## A\_star\_Varun\_Lakshmanan\_Sai\_Jagadeesh\_Muralikrishnan.py

```
import numpy as np
 1
   from queue import PriorityQueue
 2
   import cv2
 3
   import time
 4
 5
                               6
    -----#
 7
   height = 500
   width = 1200
 8
9
   Graph map = np.ones((height, width, 3), dtype=np.uint8)*255
10
11
   #-----Creating the User Interface------
12
13
14
   ## Taking input from the user for start and goal nodes.
   # User input for x and y coordinates of start node.
15
16
   def start node(width, height, canvas):
       while True:
17
           try:
18
               Xs = int(input("Enter the x-coordinate of the start node(Xs): "))
19
               start y = int(input("Enter the y-coordinate of the start node(Ys): "))
20
21
               Ys = height - start_y
               start_theta = int(input("Enter the angle of the start_node: "))
22
23
24
               if Xs < 0 or Xs >= width or Ys < 0 or Ys >= height:
25
                   print("The x and y coordinates of the start node is out of range.Try
   again!!!")
26
               elif np.any(canvas[Ys, Xs] != [255, 255,255]):
27
                   print("The x or y or both coordinates of the start node is on the
   obstacle.Try again!!!")
               elif start theta % 30 != 0:
28
29
                   print("The angle of the start node is out of range.Try again!!!")
30
               else:
31
                   return Xs, Ys, start_theta
32
           except ValueError:
33
               print("The x and y coordinates of the start node is not a number. Try again!!!")
34
35
36
   def goal node(width, height, canvas):
37
       while True:
38
           try:
39
               Xg = int(input("Enter the x-coordinate of the goal node(Xg): "))
               goal_y = int(input("Enter the y-coordinate of the goal node(Yg): "))
40
               Yg = height - goal_y
41
               goal_theta = int(input("Enter the angle of the goal node: "))
42
43
44
               if Xg < 0 or Xg >= width or Yg < 0 or Yg >= height:
                   print("The x and y coordinates of the goal node is out of range.Try again!!!"
45
46
               elif np.any(canvas[Yg,Xg] != [255,255,255]):
                   print("The x or y or both coordinates of the goal node is on the obstacle.Try
47
   again!!!")
               elif goal_theta % 30 != 0:
48
49
                   print("The angle of the goal node is out of range.Try again!!!")
```

```
50
                                else:
51
                                        return Xg, Yg, goal_theta
52
                        except ValueError:
                                print("The x and y coordinates of the goal node is not a number. Try again!!!")
53
54
55
        # User input for step size.
56
        def step_size_function():
                while True:
57
58
                        try:
                                step size = int(input("Enter the step size between 1 and 10(inclusive): "))
59
                                if 1 <= step size <= 10:
60
                                        return step size
61
62
                                else:
                                        print("The step size is not between 1 and 10. Try again!!.")
63
                        except ValueError:
64
                                print("The step size is not a number. Try again!!!")
65
66
67
        def print_a_star_ascii():
                print("""
68
69
                                                    / __/ / /_ ___ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ___ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ___ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ____ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / ___ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / _ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / _ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / _ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / __ / _ / __ / _ / __ / __ / _ / __ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _ / _
70
                                                     71
                                                    72
                                                              73
                                                                                                  / /
74
75
        print a star ascii()
76
        # User input for radius of the robot.
77
        radius of robot = int(input("Enter the radius of the robot: "))
78
        clearance = int(input("Enter the clearance of the robot: "))
79
        step_size = step_size_function()
80
        Total clearance = radius of robot + clearance
81
82
        # Creating a matrix to store the visited nodes.
83
        G = np.zeros((1000, 2400, 12), dtype=np.uint8)
84
85
86
        # Creating a cache to store the heuristic values.
        heuristic cache = {}
87
88
        #-----Creating the Hexagon------------------
89
        ----#
90
      # Center of the hexagon.
91
        center_h = (650, 250)
92
        # Side of hexagon.
93
      side = 150
      # radius from thhe center.
94
95
      r = np.cos(np.pi/6) * side
        # Center Coordinates of hexagon.
96
97
        c_x, c_y = center_h
98
99
        angles = np.linspace(np.pi / 2, 2 * np.pi + np.pi / 2, 7)[:-1]
        v x = c x + r * np.cos(angles) # x coordinate vertices.
