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2023_27_II_EIE 1_Data Structures_lab

DATA STRUCTURES_CODING_WEEK 6

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 20

Section 1: CODING

1. Problem Statement

Write a program to perform and implement a Circular singly-linked list. It should be a menu-driven program with the following functions:

insert() - Inserts node at the beginningbeginDelete() - Deletes node from the beginninglastDelete() - Deletes node from the endrandomDelete() - Deletes node with specific datasearch() - Search for a node with a specific nodedisplay() - Displays the listexit - Exits the program

Answer

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
   int data;
   struct Node* next;
};

struct CircularLinkedList {
```

```
struct Node* head;
};
void insert(struct CircularLinkedList* list, int data) {
  struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
  newNode->data = data;
  newNode->next = NULL:
  if (list->head == NULL) {
    list->head = newNode:
    newNode->next = list->head;
  } else {
    struct Node* curr = list->head;
    while (curr->next != list->head) {
       curr = curr->next;
    curr->next = newNode;
    newNode->next = list->head;
    list->head = newNode;
  }
  printf("Node with data %d inserted.\n", data);
}
void beginDelete(struct CircularLinkedList* list) {
  if (list->head == NULL) {
    printf("Circular Linked List is empty.\n");
    return;
  }
  if (list->head->next == list->head) {
    list->head = NULL;
  } else {
    struct Node* curr = list->head:
    while (curr->next != list->head) {
       curr = curr->next;
    curr->next = list->head->next;
    list->head = list->head->next;
  }
  printf("Node at the beginning deleted.\n");
```

```
void lastDelete(struct CircularLinkedList* list) {
  if (list->head == NULL) {
    printf("Circular Linked List is empty.\n");
    return;
  }
  if (list->head->next == list->head) {
    list->head = NULL;
  } else {
    struct Node* curr = list->head;
    struct Node* prev = NULL;
    while (curr->next != list->head) {
       prev = curr;
       curr = curr->next;
    prev->next = list->head;
  printf("Node at the end deleted.\n");
void randomDelete(struct CircularLinkedList* list, int data) {
  if (list->head == NULL) {
    printf("Circular Linked List is empty.\n");
    return;
  }
  if (list->head->data == data) {
    beginDelete(list);
    return;
  }
  struct Node* curr = list->head;
  struct Node* prev = NULL;
  int found = 0;
  do {
    if (curr->data == data) {
       found = 1;
       break;
    prev = curr;
```

```
curr = curr->next;
  } while (curr != list->head);
  if (!found) {
    printf("Node with data %d not found.\n", data);
    return;
  }
  prev->next = curr->next;
  printf("Node with data %d deleted.\n", data);
}
void search(struct CircularLinkedList* list, int data) {
  if (list->head == NULL) {
    printf("Circular Linked List is empty.\n");
    return;
  }
  struct Node* curr = list->head;
  int found = 0;
  int position = 1;
  do {
    if (curr->data == data) {
       found = 1:
       break;
    curr = curr->next;
    position++;
  } while (curr != list->head);
  if (found) {
    printf("Node with data %d found at position %d.\n", data, position);
  } else {
    printf("Node with data %d not found.\n", data);
  }
}
void display(struct CircularLinkedList* list) {
  if (list->head == NULL) {
    printf("Circular Linked List is empty.\n");
    return;
  }
```

```
printf("Circular Linked List: ");
  struct Node* curr = list->head;
  do {
    printf("%d ", curr->data);
    curr = curr->next;
  } while (curr != list->head);
  printf("\n");
int main() {
  struct CircularLinkedList circularLinkedList;
  circularLinkedList.head = NULL;
  int choice, data;
  while (1) {
    scanf("%d", &choice);
    switch (choice) {
       case 1:
         scanf("%d", &data);
         insert(&circularLinkedList, data);
         break;
       case 2:
         beginDelete(&circularLinkedList);
         break;
       case 3:
         lastDelete(&circularLinkedList);
         break;
       case 4:
         scanf("%d", &data);
         randomDelete(&circularLinkedList, data);
         break:
       case 5:
         scanf("%d", &data);
         search(&circularLinkedList, data);
         break;
       case 6:
         display(&circularLinkedList);
         break;
       case 7:
         exit(0);
```

```
default:
          printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
    }
}
return 0;
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

You are given the task of implementing a program that works with a doubly linked list. The program should support the following operations:

Add Node: Allow the user to input a number of nodes and their respective data to construct a doubly linked list. Display List: Display the elements of the doubly linked list in the order they were added.

Write a program to accomplish the above tasks.

Answer

```
// You are using GCC
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node {
   int data;
   struct Node* previous;
   struct Node* next;
};

struct DoublyLinkedList {
   struct Node* head;
   struct Node* tail;
   int size;
};

void initDoublyLinkedList(struct DoublyLinkedList* list) {
   list->head = NULL;
```

```
list->tail = NULL;
  list->size = 0;
}
void addNode(struct DoublyLinkedList* list, int data) {
  struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
  newNode->data = data:
  newNode->previous = NULL;
  newNode->next = NULL;
  if (list->size == 0) {
    list->head = list->tail = newNode;
  } else {
    newNode->previous = list->tail;
    list->tail->next = newNode;
    list->tail = newNode;
  }
  list->size++;
}
void display(struct DoublyLinkedList* list) {
  struct Node* current = list->head;
  if (list->size == 0) {
    printf("List is empty\n");
    return;
  }
  while (current != NULL) {
    printf("%d ", current->data);
    current = current->next;
  }
  printf("\n");
int main() {
  struct DoublyLinkedList my_list;
  initDoublyLinkedList(&my_list);
  int n;
  scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
if (n == 0) {
    printf("List is empty\n");
} else {
    int element;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &element);
        addNode(&my_list, element);
}

display(&my_list);
}

// Free memory for the linked list nodes struct Node* current = my_list.head;
while (current != NULL) {
    struct Node* nextNode = current->next;
    free(current);
    current = nextNode;
}
return 0;
}
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10