

CS 1555 HW 3

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I assume that Payments.cell_pn is a foreign key to the primary key Customers.cell_pn .

1. (a) Arity = 1 Cardinality = 10

(b) Arity = 1 Min Cardinality = 1 Max Cardinality = 10

(c) Arity = 14 Min Cardinality = 10 Max Cardinality = 17

It depends on what the foreign key of cell_pn comes from. I assume the cell_pn attribute in PAYMENTS is a foreign key to CUSTOMERS.

- (d) Arity = 15 Min Cardinality = 0 Max Cardinality = 10

Because cell_pn and paid_on are a unique key, you cannot have multiple cell_pn with the same date of '2019-09-01', so at the maximum, you can have 10 rows on PAYMENTS that have different cell phone numbers, that join with cell_pn on CUSTOMERS.

2. (a) $\Pi_{total_minutes, total_SMS}(\sigma_{city='philadelphia'}(Customers) * Statements)$

By selectivity, we can reduce the rows in the Customers, which will make the natural join with Statements more efficient. The time of the projection does not matter for time complexity.

3. (a) $\Pi_{fname, lname}(\sigma_{city='Pittsburgh'}(Customers))$

(b) Retrieve the phone numbers of customers who made calls to people in Pittsburgh.

$\Pi_{cell_pn}(Customers \bowtie_{cell_pn=from_pn} ((\sigma_{city='Pittsburgh'}(Directory) \bowtie_{Directory.pn=Records.to_pn} RECORDS))$

(c) List the SSNs of all customers that have ever paid more than 100 in a single payment, and have ever had an amount due more than 50.

$\Pi_{SSN}(Customers * (\sigma_{amount_paid > 100}(Payments) * \sigma_{amount_due > 50}(Statements)))$

4. (a) List only once every pair of cell phone numbers which use the same number of SMS in July 2019. (I am assuming that \leq '2019-07-31' can find all records before the last day in July)

$JULY \leftarrow \sigma_{start_date \geq '2019-07-01' \wedge end_date \leq '2019-07-31'}(Statements)$

$JSMS \leftarrow \Pi_{cell_pn, total_SMS}(JULY)$

$JSMS2 \leftarrow \rho_{cell_pn2, total_SMS}(JSMS)$

$BOTH \leftarrow JSMS * JSMS2$
 $REMOVEDUPS \leftarrow \sigma_{cell_pn > cell_pn2} BOTH$
 $RSLT \leftarrow \Pi_{cell_pn, cell_pn2} REMOVEDUPS$

- (b) Find the SSNs of all customers who received calls from people in Pennsylvania, where they have at least one call duration more than 20.

Assuming this means, a customer is shown if they have received a call from Pennsylvania and at least one of those calls was longer than 20.

$PA \leftarrow (\sigma_{state='PA'}(Directory))$
 $DUR \leftarrow (\sigma_{duration > 20}(Records))$
 $PARECORDS \leftarrow PA \bowtie_{Directory.pn=Records.from.pn} DUR$
 $CUS \leftarrow PARECORDS \bowtie_{Records.to.pn=Customers.cell.pn} CUSTOMERS$
 $RSLT \leftarrow \Pi_{SSN}(CUS)$

- (c) List SSNs for all customers that live in Pittsburgh city and received calls from New York state but never made calls to New York State

$PGH \leftarrow \sigma_{city='Pittsburgh'}(Customers)$
 $TO_PGH \leftarrow PGH \bowtie_{Customers.cell.pn=Records.to.pn} Directory$
 $FROM_PGH \leftarrow PGH \bowtie_{Customers.cell.pn=Records.from.pn} Directory$
 $NY \leftarrow \sigma_{state='NY'}(Directory)$
 $NOT_NY \leftarrow \sigma_{state \neq 'NY'}(Directory)$
 $FROMNY \leftarrow TO_PGH \bowtie_{Records.from.pn=Directory.pn} NY$
 $TO_NOT_NY \leftarrow FROM_PGH \bowtie_{Records.to.pn=Directory.pn} NOT_NY$
 $SSN_FROMNY \leftarrow \Pi_{SSN} FROMNY$
 $SSN_TO_NOT_NY \leftarrow \Pi_{SSN} TO_NOT_NY$
 $RSLT \leftarrow SSN_FROMNY \cap SSN_TO_NOT_NY$