```
Q=59
n = P*Q
X = (Q**a)%P
Y = (Q**b)%P
prA = (Y**a)%P
prB = (X**b)%P
print(prA,prB)
       17 17
def isPrime(n):
     if n<=1:
           print("Not a prime")
      return False if (n <= 3):
      return True
if n % 2==0 or n % 3==0:
           return False
    i = 5
while(i * i <= n):
    if (n % i == 0 or n % (i + 2) == 0) :
        return False
    i = i + 6</pre>
      return True
P = int(input("Enter a prime number "))
if(isPrime(P)==False):
     print("Not a prime. Enter a different number which is prime")
       Enter a prime number 41
import math
\ensuremath{\text{\#}}\xspace A function to print all prime factors of
# a given number n
def primeFactors(n):
      factors = []
# Print the number of two's that divide n
while n % 2 == 0:
           if(2 not in factors):
           factors.append(2)
n = int(n / 2)
     for i in range(3, int(math.sqrt(n))+1, 2):
    while n % i == 0:
        if(i not in factors):
            factors.append(i)
        n = int(n / i)
      if n > 2 and isPrime(n):
      factors.append(n)
return factors
def calculate_pn(factors,n):
  pn = []
for i in factors:
    pn.append(int(n/i))
   return pn
factors = primeFactors(P-1)
arr = calculate_pn(factors,P-1)
print(factors)
def findPrimitive(P):
  lef findPrimitive(P):
    for i in range(2,P):
        flag = 0
        for j in arr:
        if((i**j)%P == 1):
            flag=1
    if (flag == 0):
        return i
findPrimitive(157)
[2, 5]
G = findPrimitive(P)
print(G)
       6
X = (G**a) % P
Y = (G**b) % P
print(X)
print(Y)
```

```
SharX = (Y**a)%P
SharY = (X**b)%P
print(SharX)
print(SharY)
        3
def isPrime(n):
      if n<=1:
    return False
if n<=3:
    return True</pre>
       if n%2==0 or n%3==0:
return False
       i=5
       while i*i<=n:
    if n%i==0 or (n%(i+2)==0):
        return False
    i+=6</pre>
       return True
def findPrimeFactors(s,phi):
      n=phi
while n%2==0:
             s.add(2)
             n=n//2
      for i in range(3,int(n**0.5),2):
    while n%1==0:
        s.add(i)
        n=n//i
if n>2:
    ....
             s.add(2)
def isPrimitive(n):
       if(isPrime(n)==False):
    return False
       phi = n-1
       s=set()
findPrimeFactors(s,phi)
       for r in range(2,phi+1):
    flag=True
    for it in s:
                    if pow(r,phi//it,n)==1:
    flag=False;
    break
              if flag==True:
                    return r
       return -1
```

isPrimitive(5)

✓ 0s completed at 9:48 PM