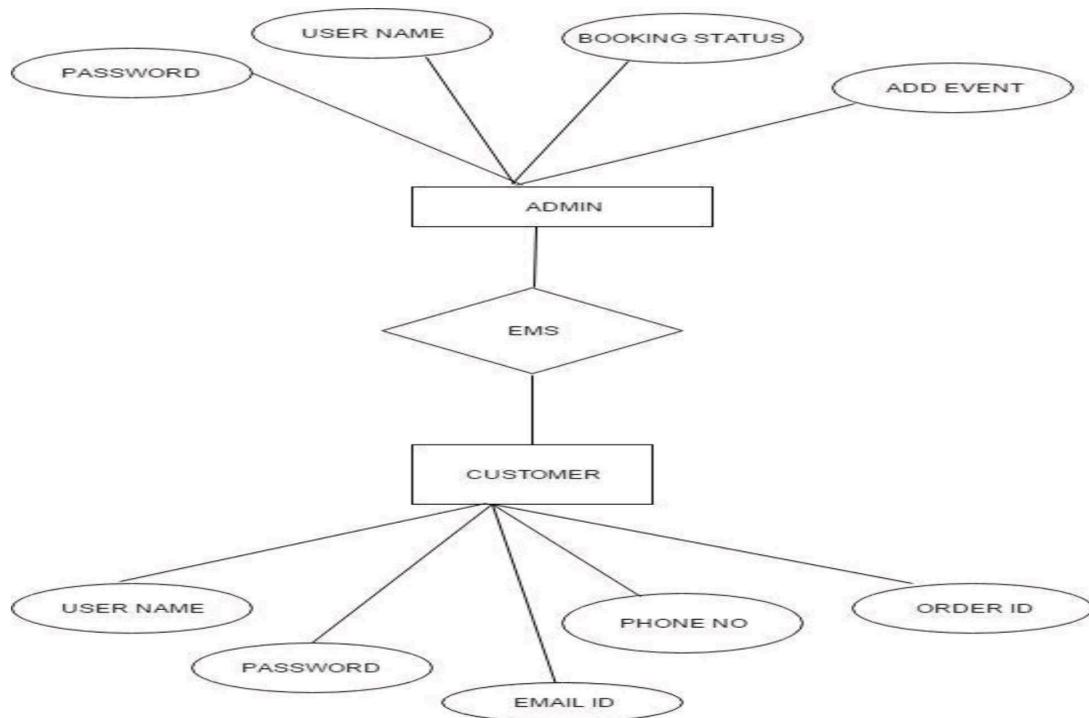
5.4 DATAFLOW

Level 0

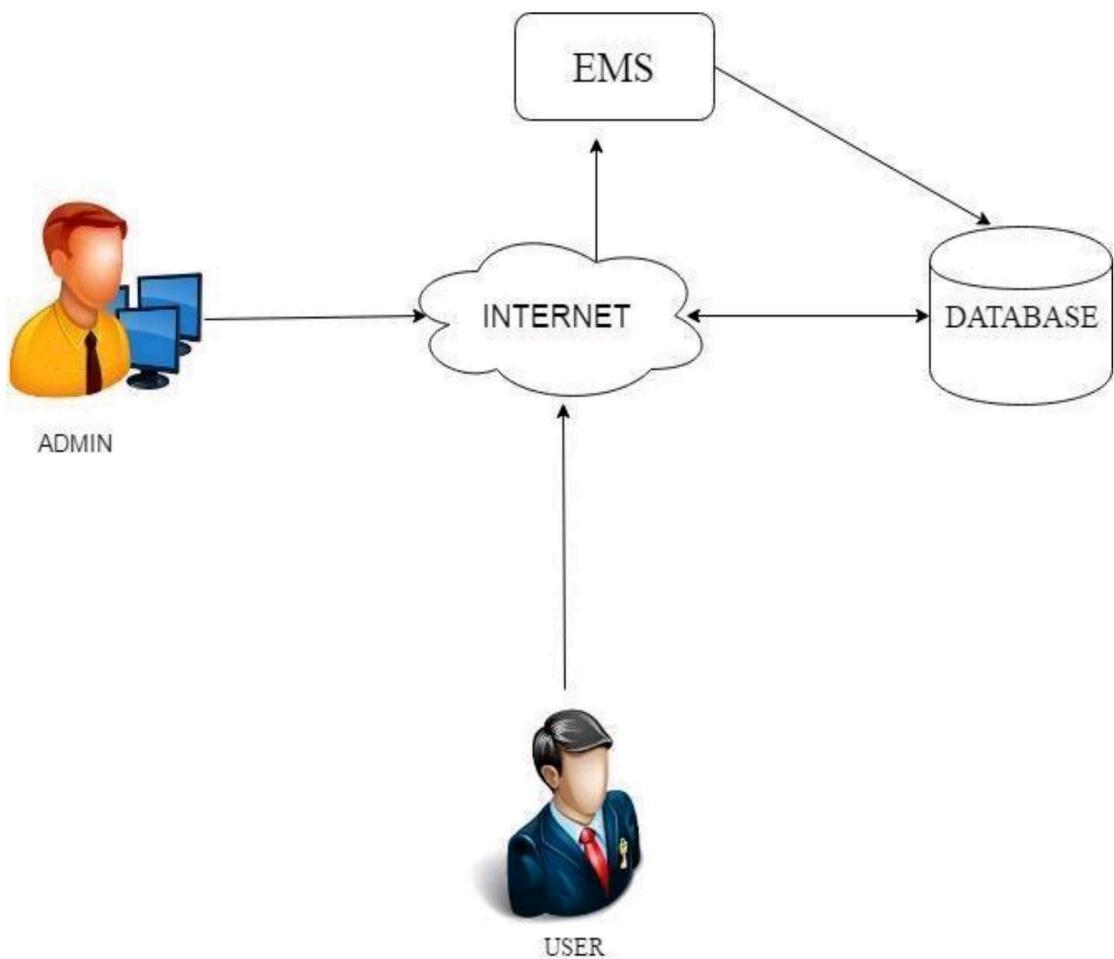


Level 1



Level 2**5.5 ER DIAGRAM**

5.6 ARCHITECTURE DESIGN



5.7 DATABASE DESIGN

Table 1 : User Registration Detail

S.NO	FIELD NAME	DATA TYPE(WIDTH)	CONSTRAINTS	DESCRIPTION
1	U_no	int (10)	Primary key	User Number
2	U_name	varchar(10)	Not Null	User Name
3	U_email	varchar(15)	Not Null	User Email
4	U_password	varchar(15)	Not Null	Password
5	U_phone	bigint(10)	Not Null	Phone
6	U_address	varchar(50)	Not Null	Address
7	Create_date	time stamp	On Update	Date

5.1 User Register table

5.7.2 User Login Detail

S.NO	FIELD NAME	DATA TYPE (WIDTH)	CONSTRAINTS	DESCRIPTION
1	U_name	varchar (15)	Not Null	User Name
2	P_word	varchar (10)	Not Null	Password

5.2 User Login Table

5.7.3 Item Detail

S.NO	FIELD NAME	DATA TYPE (WIDTH)	CONSTRAINTS	DESCRIPTION
1	Sno	int (15)	Primary key	Serial Number
2	Item_id	varchar (10)	Not Null	Item id
3	Item_name	varchar (15)	Not Null	Item name

5.3 Item table

5.7.4 Booking Detail

S.NO	FIELD NAME	DATA TYPE(WIDTH)	CONSTRAINTS	DESCRIPTION
1	Sno	int (20)	Primary key	Booking number
2	User_id	int (10)	Not Null	User id
3	Name	varchar (20)	Not Null	Name
4	Email_id	varchar (20)	Not Null	Email id
5	Moblie num	int (10)	Not Null	Mobile number
6	Purchase_id	varchar (10)	Not Null	Purchase id
7	Crete_date	time stamp	On Update	Date

5.4 Booking Table

CHAPTER 6

SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION

Implementation is the stage of the project when the theoretical design is turned out into a working. Thus it can be considered to be the most critical stage in achieving a successful new system and in giving the user, confidence that the new system work and be effective

The implementation stage careful planning, investigation of the existing system and it's constraints on implementation, designing of method to achieve change over and evaluation of changeover methods.

Implementation is the process of converting a new system design into operation. It is the phase that focuses on user training, site preparation and file conversion for installing a candidate system. The important factor that should be considered here is that the conversion should not disrupt the functioning of the organization.

CHAPTER 7

TESTING

7.1 SYSTEM TESTING

System testing ensures that the entire integrated software system meets requirements. It tests a configuration to ensure known and predictable results. An example of system testing is the configuration oriented system integration test. System testing is based on process descriptions and flows, emphasizing pre-driven process links and integration points.

7.2 TYPES OF TESTING

7.2.1 UNIT TESTING

Unit testing involves the design of test cases that validate that the internal program logic is functioning properly, and that program input produces valid outputs. All decision branches and internal code flow should be validated. It is the testing of individual software units of the application .it is done after the completion of an individual unit before integration. This is a structural testing, that relies on knowledge of its construction and is invasive. Unit tests perform basic tests at component level and test a specific business process, application, and/or system configuration. Unit tests ensure that each unique path of a business process performs accurately to the documented specifications and contains clearly defined inputs and expected results.

