AIT526 Individual Lab1

Due Date: Please check the class schedule on blackboard.

Text Preprocessing & Word Clouds

Programming Tools:

- 1) Python 3
- 2) Jupyter Lab (Desktop or online) or Desktop Jupyter Notebook
- 3) NLTK (https://www.nltk.org/)

(Install: https://www.nltk.org/install.html
pip install --user -U nltk or conda install -c anaconda nltk)

4) Wordcloud (https://amueller.github.io/word_cloud/) (Install: pip install wordcloud or conda install -c conda-forge wordcloud)

Suggested References:

- 1) Class 2 Lecture slides
- 2) NLTK video tutorials on Blackboard
- 3) Python NLP tutorial: Using NLTK for natural language processing
- 4) Wordcloud code examples
- 5) Code snippets, hints, plots, and running outputs in this assignment
- 6) NLTK textbook and other sources on Internet

Data Location: Blackboard/Assignments/Optional Labs/Lab 1/ Harry Potter Book 1.txt

Tasks (10 points):

In the **first** lab, a few very fundamental applied NLP techniques to process and explore the text data is introduced. This **step-by-step** lab-based tutorial is specially designed to help you learn **fast** and have **fun** with NLP. Please follow the detailed **step-by-step instructions** to use NLTK, Python, and Wordcloud for **text preprocessing**, **basic text analysis**, and **word cloud generation**.

Task 0:

Please review <u>suggested</u> code examples/tutorials and watch the videos_to practice NLTK programming. Note: Task 0 is <u>not for grading.</u> You may skip it if familiar with these but they will help Task 1 & 2.

Task 1 (5 points): Text Preprocessing and Basic Analysis with NLTK

Please complete the subtasks:

^{*}Note that you must include **reference(s)** in the code comments when you refer others' work.

1.1 (0 points) Load one text file.

```
Hint: The code snippets are:
```

```
fo = open("Harry Potter Book 1.txt", "r", encoding='utf-8')
mytext = fo.read()
```

1.2 (1 point) Tokenize sentences and words. Print lens of sentences and tokens and only print the first 20 words.

Hint: The output is similar to:

```
# of sentences: 6394
# of words after word tokenizing: 98781
['Harry', 'Potter', 'and', 'the', 'Sorcerer', "'s", 'Stone', 'CHAPTER', 'ONE', 'THE',
'BOY', 'WHO', 'LIVED', 'Mr.', 'and', 'Mrs.', 'Dursley', ',', 'of', 'number']
```

1.3 (1 point) Remove punctuations. Only print the first 20 words.

Hint: The output is similar to:

```
# of words after punctuation removing: 80646
['harry', 'potter', 'and', 'the', 'sorcerer', 's', 'stone', 'chapter', 'one', 'the',
'boy', 'who', 'lived', 'mr', 'and', 'mrs', 'dursley', 'of', 'number', 'four']
```

1.4 (1 point) Remove stop words and count the cleaned words.

Hint: Several different ways can be used to count words. You also can FreqDist(). The output should be similar to:

```
# of words without stop words: 40785
['harry', 'potter', 'sorcerer', 'stone', 'chapter', 'one', 'boy', 'lived', 'mr', 'mr
s', 'dursley', 'number', 'four', 'privet', 'drive', 'proud', 'say', 'perfectly', 'no
rmal', 'thank']
```

<FreqDist with 5628 samples and 40785 outcomes>

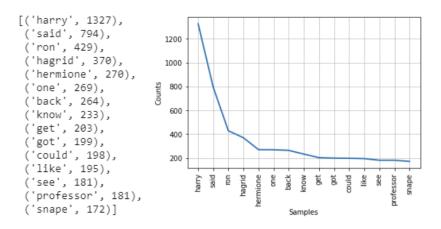
1.5 (1 point) Lemmatize the cleaned words and count the lemmatized words. What's different from 1.4? Please clearly explain.

Hint: Note that you can use NLTK WordNet Lemmatizer. By default, only **nouns** are lemmatized without tagged POS. If so, the output is similar to:

```
<FreqDist with 5109 samples and 40785 outcomes>
```

1.6 (1 point) Calculate the word distribution and plot and list only top 15 words.

Hint: Use FreqDist(). The outputs is similar to:



Task 2 (4 points): Word Clouds

In this task, we are going to use a few different ways to generate word clouds using Wordcloud package.

2.1 (1.5 points) Follow the <u>wordcloud simple example</u> to generate the word cloud **without stopwords** directly from the original text and show it. Note that you must remove the stopwords.

Hint: Use WordCloud(stopwords=STOPWORDS).generate(mytext). The output is similar to:



2.2 (1.5 points) Generate the word cloud for the processed data in Task 1 and show the image.

Hint: Use WordCloud().generate_from_frequencies(freq_dist). Note that freq_dist is the output of FreqDist(). The output is similar to:



2.3 (1 point) Compare the above two wordclouds and what difference do you find? Please clearly explain why.

Task 3 (1 point):

Please answer the following questions:

3.1 Based on your experience with these NLP tasks, please compare with text data processing and numeric data processing.

SUBMISSION

- Write all your code and answers with explanation in the Notebook.
- In the code file, please do not forget to write your name, course #, and date in the comments.
- Run ALL Cells:

Open your IPython file in Jupyter, go to **Run->Run All Cells**. Please make sure all of you code has been run and print out the results.

• Save to HTML:

Go to **File-> Export Notebook As...-> Export Notebook to HTML**, and save your work into HTML file.

Submission:

- a. Write your work with two file names "AIT526_YourName_Lab1.ipynb" and "AIT526_YourName_Lab1.HTML".
- b. **Zip** both files to **ONE zipped file** since blackboard does not allow you to submit HTML file separately.
- c. Go to the Blackboard /Course Content/Optional Individual Labs/ to submit ONE zipped file.