

# Assignment1

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## Task 1

```
# Question-1
# Load the dataset
```

```
# 1. Load the dataset EurostatCrime2015.csv. Notice that the first column of the csv
#file contains the names of the countries that must be read as row names [Hint: Load
#in the file using the function read.csv]. [0.5]
data=read.csv("EurostatCrime2015.csv", header = TRUE)
```

```
#2. What is the size and the structure of this dataset? [0.3]
print(ncol(data))
```

```
## [1] 8
```

```
print(nrow(data))
```

```
## [1] 41
```

```
#3. Produce appropriate commands to answer the following questions:
#(i) Add a new column called Sex.crime which contains the sum of all the crimes
#that have a sexual component: Rape, Sexual.assault and Sexual.violence
#[1]
```

```
data$"Sexual.Crime" <- rowSums(cbind(data$"Sexual.assault", data$"Sexual.violence", data$"Rape"), na.rm=TRUE)
print(data)
```

```
##
## 1 Albania
## 2 Austria
## 3 Belgium
## 4 Bosnia and Herzegovina
## 5 Bulgaria
## 6 Croatia
## 7 Cyprus
## 8 Czech Republic
## 9 Denmark
## 10 England and Wales
## 11 Estonia
## 12 Finland
## 13 Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, the
## 14 France
## 15 Germany
## 16 Greece
## 17 Hungary
```

## 18	Iceland
## 19	Ireland
## 20	Italy
## 21	Kosovo (under United Nations Security Council Resolution 1244/99)
## 22	Latvia
## 23	Liechtenstein
## 24	Lithuania
## 25	Luxembourg
## 26	Malta
## 27	Montenegro
## 28	Netherlands
## 29	Northern Ireland (UK)
## 30	Norway
## 31	Poland
## 32	Portugal
## 33	Romania
## 34	Scotland
## 35	Serbia
## 36	Slovakia
## 37	Slovenia
## 38	Spain
## 39	Sweden
## 40	Switzerland
## 41	Turkey

##	Assault	Intentional.homicide	Rape	Robbery	Sexual.assault
## 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
## 2	40.36	0.49	13.18	39.83	27.39
## 3	603.26	1.96	25.50	196.68	65.92
## 4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
## 5	34.99	1.79	1.65	27.02	6.72
## 6	19.03	0.88	6.11	31.03	8.21
## 7	16.65	1.42	2.36	10.98	9.45
## 8	148.69	0.80	5.67	19.19	7.79
## 9	25.80	0.81	18.57	35.94	19.88
## 10	744.32	NA	62.07	88.27	NA
## 11	7.45	3.19	12.24	25.63	9.35
## 12	28.22	1.61	19.23	28.33	31.74
## 13	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
## 14	367.19	1.53	19.49	157.79	30.06
## 15	156.90	0.81	8.65	55.01	33.55
## 16	14.96	0.79	1.12	39.75	3.52
## 17	127.80	1.00	3.84	14.64	2.45
## 18	25.83	0.91	54.09	16.10	NA
## 19	321.48	1.32	11.62	55.63	34.74
## 20	105.34	0.77	NA	57.68	6.58
## 21	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
## 22	26.89	4.08	3.02	39.22	10.62
## 23	329.18	0.00	2.68	8.03	42.82
## 24	7.33	5.75	5.31	54.43	7.46
## 25	108.00	0.89	12.08	98.41	51.16
## 26	42.62	0.93	5.36	56.37	18.87
## 27	22.50	2.73	0.80	25.08	3.38
## 28	282.21	NA	7.07	56.89	36.45
## 29	65.29	1.25	38.66	43.85	116.89

