

interleave

Write a function `interleave(s1, s2)` that takes two strings, `s1` and `s2`, and interleaves their characters starting with the first character in `s1`. If one string is longer than the other, concatenate the rest of the remaining string onto the end of the new string.

Constraints

- The input strings `s1` and `s2` can contain any printable ASCII characters.
- You may not use lists or recursion in your solution.
- You may not hardcode the test cases in your solution.
- Do not modify the provided skeleton code or the `eval.py`, input, and output files.

Input Format

- `s1`: A string to be interleaved.
- `s2`: Another string to be interleaved.

Output Format

- A string where the characters of `s1` and `s2` are interleaved, starting with the first character of `s1`. If one string is longer than the other, the remainder of the longer string is concatenated to the result.

Sample Input

```
"pto"  
"yhn"
```

Sample Output

```
"python"
```

Explanation

In the sample input:

- The original strings are `s1 = "pto"` and `s2 = "yhn"`.
- The characters of the two strings are interleaved: p (from `s1`), y (from `s2`), t (from `s1`), h (from `s2`), o (from `s1`), and n (from `s2`).
- The function returns `"python"`.