

GATE 2022 -AE 63

EE23BTECH11057 - Shakunaveti Sai Sri Ram Varun

Question: Which one of the following is the closed form for the generating function of the sequence $\{a_n\}_{n \geq 0}$ defined below?

$$a_n = \begin{cases} n+1 & , n \text{ is odd} \\ 1 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

(A) $\frac{x(1+x)^2}{(1-x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x}$

(B) $\frac{x(3-x^2)}{(1-x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x}$

(C) $\frac{2x}{(1-x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x}$

(D) $\frac{x}{(1-x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x}$

(GATE CS 2022 QUESTION 36)

Solution:

Parameter	Description	Value
$G(S; x)$	Generating function for a sequence S	$G(A; x)$
$G(a; x)$	Generating function for a sequence a	?
a_n	n^{th} term of the sequence	$n+1$ (when odd)
		1 (when even)

TABLE I
INPUT VALUES

For a sequence $\{a_n\}$ generating function is defined as,

$$G(a; x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n \quad (2)$$

$$\Rightarrow G(a; x) = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3 + \dots \quad (3)$$

For the given sequence,

$$G(a; x) = 1 + (1+1)x + x^2 + (1+3)x^3 + \dots \quad (4)$$

$$\Rightarrow G(a; x) = (1 + x^2 + x^4 + \dots) + (2x + 4x^3 + 6x^5 + \dots) \quad (5)$$

$$\Rightarrow G(a; x) = \frac{1}{1-x^2} + \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 + x^4 + x^6 \dots) \quad (6)$$

$$\Rightarrow G(a; x) = \frac{1}{1-x^2} + \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{x^2}{1-x^2} \right) \quad (7)$$

$$\Rightarrow G(a; x) = \frac{1}{1-x^2} + \frac{2x}{1-x^2} \quad (8)$$

$$\Rightarrow G(a; x) = \frac{1}{1-x^2} + 2x \left(\frac{1}{1-x^2} + \frac{x^2}{1-x^2} \right) \quad (9)$$

$$\Rightarrow G(a; x) = \frac{1+x}{1-x^2} + \frac{x}{1-x^2} + \frac{2x^3}{(1-x^2)^2} \quad (10)$$

$$\therefore G(a; x) = \frac{1}{1-x} + x \frac{1+x^2}{(1-x^2)^2} \quad (11)$$

(11) is the closed form of generating function required in the question.

Hence, option (A) is correct.