

**Exercise 5: Handling Missing Values**

#1. Create a DataFrame with missing values:

```
# ```python
# data = {
#     "Name": ["Amit", "Neha", "Raj", "Priya"],
#     "Age": [28, None, 35, 29],
#     "City": ["Delhi", "Mumbai", None, "Chennai"]
# }
# df = pd.DataFrame(data)
# ```
```

#2. Fill missing values in the "Age" column with the average age.

#3. Drop rows where any column has missing data.

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
data = {
    "Name": ["Amit", "Neha", "Raj", "Priya"],
    "Age": [28, None, 35, 29],
    "City": ["Delhi", "Mumbai", None, "Chennai"]
}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)
```

```
average_age = df['Age'].mean()
df['Age'] = df['Age'].fillna(average_age)
```

```
df_cleaned = df.dropna()
print(df_cleaned)
```

**Exercise 6: Adding and Removing Columns**

#1. Add a new column "Salary" with the following values: [50000, 60000, 70000, 65000].

#2. Remove the "City" column from the DataFrame.

```
df['Salary'] = [50000, 60000, 70000, 65000]
df = df.drop(columns=['City'])
```

```
print("New Data:")
print(df)
```

**Exercise 7: Sorting Data**

#1. Sort the DataFrame by `"Age"` in ascending order.

#2. Sort the DataFrame first by `"City"` and then by `"Age"` in descending order.

```
df["City"]=["Delhi", "Mumbai", None, "Chennai"]
df_sorted_by_age = df.sort_values(by="Age", ascending=True)
```

```
df_sorted_by_city_and_age = df.sort_values(by=["City", "Age"], ascending=[True, False])
```

```
print("Sorted by Age:")
print(df_sorted_by_age)
print("\nSorted by City and Age:")
print(df_sorted_by_city_and_age)
```

**Exercise 8: Grouping and Aggregation**

#1. Group the DataFrame by `"City"` and calculate the average `"Age"` for each city.

#2. Group the DataFrame by `"City"` and `"Age"`, and count the number of occurrences for each group.

```
average_age_by_city = df.groupby("City")["Age"].mean()
```

```
count_by_city_and_age = df.groupby(["City", "Age"]).size().reset_index(name='Count')
```

```
print("Average Age by City:")
print(average_age_by_city)
print("\nCount by City and Age:")
print(count_by_city_and_age)
```

**Exercise 9: Merging DataFrames**

#1. Create two DataFrames:A

```
# ```python
# df1 = pd.DataFrame({
#     "Name": ["Amit", "Neha", "Raj"],
```

```
#    "Department": ["HR", "IT", "Finance"]
# }
```

```
# df2 = pd.DataFrame({
#    "Name": ["Neha", "Raj", "Priya"],
#    "Salary": [60000, 70000, 65000]
# })
# ``
```

#2. Merge `df1` and `df2` on the `Name` column using an inner join.

#3. Merge the same DataFrames using a left join.

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
df1 = pd.DataFrame({
    "Name": ["Amit", "Neha", "Raj"],
    "Department": ["HR", "IT", "Finance"]
})
```

```
df2 = pd.DataFrame({
    "Name": ["Neha", "Raj", "Priya"],
    "Salary": [60000, 70000, 65000]
})
```

```
merged_inner = pd.merge(df1, df2, on="Name", how="inner")
```

```
merged_left = pd.merge(df1, df2, on="Name", how="left")
```

```
print("Inner Join data:")
```

```
print(merged_inner)
```

```
print("\nLeft Join data:")
```

```
print(merged_left)
```