## **DS TUTORIAL 2**

### CODE 1:

/\*Game Development:

```
write a game development program that implements the Bubble Sort
algorithm. The program will simulate a simple game where the player
can input a set of numbers, and the numbers will be sorted using
Bubble Sort to simulate a "level-up" scenario where the player's
scores are sorted in ascending order.*/
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
    int n;
    std::cout <<"Enter the number of scores:";</pre>
    std::cin >> n;
    int arr1[n]={};
    int arr2[n]={};
    std::cout<<"For player 1\n";</pre>
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
        std::cout<<"Enter the score no " <<i+1<<":";</pre>
        std::cin >>arr1[i];
    } for (int i=0; i< n-1; i++)
        for (int j=0; j< n-1-i; j++)
            if(arr1[j] < arr1[j+1])</pre>
                 int temp=arr1[j];
                 arr1[j]=arr1[j+1];
                 arr1[j+1] = temp;
        }
    }std::cout<<"Scores in descending for player 1 is as follows";</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        std::cout<<arr1[i] <<",";
    //For Player 2
    std::cout<<"\nFor player 2\n";</pre>
    for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
        std::cout<<"Enter the score no " <<i+1<<":";</pre>
```

```
std::cin >>arr2[i];
    } for (int i=0; i< n-1; i++)
         for (int j=0; j< n-1-i; j++)
             if(arr2[j]<arr2[j+1])</pre>
                 int temp=arr2[j];
                 arr2[j]=arr2[j+1];
                 arr2[j+1] = temp;
    }std::cout<<"Scores in descending for player 2 is as follows";</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        std::cout<<arr2[i] <<",";
    // Calculating the winner
    if(arr1[0]>arr2[0])
std::cout<<"\nWinner is player 1";</pre>
}else if(arr2[0]>arr1[0])
std::cout<<"\nWinner is player 2";</pre>
}else
std::cout<<"\nScores are tie";</pre>
}
}
```

### **OUTPUT 1:**

```
Enter the number of scores:5
For player 1
Enter the score no 1:1
Enter the score no 2:6
Enter the score no 3:3
Enter the score no 4:2
Enter the score no 5:5
Scores in descending for player 1 is as follows6,5,3,2,1,
For player 2
Enter the score no 1:7
Enter the score no 2:2
Enter the score no 3:1
Enter the score no 4:3
Enter the score no 5:4
Scores in descending for player 2 is as follows7,4,3,2,1,
Winner is player 2
(program exited with code: 0)
Press return to continue
```

# CODE 2:

```
/*Organizing Cards in a Hand:
Application: When playing card games, players often use an approach
similar to insertion sort to organize their cards. They pick one
card at a time and insert it into the correct position in their hand,
maintaining a sorted sequence. Write a program that demonstrates how
to organize (sort) cards in a hand using insertion sort*/
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
//INPUT
int n;
std::cout<<"PRN-B24CE1076\n";
std::cout <<"Enter the number of cards you want to enter:";</pre>
std::cin >>n;
int arr[n] = { };
std::cout<<"1-Ace,----,11-Jack,12-Queen,13-King\n";
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
{
std::cout<<"Enter the number for the card: "<<i+1<<":";</pre>
std::cin>>arr[i];
//loop for the pass operation
for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
int prev=i-1;
int temp=arr[i];
// loop for shifting and termination condition
while(prev >= 0 && arr[prev] > temp) {
            arr[prev+1] = arr[prev];
           prev--;
arr[prev+1]=temp;
// printing after each pass
std::cout<<"Cards after pass "<<i<<":";</pre>
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
std::cout<<arr[i]<<",";
std::cout<<"\n";</pre>
//OUTPUT
std::cout<<"Final Sorted Cards";</pre>
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
std::cout<<arr[i]<<",";
return 0;
}
```

#### **OUTPUT 2:**