## 30	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA
## 31	14.52		0.75	3.24	21.42	1.40
## 32	4.52		0.96	3.61	149.13	21.24
## 33	1.50		1.46	5.11	16.90	3.24
## 34	NA		NA	NA	NA	145.04
## 35	16.05		1.28	0.86	42.59	3.91
## 36	35.05		0.89	1.60	9.94	10.29
## 37	74.65		0.97	2.04	11.25	10.47
## 38	62.55		0.65	2.65	139.03	18.60
## 39	47.52		1.15	56.88	86.80	120.79
## 40	7.48		0.69	6.46	39.80	26.44
## 41	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA
##	Sexual.violence	Theft	Sexual.Crime			
## 1	NA	NA	0.00			
## 2	40.57	1586.92	81.14			
## 3	91.42	1660.42	182.84			
## 4	NA	NA	0.00			
## 5	8.37	531.99	16.74			
## 6	14.32	320.62	28.64			
## 7	11.81	108.38	23.62			
## 8	13.47	1319.87	26.93			
## 9	38.45	3436.13	76.90			
## 10	NA	2215.82	62.07			
## 11	21.60	863.51	43.19			
## 12	50.97	1781.22	101.94			
## 13	NA	NA	0.00			
## 14	49.54	1846.91	99.09			
## 15	42.20	1646.84	84.40			
## 16	4.64	923.72	9.28			
## 17	6.28	1031.67	12.57			
## 18	NA	1225.16	54.09			
## 19	46.36	1500.60	92.72			
## 20	NA	1719.49	6.58			
## 21	NA	NA	0.00			
## 22	13.64	976.14	27.28			
## 23	45.50	516.51	91.00			
## 24	12.77	688.78	25.54			
## 25	63.24	1650.74	126.48			
## 26	24.22	2015.40	48.45			
## 27	4.18	132.94	8.36			
## 28	43.52	3219.39	87.04			
## 29	155.54	1300.20	311.09			
## 30	NA	NA	0.00			
## 31	4.64	363.54	9.28			
## 32	24.86	832.95	49.71			
## 33	8.35	545.72	16.70			
## 34	NA	NA	145.04			
## 35	4.76	317.71	9.53			
## 36	11.90	444.37	23.79			
## 37	12.51	1105.16	25.02			
## 38	21.25	442.96	42.50			
## 39	177.67	3828.01	355.34			
## 40	32.90	1772.66	65.80			
## 41	NA	NA	0.00			

```
##(ii) remove the columns Rape, Sexual.assault and Sexual.violence. [1]
```

```
data_new <- subset(data, select = -c(Rape, Sexual.assault, Sexual.violence))
```

```
##4. Work with the dataset you created in question (3ii), and list the countries that  
# contain any missing data.
```

```
data_new[!complete.cases(data_new),1]
```

```
## [1] Albania  
## [2] Bosnia and Herzegovina  
## [3] England and Wales  
## [4] Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, the  
## [5] Kosovo (under United Nations Security Council Resolution 1244/99)  
## [6] Netherlands  
## [7] Norway  
## [8] Scotland  
## [9] Turkey  
## 41 Levels: Albania Austria Belgium Bosnia and Herzegovina ... Turkey
```

```
# 5. Remove the countries with missing data from the dataframe.
```

```
data_filtered<- na.omit(data_new)
```

```
data_filtered
```

```
##           X Assault Intentional.homicide Robbery  Theft  
## 2          Austria  40.36                0.49   39.83 1586.92  
## 3          Belgium 603.26                1.96  196.68 1660.42  
## 5          Bulgaria 34.99                1.79   27.02  531.99  
## 6          Croatia 19.03                0.88   31.03  320.62  
## 7          Cyprus  16.65                1.42   10.98  108.38  
## 8    Czech Republic 148.69                0.80   19.19 1319.87  
## 9          Denmark 25.80                0.81   35.94 3436.13  
## 11         Estonia  7.45                3.19   25.63  863.51  
## 12         Finland 28.22                1.61   28.33 1781.22  
## 14          France 367.19                1.53  157.79 1846.91  
## 15          Germany 156.90                0.81   55.01 1646.84  
## 16          Greece 14.96                0.79   39.75  923.72  
## 17          Hungary 127.80                1.00   14.64 1031.67  
## 18          Iceland 25.83                0.91   16.10 1225.16  
## 19          Ireland 321.48                1.32   55.63 1500.60  
## 20          Italy  105.34                0.77   57.68 1719.49  
## 22          Latvia  26.89                4.08   39.22  976.14  
## 23    Liechtenstein 329.18                0.00    8.03  516.51  
## 24          Lithuania  7.33                5.75   54.43  688.78  
## 25          Luxembourg 108.00                0.89   98.41 1650.74  
## 26           Malta  42.62                0.93   56.37 2015.40  
## 27        Montenegro 22.50                2.73   25.08  132.94  
## 29 Northern Ireland (UK) 65.29                1.25   43.85 1300.20  
## 31           Poland 14.52                0.75   21.42  363.54  
## 32          Portugal  4.52                0.96  149.13  832.95  
## 33          Romania  1.50                1.46   16.90  545.72  
## 35          Serbia 16.05                1.28   42.59  317.71  
## 36          Slovakia 35.05                0.89    9.94  444.37
```

```
## 37          Slovenia  74.65          0.97  11.25 1105.16
## 38           Spain   62.55          0.65 139.03  442.96
## 39           Sweden  47.52          1.15  86.80 3828.01
## 40      Switzerland   7.48          0.69  39.80 1772.66
##      Sexual.Crime
## 2          81.14
## 3        182.84
## 5         16.74
## 6         28.64
## 7         23.62
## 8         26.93
## 9         76.90
## 11        43.19
## 12       101.94
## 14        99.09
## 15        84.40
## 16         9.28
## 17        12.57
## 18        54.09
## 19        92.72
## 20         6.58
## 22        27.28
## 23        91.00
## 24        25.54
## 25       126.48
## 26        48.45
## 27         8.36
## 29       311.09
## 31         9.28
## 32        49.71
## 33        16.70
## 35         9.53
## 36        23.79
## 37        25.02
## 38        42.50
## 39       355.34
## 40        65.80
```

```
# 6. What is the size of this new dataframe?
print(ncol(data_filtered))
```

```
## [1] 6
```

```
print(nrow(data_filtered))
```

```
## [1] 32
```

