#### Exp. No: 2

#### Run a basic Word Count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce Paradigm

#### AIM:

To run a basic Word Count MapReduce program.

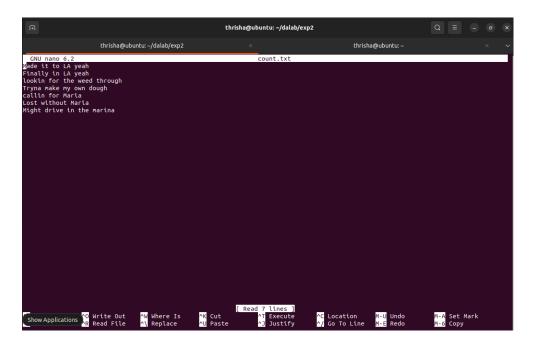
#### **Procedure:**

## **Step 1: Create Data File:**

Create a file named "word\_count\_data.txt" and populate it with text data that you wish to analyse. Login with your hadoop user.

# nano word\_count.txt

Output: Type the below content in word count.txt



# **Step 2: Mapper Logic - mapper.py:**

Create a file named "mapper.py" to implement the logic for the mapper. The mapper will read input data from STDIN, split lines into words, and output each word with its count.

```
nano mapper.py
# Copy and paste the mapper.py code

#!/usr/bin/env python3
# import sys because we need to read and write data to STDIN and STDOUT
#!/usr/bin/python3
import sys
for line in sys.stdin:
    line = line.strip() # remove leading and trailing whitespace
    words = line.split() # split the line into words
    for word in words:
        print( '%s\t%s' % (word, 1))
        .
```

# **Step 3: Reducer Logic - reducer.py:**

Create a file named "reducer.py" to implement the logic for the reducer. The reducer will aggregate the occurrences of each word and generate the final output.

```
nano reducer.py
# Copy and paste the reducer.py code
```

## reducer.py

```
#!/usr/bin/python3 from operator
import itemgetter import sys
current word = None current count
= 0 word = None for line in
sys.stdin:
              line = line.strip()
word, count = line.split('\t', 1)
try:
    count = int(count)
except ValueError:
               if current word
continue
== word:
                 current count
+= count else:
    if current word:
       print( '%s\t%s' % (current word, current count))
                           current word = word if
current count = count
                            print( '%s\t%s' %
current word == word:
(current word, current count))
```

#### **Step 4: Prepare Hadoop Environment:**

Start the Hadoop daemons and create a directory in HDFS to store your data.

start-all.sh hdfsdfs -mkdir /word\_count\_in\_python hdfsdfs -copyFromLocal /path/to/word\_count.txt/word\_count\_in\_python

# **Step 6: Make Python Files Executable:**

Give executable permissions to your mapper.py and reducer.py files. chmod 777 mapper.py reducer.py

### **Step 7: Run Word Count using Hadoop Streaming:**

Download the latest hadoop-streaming jar file and place it in a location you can easily access.

Then run the Word Count program using Hadoop Streaming.

```
Job Counters

Launched map tasks=2
Launched reduce tasks=1
Data-local map tasks=2
Total time spent by all maps in occupied slots (ms)=19380
Total time spent by all reduces in occupied slots (ms)=7763
Total time spent by all reduces in occupied slots (ms)=7763
Total time spent by all reduce tasks (ms)=7763
Total tore-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=19380
Total voore-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=19380
Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all nap tasks=1985120
Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all nap tasks=19845120
Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all nap tasks=19845120
Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all reduce tasks=7949312
Map-Reduce Framework
Map input records=8
Map output records=8
Map output spets=2284
Input split bytes=288
Combine input records=0
Combine output records=0
Combine output records=0
Reduce input groups=24
Reduce shuffle bytes=284
Reduce shuffle bytes=284
Reduce untput records=24
Spilled Records=60
Shuffled Maps = 2
Failed Shuffles=0
Merged Map outputs=2
CC time elapsed (ms)=369
CPU time spent (ms)=3450
Physical memory (bytes) snapshot=7663970048
Total committed heap usage (bytes)=63347056
Peak Map Physical memory (bytes)=223080769
Peak Map Physical memory (bytes)=223080769
Peak Reduce Physical memory (bytes)=2330871376
```

# **Step 8: Check Output:**

Check the output of the Word Count program in the specified HDFS output directory.

hdfs dfs -cat /word count in python/new output/part-00000

#### **Result:**

Thus, the program for basic Word Count Map Reduce has been executed successfully.