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Most HackerRank challenges require you to read input from `stdin` (standard input) and write output to `stdout` (standard output).

One popular way to read input from `stdin` is by using the `Scanner` class and specifying the Input Stream as `System.in`. For example:

```
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
String myString = scanner.next();
int myInt = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.close();

System.out.println("myString is: " + myString);
System.out.println("myInt is: " + myInt);
```

The code above creates a `Scanner` object named `scanner` and uses it to read a `String` and an `int`. It then closes the `Scanner` object because there is no more input to read, and prints to `stdout` using `System.out.println(String)`. So, if our input is:

```
Hi 5
```

Our code will print:

```
myString is: Hi
myInt is: 5
```

Alternatively, you can use the `BufferedReader` class.

Task

In this challenge, you must read `3` integers from `stdin` and then print them to `stdout`. Each integer must be printed on a new line. To make the problem a little easier, a portion of the code is provided for you in the editor below.

Input Format

There are `3` lines of input, and each line contains a single integer.

Sample Input

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Language Java 7

```
1 import java.util.*;
2 public class Solution {
3     public static void main(String[] args) {
4         Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
5         int a = scan.nextInt();
6         int b = scan.nextInt();
7         int c = scan.nextInt();
8         System.out.println(a);
9         System.out.println(b);
10        System.out.println(c);
11    }
12 }
```

Line: 12 Col: 2

Upload Code as File

Test against custom input

Run Code

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