## Task 2

```

# TASK-2

# 1. According to these data what was the most common crime in Ireland in 2015?

ireland <- data_filtered[data_filtered$X == "Ireland",]
#print(ireland_data)

max_value <- apply(ireland[,2:6],1,max)
# get column name whos value is the max value
print("Most Common Crime in Ireland:")

## [1] "Most Common Crime in Ireland:"

print(colnames(ireland)[which(ireland==max_value, arr.ind=TRUE)][2])

## [1] "Theft"

#print(max_value)

# 2. And the 3 least common crimes in Ireland in 2015?

print("The 3 Least common crimes in Ireland in 2015 ascending order:")

## [1] "The 3 Least common crimes in Ireland in 2015 ascending order:"

minimum <- apply(ireland[,2:6],1,min)
print(colnames(ireland)[which(ireland==minimum, arr.ind=TRUE)][2])

## [1] "Intentional.homicide"

ireland_new <- subset(ireland, select = -c(Intentional.homicide))
minimum <- apply(ireland_new[,2:5],1,min)
print(colnames(ireland_new)[which(ireland_new==minimum, arr.ind=TRUE)][2])

## [1] "Robbery"

ireland_new <- subset(ireland_new, select = -c(Robbery))
minimum <- apply(ireland_new[,2:4],1,min)
print(colnames(ireland_new)[which(ireland_new==minimum, arr.ind=TRUE)][2])

## [1] "Sexual.Crime"

#3. Which country have the highest record of offences (per hundred thousand inhabitants)?
data_filtered$total_offences =
  data_filtered$Assault +
  data_filtered$Theft +
  data_filtered$Intentional.homicide +
  data_filtered$Sexual.Crime

max_offences <- max(data_filtered$total_offences)
print(max_offences)

```

```
## [1] 4232.02
```

```
indexOf_country_max_offences = rownames(data_filtered)[which(data_filtered==max_offences, arr.ind = TRUE)]  
country <- data_filtered$X[which(data_filtered$total_offences==max_offences)]  
country
```

```
## [1] Sweden
```

