

## AI ASSISTED CODING

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### **Description 1:**

Use AI to generate test cases for a function `is_prime(n)` and then implement the function.

### **Requirements:**

- Only integers  $> 1$  can be prime.

Check edge cases: 0, 1, 2, negative numbers, and large primes.

### **PROMPT:**

Generate a python function that finds whether a user defined number is Prime or not .Generate the test cases for it and check the code as per the test cases

### **TEST CASES:**

[32]

✓ 0s

```
test_cases = [  
    (2, True),  
    (3, True),  
    (5, True),  
    (7, True),  
    (11, True),  
    (13, True),  
    (4, False),  
    (6, False),  
    (8, False),  
    (9, False),  
    (10, False),  
    (12, False),  
    (0, False),  
    (1, False),  
    (17, True),  
    (19, True),  
    (20, False),  
    (21, False),  
    (23, True),  
    (25, False),  
]
```

**Code:**

[33]  
✓ Os

```
results = []
for number, expected_output in test_cases:
    actual_output = is_prime_greater_than_one(number)
    results.append({
        'input': number,
        'expected_output': expected_output,
        'actual_output': actual_output,
        'passed': actual_output == expected_output
    })

for result in results:
    print(
        f"Input: {result['input']}, Expected: {result['expected_output']}, "
        f"Actual: {result['actual_output']}, Passed: "
        f"{result['passed']}"
    )
```

➡ Please provide a number greater than 1 to check for primality.  
Please provide a number greater than 1 to check for primality.  
Input: 2, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 3, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 5, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 7, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 11, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 13, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 4, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 6, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 8, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 9, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 10, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 12, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True

## OUTPUT:

➡ Please provide a number greater than 1 to check for primality.  
Please provide a number greater than 1 to check for primality.  
Input: 2, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 3, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 5, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 7, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 11, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 13, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 4, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 6, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 8, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 9, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 10, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 12, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 0, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 1, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 17, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 19, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 20, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 21, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True  
Input: 23, Expected: True, Actual: True, Passed: True  
Input: 25, Expected: False, Actual: False, Passed: True

## Observation:

I have asked the gemini first to generate the test cases then it has implemented all those given test cases as and resulted as true or false based upon the number that we are giving

## **Description 2**

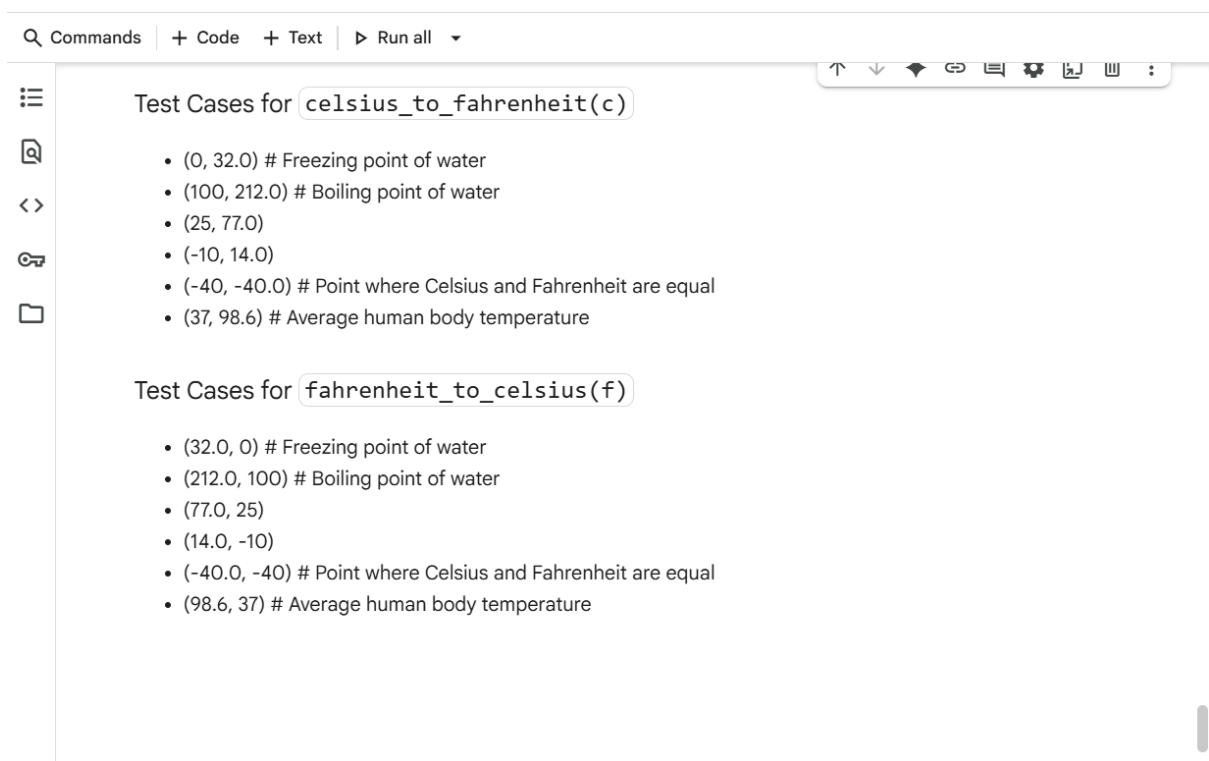
Ask AI to generate test cases for `celsius_to_fahrenheit(c)` and `fahrenheit_to_celsius(f)`.

