

# NCERT Discrete 10.5.2 -15

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**Question:** For what value of  $n$ , are the  $n$ th terms of two A.Ps: 63, 65, 67,... and 3, 10, 17,... equal?

**Solution:**

Parameter	Sub-question	Description	Value
$x_i(0)$	$x_1(0)$	1 <sup>st</sup> term of 1 <sup>st</sup> A.P.	63
	$x_2(0)$	1 <sup>st</sup> term of 2 <sup>nd</sup> A.P.	3
$d_i$	$d_1$	Common difference of 1 <sup>st</sup> A.P.	2
	$d_2$	Common difference of 2 <sup>nd</sup> A.P.	7

TABLE I  
INPUT VALUES

$$x_i(n) = x(0)u(n) + dnu(n) \quad (1)$$

$$X(z) = \frac{x(0)z}{z-1} + \frac{dz}{(z-1)^2} \quad |z| > 1 \quad (2)$$

1)

$$x_1(n) = 63u(n) + 2nu(n) \quad (3)$$

$$X_1(z) = \frac{63z}{z-1} + \frac{2z}{(z-1)^2} \quad |z| > 1 \quad (4)$$

2)

$$x_2(n) = 3u(n) + 7nu(n) \quad (5)$$

$$X_2(z) = \frac{3z}{z-1} + \frac{7z}{(z-1)^2} \quad |z| > 1 \quad (6)$$

3) given,

$$x_1(n) = x_2(n) \quad (7)$$

$$\therefore 63 + 2n = 7n + 3 \quad (8)$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 12 \quad (9)$$

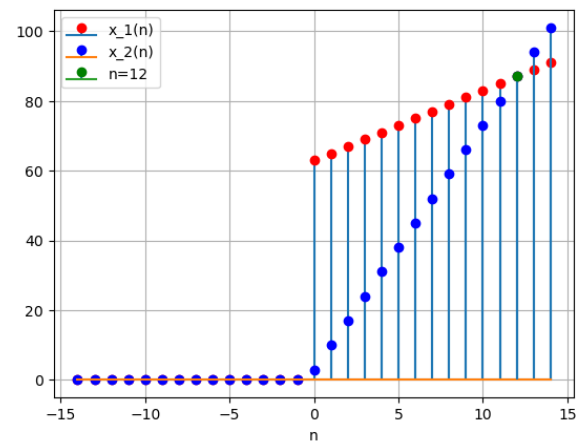


Fig. 1. Graphs of  $x_1(n)$  and  $x_2(n)$  and both are equal at  $n = 12$