7.2.2 INTEGRATION TESTING

Integration tests are designed to test integrated software components to determine if they actually run as one program. Testing is event driven and is more concerned with the basic outcome of screens or fields. Integration tests demonstrate that although the components were individually satisfaction, as shown by successfully unit testing, the combination of components is correct and consistent. Integration testing is specifically aimed at exposing the problems that arise from the combination of components.

7.2.3 FUNCTIONAL TESTING

Functional tests provide systematic demonstrations that functions tested are available as specified by the business and technical requirements, system documentation and user manuals.

Functional testing is centered on the following items:

- | | |
|--------------------|--|
| Valid Input | : Identified classes of valid input must be accepted. |
| Invalid Input | : Identified classes of invalid input must be rejected. |
| Functions | : Identified functions must be exercised. |
| Output | : Identified classes of application outputs must be exercised. |
| Systems/Procedures | : Interfacing systems or procedures must be invoked. |

Organization and preparation of functional tests is focused on requirements, key functions, or special test cases. In addition, systematic coverage pertaining to identify Business process flows; data fields, predefined processes, and successive processes must be considered for testing. Before functional testing is complete, additional tests are identified and the effective value of current tests is determined.

7.2.4 BLACK BOX TESTING

Black Box Testing is testing the software without any knowledge of the inner workings, structure or language of the module being tested. Black box tests, as most other kinds of tests, must be written from a definitive source document, such as specification or requirements document, such as specification or requirements document. It is a testing in which the software under test is treated, as a black box .you cannot “see” into it. The test provides inputs and responds to outputs without considering how the software works.

7.2.5 WHITE BOX TESTING

White Box Testing is a testing in which the software tester has knowledge of the inner workings, structure and language of the software, or at least its purpose. It is used to test areas that cannot be reached from a black box level.

CHAPTER 8

CONCLUSION & FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

8.1 CONCLUSION

Online Event Handling System software project that serves the functionality of an event manager. The system allows only registered users to login and new users are allowed to register on the application. This is a web application developed in PHP and SQL but desktop application of the same application is also available. The project provides most of the basic functionality required for an event. It allows the user to select from a list of event types. Once the user enters an event type the system then allows the user to select the date and time of event, place and the event equipment's. All this data is logged in the database and the user is given a receipt number for his booking. This data is then sent to the administrator and they may interact with the client as per his requirements and his contact data stored in the database of the event handling system .

8.2 FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

Enhanced Mobile Apps: Mobile apps associated with event planning systems may receive enhancements, including personalized schedules, interactive maps with other event-related apps and services.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Automation: AI algorithms can assist with venue selection, budgeting, vendor management, and attendee engagement. Automation can automate repetitive tasks like sending notifications, managing registrations.

CHAPTER 9

APPENDIX

9.1 SAMPLE SOURCE CODE

```

<!--INDEX PAGE-->
<!doctype html>
<html class="no-js" lang="en">
<head>
<!--===== USEFULL META =====-->
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<meta name="description" content="Pixel is a simple Apps landing website" />
<meta name="keywords" content="Weeding, Weeding HTML5 Template, Wedding Day, Wedding Ceremony" />
<meta name="author" content="THEMEXONE" />

<!--===== TITLE TAG =====-->
<title>decoration.com</title>

<!--===== FAVICON ICON =====-->
<link rel="shortcut icon" type="image/ico" href="img/favicon.png" />

<!--===== STYLESHEETS =====-->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/normalize.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/animate.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/owl.carousel.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/magnific-popup.css">
<link href="css/bootstrap.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
<link href="css/font-awesome.min.css" rel="stylesheet">

<!--===== MAIN STYLESHEETS =====-->
<link href="style.css" rel="stylesheet">
<link href="css/responsive.css" rel="stylesheet">

<!--===== STYLE SWITCHER CSS =====-->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="js/switcher/style-switcher.css">

<!--===== ALL COLORS CSS HERE USE YOUR PREFRRED ANY COLOR FROM HERE, BY UNCOMMENT LINK TAG =====-->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/colors/default.css" title="default">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/colors/sky.css" title="sky">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/colors/light-sky.css" title="light-sky">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/colors/pink.css" title="pink">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/colors/purple.css" title="purple">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/colors/deep-purple.css" title="deep-purple">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/colors/brown.css" title="brown">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/colors/san-marino.css" title="san-marino">

<script src="js/vendor/modernizr-2.8.3.min.js"></script>