## **Requirements**

- Validate known pairs:  $0^{\circ}\text{C} = 32^{\circ}\text{F}$ ,  $100^{\circ}\text{C} = 212^{\circ}\text{F}$ .
- Include decimals and invalid inputs like strings or None

## PROMPT:

**generate the test cases to convert from celsius\_to\_fahrenheit(c) and fahrenheit\_to\_celsius(f).Don't give any code only test cases**



The screenshot shows a code editor interface with a sidebar on the left containing icons for file explorer, search, and other tools. The main editor area displays two sections of test cases. The first section is titled 'Test Cases for celsius\_to\_fahrenheit(c)' and lists five test cases with their expected outputs and descriptions. The second section is titled 'Test Cases for fahrenheit\_to\_celsius(f)' and lists five test cases with their expected outputs and descriptions. The editor has a top bar with 'Commands', 'Code', 'Text', and 'Run all' options.

```
Q Commands | + Code | + Text | ▶ Run all ▼
```

Test Cases for `celsius_to_fahrenheit(c)`

- (0, 32.0) # Freezing point of water
- (100, 212.0) # Boiling point of water
- (25, 77.0)
- (-10, 14.0)
- (-40, -40.0) # Point where Celsius and Fahrenheit are equal
- (37, 98.6) # Average human body temperature

Test Cases for `fahrenheit_to_celsius(f)`

- (32.0, 0) # Freezing point of water
- (212.0, 100) # Boiling point of water
- (77.0, 25)
- (14.0, -10)
- (-40.0, -40) # Point where Celsius and Fahrenheit are equal
- (98.6, 37) # Average human body temperature

## PROMPT:

**enerate a python function that validates above generated test cases**

[39]  
✓ 0s

```
def celsius_to_fahrenheit(celsius):  
    """Converts Celsius to Fahrenheit."""  
    return (celsius * 9/5) + 32  
  
def fahrenheit_to_celsius(fahrenheit):  
    """Converts Fahrenheit to Celsius."""  
    return (fahrenheit - 32) * 5/9
```

[40]  
✓ 0s

```
▶ celsius_test_cases = [  
    (0, 32.0), # Freezing point of water  
    (100, 212.0), # Boiling point of water  
    (25, 77.0),  
    (-10, 14.0),  
    (-40, -40.0), # Point where Celsius and Fahrenheit are equal  
    (37, 98.6) # Average human body temperature  
]  
  
print("Testing celsius_to_fahrenheit:")  
validate_test_cases(celsius_test_cases, celsius_to_fahrenheit)
```



```
fahrenheit_test_cases = [  
    (32.0, 0), # Freezing point of water  
    (212.0, 100), # Boiling point of water  
    (77.0, 25),  
    (14.0, -10),  
    (-40.0, -40), # Point where Celsius and Fahrenheit are equal  
    (98.6, 37) # Average human body temperature  
]  
  
print("\nTesting fahrenheit_to_celsius:")  
validate_test_cases(fahrenheit_test_cases, fahrenheit_to_celsius)
```



```
Testing fahrenheit to celsius:  
Input: 32.0, Expected: 0, Actual: 0.0, Passed: True  
Input: 212.0, Expected: 100, Actual: 100.0, Passed: True  
Input: 77.0, Expected: 25, Actual: 25.0, Passed: True  
Input: 14.0, Expected: -10, Actual: -10.0, Passed: True  
Input: -40.0, Expected: -40, Actual: -40.0, Passed: True  
Input: 98.6, Expected: 37, Actual: 37.0, Passed: True  
True
```

## Observation:

## Task Description -3

Use AI to write test cases for a function `count_words(text)` that returns the number of words in a sentence.