```

```
v_y = c_y + r * np.sin(angles) # y_coordinate_vertices.
     radius clearance = r + Total clearance # Clearance from radius.
102
     v \times c = c \times + radius \ clearance * np.cos(angles) # x coordinate clearance vertices.
103
     v y c= c y + radius clearance * np.sin(angles) # y coordinate clearance vertices.
104
105
     vertices = np.vstack((v x, v y)).T # storing x and y vertices in a tuple.
     clearance verticies = np.vstack((v \times c, v y c)).T # storing clearance x and y vertices.
106
107
108
                            ------ using the Rectangles using half planes-------
109
     for \times in range(1200):
110
         for y in range(500):
111
             y \text{ transform} = 500 - y
112
             # Wall clearance.
113
114
              if (x <= 0 + Total clearance or x >= 1200 - Total clearance or y transform <= 0 +
     Total clearance or y transform >= 500 - Total clearance):
115
                  Graph map[y,x] = [0,255,0]
116
117
              # object 1(rectangle)
              if (x \ge 100 \text{ and } x \le 175 \text{ and } y\_\text{transform} \ge 100 \text{ and } y\_\text{transform} \le 500):
118
119
                  Graph map[y,x] = [0,0,0]
120
              elif (x >= 100 - Total clearance and x <= 175 + Total clearance and y transform >=
     100 - Total clearance and y transform <= 500 + Total clearance):
121
                  Graph map[y,x] = [0, 255, 0]
122
              # object 2(rectangle)
123
124
              if (x \ge 275 \text{ and } x \le 350 \text{ and } y\_\text{transform} \ge 0 \text{ and } y\_\text{transform} \le 400):
125
                  Graph map[y,x] = [0,0,0]
126
              elif(x >= 275 - Total clearance and x <= 350 + Total clearance and y transform >= 0 -
     Total_clearance and y_transform <= 400 + Total_clearance):
127
                   Graph_map[y,x] = [0, 255, 0]
128
129
              # object 3 (combination of 3 rectangles)
              if (x >= 1020 - Total clearance and x <= 1100 + Total clearance and y transform>= 50
130
     - Total_clearance and y_transform <= 450 + Total_clearance):</pre>
131
                  Graph map[y,x] = [0,255,0]
              elif (x >= 900 - Total clearance and x <= 1100 + Total clearance and y transform >=
132
     50 - Total_clearance and y_transform <= 125 + Total_clearance):
133
                  Graph map[y,x] = [0, 255, 0]
134
              elif (x >= 900 - Total_clearance and x <= 1100 + Total_clearance and y_transform >=
     375 - Total_clearance and y_transform <= 450 + Total_clearance):</pre>
135
                  Graph map[y,x] = [0,255,0]
136
              if (x \ge 1020 \text{ and } x \le 1100 \text{ and } y \text{transform} = 50 \text{ and } y \text{transform} <= 450):
137
138
                  Graph map[y,x] = [0,0,0]
139
              elif (x >= 900 and x <= 1100 and y_transform >= 50 and y_transform <= 125):
140
                  Graph_map[y,x] = [0,0,0]
141
              elif (x >= 900 and x <= 1100 and y_transform >= 375 and y_transform <= 450):
142
                  Graph_map[y,x] = [0,0,0]
143
144
     # object 4 (hexagon)
145
     def hexagon(x, y, vertices): # Defining a function to calucalate cross product of vertices
     inside hexagon.