```

```

<!--[if lt IE 9]>
<script src="//oss.maxcdn.com/html5shiv/3.7.2/html5shiv.min.js"></script>
<script src="//oss.maxcdn.com/respond/1.4.2/respond.min.js"></script>
<![endif]-->
</head>

<body>

<!--[if lt IE 8]>
<p class="browserupgrade">You are using an <strong>outdated</strong> browser. Please
<a href="http://browsehappy.com/">upgrade your browser</a> to improve your
experience.</p>
<![endif]-->

<!-- PRELOADER -->
<!--<div class="preeloader">
<div class="preloader-spinner"></div>
</div>-->

<!--SCROLL TO TOP-->
<a href="#home" class="scrolldtotop"><i class="fa fa-long-arrow-up"></i></a>

<!--START TOP AREA-->
<header class="top-area" id="home">
<div class="top-area-bg"></div>
<div class="header-top-area">
<!--MAINMENU AREA-->
<div class="mainmenu-area" id="mainmenu-area">
<div class="mainmenu-area-bg"></div>
<nav class="navbar">
<div class="container">
<div class="navbar-header">
<button class="collapsed navbar-toggle" type="button" data-toggle="collapse" data-target=".bs-example-js-navbar-scrollspy">
<span class="sr-only">Toggle navigation</span>
<span class="icon-bar"></span>
<span class="icon-bar"></span>
<span class="icon-bar"></span>
</button>
<a href="#home" class="navbar-brand"></a>
</div>
<div class="collapse navbar-collapse bs-example-js-navbar-scrollspy">
<ul id="nav" class="nav navbar-nav">
<li><a href="#home">home</a></li>
<li><a href="#about">About Us</a></li>
<!--<li><a href="#managent">Managent</a></li>-->
<!--<li><a href="#story">gallery</a></li>-->
<li><a href="#gallery">Best Memories</a></li>
<li><a href="gallery.html">Gallery</a></li>
<li><a href="#event">Types Event</a></li>
<li><a href="#story">admin</a></li>
<li><a href="#contact">Contact</a></li>
</ul>
</div>
</div>
</nav>
</div>
<!--END MAINMENU AREA END-->
</div>

```

```

</body>
</html>

<!DOCTYPE html>

<head>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
<title>Hydrogen &mdash; A free HTML5 Template by FREEHTML5.CO</title>
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<meta name="description" content="Free HTML5 Template by FREEHTML5.CO" />
<meta name="keywords" content="free html5, free template, free bootstrap, html5, css3, mobile first, responsive" />
<meta name="author" content="FREEHTML5.CO" />

<!-- Facebook and Twitter integration -->
<meta property="og:title" content="" />
<meta property="og:image" content="" />
<meta property="og:url" content="" />
<meta property="og:site_name" content="" />
<meta property="og:description" content="" />
<meta name="twitter:title" content="" />
<meta name="twitter:image" content="" />
<meta name="twitter:url" content="" />
<meta name="twitter:card" content="" />

<!-- Place favicon.ico and apple-touch-icon.png in the root directory -->
<link rel="shortcut icon" href="favicon.ico">

<!-- Google Webfonts -->
<link href='http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Roboto:400,300,100,500' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
<link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Montserrat:400,700' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>

<!-- Animate.css -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/animate.css">
<!-- Icomoon Icon Fonts-->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/icomoon.css">
<!-- Magnific Popup -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/magnific-popup.css">
<!-- Salvattore -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/salvattore.css">
<!-- Theme Style -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/style.css">
<!-- Modernizr JS -->
<script src="js/modernizr-2.6.2.min.js"></script>
<!-- FOR IE9 below -->
<!--[if lt IE 9]>
<script src="js/respond.min.js"></script>
<![endif]-->

</head>
<body>

```

```

<h1 class="fh5co-logo"><a class="navbar-brand" href="index.html">Hydrogen</a></h1>
<ul>
<li><a href="index.html">Home</a></li>
<li class="active"><a href="about.html">About</a></li>
<li><a href="pricing.html">Pricing</a></li>
<li><a href="contact.html">Contact</a></li>
</ul>
<h3 class="fh5co-lead">Connect with us</h3>
<p class="fh5co-social-icons">
<a href="#"><i class="icon-twitter"></i></a>
<a href="#"><i class="icon-facebook"></i></a>
<a href="#"><i class="icon-instagram"></i></a>
<a href="#"><i class="icon-dribbble"></i></a>
<a href="#"><i class="icon-youtube"></i></a>
</p>
</div>
<header id="fh5co-header" role="banner">
<div class="container">
<div class="row">
<div class="col-md-12">
<a href="#" class="fh5co-menu-btn js-fh5co-menu-btn">Menu <i class="icon-menu"></i></a>
<a class="navbar-brand" href="index.html">Hydrogen</a>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</header>
<!-- END .header -->

