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GATE -BM 16

EE23BTECH11057 - Shakunayeti Sai Sri Ram Varun

Question: For the circuit given below, choose the angular frequency ω_0 at which voltage across capacitor has maximum amplitude?

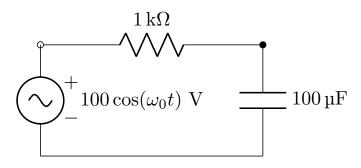


Fig. 1. circuit

- (A) 1000
- (B) 100
- (C) 1

(D)
$$0$$

Solution:

(GATE BM 2023)

$$V_c(s) = \frac{V_1(s)\frac{1}{sC}}{R + \frac{1}{sC}}$$
(1)

$$\implies H(s) = \frac{1}{1 + sRC} \tag{2}$$

$$\therefore H(j\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + j\omega RC}$$
 (3)

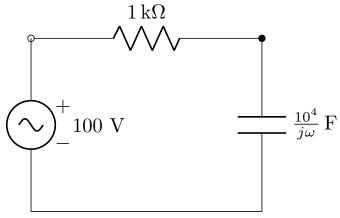


Fig. 2. circuit in ω -domain

$$|v_c(t)| \propto |H(j\omega)|$$
 (4)

$$|H(j\omega)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (\omega RC)^2}}$$
 (5)

Maximum value of $H(j\omega)$ occurs at $\omega = 0$

$$\therefore \omega_o = 0 \tag{6}$$

	Value
Input voltage	$\frac{100s}{s^2 + \omega_0^2}$
	?
Potential difference across Capacitor	$V_{c}\left(s\right)$
Transfer function	$\frac{V_c(s)}{V_i(s)}$
Amplitude of input voltage	100 V
Resistance in circuit	1 kΩ
	100 μF
angular frequency of input voltage	ω_o
	Potential difference across Capacitor Potential difference across Capacitor Transfer function Amplitude of input voltage

TABLE I INPUT VALUES