146
         result = np.zeros(x.shape, dtype=bool)
147
         num vertices = len(vertices)
         for i in range(num_vertices):
148
149
              j = (i + 1) \% num vertices
```

```
150
             cross_product = (vertices[j, 1] - vertices[i, 1]) * (x - vertices[i, 0]) -
     (vertices[j, 0] - vertices[i, 0]) * (y - vertices[i, 1])
151
             result |= cross product > 0
         return ~result
152
153
154
    # Creating a meshgrid.
155
    x, y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(1200), np.arange(500))
156
157
    # Hexagon and its clearance.
    hexagon original = hexagon(x, y, vertices)
158
159
    hexagon clearance = hexagon(x, y,clearance verticies) & ~hexagon original
160
161
    # Drawing hexagon and its clearance on the graph map.
    Graph map[hexagon clearance] = [0, 255, 0]
162
163
    Graph map[hexagon original] = [0, 0, 0]
164
    # Creating a video file to store the output.
165
    output = cv2.VideoWriter('A_star_Varun_Lakshmanan_Sai_Jagadeesh_Muralikrishnan.mp4',
166
    cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc(*'mp4v'), 30, (width, height))
167
                  -----Creating the Action sets-----
168
     ----#
    # Move straight forward
169
170
    def movement 1(node, step size):
171
         x, y, theta = node
         new node = (int(x + step size * np.cos(np.radians(theta))), y + step size *
172
    np.sin(np.radians(theta)), theta)
173
         x, y, theta = new_node
174
         return x,y,theta
    # Move 30 degrees to the right
175
176
    def movement_2(node, step_size):
         x, y, theta = node
177
178
         theta i = (theta + 30) \% 360
179
         new node = (x + step size * np.cos(np.radians(theta i)), y + step size *
    np.sin(np.radians(theta_i)), theta_i)
180
         x, y, theta = new_node
181
         return x, y, theta
182
    # Move 60 degrees to the right
183
    def movement_3(node, step_size):
184
         x, y, theta = node
185
         theta_i = (theta + 60) % 360
         new node = (x + step size* np.cos(np.radians(theta i)), y + step size *
186
    np.sin(np.radians(theta_i)), theta_i)
187
         x, y, theta = new_node
188
         return x, y, theta
    # Move 30 degrees to the left
189
190
    def movement 4(node, step size):
191
         x, y, theta = node
192
         theta i = (theta - 30) \% 360
193
         new_node = (x + step_size*np.cos(np.radians(theta_i)), y + step_size *
    np.sin(np.radians(theta_i)), theta_i)
194
         x, y, theta = new_node
195
         return x, y, theta
196
    # Move 60 degrees to the left
197
    def movement_5(node, step_size):
198
         x, y, theta = node
199
         theta_i = (theta - 60) % 360
```

```
new_node = (x + step_size * np.cos(np.radians(theta_i)), y + step_size *
200
    np.sin(np.radians(theta_i)), theta_i)
        x, y, theta = new node
201
202
        return x, y, theta
203
    def possible node(node):
204
205
        new nodes = []
        action set = {movement 1:step size,
206
207
                    movement 2:step size,
208
                    movement 3:step size,
209
                    movement 4:step size,
                    movement 5:step size}
210
        rows, columns, _ = Graph_map.shape
211
        for action, cost in action set.items():
212
           new node = action(node, step size)
213
214
           cost = step size
215
           next x, next y, new theta = new node
216
           if 0 < next x < columns and <math>0 < next y < news and np.all(Graph map[int(next y),
    int(next x)] == [255, 255, 255]) and not visited check(new node):
               new nodes.append((cost, new node))
217
218
        return new nodes
219
220
    ____#
221
    def heuristic(node, goal):
222
        if node in heuristic cache:
223
           return heuristic_cache[node]
224
        else:
225
           heuristic_value = np.sqrt((node[0] - goal[0])**2 + (node[1] - goal[1])**2)
226
           heuristic cache[node] = heuristic value
227
           return heuristic value
228
229
    #----- the A* Algorithm-------
230
    def A_star(start_node, goal_node):
231
        parent = \{\}
232
        cost_list = {start_node:0}
233
        closed list = set()
234
        open_list = PriorityQueue()
235
        open_list.put(((∅ + heuristic(start_node, goal_node)), start_node))
236
        map visualization = np.copy(Graph map)
237
        marking_visited(start_node)
238
        step_count = 0
239
240
        # While loop to check the open_list is empty or not.
        while not open list.empty():
241
242
           current_cost, current_node = open_list.get()
243
           closed_list.add(current_node)
244
245
           # If the current node is equal to goal node, then it will break the loop and return
    the path along with writing the path to the video.