```

```

<div id="fh5co-main">
<div class="container">
<div class="row">
<div class="col-md-8 col-md-offset-2">
<h2>Personal Bio</h2>
<div class="fh5co-spacer fh5co-spacer-sm"></div>
<p>
</p>

```

<p>Far far away, behind the word mountains, far from the countries Vokalia and Consonantia, there live the blind texts. Separated they live in Bookmarksgrove right at the coast of the Semantics, a large language ocean. A small river named Duden flows by their place and supplies it with the necessary regelialia. It is a paradisematic country, in which roasted parts of sentences fly into your mouth. Even the all-powerful Pointing has no control about the blind texts it is an almost unorthographic life One day however a small line of blind text by the name of Lorem Ipsum decided to leave for the far World of Grammar.</p>

<p> The Big Oxmox advised her not to do so, because there were thousands of bad Commas, wild Question Marks and devious Semikoli, but the Little Blind Text didn't listen. She packed her seven versalia, put her initial into the belt and made herself on the way. When she reached the first hills of the Italic Mountains, she had a last view back on the skyline of her hometown Bookmarksgrove, the headline of Alphabet Village and the subline of her own road, the Line Lane. </p>

```

</div>
</div>

</div>
</div>

<footer id="fh5co-footer">

<div class="container">
<div class="row row-padded">
<div class="col-md-12 text-center">
<p class="fh5co-social-icons">
<a href="#"><i class="icon-twitter"></i></a>
<a href="#"><i class="icon-facebook"></i></a>
<a href="#"><i class="icon-instagram"></i></a>
<a href="#"><i class="icon-dribbble"></i></a>
<a href="#"><i class="icon-youtube"></i></a>
</p>
<p><small>&copy; Hydrogen Free HTML5 Template. All Rights Reserved. <br>Designed by: <a href="http://freehtml5.co/" target="_blank">FREEHTML5.co</a> | Images by: <a href="http://pexels.com" target="_blank">Pexels</a> </small></p>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</footer>

<!-- jQuery -->
<script src="js/jquery.min.js"></script>
<!-- jQuery Easing -->
<script src="js/jquery.easing.1.3.js"></script>
<!-- Bootstrap -->
<script src="js/bootstrap.min.js"></script>
<!-- Waypoints -->
<script src="js/jquery.waypoints.min.js"></script>
<!-- Magnific Popup -->
<script src="js/jquery.magnific-popup.min.js"></script>
<!-- Salvattore -->
<script src="js/salvattore.min.js"></script>
<!-- Main JS -->
<script src="js/main.js"></script>

</body>
</html>
<?php
include'admin/includes/factory.php';
include 'admin/includes/functions.php';
$_SESSION['pagename']='Package';
$obj=new guru($con);
$pname=$_GET['pname'];
$getpack=$obj->getPacklistname(array($pname,'1'));
//echo '<pre>';print_r($getpack);echo '</pre>';exit;
?>
<!DOCTYPE html>

```

```

<!--[if gt IE 8]><!--> <html class="no-js"> <!--<![endif]-->

<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<meta name="description" content="Free HTML5 Template by FREEHTML5.CO" />
<meta name="keywords" content="free html5, free template, free bootstrap, html5, css3, mobile first, responsive" />
<meta name="author" content="FREEHTML5.CO" />
<meta property="og:title" content="" />
<meta property="og:image" content="" />
<meta property="og:url" content="" />
<meta property="og:site_name" content="" />
<meta property="og:description" content="" />
<meta name="twitter:title" content="" />
<meta name="twitter:image" content="" />
<meta name="twitter:url" content="" />
<meta name="twitter:card" content="" />

<!-- Place favicon.ico and apple-touch-icon.png in the root directory -->
<link rel="shortcut icon" href="favicon.ico">

<!-- Google Webfonts -->
<link href="http://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Roboto:400,300,100,500" rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
<link href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Montserrat:400,700" rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>

<!-- Animate.css -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/animate.css">
<!-- Icomoon Icon Fonts-->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/icomoon.css">
<!-- Magnific Popup -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/magnific-popup.css">
<!-- Salvattore -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/salvattore.css">
<!-- Theme Style -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/style.css">
<!-- Modernizr JS -->
<script src="js/modernizr-2.6.2.min.js"></script>
<!-- FOR IE9 below -->
<!--[if lt IE 9]>
<script src="js/respond.min.js"></script>
<![endif]-->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/normalize.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/animate.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/owl.carousel.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="css/magnific-popup.css">
<link href="css/bootstrap.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
<link href="css/font-awesome.min.css" rel="stylesheet">

<===== MAIN STYLESHEETS =====>
<link href="style.css" rel="stylesheet">
<link href="css/responsive.css" rel="stylesheet">
<style>
.welcome-text-area{display:none}
.top-area{height: 16%;}
</style>
</head>