### PROMPT:

test Cases for Counting words

Here are test cases for a function that counts the number of words in a string:

- ("Hello world", 2)
- ("This is a sentence.", 4)
- (" One two three ", 3) # Leading/trailing and multiple spaces
- ("", 0) # Empty string
- ("SingleWord", 1)
- (" ", 0) # Only spaces
- ("Hello,world!", 1) # Punctuation attached to words
- ("Hello, world!", 2) # Punctuation with spaces
- (" Hello world ", 2) # Mixed spacing



### PROMPT:

**generate a python code to count number of words in a given string where string is given**



## by user dynamically

```
import re

def count_words(text):
    """Counts the number of words in a string."""
    # Use regular expression to find words (sequences of non-whitespace characters)
    words = re.findall(r'\S+', text)
    return len(words)

# Get input from the user dynamically
user_string = input("Enter a string or sentence: ")

# Call the function with user input
word_count = count_words(user_string)

# Print the result
print(f"The number of words in the string is: {word_count}")
```

Enter a string or sentence: hello world  
The number of words in the string is: 2

## OUTPUT:

```
Enter a string or sentence: this is a sentence
The number of words in the string is: 4
```

## Task Description:

**Generate test cases for a BankAccount class with:**

Methods:

deposit(amount)

withdraw(amount)

check\_balance()

## PROMPT:

Generate test cases for a BankAccount class

with: Methods: deposit(amount)

withdraw(amount) check\_balance()

```
| s deposit_test_cases = [  
    (100.0, 50.0, 150.0), # Positive deposit  
    (0.0, 100.0, 100.0), # Positive deposit to zero balance  
    (50.0, 0.0, 50.0),   # Depositing zero  
    (75.0, -20.0, 75.0),  # Depositing negative amount (should not change balance)  
    (1000.0, 250.0, 1250.0), # Another positive deposit  
]
```

## Generate test cases for `withdraw`

### Subtask:

Create test cases for the `withdraw` method, including withdrawing valid amounts, withdrawing amounts exceeding the balance, and potentially edge cases like withdrawing zero or negative amounts.

**Reasoning:** Create a list of tuples to store the test cases for the `withdraw` method, including different scenarios as specified in the instructions.

[47]  
✓ 0s

```
withdraw_test_cases = [  
    (100.0, 50.0, 50.0), # Valid withdrawal  
    (100.0, 100.0, 0.0), # Valid withdrawal equal to balance  
    (50.0, 100.0, 50.0), # Withdrawal exceeding balance  
    (100.0, 0.0, 100.0), # Withdrawing zero  
    (100.0, -20.0, 100.0), # Withdrawing a negative amount  
]
```

## Generate test cases for `check balance`

### Subtask:


Create simple test cases to check the balance after a series of deposits and withdrawals.

**Reasoning:** Create a list of test cases for checking the balance after a sequence of operations, including deposits, withdrawals, and combinations, as well as edge cases like no operations.

[48]  
✓ 0s

```
check_balance_test_cases = [  
    ([('deposit', 100.0), ('withdraw', 50.0)], 50.0), # Deposit then withdraw  
    ([('deposit', 200.0), ('deposit', 50.0)], 250.0), # Multiple deposits  
    ([('withdraw', 50.0),)], 0.0), # Withdrawal exceeding initial zero balance  
    ([], 0.0), # No operations  
    ([('deposit', 1000.0), ('withdraw', 200.0), ('withdraw', 300.0), ('deposit', 50.0)], 550.0), # Mixed  
    ([('deposit', 0.0), ('withdraw', 0.0)], 0.0), # Zero deposit and withdrawal  
    ([('deposit', -100.0), ('withdraw', -50.0)], 0.0), # Negative deposit and withdrawal  
]
```

# PROMPT:



```
deposit_test_results = []
for initial_balance, deposit_amount, expected_balance in deposit test cases:
    account = BankAccount(initial_balance)
    account.deposit(deposit_amount)
    actual_balance = account.check_balance()
    deposit_test_results.append({
        'initial_balance': initial_balance,
        'deposit_amount': deposit_amount,
        'expected_balance': expected_balance,
        'actual_balance': actual_balance,
        'passed': actual_balance == expected_balance
    })

withdraw_test_results = []
for initial_balance, withdraw_amount, expected_balance in withdraw test cases:
    account = BankAccount(initial_balance)
    account.withdraw(withdraw_amount)
    actual_balance = account.check_balance()
    withdraw_test_results.append({
        'initial_balance': initial_balance,
        'withdraw_amount': withdraw_amount,
        'expected_balance': expected_balance,
        'actual_balance': actual_balance,
        'passed': actual_balance == expected_balance
    })

check_balance_test_results = []
for operations_list, expected_final_balance in check balance test cases:
    account = BankAccount(0.0)
    for operation, amount in operations_list:
```