CS 1555 HW 8

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Wednesday, Apr 1

1. (a) Primary Keys are ItemId and PurchaceId. These are the ones that do not appear on the left hand side

I will find these using the universal relational approach.

Using ItemId \rightarrow ItemDescription,

R1(<u>ItemId</u>, <u>PurchaceId</u>, PurchaceDate, VendorCode, VendorName, VendorAddress, OrderQuantity, ItemPrice, StockQuantity)

R2(<u>ItemId</u>, ItemDescription)

Using ItemId \rightarrow ItemPrice

 $R11(\underline{ItemId}, \underline{PurchaceId}, PurchaceDate, VendorCode, VendorName, VendorAddress, OrderQuantity, StockQuantity)$

R12(<u>ItemId</u>, ItemPrice)

Using ItemId \rightarrow StockQuantity

R111(<u>ItemId</u>, <u>PurchaceId</u>, PurchaceDate, VendorCode, VendorName, VendorAddress, OrderQuantity)

R112(<u>ItemId</u>, StockQuantity)

Using PurchaceId \rightarrow PurchaceDate

 $R1111(\underline{\text{ItemId}},\ \underline{\text{PurchaceId}},\ \text{VendorCode},\ \text{VendorName},\ \text{VendorAddress},$ OrderQuantity)

 $R1112(\underline{PurchaceId},\,PurchaceDate)$

Using PurchaceId \rightarrow VendorCode

R11111($\underline{\text{ItemId}}$, $\underline{\text{PurchaceId}}$, VendorName, VendorAddress, OrderQuantity)

R11112(PurchaceId, VendorCode)

Using VendorCode \rightarrow VendorName

R111111(<u>ItemId</u>, <u>PurchaceId</u>, VendorAddress, OrderQuantity)

R111112(VendorCode, VendorName)

Using VendorCode → VendorAddress R1111111(<u>ItemId</u>, <u>PurchaceId</u>, OrderQuantity) R1111112(VendorCode, VendorAddress)

So, our relations are

R1(ItemId, PurchaceID, OrderQuantity)

R2(VendorCode, VendorName, VendorAddress)

R3(<u>PurchaceID</u>, PurchaceDate, VendorCode)

R4(<u>ItemId</u>, ItemDescription, ItemPrice, StockQuantity)

(b) This composition is good, because each table depends on the primary key and nothing but that key. The construction is indeed lossless, as R1 has access to old attributes.

	ItemId	ItemDesc	ItemPrice	StockQuantity	PurchaceId	PurchaceDate	VendorCode	VendorName	VendorAddress	OrderQuantity
R1	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	A8	A9	A10
R2	U	U	U	U	U	U	A7	A8	A9	U
R3	U	U	U	U	A5	A6	A7	A8	A9	U
R4	A1	A2	A3	A4	U	U	U	U	U	U

Table 1: This is the table to check for lossless join created by applying each functional decomp

- 2. (a) $A \rightarrow B$
 - $\mathrm{B} \to \mathrm{CD}$
 - $\mathbf{A} \to \mathbf{D}$
 - $\mathrm{B} \to \mathrm{C}$
 - $AB \to CD$
 - $\mathbf{A} \to \mathbf{C}$
 - $E \to F$

Transform all FDs to canonical form

- $\mathbf{A} \to \mathbf{B}$
- $B \to C$
- $\mathrm{B} \to \mathrm{D}$
- $\mathbf{A} \to \mathbf{D}$
- $B \to C$
- $AB \rightarrow C$
- $AB \rightarrow D$
- $A \to C$
- $E \to F$

Remove Redudancies

- $A \to B$
- $\mathrm{B} \to \mathrm{C}$
- $\mathrm{B} \to \mathrm{D}$
- $\mathbf{A} \to \mathbf{D}$
- $B \to C$
- $AB \to C$
- $AB \rightarrow D$
- $A \to C$
- $\mathrm{E} \to \mathrm{F}$

Drop Extraneous attributes

- $A \rightarrow B$
- $B \to C$
- $\mathrm{B} \to \mathrm{D}$
- $E \to F$

Finding keys. A, E does not appear in right hand keys, so it must appear in all keys.

 $AE+:AE\to AEB\to AEBC\to AEBCDF$

So key is AE.

Group FDs with same determinant

- $A \rightarrow B$
- $B \to CD$
- $E \to F$

Construct relation

- $R1 (\underline{A}, B)$
- $R2 (\underline{B}, C, D)$
- R3 (\underline{E} , F)

If none of the relations contain the key for the original relation add a relation with the key.

- $R1 (\underline{A}, B)$
- $R2 (\underline{B}, C, D)$
- $R3 (\underline{E}, F)$
- R4 $(\underline{A}, \underline{E})$

(b) This is lossless because it covers all attributes

	A	В	С	D	E	F
R1	A1	A2	A3	A4	U	U
R2	U	A2	A3	A4	U	U
R3	U	U	U	U	A5	A6
R4	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6