

Different types of OOME error.

1. java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: Java heap space
<https://access.redhat.com/solutions/37055>

Probable solution: Increasing the heap size if the load on the server increased
Workaround: Increasing the heap size if there is lots of business outages

2. java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: MetaSpace
 - a. <https://access.redhat.com/solutions/2038983>
3. java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: GC overhead limit exceeded
<https://access.redhat.com/solutions/27225>
4. java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: unable to create new native thread
<https://access.redhat.com/solutions/27225>

Capture A heap dump, → <https://access.redhat.com/knowledge/solutions/21109>

To see just what is being retained in your heap.

The best method would be to use the -XX:+HeapDumpOnOutOfMemoryError flag to create the heap dump automatically when the OOME occurs.

You can use Eclipse Heap Dump MAT for analysis→ <https://www.eclipse.org/mat/>

How to analyze heap dump → <https://access.redhat.com/solutions/18301>

JVM crash

1. hs_err_pid.log
2. The java version and vendor
3. Problematic Frame
4. Native frame => Current thread
5. Memory and system details
6. Using gdb library to open the core dump file

KCS article for JVM crash issue

<https://access.redhat.com/solutions/20507>

Interpreting java core file

<https://access.redhat.com/solutions/5007221>

How to create the core dump in RHEL

<https://access.redhat.com/solutions/56021>

[Why does the JVM consume more memory than the amount given to -Xmx?](#)

[How does the JVM divide the Metaspace in the memory?](#)

[JDK 8 Metaspace tuning for JBoss EAP](#)

Capture thread dump : <https://access.redhat.com/site/solutions/46596>

Analysis of thread dump <https://github.com/varsharain-a11y/yatda>

How to enable GC logging ?

<https://access.redhat.com/solutions/18656>

How to analyze GC logging ?

<https://access.redhat.com/solutions/23735>

<https://github.com/mgm3746/garbagecat/blob/main/README.md>