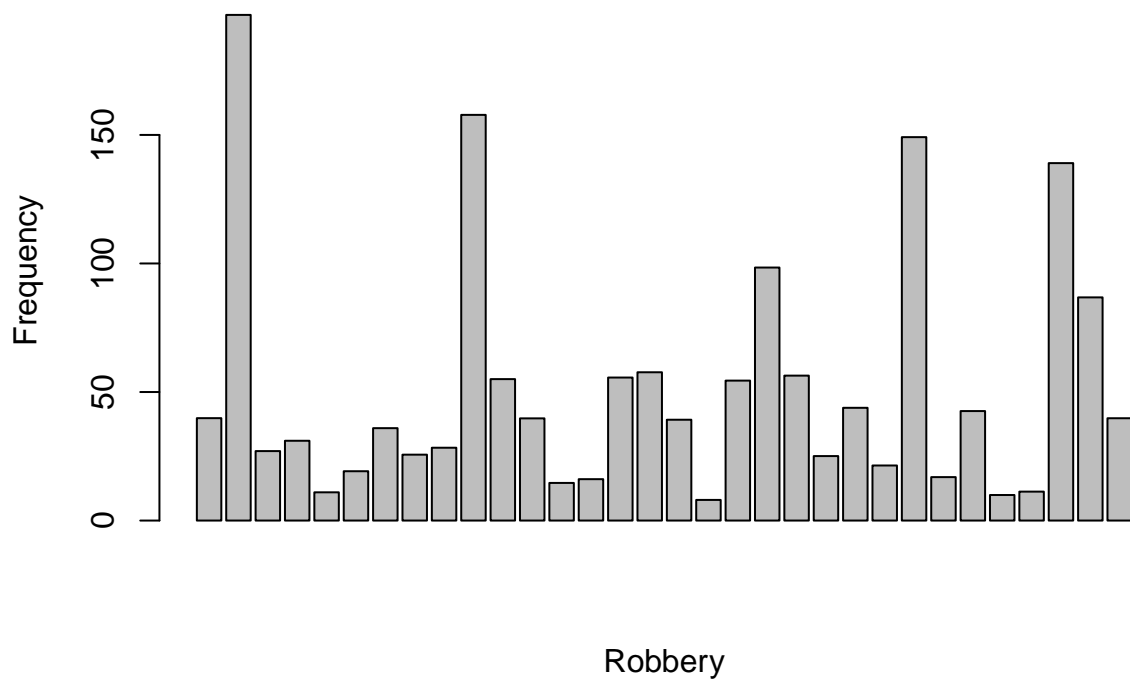
```
## 41 Levels: Albania Austria Belgium Bosnia and Herzegovina ... Turkey
```

```
sprintf("Country with the highest record of offences: %s", country)
```

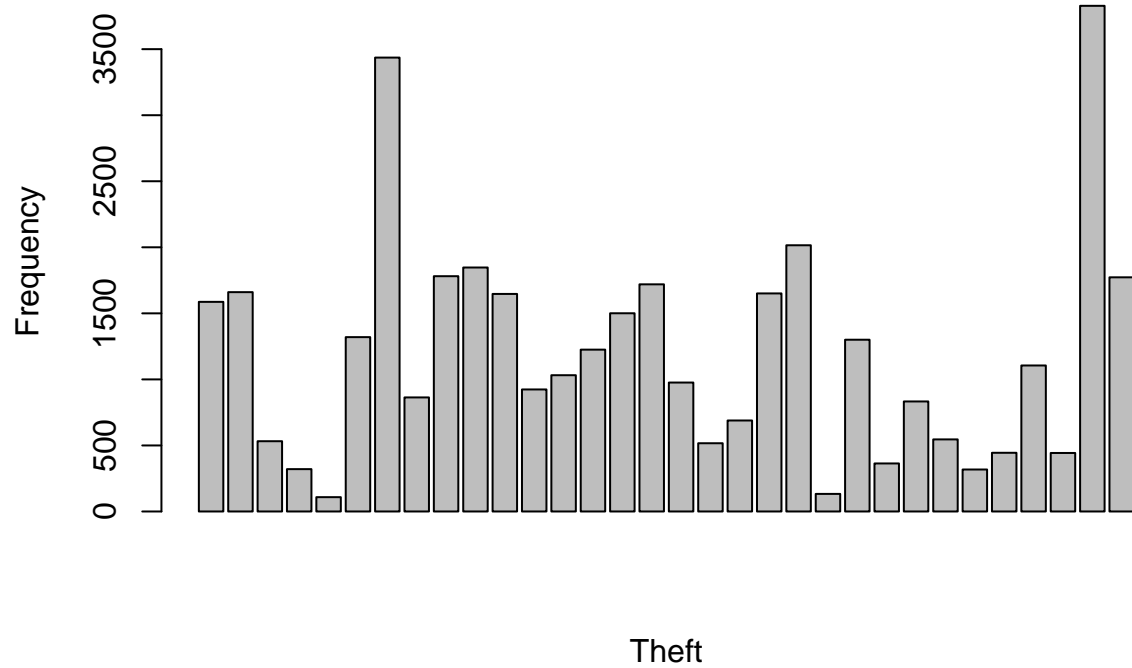
```
## [1] "Country with the highest record of offences: Sweden"
```

