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## NCERT Discrete 10.5.2 -15

## EE23BTECH11057 - Shakunaveti Sai Sri Ram Varun

**Question:** For what value of n, are the nth terms of two A.Ps: 63, 65, 67,... and 3, 10, 17,... equal? **Solution**:

(i) A sequence is said to be in Arithmetic Progression when it is in the form of

$$a, a + d, a + 2d, a + 3d, ...$$

where a is first term and d is common difference.

When there are n terms, the sequence becomes

$$a, a + d, a + 2d, a + 3d, \dots, a + (n - 1)d.$$
  
 $T_n = a + (n - 1)d.$ 

which is nth term. In the given question, there are two sequences.

for the sequence (1), let x(n) be *nth* term,

$$a = 63$$
  
 $a + d = 65$   
 $d = 2$   
 $x(n) = 63 + (n - 1) \times 2$   
 $x(n) = 61 + 2n$  (3)

for sequence (2), let y(n) be *nth* term,

$$a = 3$$

$$a + d = 10$$

$$d = 7$$

$$y(n) = 3 + (n - 1) \times 7$$

$$y(n) = 7n - 4$$
(4)

given, x(n) = y(n)

$$\therefore 61 + 2n = 7n - 4 \qquad (5)$$

$$5n = 65$$

$$n = 13 \qquad (6)$$

$$So$$
, x(n) = 61 + 2 × 13 = 87 and  
v(n) = 7 × 13 - 4 = 87

∴ 13th terms of given two APs are equal.

(ii) To find X(z) and Y(z) (i.e. the 'z' transforms): let f(n) be unit step function.

i.e. 
$$f(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & n >= 0 \\ 0, & n < 0 \end{cases}$$
 (7)

$$x(n) = 61 \times f(n) + 2n \times f(n)$$
 (8)

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n) \times z^{-n}$$
 (9)

$$X(z) = \sum_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} (61f(n) + 2nf(n))z^{-n}$$

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (61 + 2n)z^{-n} + 0$$
 (10)

$$X(z) = \lim_{n \to \infty} [61(1 - z^{-n})(z - 1)^{-1} + 2(z - 1)^{-1} + 2(z^{-1})^{-1} + 2(z^{-1})^{-1}] + 2(z^{-1} - 1)(z^{-1})(z - 1)^{-1} - 2[(n - 1)z + 1]z^{-1}]$$
(11)

$$X(z) = 61(z-1)^{-1} + 2(2z-1)(z-1)^{-2} \forall |z| > 1$$
(12)

and 
$$Y(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} y(n)z^{-n}$$
(13)

$$Y(z) = \sum_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} (-4f(n) + 7nf(n))z^{-n}$$

$$Y(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-4 + 7n)z^{-n} + 0$$

$$Y(z) = \lim_{n \to \infty} [-4(1 - z^{-n})(z - 1)^{-1} + 7(z - 1)^{-1}]$$

$$+7(z^{n-1}-1)(z^{1-n})(z-1)^{-1}-7[(n-1)z+1]z^{n-1}$$

$$Y(z) = -4(z-1)^{-1} + 7(2z-1)(z-1)^{-2} \forall |z| > 1$$
(15)