```

9.2 SCREENSHOTS



Figure 9.2.1 Home Page

The screenshot shows the 'About Us' section of the Surya Decoration website. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for HOME, ABOUT US, BEST MEMORIES, GALLERY, TYPES EVENT, ADMIN, and CONTACT. Below the navigation, the page title 'Surya Decoration' is displayed, along with a small logo of a sun with rays.

Category

- Wedding Decorations
- Office Decorations
- Audio & Lightings
- Garlands
- Musical Programs
- Dance Programs
- Rooms Booking
- Photos & Videos

Facebook Feed

Category	Facebook Feed
Wedding Decorations	+9677586666 ,+9994030222
Office Decorations	suryaprabuvel@gmail.com
Audio & Lightings	Light House Corner ,Karur-1
Garlands	
Musical Programs	
Dance Programs	
Rooms Booking	
Photos & Videos	

Contact

Category	Contact
Wedding Decorations	+9677586666 ,+9994030222
Office Decorations	suryaprabuvel@gmail.com
Audio & Lightings	Light House Corner ,Karur-1
Garlands	
Musical Programs	
Dance Programs	
Rooms Booking	
Photos & Videos	

Enter Your Email

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Figure 9.2.2 About Us

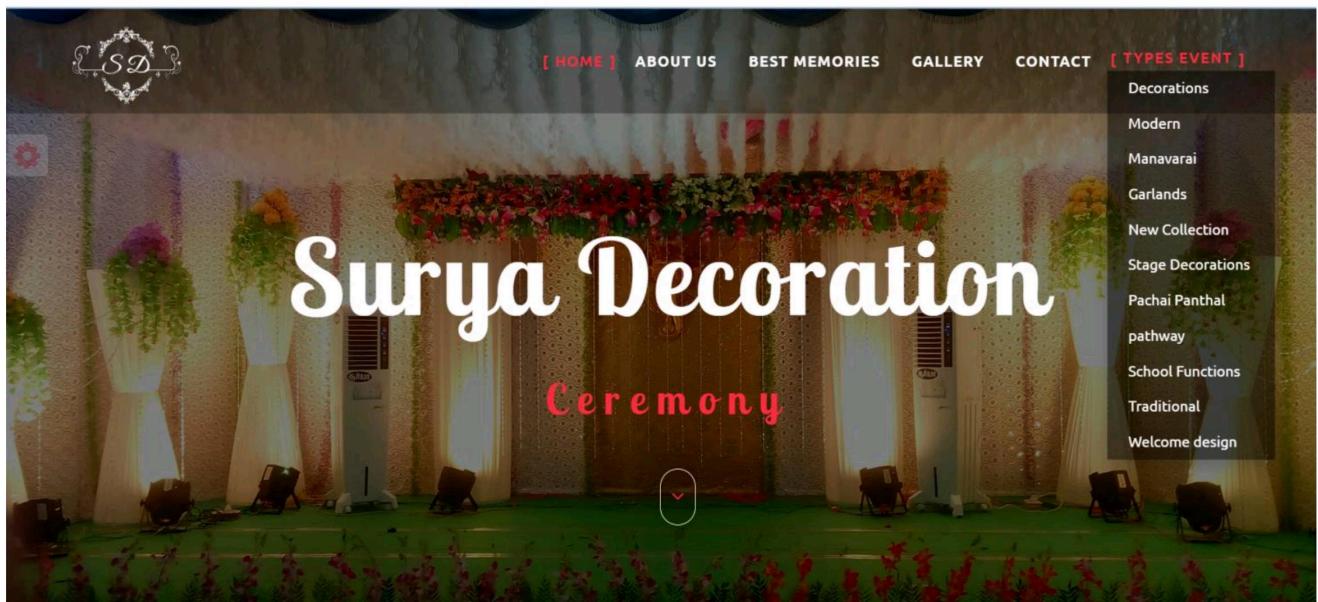


Figure 9.2.3 Select Event

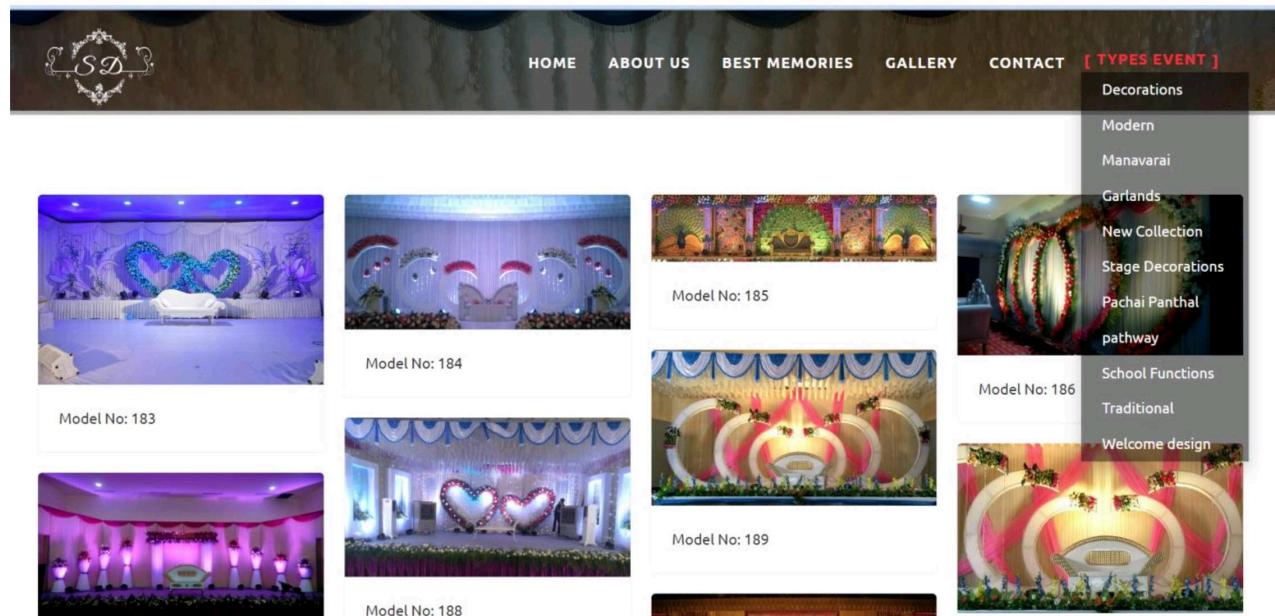


Figure 9.2.4 Select Event

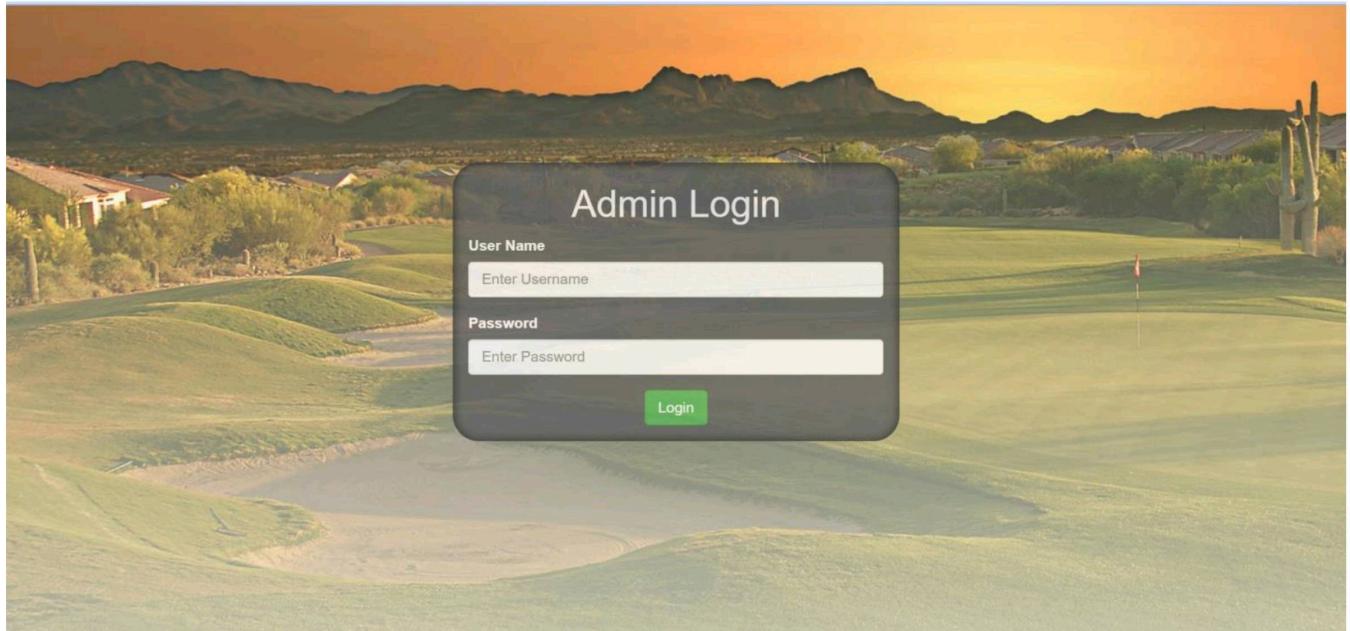


Figure 9.2.5 Admin Login

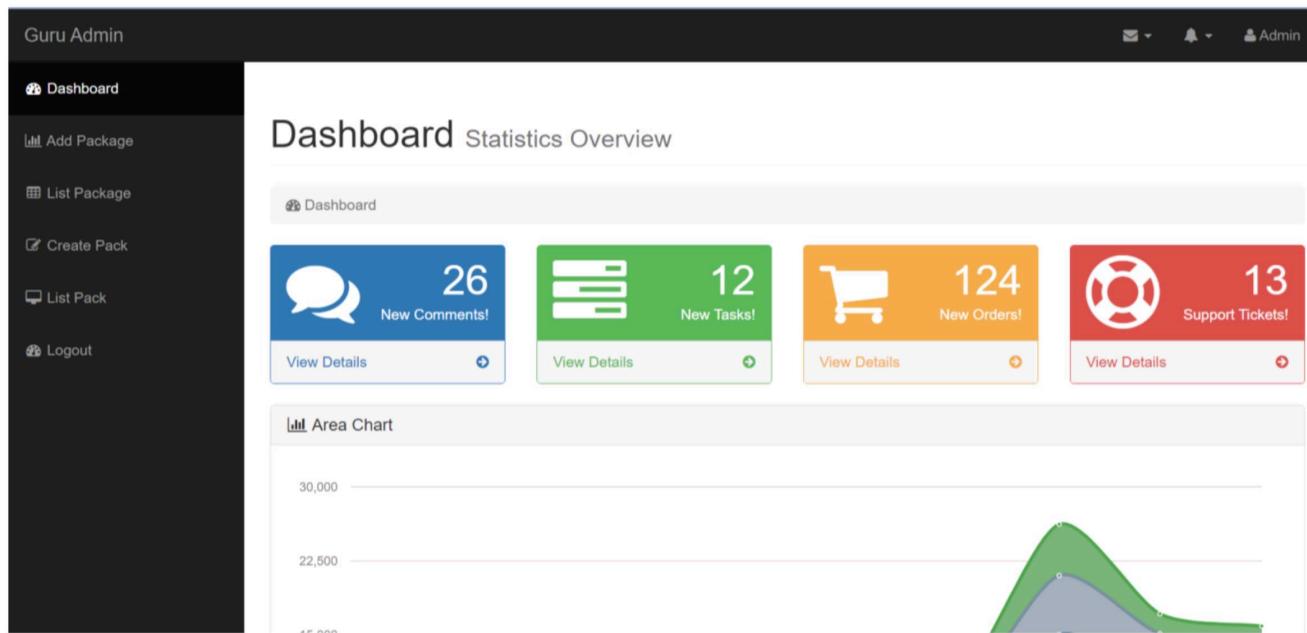


Figure 9.2.6 Admin page

The screenshot shows a user interface for managing packages. On the left is a dark sidebar menu with options: Dashboard, Add Package, List Package, Create Pack, List Pack, and Logout. The main area has a header 'Guru Admin' and navigation links 'Dashboard / List Package'. Below is a table listing four packages, each with an 'Edit' button and a status switch.

S. No	Name	Price	Image	Edit	Status
1	Decoration	100		<button>Edit</button>	<input type="checkbox"/> OFF
2	Decoration	80		<button>Edit</button>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON
3	Decoration	50		<button>Edit</button>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON
4	Decoration	50		<button>Edit</button>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON

Figure 9.2.7 Package List

CHAPTER 10

REFERENCES

- [1] Web Database Applications with PHP and MySQL by Hugh E. Williams, Andy Oram (Editor), David Lane
- [2] WWW.W3school.com/
- [3] WWW.tutorialspoint.com
- [4] WWW.bootply.com
- [5] WWW.sitepoint.com/