

Lab program - 3

Algorithm to convert an infix to postfix notation.

Step 1 - Add ")" to the end of the infix expression.

Step 2 - Push "(" on to the stack.

Step 3 - Repeat until each character in the infix notation is scanned.

IF a "(" is encountered, push it on the stack. IF an operand (whether a digit or a character) is encountered, add it to the postfix expression.

IF a ")" is encountered, then

- a) Repeatedly pop from stack and add it to the postfix expression until a "(" is encountered.
- b) Discard the "(". That is, remove the "(" from stack and do not add it to postfix expression.

IF an operator \circ is encountered then.

Teacher's Signature : _____

- a) Repeatedly pop from stack and add each operator (popped from the stack) to the postfix expression which has the same precedence or a higher precedence than O
- b) Push the operator O to the stack.
(END OF IF)

Step 4 - Repeatedly pop from the stack and add it to the postfix expression until the stack is empty.

Step 5 - EXIT

Lap program 3
Pseudocode.

Convert infix postfix (exp).

{

Create a stack S

for i=0 to length(exp) - 1

{

if exp[i] is operand.

res = res + exp[i]

else

if exp[i] is operator

while (S is empty() & & has higher p
exp[i])

{

res = res + S.top()

S.pop

}

S.push(exp[i])

else if is opening par (exp[i])

S.push(exp[i])

else if is closing par (exp[i])

while (S is empty() & & is closing par (

Teacher's Signature : _____


```

{
    res = res + s.top()
    s.pop()
}
}

while (!s.empty())
{
    res = res + s.top()
    s.pop()
}

return res;
}

```