### Task 3

```
Robbery <- data_filtered$Robbery  
barplot(Robbery, xlab = "Robbery", ylab="Frequency")
```

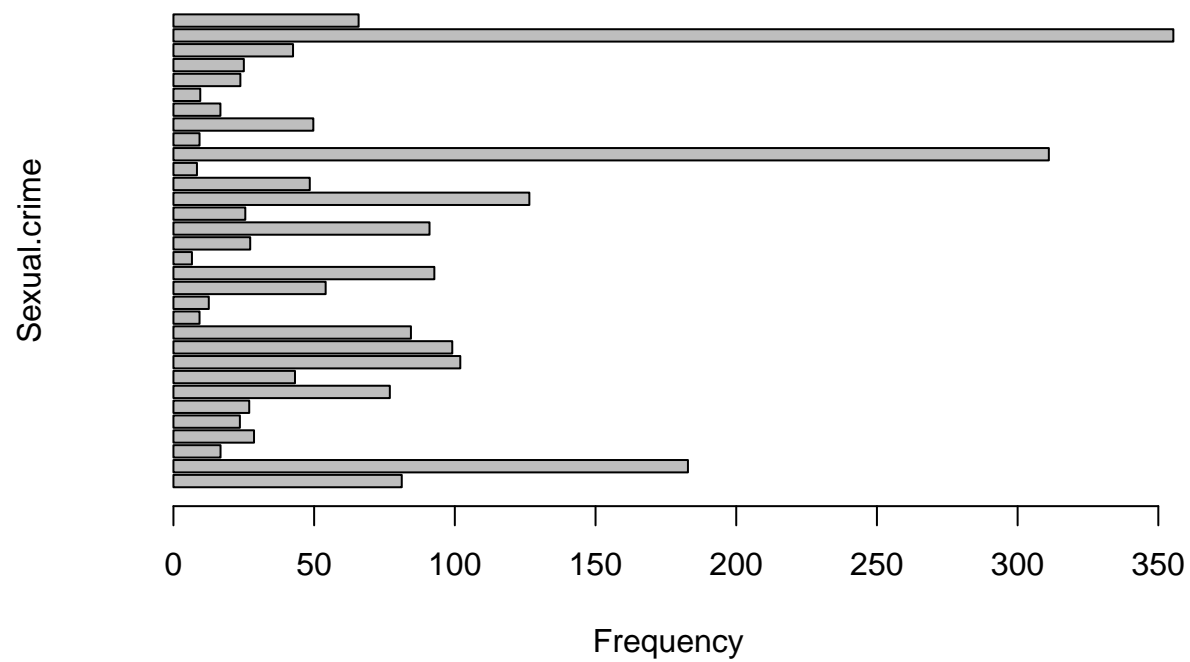


```
Theft <- data_filtered$Theft
barplot(Theft, xlab = "Theft", ylab="Frequency")
```



```
SexualCrime <- data_filtered$Sexual.Crime
barplot(SexualCrime, horiz=TRUE, ylab = "Sexual.crime", xlab="Frequency")
```





```
Intentional.homicide <- data_filtered$Intentional.homicide
barplot(Intentional.homicide, ylab = "Intentional.homicide",horiz=TRUE, xlab="Frequency")
```