246
           if heuristic(current_node, goal_node) < 1.5 and current_node[2] == goal_node[2]:</pre>
               path = A_star_Backtracting(parent, start_node, current_node, map_visualization,
247
    step_count)
248
               for _ in range(80):
249
                  output.write(map_visualization)
250
               return path
```

```
251
            # If the current node is not equal to goal node, then it will check the possible
252
    nodes and add it to the open list along with visulizing the node exploration.
            for cost, new node in possible node(current node):
253
254
                cost_to_come = cost_list[current_node] + cost
255
                if new node not in cost list or cost to come < cost list[new node]:</pre>
256
                    cost list[new node] = cost to come
                    parent[new node] = current node
257
258
                    cost total = cost to come + heuristic(new node, goal node)
259
                    open list.put((cost total, new node))
260
                    marking visited(new node)
261
                    cv2.arrowedLine(map_visualization, (int(current_node[0]), int(current_node[1]
    )), (int(new_node[0]), int(new_node[1])), (0, 0, 255), 1, tipLength=0.3)
                    if step count % 5000 == 0:
262
                        output.write(map visualization)
263
264
                    step count += 1
265
266
        output.release()
267
        return None
    #-----Creating the Matrix using second method------
268
    # Getting the indices of the matrix.
269
    def matrix_indices(node):
270
271
        x, y, theta = node
272
        x = round(x)
273
        y = round(y)
274
        i = int(2 * y)
275
        j = int(2 * x)
276
        k = int(theta / 30) % 12
277
        return i, j, k
278
    # Marking the visited nodes.
279
280
    def marking visited(node):
281
        i, j, k = matrix_indices(node)
282
        if 0 <= i < 1000 and 0 <= j < 2400:
283
            G[i, j, k] = 1
284
285
    # Checking the visited nodes.
    def visited check(node):
286
287
        i, j, k = matrix indices(node)
288
        return G[i, j, k] == 1
289
290
    291
    def A_star_Backtracting(parent, start_node, end_node, map_visualization, step_count):
292
        path = [end node] # Adding end node to the path
293
        while end node != start node: # If the end node is not equal to start node, parent of the
    end_node is added to path and continues.
294
            path.append(parent[end_node])
295
            end node = parent[end node] # The parent of end node becomes the current node.
296
        path.reverse()
297
        for i in range(len(path) - 1):
298
            start_point = (int(path[i][0]), int(path[i][1])) # Converting the coordinates for
    visualization.
299
            end_point = (int(path[i + 1][0]), int(path[i + 1][1]))
            cv2.arrowedLine(map visualization, start_point, end_point, (255, 0, 0), 1, tipLength=
300
    0.3)
301
            if step count \% 5 == 0:
```

```
302
             output.write(map_visualization)
303
          step count += 1
304
       return path
305
306
   Xs, Ys, start_theta = start_node(width, height, Graph_map) # Getting the start node from the
307
   Xg, Yg, goal_theta = goal_node(width, height, Graph_map) # Getting the goal node from the
308
309
310
   start_node = (Xs, Ys, start_theta)
311
   goal node = (Xg, Yg, goal theta)
312
313
314
   start_time = time.time() # Starting to check the runtime.
315
   path = A star(start node, goal node)
316
317
   if path is None:
       print("No optimal path found")
318
319
   else:
       print("Path found")
320
321
   end time = time.time() # end of runtime
322
   print(f'Runtime : {((end time-start time)/60):.2f} Minutes')
323
324
325
   #-----End of the Program------
   ----#
```